

Chemistry & Biology, Volume 22

Supplemental Information

**Cobalt(III) Protoporphyrin Activates
the DGCR8 Protein and Can Compensate
microRNA Processing Deficiency**

Ian Barr, Sara H. Weitz, Talia Atkin, PeiKen Hsu, Maria Karayiorgou, Joseph A. Gogos, Shimon Weiss, and Feng Guo

Supplemental Data

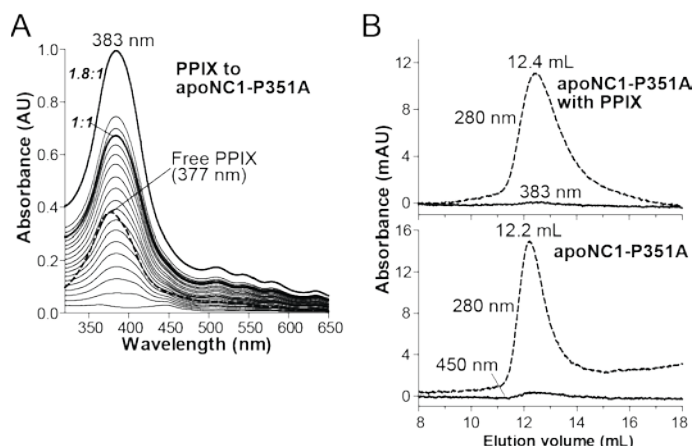


Figure S1, related to Figure 2. PPIX does not stably bind to apoNC1-P351A.

(A) Electronic absorption spectra of titration of PPIX into $7.5 \mu\text{M}$ apoNC1-P351A dimer at $0.5 \mu\text{M}$ intervals. After the $8.5 \mu\text{M}$ step, the PPIX concentration was increased directly to $13.5 \mu\text{M}$. Select molar ratios of PPIX and apoNC1-P351A are indicated in bold italic. The spectrum of $5.0 \mu\text{M}$ protein-free PPIX is shown in dash. (B) SEC analyses of $4 \mu\text{M}$ apoNC1-P351A and its 1:1 molar mixture with PPIX.

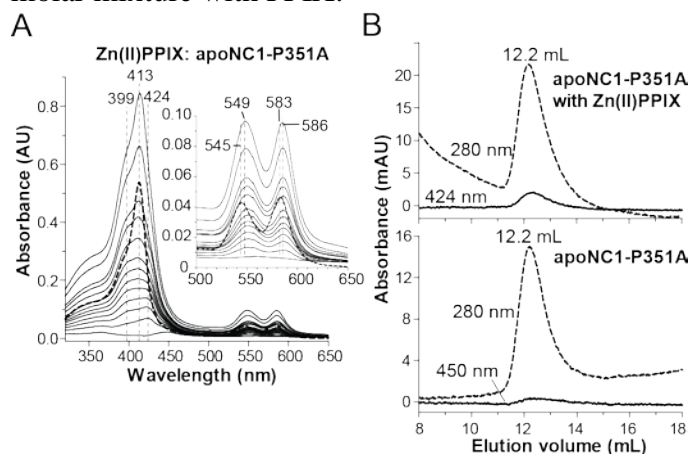


Figure S2, related to Figure 3. Zn(II)PPIX weakly binds apoNC1-P351A.

(A) Titration of Zn(II)PPIX into $4 \mu\text{M}$ apoNC1-P351A. The Zn(II)PPIX concentrations are 0, 0.5, 1.0, 1.5, 2.0, 2.5, 3.0, 3.5, 4.5, 5.5, 6.5, 8.5, and $10.5 \mu\text{M}$. The spectrum of $5 \mu\text{M}$ free Zn(II)PPIX is shown in dash, with a Soret peak at 413 nm. Early during the titration, a broad slanted peak with a maximum at 424 nm appeared. As the Zn(II)PPIX concentration increased further, an additional Soret peak at ~ 399 nm gradually rose to approximately even height as A_{424} . As Zn(II)PPIX became excess, a 413-nm peak started to accumulate and eventually became dominant. In the titration, the α/β bands red-shifted from 545 and 583 nm to 549 and 586 nm, respectively, but did not show any noticeable transitions at 1:1 stoichiometry. (B) SEC analyses of $4 \mu\text{M}$ apoNC1-P351A and its 1:1 molar mixtures with Zn(II)PPIX. apoNC1-P351A eluted with a low level of 424-nm absorption, indicating that its complex with Zn(II)PPIX is unstable.

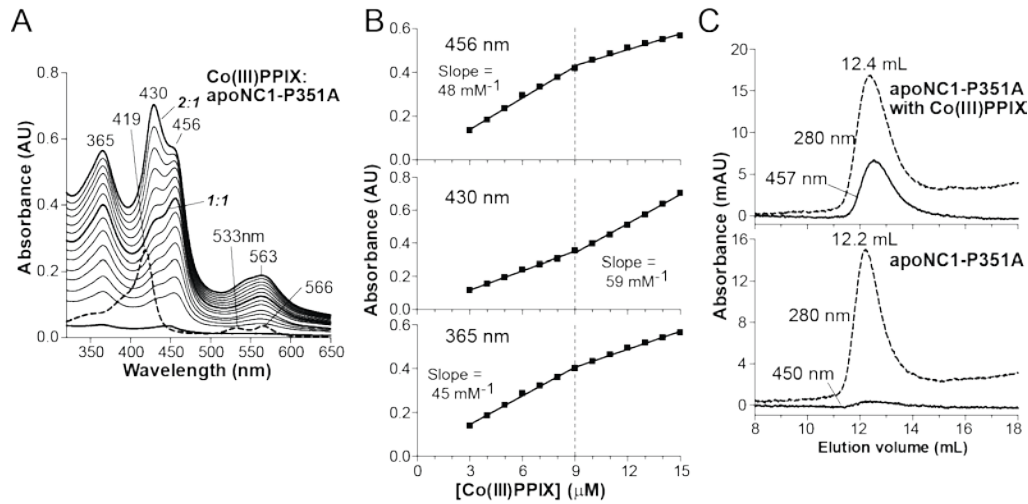


Figure S3, related to Figure 3. Co(III)PPIX specifically and stably binds apoNC1-P351A. (A) Titration of Co(III)PPIX into 7.5 μM apoNC1-P351A at 1.0 μM intervals. (B) Absorbance at peak wavelengths are plotted against Co(III)PPIX concentration. (C) SEC analyses of 4 μM apoNC1-P351A and its 1:1 molar mixtures with Co(III)PPIX.

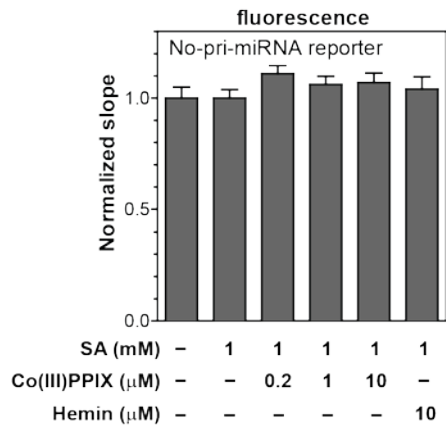


Figure S4, related to Figure 5. A reporter containing no pri-miRNA sequences does not respond to Co(III)PPIX or hemin treatment. Similar to the experiments in Figure 5A, HeLa cells were cultured in heme-depleted media, transfected with the no-pri-miRNA reporter, treated for 10 h with succinylacetone (1 mM) either alone or together with Co(III)PPIX or hemin at the indicated concentrations. Shown are normalized eYFP/mCherry fluorescence slopes ($\pm 95\%$ CI).

Table S1, related to Figure 3. Extinction coefficients of metalloporphyrins used in this study.

Porphyrin	Solvent	λ (nm)	ϵ (mM ⁻¹ cm ⁻¹)	Reference
Co(III)PPIX	0.1 M Tris-Acetate pH 7.9	416	93	(Ozols and
Ni(II)PPIX	0.1 M Tris-Acetate pH 7.9	385	52	Strittmatter,
Cu(III)PPIX	0.1 M Tris-Acetate pH 7.9	388	64	1964)
Zn(II)PPIX	NaOH (aq.)	412	87.4	(Leonard, et al., 1974)
MnPPIX	0.1 M NaOH	462	25	(Yonetani and Asakura, 1968)
Sn(III)PPIX	0.5% Pyridine, NH ₄ OH	406	164	(Rish, et al.,
Ga(III)PPIX	DMSO	413	249	2007)
		385	58.44	(Dawson, et al., 1986)
Fe(III)PPIX	0.1 M NaOH			(Collier, et al., 1979)

Supplemental References

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