<u>Materials Design Analysis Reporting (MDAR)</u> Checklist for Authors

The MDAR framework establishes a minimum set of requirements in transparent reporting applicable to studies in the life sciences (see Statement of Task: doi:10.31222/osf.io/9sm4x.). The MDAR checklist is a tool for authors, editors and others seeking to adopt the MDAR framework for transparent reporting in manuscripts and other outputs. Please refer to the MDAR Elaboration Document for additional context for the MDAR framework.

Materials

Provide statement confirming informed consent

Report on age and sex for all study participants.

obtained from study participants.

	Antibodies	Yes (indicate where provided: page no/section/legend)	n/a
	For commercial reagents, provide supplier		n/a
	name, catalogue number and RRID, if available.		
١			,
	Cell materials	Yes (indicate where provided: page no/section/legend)	n/a
	Cell lines: Provide species information, strain.		n/a
	Provide accession number in repository OR		
	supplier name, catalog number, clone number,		
ļ	OR RRID		
	Primary cultures: Provide species, strain, sex of		n/a
	origin, genetic modification status.		
١			
	Experimental animals	Yes (indicate where provided: page no/section/legend)	n/a
	Laboratory animals: Provide species, strain, sex, age,		n/a
	genetic modification status. Provide accession		
	number in repository OR supplier name, catalog		
ļ	number, clone number, OR RRID		
	Animal observed in or captured from the	African buffalo (Syncerus caffer)	
	field: Provide species, sex and age where	Experimental study: 24 1-2 year olds, mixed sexes	
	possible	Cohort study: 108 individuals, mixed age and sex.	
		Information provided in Materials & Methods, sections	
		"Experimental Study" and "Cohort Study".	
	Model organisms: Provide Accession number		n/a
	in repository (where relevant) OR RRID		
١			
ļ	Plants and microbes	Yes (indicate where provided: page no/section/legend)	n/a
	Plants: provide species and strain, unique accession		n/a
	number if available, and source (including location		
	Microbes: provide species and strain, unique	FMDV viral lines KNP/196/91/1 PK1 RS5, KNP/19/89/2	
	accession number if available, and source	PK1 RS4, and KNP/1/08/3 PK1 RS4 (Genbank accession	
		numbers KR108948, KR108949 and KR108950) provided	
		in Materials & Methods, section "Experimental Study".	
[Human recearch participants	Voc (indicate where provided: page no (section /legend)	n/2
	Identify authority granting othics approval (IPP or	res (indicate where provided, page no/section/legend)	
	aquivalent committee(c) provide reference number		ii/a
	for approval		

n/a

n/a

<u>Design</u>

Study protocol	Yes (indicate where provided: page no/section/legend)	n/a
For clinical trials, provide the trial registration		n/a
number OR cite DOI in manuscript.		
Laboratory protocol	Yes (indicate where provided: page no/section/legend)	n/a
Provide DOI or other citation details if detailed step-		n/a
by-step protocols are available.		
Experimental study design (statistics details)	Yes (indicate where provided: page no/section/legend)	n/a
State whether and how the following have been		
done, or if they were not carried out.		
Sample size determination	Sample size per treatment was four animals, based on	
	feasibility and previous FMD challenge studies ¹⁶ .	
Bandomisation	Buffalo were randomly assigned to experimental	
Nandomisation	treatments, stratified by sex (ages were all similar)	
	nrovided in Materials & Methods section	
	"Experimental Study"	
Dlinding		
Billinding		n/a
		II/a
Sample definition and in-laboratory replication	Yes (indicate where provided: page no/section/legend)	n/a
State number of times the experiment was		n/a
replicated in laboratory		
Define whether data describe technical or biological		n/a
replicates		
Ethics	Yes (indicate where provided: page no/section/legend)	n/a
Studies involving human participants: State details of		n/a
authority granting ethics approval (IRB or equivalent		·
committee(s), provide reference number for		
approval.		
Studies involving experimental animals: State details	Ethical clearance was obtained from Oregon State	
of authority granting ethics approval (IRB or	University (ACUP 4478), South African	
equivalent committee(s), provide reference number	National Parks (project #JOLAE 1157), the South African	
for approval.	Department of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries:	
	Directorate of Animal Health (Section 20 permit	
	#12/11/1/8/3), Onderstepoort Veterinary Research	
	Animal Ethics Committee (#100261Y5). This information	
	is provided in Materials & Methods, section	
	"Experimental Study".	
Studies involving specimen and field samples: State if	Sampling of African buffalo was covered under the	
relevant permits obtained, provide details of	South African National Parks permit for the project.	
authority approving study; if none were required,	permit #JOLAE 1157. This information is provided in	
explain why.	Materials & Methods, section "Experimental Study".	
Dual Lies Dessauch of Conserver (DLIDC)		
If study is subject to dual use research of concern	res (indicate where provided: page no/section/legend)	n/a
state the authority granting approval and reference		II/d
state the dationty Brancing approval and reference		1

<u>Analysis</u>

Attrition	Yes (indicate where provided: page no/section/legend)	n/a
State if sample or data point from the analysis is		n/a
excluded, and whether the criteria for exclusion were		
determined and specified in advance.		
Statistics	Yes (indicate where provided: page no/section/legend)	n/a
Describe statistical tests used and justify choice of	Details of statistical analyses are given in	
tests.	Supplementary Materials sections S1-S5.	
Data Availability	Yes (indicate where provided: page no/section/legend)	n/a
State whether newly created datasets are available,	Yes – see below. We have not restricted access to these	
including protocols for access or restriction on	data. We expect (as per custom in our areas of study)	
access.	that researchers interested in using our data for new	
	analyses contact us for consent.	
If data are publicly available, provide accession	Our experimental data are presented in Fig. S5 and	
number in repository or DOI or URL.	Tables S4 and S5. Our data on birth timing and waning	
	of maternally derived antibodies to FMD are presented	
	in Figs 1 and 2.	
If publicly available data are reused, provide	We used published data from EMD challenge studies to	
accession number in repository or DOI or URL where	estimate (i) priors for EMD transmission rates and (ii)	
nossible	the duration of the carrier state in African buffalo	
	These data are summarized in Tables S3 and S6	
	respectively	
	We used nublished data (refs S81_S82) to estimate	
	mortality rates in African buffalo in Kruger National	
	Park and (ref 19) to construct a prior for the waning	
	narameter for maternally derived antibodies to EMDVs	
	parameter for materially derived anabodies to this to .	
Code Availability	Yes (indicate where provided: page no/section/legend)	n/a
For all newly generated code and software essential		
for replicating the main findings of the study:		
State whether the code or software is available.	Yes.	
If code is publicly available, provide accession	Our code for statistical analyses and modeling is	
number in repository, or DOI or URL.	available in GitHub (refs 53. <u>FMDVInBuffalo</u> . (Github)	
	and 54. Medlock, J. FMDV. (Github)).	

Reporting

Adherence to community standards	Yes (indicate where provided: page no/section/legend)	n/a
MDAR framework recommends adoption of		
discipline-specific guidelines, established and		
endorsed through community initiatives. Journals		
have their own policy about requiring specific		
guidelines and recommendations to complement		
MDAR.		
State if relevant guidelines (eg., ICMJE, MIBBI,		n/a
ARRIVE) have been followed, and whether a checklist		
(eg., CONSORT, PRISMA, ARRIVE) is provided with		
the manuscript.		