

Supplementary Table 4. Medication administered to dogs diagnosed with carcinoma or sarcoma in the 2 weeks prior to euthanasia (excluding dogs with macrothrombi).

Medication administered[#], known to interfere with hemostasis	Presence of micro thrombi	Primary tumor
Meloxicam*	No	Appendicular osteosarcoma
Diminazene aceturate, maropitant, Vit B12, dexamethasone*	No	Splenic hemangiosarcoma
Omeprazole, piroxicam*, gabapentin (at time of euth)	No	Mixed peri-orbital anaplastic sarcoma
RLS, Amoxicillin-clavulanic acid, carprofen*	No	Solid scirrhous prostatic carcinoma
Dexamethasone* & enrofloxacin	Yes	Right atrial hemangiosarcoma
Meloxicam*	Yes	Muscle hemangiosarcoma
Prednisolone* & amoxicillin. Ivermectin (7 days prior euth);	Yes	Oesophageal osteosarcoma (<i>S. lupi</i>)
Anti-inflammatories (administration time not specified)*, amoxicillin-clavulanic acid	Yes	Mixed mammary gland carcinoma
Medication administered[#], not known to interfere with hemostasis		
RLS, butorphanol, diazepam, propofol, iohexal	No	Pulmonary carcinoma (tubulopapillary type)
RLS, maropitant	No	Apocrine gland adenocarcinoma
Opioids & antibiotic (not specified)	No	Sinonasal transitional carcinoma
RLS	Yes	Carcinoma (papillary & solid) – source unknown
Diphenhydramine hydrochloride	Yes	Splenic & right atrial hemangiosarcoma
Antibiotics (2 weeks prior to euth)	Yes	Squamous cell carcinoma

Tramadol hydrochloride & cannabis oil	Yes	Oral osteosarcoma
Phenobarbitone	Yes	Muscle hemangiosarcoma
Butorphanol (3 days prior to euth)	Yes	Right atrial hemangiosarcoma
Doxycycline (2 days prior to euth)	Yes	Hepatic hemangiosarcoma
RLS, fentanyl	Yes	Pulmonary carcinomatosis
Mobiflex®	Yes	Spindle cell sarcoma

Administered 24 hours before euthanasia unless otherwise specified

*Treatment known to interfere with hemostasis

Abbreviations: RLS: Ringer lactate solution, Vit: vitamin, euth: euthanasia