Supplementary material:

Figure 1S: The average locomotor activity counts per hour (\pm SEM) of individual *Micaelamys namaquensis* during the 24 hours of the day during the four different light cycles. Light (A) Non-enriched cycle (LD_{NE}) with a square wave light cycle (6-18L) and a constant T_a of 25°C; (B) Enriched cycle (LD_E) with the same environmental conditions than LD_{NE}, but with added enrichment items; (C) natural light cycle (LD_N) with a simulated dawn and dusk (5-7am and pm); (D) natural temperature cycle (LD_{NT}) where ambient temperature cycled between 16 (04h00) and 30°C (15h00).

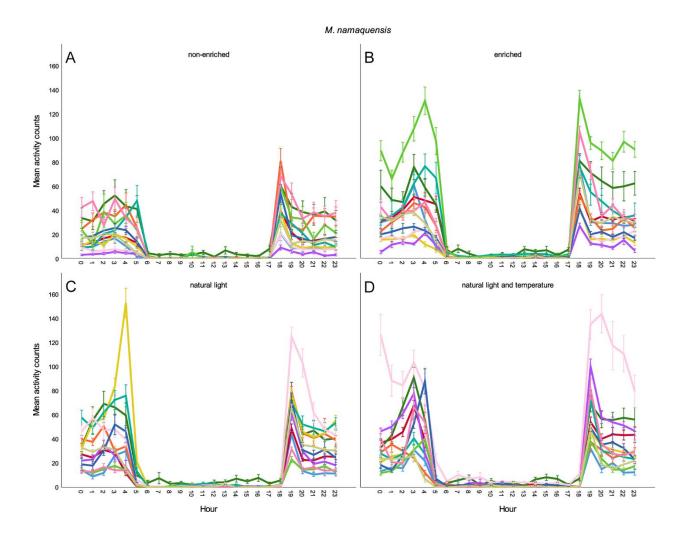


Figure 2S: The average locomotor activity counts per hour (\pm SEM) of individual *Rhabdomys dilectus* during the 24 hours of the day during the four different light cycles. Light (A) Non-enriched cycle (LD_{NE}) with a square wave light cycle (6-18L) and a constant T_a of 25°C; (B) Enriched cycle (LD_E) with the same environmental conditions than LD_{NE}, but with added enrichment items; (C) natural light cycle (LD_N) with a simulated dawn and dusk (5-7am and pm); (D) natural temperature cycle (LD_{NT}) where ambient temperature cycled between 16 (04h00) and 30°C (15h00).

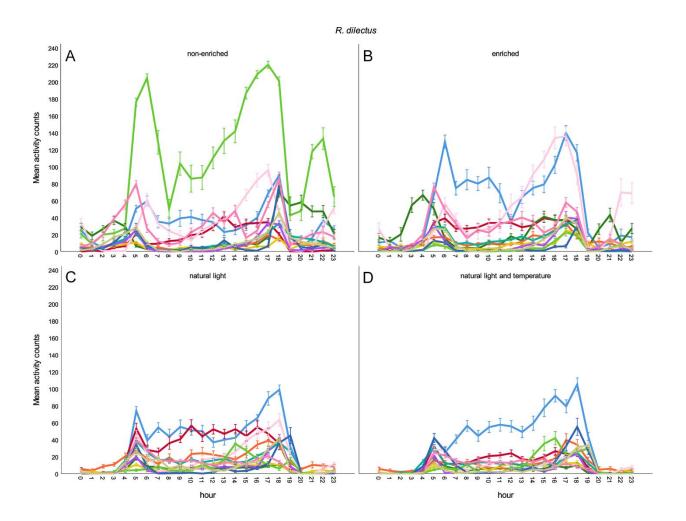


Figure 3S:

M. namaquensis transitions between light/temperature phases

The arrow indicates the day of transition, above the arrow is days that were analysed for the light / temperature cycle above, below the arrow are days of the subsequent cycle that were not analysed.

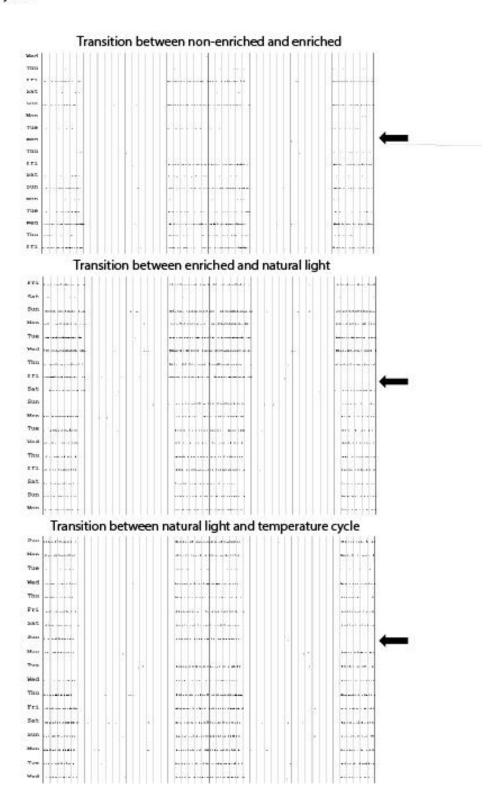


Figure 4S:

R. dilectus transitions between light/temperature phases

The arrow indicates the day of transition, above the arrow is days that were analysed for the light / temperature cycle above, below the arrow are days of the subsequent cycle that were not analysed.

