## Supplementary data

**Supplementary Table 1:** Effect of NaOH on the tensile properties of thermoplastic starch, Zein, and starch-zein composites.

Treatment	Ultimate tensile stress (MPa)	Elongation at break (%)	Young's modulus (MPa)
Zein in water	4. 18 (±0.22) <sup>d</sup>	2.2 (±0.15) <sup>a</sup>	555.74 (±31.20) <sup>d</sup>
Zein in 0.1M NaOH	5.72 (±0.28) <sup>e</sup>	2.94 (±0.24) <sup>a</sup>	656.74 (±23.66) <sup>e</sup>
Starch in water	2.24(±0.05) <sup>a</sup>	20.98 (±0.89) <sup>°</sup>	32.12 (±0.95) <sup>a</sup>
Starch in 0.1M NaOH	2.30 (±0.10) <sup>a</sup>	21.40 (±1.52) <sup>°</sup>	31.62 (±1.95) <sup>a</sup>
Starch-zein composites in water	3.24 (±0.19) <sup>b</sup>	14.48 (±1.04) <sup>b</sup>	155.40 (±14.88) <sup>b</sup>
Starch-zein composites in 0.05M NaOH	3.44 (±0.11) <sup>bc</sup>	15.68 (±0.56) <sup>b</sup>	167.70 (±11.80) <sup>bc</sup>
Starch-zein composites in 0.1M NaOH	3.64 (±0.05) <sup>c</sup>	$15.60 (\pm 0.29)^{b}$	174.66 (±4.67) <sup>°</sup>
Starch-zein composites in 0.2M NaOH	3.30 (±0.19) <sup>b</sup>	20.20 (±1.68) <sup>°</sup>	140.98 (±11.50) <sup>b</sup>

Means are followed by standard deviation in brackets. Means with different letters in the same column are significantly different (p<0.05).

**Supplementary Table 2**: The effect of NaOH on the deconvoluted FTIR spectra in the amide I region of thermoplastic starch-zein and starch-zein composite films.

Treatment	a-helix (1648-1654)	β-Sheets (1618-1624)	β-turns (1679-1680)	α-helix:β-sheets ratio
Zein in H2O	63.91 (±1.40) <sup>b</sup>	30.00 (±1.59) <sup>a</sup>	6.10 (±0.19) <sup>a</sup>	2.13 (±0.16) <sup>b</sup>
Zein in 0.1M NaOH	63.46 (±0.16) <sup>b</sup>	30.78 (±0.19) <sup>a</sup>	5.76 (±0.35) <sup>a</sup>	2.06 (±0.01) <sup>b</sup>
Starch-zein composite in water	55.74 (±1.44) <sup>a</sup>	37.16 (±2.50) <sup>b</sup>	7.10 (±1.06) <sup>a</sup>	1.50 (±0.14) <sup>a</sup>
Starch-zein composite in 0.05M NaOH	56.00(±0.85) <sup>a</sup>	37.75 (±1.04) <sup>b</sup>	6.25 (±0.19) <sup>a</sup>	1.48 (±0.06) <sup>a</sup>
Starch-zein composite in 0.1M NaOH	53.48 (±1.84) <sup>a</sup>	38.36 (±0.72) <sup>b</sup>	8.16 (±2.57) <sup>a</sup>	1.39 (±0.02) <sup>a</sup>
Starch-zein composite in 0.2M NaOH	52.11(±1.26) <sup>a</sup>	38.94 (±0.04) <sup>b</sup>	8.95 (±1.21) <sup>a</sup>	1.34 (±0.03) <sup>a</sup>

Means are followed by the standard deviation in brackets. Means with different letters in the same column are significantly different (p<0.05).

	Temperature (°C)				Weight %
Treatment	To	T <sub>25%</sub>	T <sub>50%</sub>	T <sub>max</sub>	W500
Zein in H2O	242.50	280.07	330.53 (±0.28) <sup>d</sup>	328.83 (±0.49) <sup>d</sup>	20.54
	(±1.15) <sup>a</sup>	(±1.03) <sup>a</sup>			$(\pm 0.00)^{bcd}$
Zein in 0.1M NaOH	242.21	278.80	328.67 (±0.32) <sup>e</sup>	327.76 (±2.00) <sup>d</sup>	20.04
	(±0.39) <sup>a</sup>	(±1.24) <sup>a</sup>			(±1.82) <sup>b</sup>
Starch in H2O	292.13	306.07	323.53 (±0.35) <sup>f</sup>	$328.20 \ (\pm 0.43)^d$	10.11
	(±0.00)°	(±0.44) <sup>e</sup>			$(\pm 0.28)^{a}$
Starch in 0.1M NaOH	277.36	290.39	316.51 (±0.03)°	315.02 (±0.00)°	18.93
	(±2.38) <sup>bc</sup>	(±0.11)°			(±0.05) <sup>b</sup>
Starch-zein composite in	281.15	295.98	317.87 (±0.44)°	311.96 (±0.87) <sup>b</sup>	21.17
H2O	(±1.39)°	$(\pm 1.04)^{d}$			$(\pm 0.17)^{bcd}$
Starch-zein composite in	281.35	295.21	316.84 (±0.42)°	310.11 (±0.87) <sup>b</sup>	21.81
0.05M NaOH	(±0.96)°	$(\pm 0.31)^{d}$			(±0.39) <sup>cd</sup>
Starch-zein composite in	275.15	289.08	313.65 (±0.07) <sup>b</sup>	309.80 (±0.43) <sup>b</sup>	22.99
0.1M NaOH	(±2.09) <sup>b</sup>	(±0.52) <sup>bc</sup>			(±0.14) <sup>e</sup>
Starch-zein composite in	273.93	286.43	310.43 (±0.86) <sup>a</sup>	306.66 (±0.42) <sup>a</sup>	22.82
0.2M NaOH	(±0.55) <sup>b</sup>	(±2.10) <sup>b</sup>			(±0.45) <sup>e</sup>

**Supplementary Table 3:** Effect of NaOH on the thermal stability of thermoplastic starch, Zein and starch-zein composites.

Means are followed by the standard deviation in brackets. Means with different letters in the same column are significantly different (p<0.05). To is the temperature at onset degradation, T25% is the temperature at 25% weight loss, T50% is the temperature at 50% weight loss, Tmax is the temperature at maximum degradation, W500 is the residue weight % at 500°C.