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APPENDIX A

CONFERENCES AND MEETINGS AT WHICH RESEARCH CONTAINED IN THIS THESIS WERE PRESENTED

Results presented in this thesis were presented at the following national and international meetings. The presenting author's name is underlined in each case.

A.1 RESEARCH PRESENTED AT INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCES

- A.1.1 **51th Annual meeting of the American Society of Human Genetics:** San Diego, U.S.A., October 2001.
Van der Merwe A., Schutte C-M., Van der Maarel S.M., Alessandrini M., Honey E., Frants R.R. and Olckers A. DNA rearrangements at the D4Z4 locus in South African facioscapulohumeral muscular dystrophy families (poster presentation).
- A.1.2 **FSHD International Consortium Research Meeting:** Philadelphia, U.S.A., October 2001.
Olckers A., Van der Merwe A., Alessandrini M., Wallace D.C., Van der Maarel S.M., Honey E., Frants R.R. and Schutte C-M. FSHD in the South African population: Evidence to date suggest a dual founder effect.
- A.1.3 **6th Congress of the World Muscle Society:** Salt Lake City, Utah, U.S.A., September 2001.
Van der Merwe A., Schutte C-M., Van der Maarel S.M., Honey E., Frants R.R. and Olckers A. Deletion fragment analysis in South African FSHD families (poster presentation).
- A.1.4 **50th Annual meeting of the American Society of Human Genetics:** Philadelphia, U.S.A., October 2000.
Van der Merwe A., Schutte C-M., Van der Maarel S.M., Honey E., Frants R.R. and Olckers A. Molecular analysis of facioscapulohumeral muscular dystrophy (FSHD) in the South African population (poster presentation).

- A.1.5 **FSHD International Consortium Research Meeting:** Philadelphia, U.S.A., October 2000.
Olckers A., Van der Merwe A., Van der Maarel S.M., Honey E., Frants R.R. and Schutte C-M. Segregation of DNA rearrangements at the D4Z4 locus in South African FSHD families.
- A.1.6 **5th Congress of the World Muscle Society:** White River, South Africa, June 2000.
Van der Merwe A., Schutte C-M., Honey E. and Olckers A. Molecular investigation of Facioscapulohumeral muscular dystrophy in South African families (platform presentation).
- A.1.7 **FSHD International Consortium Research Meeting:** San Francisco, U.S.A., October 1999.
Van der Merwe A., Schutte C-M., Honey E., and Olckers A. Haplotype analysis of South African facioscapulohumeral muscular dystrophy families.

A.2 RESEARCH PRESENTED AT NATIONAL CONFERENCES

- A.2.1 **9th South African Society of Human Genetics Congress:** The Kruger National Park, South Africa, August 2001.
Van der Merwe A., Schutte C-M., Van der Maarel S.M., Honey E., Frants R.R. and Olckers A. Southern blot and haplotype analysis of selected facioscapulohumeral muscular dystrophy (FSHD) families (platform presentation).
- A.2.2 **Annual congress of the Neurological association of South Africa:** Wild Coast Sun, KwaZulu-Natal, March 2001.
Van der Merwe A., Schutte C-M., Van der Maarel S.M., Honey E., Frants R.R. and Olckers A. Molecular analysis of D4Z4 rearrangements in South African Facioscapulohumeral muscular dystrophy (FSHD) families (platform presentation).
- A.2.3 **Muscular Dystrophy Symposium of the Muscular Dystrophy Foundation of South Africa:** Strand, Cape Town, March 1999.
Van der Merwe A. and Olckers A. Facioscapulohumeral muscular dystrophy: the significance of a diagnostic service in South Africa (poster presentation).



A.3 RESEARCH PRESENTED AT THE FACULTY OF MEDICINE, UNIVERSITY OF PRETORIA

A.3.1 Faculty Day 2001: Faculty of Medicine, University of Pretoria, Pretoria, South Africa

Van der Merwe A., Schutte C-M., Honey E. and Olckers A. Facioscapulohumeral muscular dystrophy (FSHD) in the South African population: a molecular investigation. August 2000 (platform presentation).

A.4 PUBLISHED ABSTRACTS IN INTERNATIONAL PEER-REVIEWED JOURNALS

- A.4.1 Van der Merwe A., Schutte C-M., Van der Maarel S.M., Alessandrini M., Honey E., Frants R.R. and Olckers A. DNA rearrangements at the D4Z4 locus in South African facioscapulohumeral muscular dystrophy families (abstract). *Am. J. Hum. Genet.*, **69**(4), 637, 2001.
- A.4.2 Van der Merwe A., Schutte C-M., Van der Maarel S.M., Honey E., Frants R.R. and Olckers A. Deletion fragment analysis in South African FSHD families (abstract). *Neuromusc. Disord.*, **11**(6,7), 633-634, 2001.
- A.4.3 Van der Merwe A., Schutte C-M., Van der Maarel S.M., Honey E., Frants R.R. and A. Olckers. Molecular analysis of Facioscapulohumeral muscular dystrophy (FSHD) in the South African population (abstract). *Am. J. Hum. Genet.*, **67**(4), 314, 2000.
- A.4.4 Van der Merwe A., Schutte C-M., Honey E., and Olckers A. Molecular investigation of facioscapulohumeral muscular dystrophy (FSHD) in South African families (abstract). *Neuromusc. Disord.*, **10**(4,5), 376, 2000.

APPENDIX B

MODE OF INHERITANCE OF DIFFERENT TYPES OF MUSCULAR DYSTROPHIES

This appendix contains information on the mode of inheritance, gene locus, gene symbol and gene product for all the muscular dystrophies.

Table B.1: Mode of inheritance of different types of muscular dystrophies

Disorder	Inheritance	Gene locus	Gene symbol	Gene product
Muscular dystrophies:				
Duchenne/Becker	XR	Xp21.2	DMD	Dystrophin
Emery Dreifuss	XR	Xq28	EMD	Emerin
Emery Dreifuss	AD	1q11-q23	EDMD-AD (LMNA)	LaminA/C
Facioscapulohumeral	AD	4q35	FSHD	---
Limb-girdle muscular dystrophies (LGMD)				
LGMD, dominant	AD	5q31	LGMD1A	Myotilin
LGMD with cardiac involvement	AD	1q11-21	LGMD1B (LMNA)	LaminA/C
LGMD, dominant	AD	3p25	LGMD1C (CAV3)	Caveolin-3
Familial dilated cardiomyopathy with conduction defect and adult-onset LGMD	AD	6q23	LGMD1D	---
LGMD, dominant	AD	7q	LGMD1E	---
Vocal cord and pharyngeal weakness with autosomal dominant distal myopathy	AD	5q31	VPDMD (possibly allelic to LGMD1A)	---
LGMD, recessive	AR	15q15.1-q21.1	LGMD2A (CAPN3)	Calpain 3
LGMD, recessive	AR	2p13	LGMD2B (FER-1)	Dysferlin
LGMD, recessive	AR	13q12	LGMD2C (SGCG)	γ -sarcoglycan
LGMD, recessive	AR	17q12-q21.33	LGMD2D (SGCA)	α -sarcoglycan

continued ...



Table B.1: continued ...

Disorder	Inheritance	Gene locus	Gene symbol	Gene product
LGMD, recessive	AR	4q12	LGMD2E (SGCB)	β -sarcoglycan
LGMD, recessive	AR	5q33-q34	LGMD2F (SGCD)	δ -sarcoglycan
LGMD, recessive	AR	17q11-q12	LGMD2G (TCAP)	Telethonin
LGMD, Hutterite type	AR	9q31-q34.1	LGMD2H	---
LGMD, recessive	AR	19q13.3	LGMD2I	---
Distal myopathy:				
Autosomal dominant distal myopathy	AD	14	MPD1	---
Distal myopathy with rimmed vacuoles	AR	9p1-q1	DMRV	---
Hereditary inclusion body myopathy	AR	9p1-q1	HIBM	---
Miyoshi myopathy	AR	2p12-14	MM	Dysferlin
Tibial muscular dystrophy	AD	2q31	TMD	Titin?
Other myopathies:				
Autosomal dominant myopathy with proximal muscle weakness and early respiratory muscle involvement (Edström)	AD	2q24-31	MPRM1	---
Autosomal dominant myopathy with proximal muscle weakness and early respiratory muscle involvement	AD	2q21	MPRM2	---
Bethlem myopathy	AD	21q22.3	COL6A1	Collagen VI α 1
Bethlem myopathy	AD	21q22.3	COL6A2	Collagen VI α 2
Bethlem myopathy	AD	2q37	COL6A3	Collagen VI α 3
Desmin-related myopathy	AD	11q22	DRM (CRYAB)	α B-crystallin
Desmin-related myopathy	AD	2q35	DES	Desmin
Epidermolysis bullosa simplex associated with late-onset muscular dystrophy	AR	8q24-qter	MD-EBS	Plectin
Myopathy with excessive autophagy	XR	Xq28	MEAX	---
Oculopharyngeal	AD	14q11.2-q13	OPMD (PABP2)	Poly A binding protein 2
Congenital myopathies:				
Central core	AD	19q13.1	CCD (RYR1)	Ryanodine receptor
Congenital myopathy with excess of thin myofilaments	AR	1q42.1	ACTA1	Actin alpha, skeletal muscle

continued ...



Table B.1: continued ...

Disorder	Inheritance	Gene locus	Gene symbol	Gene product
Congenital muscular dystrophy with merosin deficiency	AR	6q2	LAMA2	Laminin α 2 chain of merosin
Congenital muscular dystrophy with secondary merosin deficiency	AR	1q42	CMD1B	---
Congenital muscular dystrophy with integrin deficiency	AR	12q13	ITGA7	Integrin α 7
Congenital muscular dystrophy with rigid spine	AR	1p35-36	RSMD-1	---
Fukuyama CMD	AR	9q31-q33	FCMD	Fukutin
Myotubular myopathy	XR	Xq28	MTMX	Myotubularin
Nemaline myopathy	AD	1q21-q23	NEM1 (TPM3)	α tropomyosin
Nemaline myopathy	AR	2q21.1-q22	NEM2	Nebulin
Nemaline myopathy	AD	1q42.1	ACTA1	Actin alpha, skeletal muscle
Myotonic syndromes				
Brody disease	AR	16p12	SERCA1	Sarcoplasmic reticulum Ca^{2+} ATPase
Myotonic dystrophy (Steinert)	AD	19q13	DM	Myotonin-protein kinase
Myotonic dystrophy type 2	AD	3q	DM2	---
Myotonia, dominant (Thomsen)	AD	7q35	CLC-1	Muscle chloride channel
Myotonia, recessive (Becker)	AR	7q35	CLC-1	Muscle chloride channel
Rippling muscle disease	AD	1q41	RMD	---
Schwartz-Jampel syndrome	AR	1p34-p36.1	SJS	---

XR = X-linked recessive; AR = autosomal recessive; AD = autosomal dominant, --- = no information available. (Adapted from Neuromuscular disorders: gene location, 2001).

APPENDIX C

DIAGNOSTIC CRITERIA FOR FACIOSCAPULOHUMERAL MUSCULAR DYSTROPHY

The following criteria define facioscapulohumeral muscular dystrophy (FSHD) on a clinical level:

1. Onset of the disorder is in the facial or shoulder girdle muscles; sparing of the extra-ocular, pharyngeal and lingual muscles and the myocardium.
2. Facial weakness in more than 50% of the affected family members.
3. Autosomal dominant inheritance in familial cases.
4. Evidence of a myopathic disorder in electromyography (EMG) and muscle biopsy in at least on affected member without biopsy features specific to alternative diagnoses.

The following clinical definitions apply:

- i. **Non-penetrance** refers to an obligate gene carrier without symptoms or signs relating to the disorder.
- ii. **Pre-symptomatic** indicated that an individual has no complaints (symptoms) related to the disorder, but has muscle atrophy and weakness upon physical examination.
- iii. **Symptomatic** refers to patients with complaints and clinical symptoms related to the weakness and muscle atrophy of FSHD.

The International FSHD consortium has defined the clinical, genetic, laboratory criteria and the criteria for an individual to be included in linkage analysis for FSHD (Padberg *et al.*, 1991 and Padberg *et al.*, 1997). In Table C.1, in the left hand column, the inclusion criteria are indicated with an “I”, the exclusion criteria with an “E” and additional comments with a “C”.

Table C.1: Diagnostic criteria for FSHD

1.0 CLINICAL CRITERIA	
1.1 Onset	
I	Onset of the disorder is in the facial or shoulder-girdle muscles. Presenting symptoms usually relate to weakness or wasting of these muscles.
E	Onset in pelvic girdle muscles suggests alternative diagnoses; although subsequent pelvic girdle involvement is not uncommon in FSHD.
C	Clinically recognizable age at onset is very variable; age at symptomatic presentation is even more so. The mean age at recognizable onset is in the second decade. Onset before the age of 5 years, although rare in families, is not uncommon in the more severe proven new mutation cases, and does not exclude the diagnosis. Infantile or early childhood onset requires facial weakness to be present, since a clinical diagnosis cannot otherwise be reliably made.
1.2 Facial	
I	Facial weakness affecting eye closure (orbicularis oculi) and peri-oral muscles (orbicularis oris) occurs in the vast majority of patients. In the absence of facial weakness, a diagnosis of FSHD can be accepted only if the majority of affected family members have facial weakness.
E	Extra-ocular, masticatory, pharyngeal and lingual muscle weakness is not part of the disorder.
C	Facial weakness may be very subtle and is sometimes noticeable by asymmetry of facial expression only. There is also some evidence that a dominant scapulohumeral presentation without facial weakness may be due to the same mutation mechanism at 4q35.
1.3 Shoulders	
C	The scapular fixators are the muscles more prominently involved. Also the pectoralis major muscles will become affected early in most cases. The deltoid muscles remain unaffected for a long period of time and often have a particular pattern of atrophy, i.e. partial and proximal.
1.4 Asymmetry	
I	Asymmetry of involvement in the shoulder girdle muscle is the rule, usually affecting the right side first.
C	Symmetrical weakness and atrophy at presentation is unusual and necessitates increased caution before accepting the diagnosis as FSHD. Asymmetrical involvement of the facial muscles occurs frequently.
C	NMR, ultrascan or CT-scan may be of help to detect asymmetry of muscle atrophy.
1.5 Progression	
I	Progression is inevitable, albeit at a rate which is highly variable and in some cases virtually imperceptible.
E	Regression of symptoms and signs does not occur and would exclude the diagnosis.
C	The rate of progression and severity level reached tend to correlate inversely with age at onset.
C	Progression of the disorder usually includes involvement of abdominal and foot extensor muscles at an early stage; pelvic girdle weakness and upper arm weakness may occur at any time after the onset of shoulder girdle weakness.
C	Neck extensor, intrinsic hand and triceps surae muscle weakness is uncommon but can be observed occasionally within families and is not dependent on advance age or severe involvement.
1.6 Severity	
C	At any age the disorder has a wide range of severity. Five aspect of note are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Overall, between 10-20% of cases have eventual requirement for a wheelchair. 2) Severity in recognised isolated new mutation cases tend to be greater than in large families. 3) Presymptomatic cases occur at any age and appear to comprise approximately 30% of all cases in large families. 4) Once symptomatic, the disorder is progressive in the majority of cases. The rate of progression is variable, although faster rates tend to be seen with earlier ages at onset. Rarely, there can be long periods of apparent arrest of progression.

continued ...



Table C.1: continued ...

	5) There is broad correlation in 4q35 cases between greater clinical severity and smaller residual DNA fragment size at D4F104S1; it is currently uncertain whether this may also be influenced by possible generational anticipation.
C	There appears to be no difference in mean age at death between patients and their non-affected sibs.
1.7 Contractures	
C	Contractures and pseudohypertrophy of muscles may be present.
E	Severe and diffuse contractures exclude the diagnosis of FSHD.
1.8 Cardiac disorder	
E	Cardiomyopathy is not part of the disorder. When present it suggests an alternative diagnosis.
1.9 Hearing loss	
C	Hearing loss is part of the disorder; it starts with high tone perceptive deafness and may progress to involve all frequencies. The severity of the hearing loss varies between subjects at any age, but tends to be progressive. It is recommended that the results of hearing assessments be documented for several affected members in each family.
1.10 Retinal disorder	
C	A retinal vasculopathy with capillary telangiectasis, microaneurysms and capillary closure has been reported in some members of some FSHD families. At present it is unclear whether this is a specific association. It should not be used for diagnostic purposes.
1.11 Mental retardation	
C	A few cases have been reported with mental retardation. It is recommended that investigation of any such case should include chromosome analysis, concentrating on the distal long arm of chromosome 4. However, no causally associated cytogenetic abnormalities have yet been recorded, and haploinsufficiency of the 4q35 region does not seem to cause FSHD.
2.0. GENETIC CRITERIA	
I	The pattern of inheritance in familial cases is autosomal dominant.
C	Sporadic cases occur, their frequency is unknown, but they are not rare. Only if both parents have been examined can a case be accepted as "sporadic".
E	There is no substantiated evidence for recessive inheritance.
C	The mutation rate is unknown due to many uncertainties related to prevalence, penetrance and ascertainment.
C	Published estimates of prevalence remain approximations, the literature suggests widely variable regional differences. A prevalence of 1 in 20,000 in Europe appears a reasonable figure.
C	Penetrance is almost complete. Non-penetrance is estimated at less than 5% beyond the age of 20.
3.0. LABORATORY CRITERIA	
C	Serum creatine kinase (SCK) levels can be normal, but are often elevated, though rarely exceed five times the upper limit of normal. Persistently high CK values above this level warrant exclusion of other neuromuscular diagnoses.
C	EMG often shows short duration, low amplitude polyphasic potentials. Some neurogenic features such as high amplitude potentials and positive sharp waves are present occasionally, but do not characterise individual families. Motor and sensory nerve conduction velocities are normal.
E	Giant potentials are not a feature of the disorder.
C	Muscle biopsies may exhibit any of the standard myopathic criteria. In addition, small angular fibres are not uncommon and moth-eaten fibres are frequently found. An occasional small group of atrophic fibres may be observed, in which case another biopsy in the same patient or an affected sib is desirable. Cellular infiltrates are not uncommon in FSHD and can be extensive. Their significance is unknown. In these cases, either an autosomal dominant pattern of inheritance or a deleted DNA fragment at 4q35 is required to establish the diagnosis of FSHD.

continued ...



Table C.1: continued ...

4.0 PHENOTYPIC-GENOTYPIC ANALYSIS	
I	Individuals who have been examined by a physician familiar with this disorder, and classified as affected according to the above criteria.
I	unaffected family members aged 20 yr and over, who have been examined as above.
I	unrelated spouses, whether or not examined.
E	any subject whose clinical status remains in dispute.
E	apparently unaffected individuals under age 20 year.
E	An unaffected individual with a CK level repeatedly above the normal range in the absence of a proven alternative explanation for this.
5.0 RECOMMENDED INVESTIGATIONS IN AT LEAST ONE MEMBER OF EACH FAMILY INCLUDED IN LINKAGE STUDIES	
The following are recommended investigations:	
a)	Fully documented history and clinical examination,
b)	Serum creatine kinase,
c)	EMG,
d)	Muscle biopsy from an affected muscle for routine analysis,
e)	Audiometry, and
f)	Lymphoblast cell line and/or high molecular weight DNA sample suitable for pulsed field gel studies, and tested for persistence of DNA fragment of size 40 kb at locus D4F104S1, following double digestion of DNA with restriction enzymes <i>Eco</i> RI and <i>Bln</i> I.

APPENDIX D

NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE OF REPEAT UNITS AND FLANKING REGIONS AT THE D4Z4 LOCUS

The nucleotide sequence of the 3.3 kb repeat units and the flanking regions at the D4Z4 locus on chromosome 4q35 is presented in Table D.1.

Table D.1: Nucleotide sequence of repeat units at D4Z4 locus

Nucleotide position	Genomic DNA Sequence
1	<u>gaattc</u> tatc tggtagccag agggaagggg gttcccagtg agggcaggac caggettcat
61	gcacctcttc agaatgttc tcctcatagt ccagcctcaa ggtgtgcatc ctctgtgtgc
121	atggagtcca tggcaggctc tgccctggga gccgtccagc tgcacacctg caatgtggtg
181	gtgacctca tgaatgggtg gttctgggcc ccatggctgg cagcagagag ggagatgttc
241	agccaccaag ccagagccc tgccacaggc ttctgtgagg cctccatctg ctctgggttc
301	ttgccctgag aggctgcct gaagtcaaac agaagcaggc gggcctctct tccagggctg
361	ctctctccc cactgacagc tcctagagg gagactcaga cagcggggac agattcctca
421	ggcataagca ctggagtta ggctggccag ttcattccat acgcccacat gacatgacac
481	aaggcagagg ctgtgggaca aaggatttgc cttttctctt ggcatgagga atggcttagg
541	aagcagggga tggtagggct ggggttagt gatgggctgt gggccacaag gagtgggtgg
601	gcgctgagaa agtgtcctgg ttgtctgtcc atagacgag aatgagtggc atcccaggag
661	cctgtgaggg gctggcagag acttactggt tccagtaaaa gcccctatgt gatgcagtaa
721	tgetgcctgc tggctcctgg ctgtaattac aacaggtac atgaggtacc catgcatctt
781	gaagctctca gggagtgggt tccagctgct catggtaggc acttttagtc actgaacatg
841	cttcaggcat gtccaagctt gattaagcca ggcactctgc tgtgaggccc tccacttcac
901	taagaacact ctctcttget tcccctggaa gttggacctt ccagttctgg ttctggagac
961	acgatggccc ctctggacc cctgggagaa tgtgctcagg tgacacacag ttgatggggc
1021	ccatttccaa gccattcttc catttccac tgtttgaggg acccgaggcc ggtgacaagc
1081	acagagccac ccaaggccag ctgtctgcac ctaaagtga tgettgctct gatgtctcag
1141	ggccagaacc ctccagggtga gatggcctgg tctcaccac ctggcgtccg tgetccctt
1201	tcctctgttc aatcctggcg ccaatgctc cctcaactct caggtcacca ttggagaaga
1261	tgctcaggaa gaacaagcag ctgcagttaa cctgctgaa agtggcagat gggctccaggc
1321	tcttgagctc gtcttgaca tggaacatgt ggatacaggc tttgagcagt gtgtgtagct

continued ...



Table D.1: continued ...

Nucleotide position	Genomic DNA Sequence
1381	ctttcaggaa ggaagggaaa aggggtgttac ccgggtccta caccctggaa cgacccttct
1441	cagacagtaa atagttggca ggggtcgggc atgtgtgatt ttagttttca acttttaggct
1501	ttcattttca aattccacaa taaacacata aggtggagtt ctgggtttcag cacacacaca
1561	cacacacaca aacacacaca cacacacaca cacagtctct ctctctgtat gtctctttct
1621	gtctctctct ctctccttcc tgcaaggatc cttgttaaca agaaaccttc tgccaaatgc
1681	ctctgaagca caggcaggtc ttggggagcc acaaggccac ttctcttttg tgcactagtg
1741	tcttgggtag gcatagcttt cagagctctg gggcctccac aaccttgccc tgctgtccag
1801	gggcagccct catgcagggg tgccttaaga acttttcagg atgcacaagt tcagcactgt
1861	cttccaatgt gtgtttcacg atattttaat ggtggttctt ttgggaaaaa ggaaagggtc
1921	tgtgatcaat tatgggacac attgagctac agatcttttt cacaattgct cttacaagc
1981	aggtagacc tgagaacatg agtagcttcc ccgcaggtaa cttgagtgca tgagaacttt
2041	tgctttacaa ccatgccaat ctcaacctcag cagttggcag tgctgcacgg ggcagacttc
2101	cctactcaaa ggctgtgaag cttttctttc ttttttttta aacattattt ttctttatag
2161	aattttgttg ggctgatatc aagcctggct tggactgcc tcattttttt tggaaatcaga
2221	acgtgttct ttaactcacg ggttgtgaag ttagaagggtg ctgggtgtgac agcctgacaa
2281	gcagagcgca gctccaatcc caccttcatg ctctcatctg acgcagagcc ctcaagagaag
2341	tggggaagtg ctctctggcc ctgcttctgg gggccgtccc caaggcagtc caccgaactt
2401	ccaaaacagc ctccctcac acacagccct gagccctcct gccgctcctc aatggtgcac
2461	atctctgaga agtggccag catgttgctg tccaggggca gtgagaagca ggtgcgggtga
2521	cacatgtctt cacggaccat gagcaccggg taaatctcct gcacaatctc cttgggggac
2581	acctgaggg agaaaagccc aacaactgat ggcattgccac atggcagaaa gcaaagactt
2641	acctttccc cagcccaag tcttgagaat catgccaaaa atccttggtt toccactttt
2701	taaaaatttt aaaattaaaa tcccagggtc cgcgtataca tgccatgccc acctgcacct
2761	gtgtgtgtgt gtgtgtttgt gcacgcagga cagagcctgg cccattgact attcctgcag
2821	accaagaaaa atccctatgc agagtaaggg gagatggaag aaacgagggga gagaaaatgg
2881	cagccttgc tctcccttg cccagtgcta aggtccccag ggcaaatggc ttttgccttc
2941	aactcacct taacaacata caaaatata tcatTTTTTt ttccgtcact ttcttaacat
3001	tacaaattgt atctttatat atgatttga ttttcacaga gatttaagaa tttaatgcac
3061	cattatagta gaaaattgta tatctgtgta tatatttaca ttgaacagag agctttatat
3121	ttcatgtgg ttttatgatg ctgtccagca tcatttaatt tttcaacata attaactctc
3181	tttagcattt tttttcctag <u>gg</u> tattcta gtagttaaca acctcagctt tttattttta
3241	atctttgaaa gtctttattt ttttctaatt tttgaaatac agtatttccc agatcaatta
3301	ttattggttg ctagtatttt ttctttcatc gctttgaaat ctggaaagtt cttagcatcc
3361	ccgctttttc tctgaaataa tgtttatgcc attttctccc tctattcttt ttaaaagact
3421	ctatctctga atgtattggt ctacttgatg gtgtccagta agtcttatat ttcaccgta
3481	atTTTcccat tctttaaaat attagtttcc aggactcaat atttgtgaat aatatatgtt
3541	caattttctt ttttctgctc cattgtttgc tgttgtgtct ctgtagtgaa tttataaaac
3601	tcagttatta tattcttcaa ctctatgatt tctgttgggt ttttaaaaat agttttttatc

continued ...



Table D.1: continued ...

Nucleotide position	Genomic DNA Sequence
3661	tctttgttga tattttgctc attcgttatt tttaaatttc actcagttgt ctctttctgt
3721	tatagttttg ctcaactgaga atgcataaga tgattatntt aagttctcca tcagatatgc
3781	aaaaatcttt atttgtaa aa attcagtttc tgaatattta tgtttttctt ccaatgggga
3841	atattttctg cttctctgt gtgccttgg atttttttt ttaaagagat ctggggatct
3901	<u>atacagcact catcaaactc agcatttaaa gactgqctca qtaaaagggg ataccgacag</u>
3961	<u>caatagcca ggctatagat tctaggtgct tcacaaacac attcccaaat atattttctc</u>
4021	<u>tggacttcgc tgtgtttcca agttaaagag aattttttct caatgtattt tagattctat</u>
4081	<u>tgtatatttt ctccccagt tggctgtctg tggatttqca gtttcaactag tctgttagca</u>
4141	<u>aacactcctc tttcttctca gcagacacaa actgtcctct atatgactcc atcatgtctc</u>
4201	<u>tcagcactcc acatcaggag agaaagaatc tagtcattag acaatttctc aaaaagccaa</u>
4261	<u>acatttcaac acatattcta ctgttttaac tctctctctg aggagatact gggagttggg</u>
4321	<u>cattttctca ttagcccagt tactgttctg ggtgaaaaaa taaactgcag tggacaggtc</u>
4381	<u>gtaagccaga cttcatcaa tttctgcacc aatgaaaaaa aaatttaca gagaaaaaca</u>
4441	<u>aaaaacccta ttaaactgca cggacaagc cagagtttga atatactgtg gtcactctctg</u>
4501	<u>ctccagtgca aactgtttcc agaaagccta cttctatttt cettgctgta acagaggaac</u>
4561	<u>atctctgtc ttatgtttat tctactctgc aatccccctaa ggtttttct ctccccca</u>
4621	<u>gaatcttaa gtgcattcga actcacagc aaaatctctc cagaactctg tgagaacata</u>
4681	<u>aatgatctga ctagtgtggc attgcttttg gggatctggg aaaatctgtg cacacttctg</u>
4741	gagacccttg tcatgccatt tttataaat ctattgtgcc tcaagtcaga agtgtgtgag
4801	gggagatggg gagacattgg gatgcgcgcg cctggggctc tcccacaggg ggctttctgt
4861	agccaggcag cgagggcgc cccgcgctg cagcccagcc aggccgcgac ggagagggg
4921	gtctcccaac ctgccccggc gcgcggggat ttcgcctacg ccgccccggc tctccggac
4981	ggggcgtct cccacctca ggtctctcgg tggcctcgc acccgggcaa aagccgggag
5041	gaccgggacc cgcagcgcga cggcctgcc ggccccctgc cggtggcaca gcctgggccc
5101	gctcaagcgg ggccgcagg ccaaggggtg cttgcgccac ccacgtcca ggggagtcg
5161	tgggtgggct ggggcccgg cccaggtcg ccggggcggc gtgggaacc caagccggg
5221	caagcttcca cctccccage ccgcgcccc ggacgcctc gcctccgcgc ggaggggca
5281	gatgcaaggc atcccggc cctcccaggc gctccaggag ccggcgcct ggtctgact
5341	ccctgcggc ctgctgtg atgagctct ggcgagccc gagtttctgc agcaggcga
5401	acctctcta gaaacggagg ccccgggga gctggaggcc tcggaagagg ccgctctct
5461	ggaagcacc ctcaagcagg aagaatacc ggctctgctg gaggagctt aggacgcggg
5521	gttgggacgg ggtcgggtg ttcggggcag ggcggtggc tctctttctg ggggaacacc
5581	tggctggcta cggaggggct tctctccgc ccgccccctc caccgggctg accggcctgg
5641	gattctgccc ttctaggtct aggccgggtg agagactcca caccgcggag aactgccatt
5701	ctttctgctc catcccggg atcccagagc cggccaggc acgagcaggt gggccgcta
5761	<u>ctgcgcacgc gcgggtttgc gggcagccgc ctgggtgtg ggagcagccc gggcagagct</u>
5821	<u>ctctgctc tccaccagcc caccgcggc cctgaccgccc cctccccac cccccccc</u>
5881	<u>cccccccg aaaacgcgtc gtcccctgg ctgggtggag accccctc cggaaacac</u>

continued ...



Table D.1: continued ...

Nucleotide position	Genomic DNA Sequence
5941	<u>cgggccccgc gcagcgtccg ggctgacac cgctccggcg gctcgcctcc tatgcccc</u>
6001	<u>cgcgccaccg tcgccccccc gcccgggccc ctgcagccgc ccaggtgcca gcacggagcg</u>
6061	<u>cctggcggcg gaacgcagac cccaggcccc gcgcacaccg gggacgctga gcgttccagg</u>
6121	<u>cgggagggaa ggcgggcaga gatggagaga ggaacgggag acctagaggg gcggaaggac</u>
6181	<u>gggcgagggg acgttaggag ggagggaggg aggcagggag gcagggagga acggagggaa</u>
6241	<u>agacagagcg acgcagggac tgggggcggg cgggagggag ccggggaacg gggggaggaa</u>
6301	<u>ggcagggagg aaaagcggtc ctcgccctcc gggagtagcg ggacccccgc cctccgggaa</u>
6361	<u>aacggtcagc gtccggcgcg ggctgagggc tgggccaca gccgccgcgc cggccggcgg</u>
6421	<u>ggcaccacc attcgcctcg gttccgtggc ccagggagtg ggcggtttcc tccgggaca</u>
6481	<u>aagaccggga ctcggttgc cgtcgggtct tcaccgcgc ggttcacaga ccgcacatcc</u>
6541	<u>ccaggtctgag cctgcaacg cggcgcgagg ccgacagccc cggccacgga ggagccacac</u>
6601	<u>gcaggacgac ggaggcgtga ttttggttc cgcgtggtt tgccctccgc aaggcggcct</u>
6661	<u>gttgetcagc tetctccggc cccgaaag ctggccatgc cgaactgttg ctcccggagc</u>
6721	<u>tctgcccga cccgaaaca tgcaggaag ggtgcaagcc cggcacggtg ccttcgctct</u>
6781	<u>cettgccagg ttccaaaccg gccacactgc agactccca cgttgccga cgcgggaatc</u>
6841	<u>catcgtcagg ccatcacgc ggggagcat ctctctctg ggtctcgt ctggtctct</u>
6901	<u>acgtggaat gaacgagag cacacgctg cgtgtgcgag accgtcccgg caacggcgac</u>
6961	<u>gccacagge attgcctct tcacggagag agggcctggc aactcaaga ctcccacgga</u>
7021	<u>ggttcagtt cacactccc tccacctcc caggctggtt tctcctgct gccgacgct</u>
7081	<u>gggagcccag agagcggctt cccgttccc cgggatccct ggagaggtcc ggagagccg</u>
7141	<u>ccccgaaac ggcccccct cccccctcc cctctccc ctctctctc gtctctccg</u>
7201	<u>cccaccacc accaccgca ccacgcctc cccccacc cccccccc accaccaca</u>
7261	<u>ccaccaccc gccggcggc ccaggctc gacgcctgg ggtccctcc ggggggggc</u>
7321	<u>gggtgtccc agggggctc accgccatc atgaagggg ggagcctgc tcctgtggg</u>
7381	<u>cttttacaag ggcggctgc tggctggcg gctgtccgg caggctctct ggtgcacct</u>
7441	<u>gccgcagtgc acagtcggc tgaggtgcac gggagcccgc cggctctct ctgccgcgt</u>
7501	<u>ccgtccgtga aattccggc ggggtcacc gcgatggcc tccgacacc ctccgacgc</u>
7561	<u>acctccccg cgaagcccg gggacgagga cggcagcga gactcgttg gaccccgac</u>
7621	<u>caaagcgagg cctgcgagc ctgctttgag cgaaccctg acccgggcat cggcaccaga</u>
7681	<u>gaacggctgg ccaagccat cggcattcc gacccaggg tccagattg gtttcagaat</u>
7741	<u>gagaggtcac gccagctgag gcagcaccg cgggaatct ggccctggcc cgggagacc</u>
7801	<u>ggccccag aagccggcg aaagcggacc gccgtcccg gctccagac cgcctctct</u>
7861	<u>ctccgagct ttgaaagga tcgctttcca gccatcccg cccgggagga gctggccaga</u>
7921	<u>gagacgggc tcccggagtc caggatcag atctggtttc agaatcgaag gcccaggcac</u>
7981	<u>ccgggacagg gtggcaggg gccgcgcag gcaggcggcc tgtgcagcgc gccccccggc</u>
8041	<u>gggggtcacc ctgctctct gtgggtgcc ttcgccaca cggcgcgctg gggaaacggg</u>
8101	<u>cttcccgcac cccacgtgcc ctgcgcgct gggctctcc cacagggggc tttcgtgagc</u>
8161	<u>caggcagcga gggccgccc cgcgctgcag ccagccagg ccgcgccgc agagggggatc</u>

continued ...



Table D.1: continued ...

Nucleotide position	Genomic DNA Sequence
8221	<u>tccaacctg ccccggcgcg cggggatttc gctacgccg ccccggtccc tccggacggg</u>
8281	<u>gcctctccc accctcagge tcttcgggtg cctccgcacc cgggcaaaag cggggaggac</u>
8341	<u>cgggacccgc agcgcgacgg cctgcggggc ccttcgcggg tggcacagcc tgggcccget</u>
8401	<u>caagcggggc cgcagggccca aggggtgctt gcgccacca cgtcccaggg gagtccgtgg</u>
8461	<u>tggggctggg gccggggctc ccaggtegcc ggggcggcgt gggaaaccca agccggggca</u>
8521	<u>getccacctc cccagccccg gcccccggac gcttcgect ccgcgcggca ggggcagatg</u>
8581	<u>caaggcatcc cggcgcctc ccaggcctc caggagcgg cgccttggtc tgcactccc</u>
8641	<u>tgcggcctgc tgetggatga gctcctggcg agcccggagt ttctgcagca ggcgcaacct</u>
8701	<u>ctcctagaaa cggagggccc gggggagcty gaggcctcgg aagaggccgc ctgcctggaa</u>
8761	<u>gcacccctca gcgaggaaga ataccgggct ctgctggagg agcttttaga cgcggggttg</u>
8821	<u>ggacggggtc ggtggttcg gggcagggcg gtggcctctc tttcgcgggg aacacctggc</u>
8881	<u>tggctacgga gggcgtgtc tccgccccg cccctccacc gggtgaccg gcctgggatt</u>
8941	<u>cctgccttct aggtctagc ccggtgagag actccacacc gcggagaact gccattcttt</u>
9001	<u>cctgggcatc ccgggatcc cagagccggc ca^{ggtacc} gcaggtgggc cgctactgc</u>
9061	<u>gcacgcgcgg gtttgcgggc agccgctgg gctgtgggag cagcccgggc agagctctcc</u>
9121	<u>tgctctcca ccagcccacc ccgcccctg accgcccct cccaccccc cccccccac</u>
9181	<u>ccccgaaaa cgcgtcgtc cctgggctgg gtggagacc ccgtcccgcg aaacaccggg</u>
9241	<u>ccccgcgag cgtccgggce tgacaccgt ccggcggtc gctcctatg cgccccgcg</u>
9301	<u>ccaccgtgc ccgcccgcc gggcccctgc agccgccag gtgccagcac ggagcgcctg</u>
9361	<u>gcggcggaac gcagaccca ggcccggcg acaccgggga cgtgagcgt tccaggcggg</u>
9421	<u>aggaagggc ggagagatg gagagaggaa cgggagacct agaggggcg aaggacggg</u>
9481	<u>ggagggacgt taggaggag ggagggaggc agggaggcag ggaggaacgg agggaaagac</u>
9541	<u>agagcgacgc agggactggg ggcggggcgg agggagccg ggaacggggg gaggaaggca</u>
9601	<u>gggagaaaa gcggtcctc gctccggga gtagcgggac cccgcctc cgggaaaacg</u>
9661	<u>gtcagcgtc ggcgcgggct gaggctggg cccacagcc cgcgcggc cggcggggca</u>
9721	<u>ccaccattc gcccgggtc cgtggcccag ggagtgggcg gtttctcctg ggacaaaaga</u>
9781	<u>ccgggactc ggttgccgtc ggttcttcac ccgcgcggtt cacagaccg acatcccag</u>
9841	<u>gctgagcct gcaacgcggc gcgaggcca cagcccggc cacggaggag ccacacgag</u>
9901	<u>gacgacggg gcgtgatttt ggttccgcg tggtttgct ctcgcaagg cggcctgttg</u>
9961	<u>ctcacgtctc tccggcccc gaaaggctgg ccatgccgac tgtttgctc cggagctctg</u>
10021	<u>cgggacccg gaaacatgca gggaaagggt caagcccggc acggtgcctt cgtctcctt</u>
10081	<u>gccaggttc aaaccggcca cactgcagac tcccacggt gccgcacgcg ggaatccatc</u>
10141	<u>gtcaggccat cagccgggg aggcattctc tctctgggt ctgctctgg tcttctactg</u>
10321	<u>cagttccaca ctcccctca cctcccagg ctggtttctc cctgctgcg acgcgtggga</u>
10381	<u>gccagagag cggttcccg tcccgcggg atccctggag aggtccggag agccggcccc</u>
10441	<u>cgaaacgcg cccctcccc cctccccct ccccccttc ctcttctct ctcggcccc</u>
10501	<u>accaccacca ccgccaccac gcctcccc cccccccc cccccacca ccaccaccac</u>

continued ...



Table D.1: continued ...

Nucleotide position	Genomic DNA Sequence
10201	ggaaatgaac gagagccaca cgctcgctg tgcgagaccg tcccggcaac ggcgacgcc
10261	acaggcattg cctccttcac ggagagaggg cctggcacac tcaagactcc cacggaggtt
10561	cacccgcg gcccggccca ggctcgcag ccttgggtcc ettcgggggt ggggcgggct
10621	gtcccagggg ggctcaccgc cattcatgaa ggggtggagc ctgcctgcct gtgggccttt
10681	acaagggcgg ctggctggct ggctggctgt ccgggcaggc ctctggctg cacctgccgc
10741	agtgcacagt ccggctgagg tgcacgggag ccgcgccgc tctctctgcc cgcgtccgtc
10801	ctgaaattc cggccggggc tcaccgcgat ggcctcccg acacctcgg acagcacct
10861	ccccgggaa gccgggggac gaggacggc acggagactc gtttgacc ccagccaaa
10921	cgagccctg cgagcctgct ttgagcggaa ccgtacccg ggcacgcc caagagaac
10981	gctgcccag gccatcgga ttcggagcc cagggtccag atttggttc agaatgagag
11041	gtcacgccag ctgagccagc accggcggga atctcgccc tggcccggga gacgcggccc
11101	gccagaaggc cggcgaagc ggcgcgct caccggatcc cagaccgcc tgctctccg
11161	agcctttgag aaggatcgt tccagcct ccgcgcccg gaggagctg ccagagagac
11221	ggcctcccg gartccagga ttagatctg gtttcagaat cgaagggcca ggcaccggg
11281	acaggggtgc agggcggcc cgcaggcagg cggctgtgc agcggggccc ccggcggggg
11341	tcacctgct cctcgtggg tgcctctgc ccacaccgc gcgtggggaa cgggcttc
11401	cgcacccac gtgcctcgc cgcctggggc tctcccacag gggcttcg tgagccaggc
11461	agcgagggcc gcccccgc tgcagccag ccaggccgc ccggcagagg ggatctcca
11521	acctgcccg gcgcggggg atttcgcta ccgcgcccg gctctcgg accggggcgt
11581	ctccacctc caggctctc gctggcctc gcaccgggc aaaagccgg aggaccggga
11641	cccgcagcc gacggcctc cgggcccctg ccgggtggca cagcctggc ccgctcaagc
11701	ggggccgcag ggcgaagggg tgcctgcgc acccaogtc caggggagtc cgtgggtggg
11761	ctggggcccg ggtccccagg tgcgggggc ggcgtgggaa cccaagccg gggcagctc
11821	acctcccag ccgcggccc cgaagcctc cgcctcccg cggcagggc agatgcaagg
11881	catcccggc cctcccagg cgtccagga gccgggccc tggctctcac tcccctcgg
11941	cctgctgct gatgagctc tggcagccc ggagttctg cagcagggc aacctctct
12001	agaaacggag gcccggggg agctggagc ctgggaagag gccgctcgc tggaaagacc
12061	cctcagcgag gaagaatacc ggctctgct ggaggagct taggacgcgg ggttgggacg
12121	gggtcgggtg gttcggggca gggcgtggc ctctctctc cggggaacac ctggctggct
12181	acggaggggc gtgtctcgc ccgccccct ccaccgggt gaccggcctg ggattctgc
12241	cttctaggtc taggcccgt gagagactc acaccggga gaactgcat tcttctcgg
12301	gcaccccgg gatcccagag ccggcccagg taactggca cggcgggggt tggggcagc
12361	cgctgggtg gtgggagcag ccgggcaga gctctctgc ctctccacca gccaccccc
12541	ctccgctcg gcgctcgc tctgtgtgc ccccgccca ccgctcggc ccgcccggg
12601	ccctgcagc ctcccagct ccagcgcgga gctcctggc gtcaaaagca tacctctgtc
12661	tgtctttgc cgttctcgg ctagacctc gcgcagtcg caccggct gacgtgcaag
12721	ggagctcgt ggctctctg tgccctgtt cttccgtgaa attctggctg aatgtctcc
12421	ccgctgacc gcccccctc cacccccac ccccccccc cggaaaagc gtcgtccct

continued ...



Table D.1: continued ...

Nucleotide position	Genomic DNA Sequence
12481	gggctgggtg gagacccccg tcccgcgaaa caccgggccc cgcgcagcgt ccgggcctga
12781	cccacettcc gacgetgtet aggcaaacct ggattagagt tacatctcct ggatgattag
12841	ttcagagata tattaanaatg ccccctcct gtggatccta tagaagattt gcatcttttg
12901	tgtgatgagt gcagagatat gtcacaatat ccctgtaga aaaagcctga aattggttta
12961	cataactteg gtgatcagtg cagatgtgtt tcagaactcc atagtagact gaacctagag
13021	aatggttaca tcacttaggt gatcagtgta gagatatgtt aaaattctcg tntagacaga
13081	gcctagacaa ttgttacatc acctagtgat cagtgcaggg ataagtcata aagcctcctg
13141	taggcagagt gtaggcaagt gttccctccc tgggctgac agtgcagaga tatctcaaa
13201	agcccctata agccaaacct tgacaagggt tacatcacct gtttgagcag tggaaatata
13261	tatcaciaag ccccctgtag acaaagcca gacaattttt acatctcctg agtgagcatt
13321	ggagagatct gtcacaatgc ccctgtaggc agagcttaga caagtgttac atcacctggg
13381	tgatcagtgc agagatatgt caaacgctc ctgtagtctg aacctagaca ggagttacat
13441	cacctggggg atcagtgacag agatacgtga <u>gaattcc</u>

a) DNA sequence was retrieved from Genbank with accession number AF117653 as reported by Gabriels *et al.*, (1999). b) The sequence of p13E-11 is indicated by thick underlining (nt. 3896-4715). c) The start of the 3.3 kb repeat units are indicated by arrows (nt. 5738-9052 and 9034-12329). d) The Lsau and hhspm3 repeats are shown by single (nt. 5719-6036) and dashed underlining (nt. 7055-7523) respectively. e) The double homeodomains are indicated by double underlining (nt. 7588-7767, 7813-7992 and 10883-11062, 11108-11287). f) The black box represents the GC-signal (nt. 7311-7319 and 10607-10615). g) The TATA signal (nt. 7385-7389 and 10681-10685) is represented by the blue box. h) The putative DUX4 gene is represented by the green dot-dash underlining (nt. 7534-8808 and 10829-12103). i) The restriction enzymes are indicated by: gaattc for Eco RI; cctagg for Bln I; agatct for Bgl II; ggtacc for Kpn I; and aaattc for Xap I.



APPENDIX E

COMPARISON OF NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE FROM ONE *Kpn* I REPEAT UNIT DERIVED FROM CHROMOSOMES 4q35 AND 10q26

Sequences derived from the homologous *Kpn* I repeat units on chromosome 4q35 and chromosome 10q26 were compared and are presented in Table E.1.

Table E.1: Comparison of one *Kpn*I repeat unit nucleotide sequence derived from 4q35 and 10q26

Chr 4:	<u>agatct</u> gggg atctatacag cactcatcaa atctagcatt taagactgg ctcagtaaag
Chr 10:	<u>agatct</u> gggg atctatacag cactcatcaa atctagcatt taagactgg ctcagtaaag
	<i>Bgl</i> II p13E-11
	<u>ggggataccg acagcaatag tccaggctat agattctagg tgcttcacaa acacattccc</u>
	<u>ggggataccg acagcaatag tccaggctat agattctagg tgcttcacaa acacattccc</u>
	<u>aaatatatTTT tctctggact <u>tgc</u>tgtgtt tccaagttaa agagaatTTT ttctcaatgt</u>
	<u>aaatatatTTT tctctggact <u>tg</u>gtgtgtt tccaagttaa agagaatTTT ttctcaatgt</u>
	<u>atTTtagatt ctattgtata ttttcttccc cagttggctg tctgtggtat tgcagtttca</u>
	<u>atTTtagatt ctattgtcta ttttcttccc cagttggctg tctgtggtat tgcagtttca</u>
	<u>ctagtgtctgt agcaaact catctttctt ctcagcagac acaaactgtc atctatatga</u>
	<u>ctagtgtctgt agcaaact catctttctt ctcagcaggc acaaactctc atctatatga</u>
	<u>ctccatcatg tcttcagca ctccacatca ggagagaaaag aatctagtca ttagacaatt</u>
	<u>ctccatcatg tcttcagca ctccacatca ggagagaaaag aatctagtca ttagacaatt</u>
	<u>tatcaaaaag ccaaacttt caacacatat tctactgttt taattctctc ctgaaggaga</u>
	<u>tatcaaaaag ccaaacttt caacacatat tctactgttt taattctctc ctgaaggaga</u>
	<u>tactgggagt tgggcatttt ctcatagcc cagttactgt tctgggtgaa aaaa<u>ta</u>act</u>
	<u>tactgggagt tgggcatttt ctgattagcc cagttactgt tctgggtgaa aaaa<u>ga</u>act</u>
	<u>gcagtggaca ggctgtaagc cagacttcat caaatttctg caccaatgaa aaaaaa<u>att</u></u>
	<u>gcagtggaca ggctgtaagc cagacttcat caaatttctg cagcaatgaa aaaaaa<u>att</u></u>
	<u>acaagagaaa acaaaaaaac cctattaaac gtcacggaca aggccagagt ttgaatatac</u>
	<u>acaagagaaa acaaaaaaac cctattaaac gtcacggaca aggccagagt ttgaatatac</u>
	<u>tgtggtcacc tctgctccag tgcaaactgt ttcagaaaag cct<u>act</u>teta ttttcttgc</u>
	<u>tgtggtcacc tctgctccag tgcaaactgt ttcagaaaag cct<u>g</u>ctteta ttttcttgc</u>
	<u>tgtaacagag gaacatttcc tgtcttatgt ttattctact ctgcaatccc ctaaggcttt</u>
	<u>tgtaacagag gaacatttcc tgtcttatgc ttattctact ctgcaatccc ctaaggcttt</u>

continued ...



Table E.1: continued ...

Chr 4:	ttctctccct cccagaatct taaagtgcac tccaacccac aggcaaaatc ctcccagaat
Chr 10:	ttctctccct cccagaatct taaagtgcac tccaacccac aggcaaaatc ctcccagaa
	cttgtgagaa cataaatgat ctgactagtt tggcattgct tttggggatc tgggaaaatc
	cttgtgaaaa cataaatgat ctgactagtt tggcattgct tttggggatc tgggaaaatc
	tgtgcacact totggagacc cttgtcactgc ctttttttat aaatctattg tgctcaagt
	tgtgcacact totggagacc cttgtcaggc ctttttttat aaatctattg tgctcaagt
	cagaagtgtg tgaggggaga tggggagaca ttgggatgcg cgcgcctggg gctctcccac
	cagcagtgtg tgaggggaga tggggagaca ttgggatgcg cgcgcctggg gctctcccac
	agggggcttt cgtgagccag gcagcagagg ccgccccgcg gctgcagccc agccaggccg
	agggggcttt cgtgagccag gcagcagagg ccgccccgcg gctgcagccc agccaggccg
	cgacggcaga gggggtctcc caacctgcc cggcgcggcg ggatttcgcc tacgcgcc
	cgccggcaga ggggatctcc caacctgcc cggcgcggcg ggatttcgcc tacgcgcc
	cggtctctcc ggacggggcg ctctcccacc ctccaggctc tcgggtggct ccgcaccgg
	cggtctctcc ggacggggcg ctctcccacc ctccaggctc tcgggtggct ccgcaccgg
	gcaaaagccg ggaggaccgg gaccgcagc gcgacggcct gccgggcccc tgcgcggtgg
	gcaaaagccg ggaggaccgg gaccgcagc gcgacggcct gccgggcccc tgcgcggtgg
	cacagcctgg gcccgctcaa gggggccgc agggccaagg ggtgcttgg ccaccacgt
	cacagcctgg gcccgctcaa gggggccgc agggccaagg ggtgcttgg ccaccacgt
	cccaggggag tccgtggtgg ggctggggcc ggg*tcacca ggtcgccggg gggcggtggg
	cccaggggag tccgtggtgg ggctggggcc ggggttcacca ggtcgccggg gggcggtggg
	aaocccaagc cggggcaagc tccacctcc ccagcccgcg ccccggagc cctccgcgcg
	aaocccaagc cggggca*gc t*ccacctcc ccagcccgcg ccccggagc cctccgcgcg
	gcaggggcag atgcaaggca tcccggcgcc ctcccaggcg ctccaggagc cgggcacctg
	gcaggggcag atgcaaggca tcccggcgcc ctcccaggcg ctccaggagc cgggcacctg
	gtctgcactc cctgcggcc tctgtctgga tgagctctg gcgagcccgg agtttctgca
	gtctgcactc cctgcggcc tctgtctgga tgagctctg gcgagcccgg agtttctgca
	gcaggcgcaa cctctctag aaacggaggc cccgggggag ctggaggcct cggagaggc
	gcaggcgcaa cctctctag aaacggaggc cccgggggag ctggaggcct cggagaggc
	cgctctgctg gaagcaccct tcagcgagga agaataccgg gctctgctgg aggagcttta
	cgctctgctg gaagcaccct tcagcgagga agaataccgg gctctgctgg aggagcttta
	ggacgcgggg ttgggacggg gtcgggtggt tggggcagg gcgggtggct ctctttcgcg
	ggacgcgggg ttgggacggg gtcgggtggt tggggcagg gcgggtggct ctctttcgcg
	gggaacacct ggctggctac ggagggcggt gtctccgcc cgeccctcc accgggctga
	gggaacacct ggctggctac ggagggcggt gtctccgcc cgeccctcc accgggctga
	ccggcctggg attctgctc tctaggctca ggcccgggta gagactccac accgcggaga
	ccggcctggg attctgctc tctaggccta ggcccgggta gagactccac accgcggaga
	actgccattc tttctgggc atcccgggga tcccagagcc ggcccaggta ccagcaggtg
	actgccattc tttctgggc atcccgggga tcccagagcc ggcccaggta ccagcaggtg
	ggcgcctac tgcgcaagc cgggtttgcg ggcagccgc tgggctgtgg gagcagcccg
	ggcgcctac tgcgcaagc cgggtttgcg ggcagccgc tgggctgtgg gagcagcccg

Bln I

Kpn I

continued ...



Table E.1: continued ...

Chr 4:	ggcagagctc	tcttgcctct	ccaccagccc	accccgccgc	ctgaccgccc	cctccccacc
Chr 10:	ggcagagctc	tcttgcctct	ccaccagccc	accccgccgc	ctgaccgccc	cctccccacc
	ccccaccccc	cacccccgga	aaacgcgtcg	tcccctgggc	tgggtggaga	cccccgtecc
	ccc*accccc	cgcccccgga	aaacgcgtcg	tcccctgggc	tgggtggaga	cccccgtecc
	gcgaaacacc	gggccccgcg	cagcgtccgg	gcctgacacc	gctccggcgg	ctcgcctcct
	gcgaaacacc	gggccccgcg	cagcgtccgg	gcctgacacc	gctccggcgg	ctcgcctcct
	atgcgcccc	gcgccaccgt	cgcccgcccg	cccgggcccc	tgcagccgcc	caggtgccag
	ctgcgcccc	gcgccaccgt	cgcccgcccg	cccgggcccc	tgcagccgcc	caggtgccag
	cacggagcgc	ctggcggcgg	aacgcagacc	ccaggcccgg	cgcacaccgg	ggacgctgag
	cacggagcgc	ctggcggcgg	aacgcagacc	ccaggcccgg	cgcacaccgg	ggacgctgag
	cgttccaggc	gggaggggag	gcgggcagag	atggagagag	gaacgggaga	cctagagggg
	cgttccaggc	gggaggggag	gcgggcagag	atggagagag	gaacgggaga	cctagagggg
	cggaaggacg	ggcggaggga	cgttaggagg	gagggaggga	ggcaggagg	cagggagg**
	cggaaggatg	ggcggaggga	cgttaggagg	gagggaggga	ggcaggagg	cagggaggca
	*****aacg	gagggaaaga	cagagcgacg	cagggactgg	gggcccggcg	gagggagccg
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continued ...



Table E.1: continued ...

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	gaggtccgga	gagccggccc	ccgaaacgg	ccccctccc	ccctccccc	tctccccctt
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	cctcttcgtc	tctccggccc	caccaccacc	accgccacca	cgccctccc	caccacccc
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	<i>Bgl II</i>					
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continued ...

Table E.1: continued ...

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	gccccctcca	ccgggctgac	cggcctggga	ttcctgcctt	<u>ctaggcttag</u>	<u>gcccgggtgag</u>
					<i>Bln I</i>	
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	agactccaca	cagcggagaa	ctgccattct	ttcctgggca	tcccggggat	cccagagccg
	gcca <u>ggtag c</u>					
	gcca <u>ggtag c</u>					
		<i>Kpn I</i>				

a) The 4q35 sequence was retrieved from Genbank with accession number AF117653 as reported by Gabriels *et al.*, (1999) and the 10q26 sequence was retrieved from Genbank with accession number NT_028298. b) The restriction enzymes are indicated by: ccagg for *Bln I*; agatct for *Bgl II*; aaattc for *Xap I*; and ggtacc for *Kpn I*. c) The sequence of p13E-11 is indicated by single underlining. d) The sequence indicated in green and the * = differences observed in the two compared sequences.

APPENDIX F

EXTENDED FAMILY PEDIGREES

This appendix contains the full pedigrees of the core FSHD families (F10, F20, F30, F40 and F60), which were selected for genotyping as discussed in chapter three. Symbols utilised within the pedigrees are listed below and were assigned as reported by the Pedigree Standardization Task Force [PSTF] (Bennet *et al.*, 1995).



male/female: tested FSHD normal



male/female: FSHD equivocal



male/female: never tested for FSHD (phenotypical status unknown)



male/female: tested FSHD positive



male/female: deceased



Sex unknown



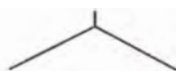
multiple individuals, exact number of individuals unknown



Divorced



Proband



dizygotic twins



monozygotic twins



Figure F.1: Full pedigree of South African FSHD family F10

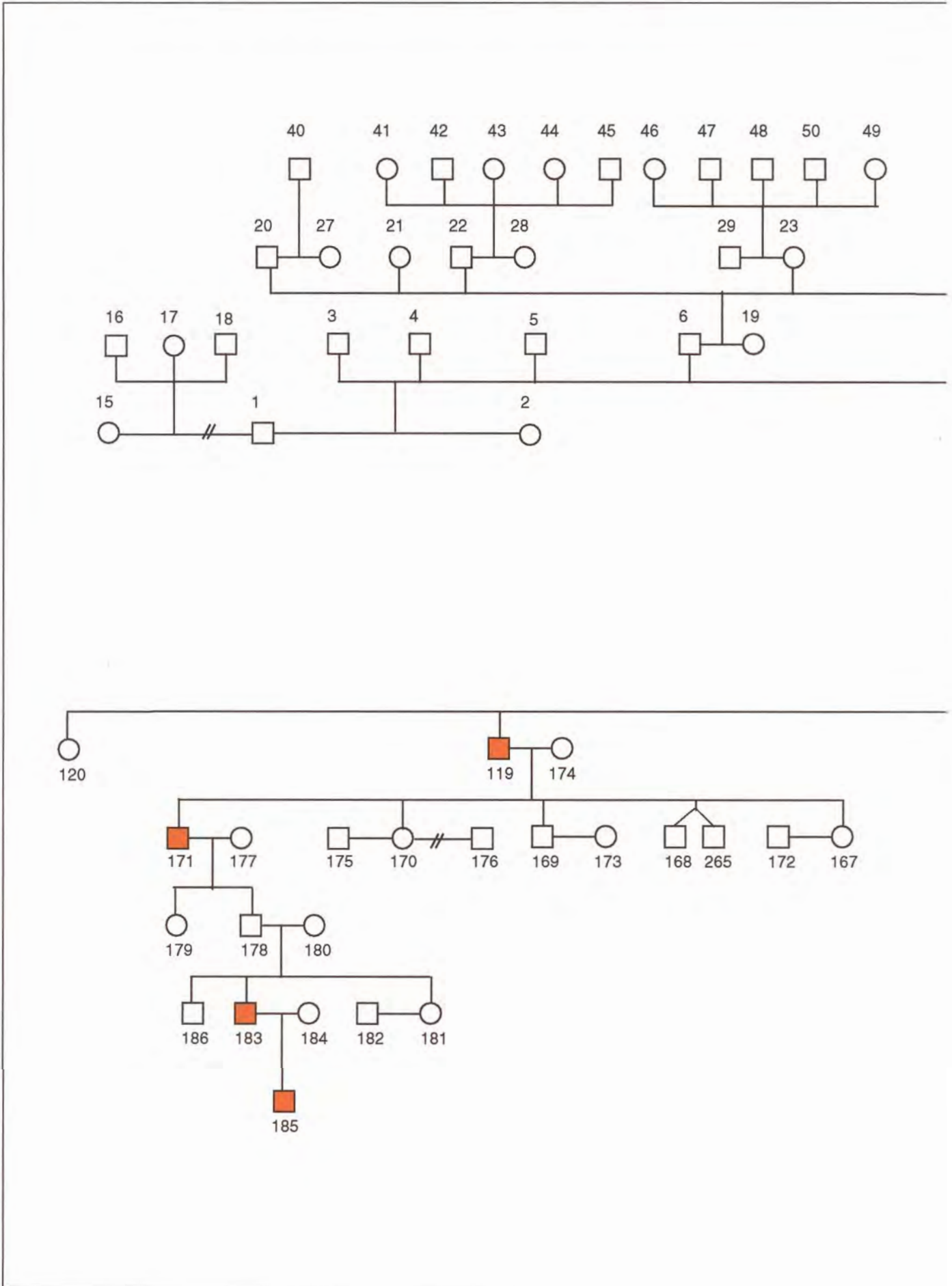
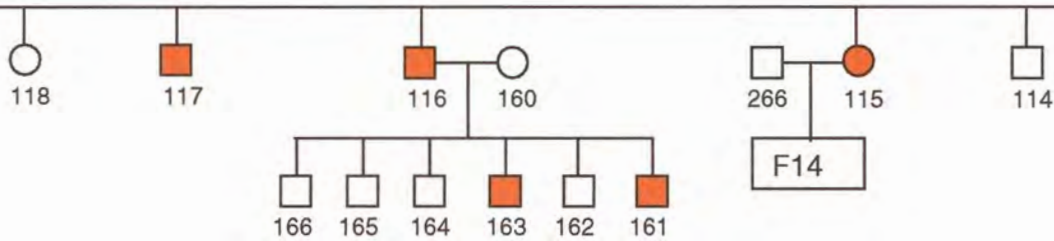
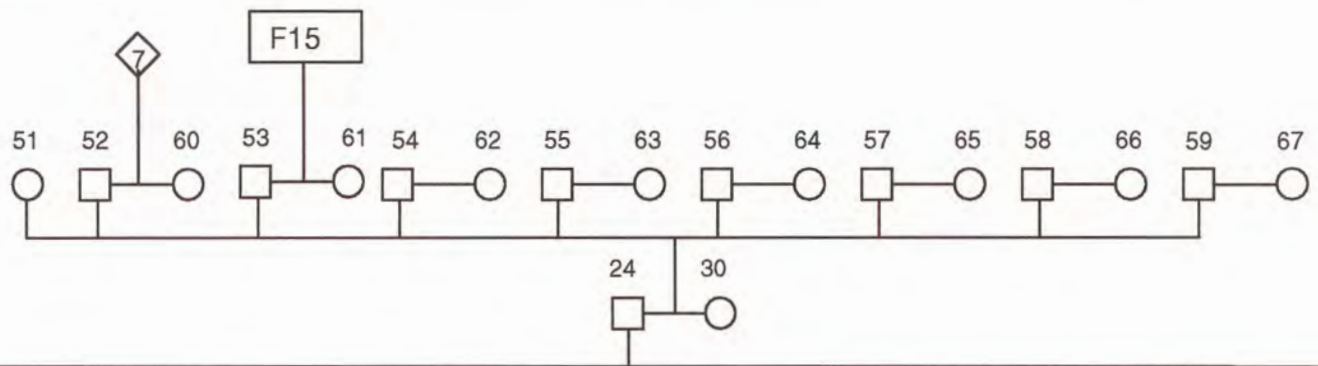


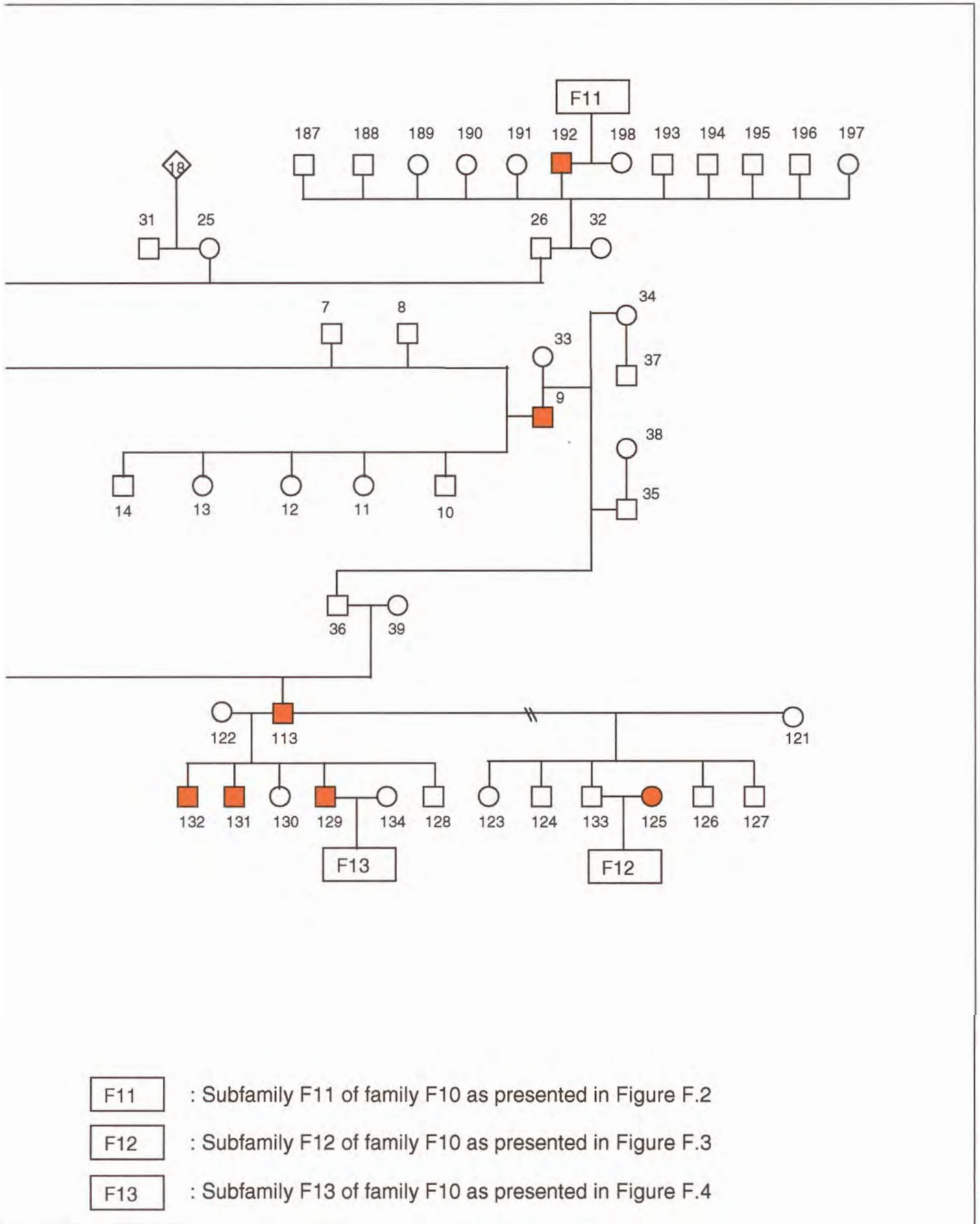
Figure F.1: Full pedigree of South African FSHD family F10 continued ...



F14 : Subfamily F14 of family F10 as presented in Figure F.5

F15 : Subfamily F15 of family F10 as presented in Figure F.6

Figure F.1: Full pedigree of South African FSHD family F10 continued ...



F11 : Subfamily F11 of family F10 as presented in Figure F.2

F12 : Subfamily F12 of family F10 as presented in Figure F.3

F13 : Subfamily F13 of family F10 as presented in Figure F.4



Figure F.2: Full pedigree of South African FSHD family F11

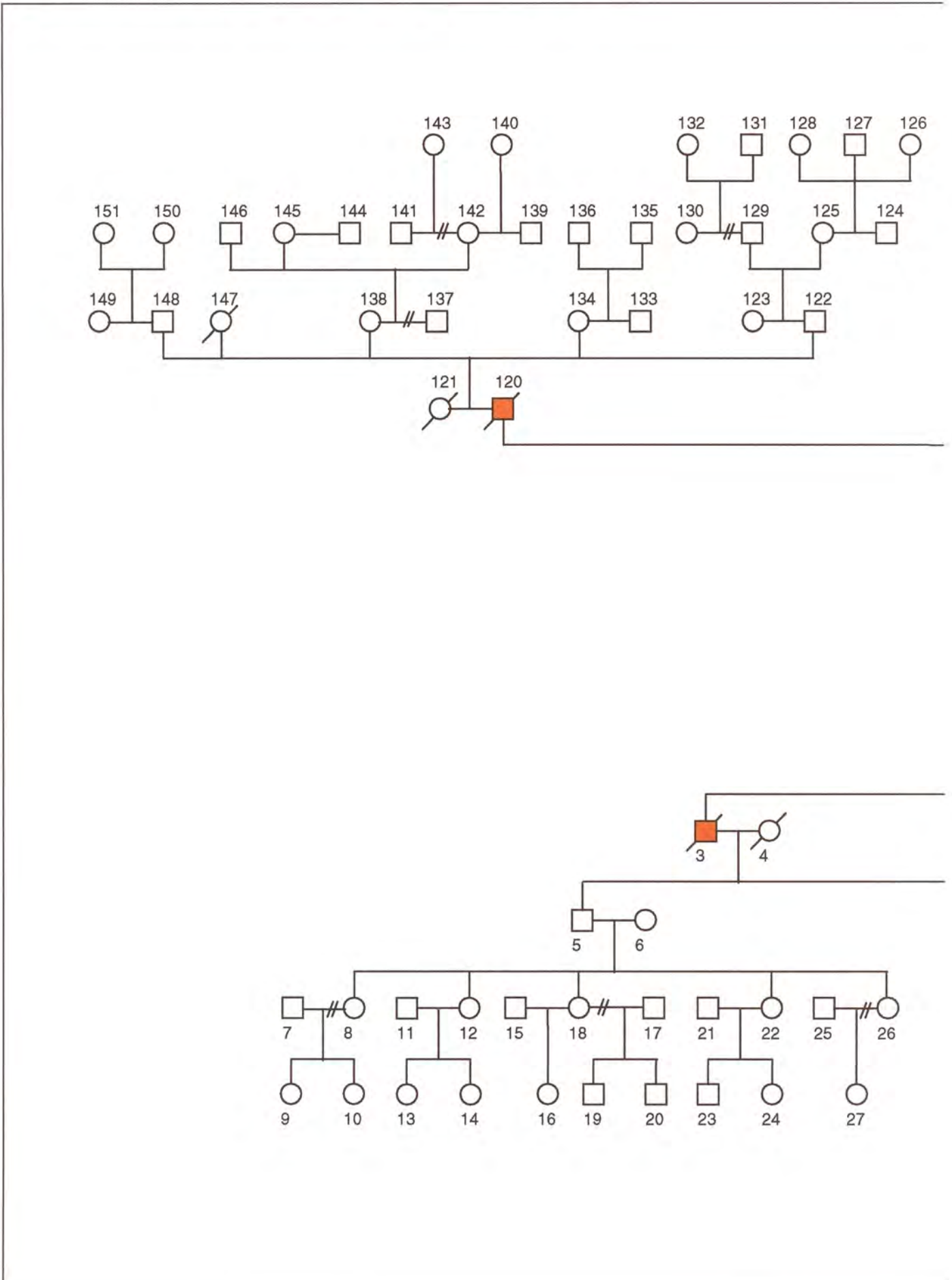




Figure F.2: Full pedigree of South African FSHD family F11 continued ...

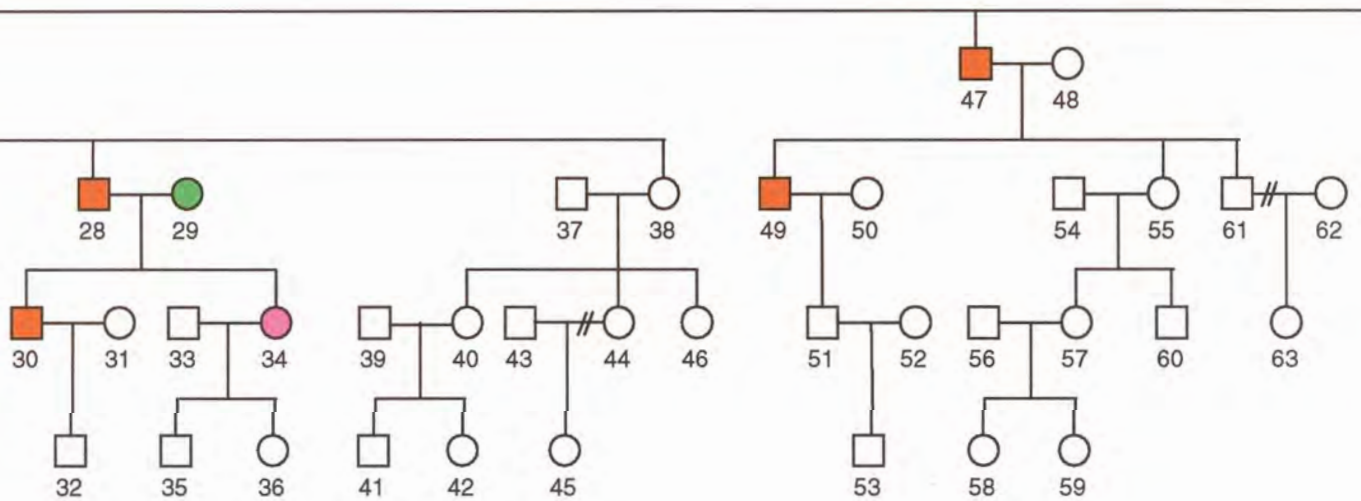
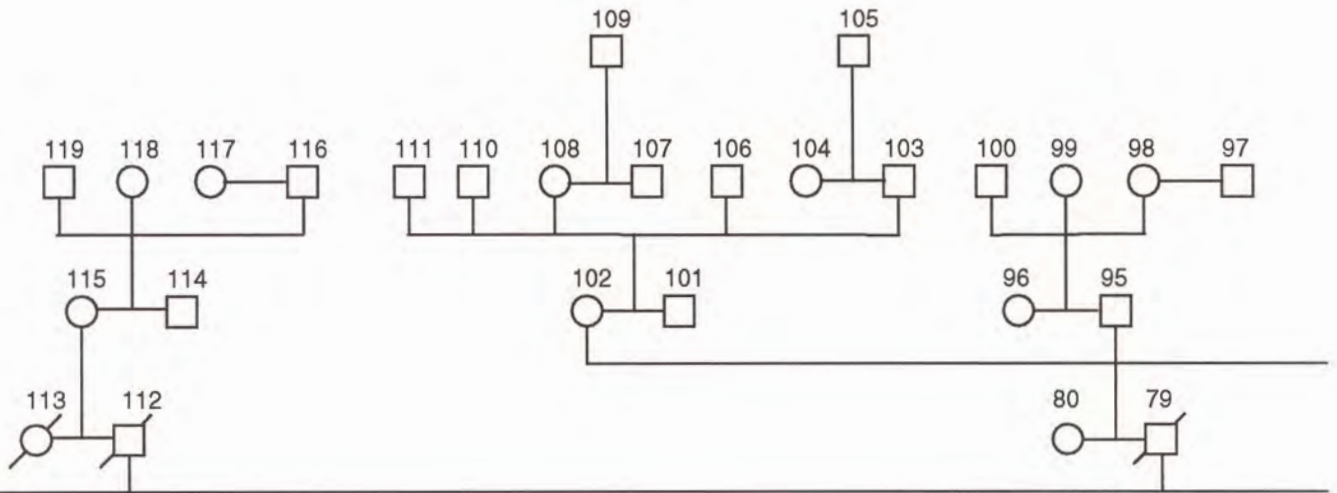




Figure F.2: Full pedigree of South African FSHD family F11 continued ...

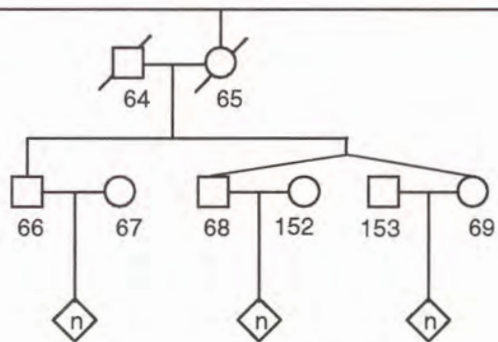
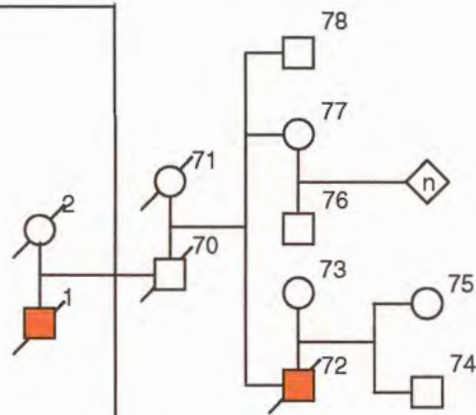
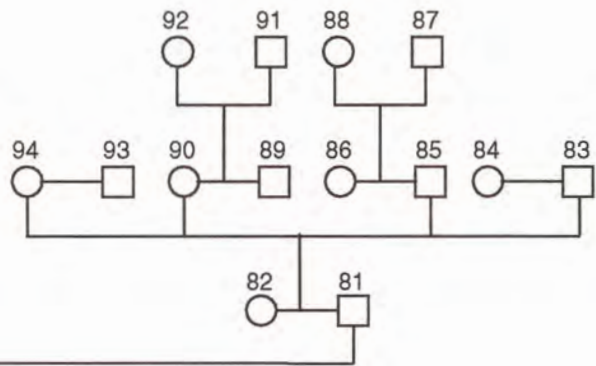




Figure F.3: Full pedigree of South African FSHD family F12

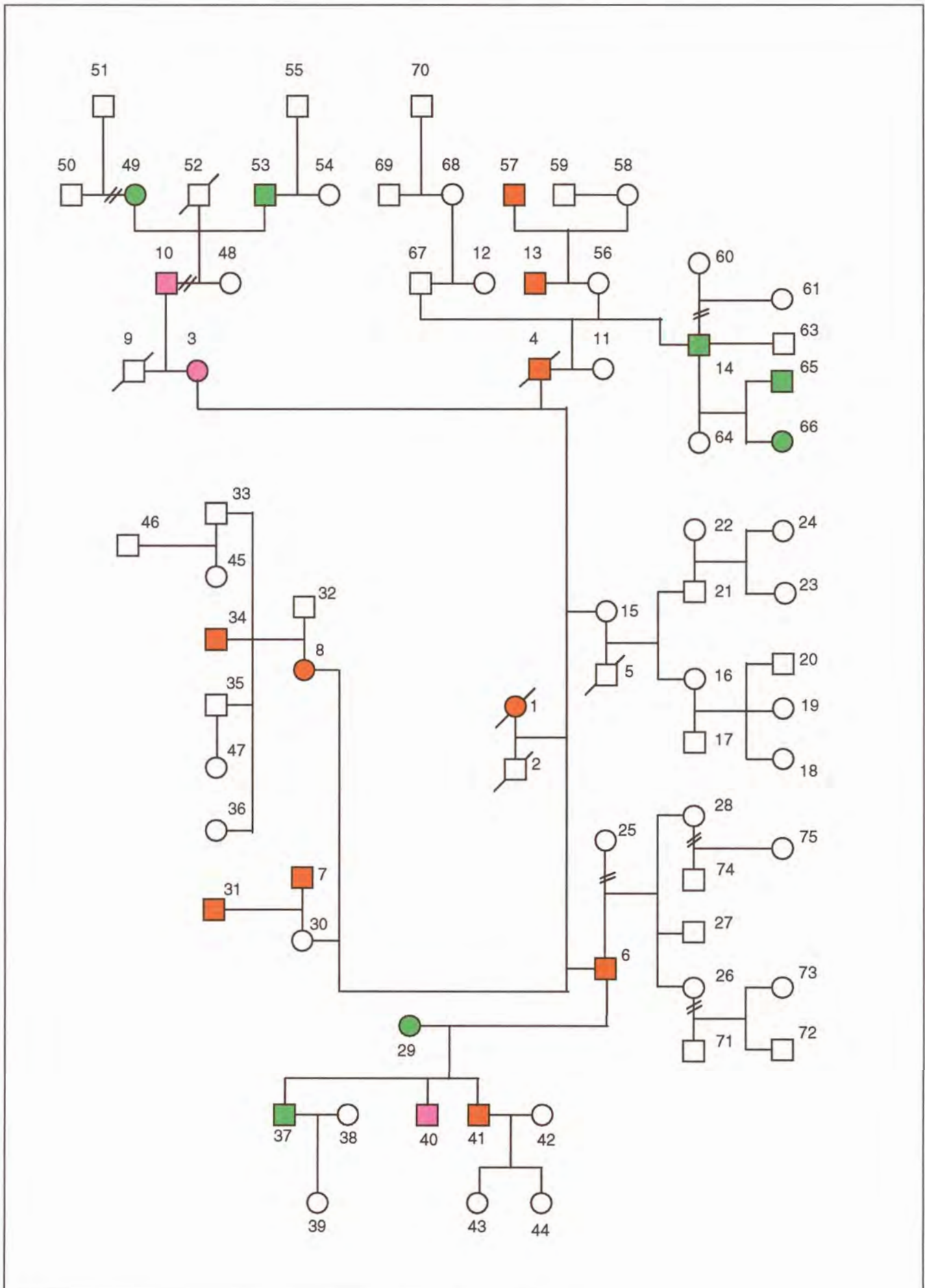




Figure F.4: Full pedigree of South African FSHD family F13

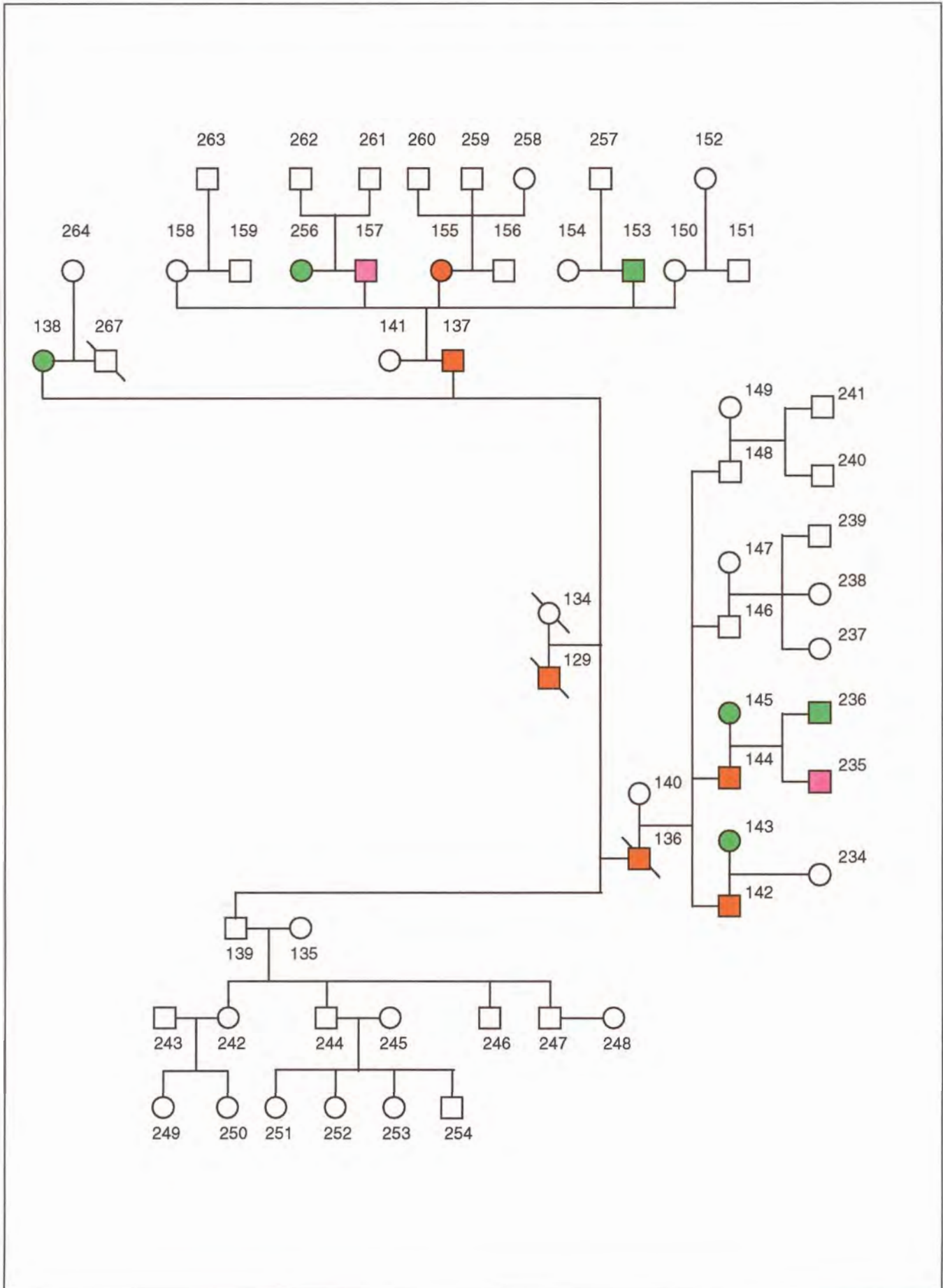




Figure F.5: Full pedigree of South African FSHD family F14

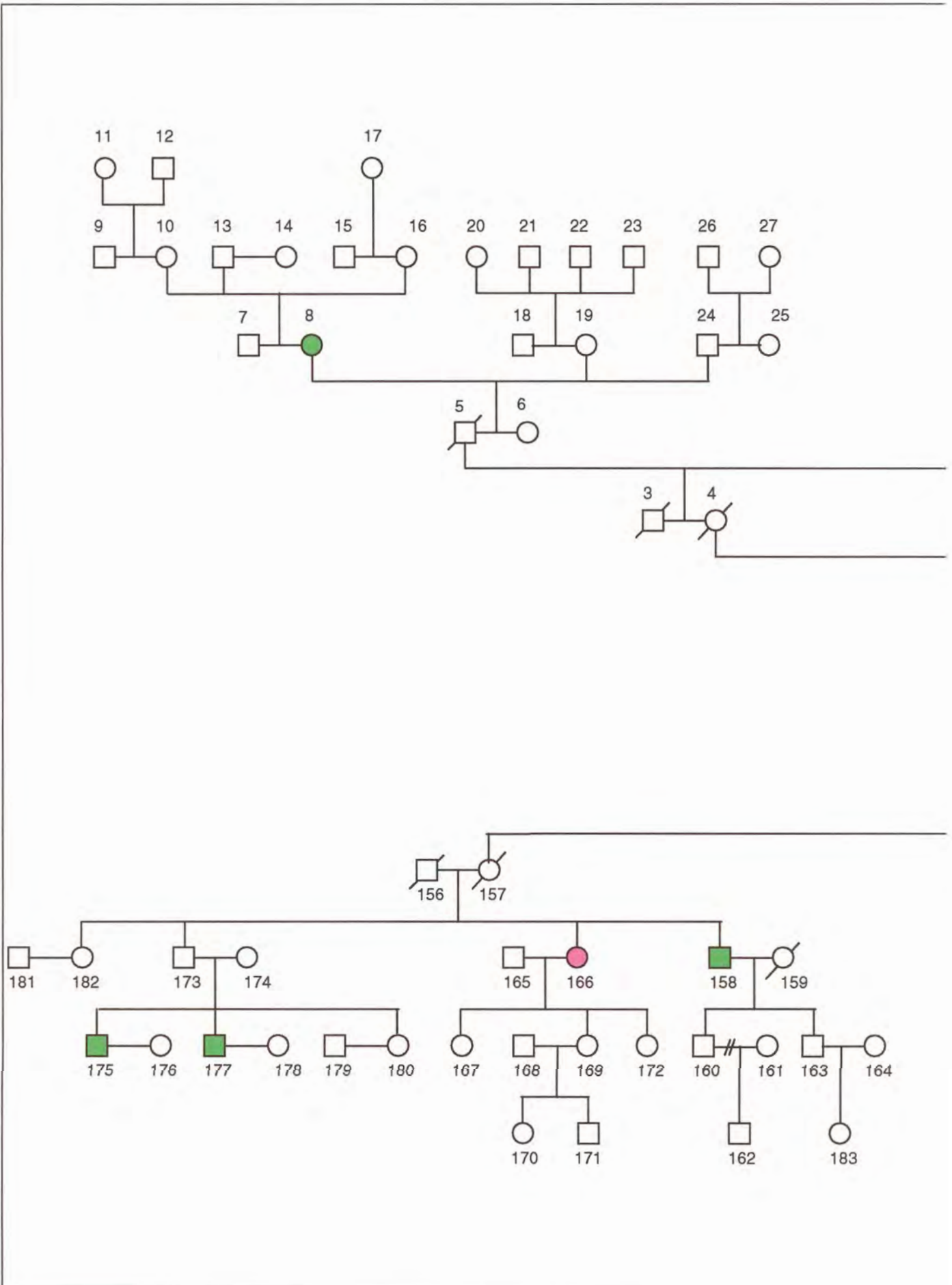




Figure F.5: Full pedigree of South African FSHD family F14 continued ...

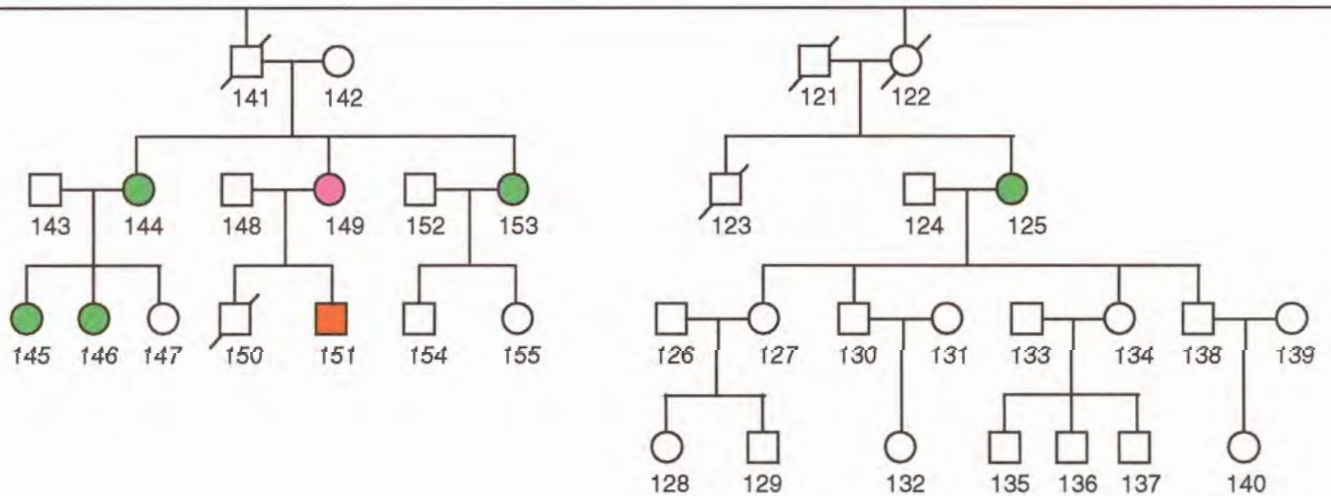
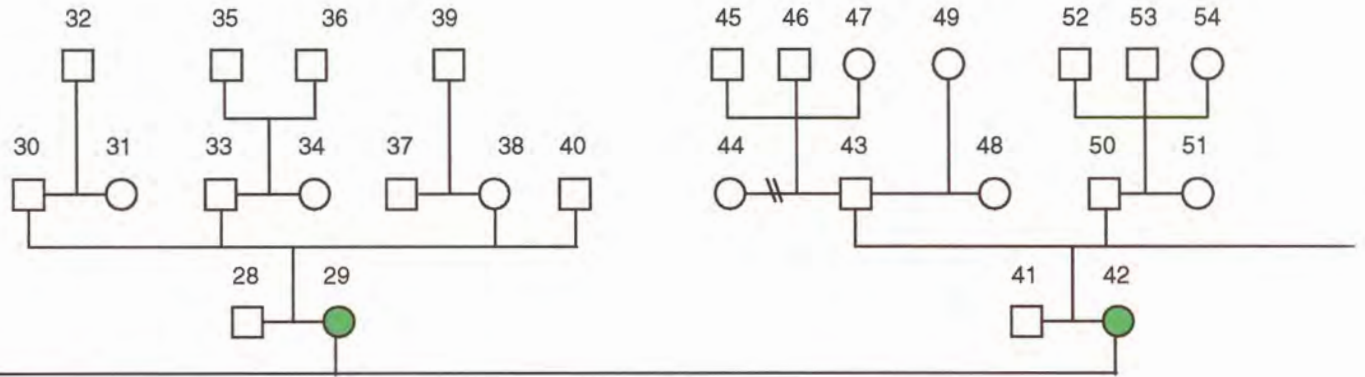




Figure F.5: Full pedigree of South African FSHD family F14 continued ...

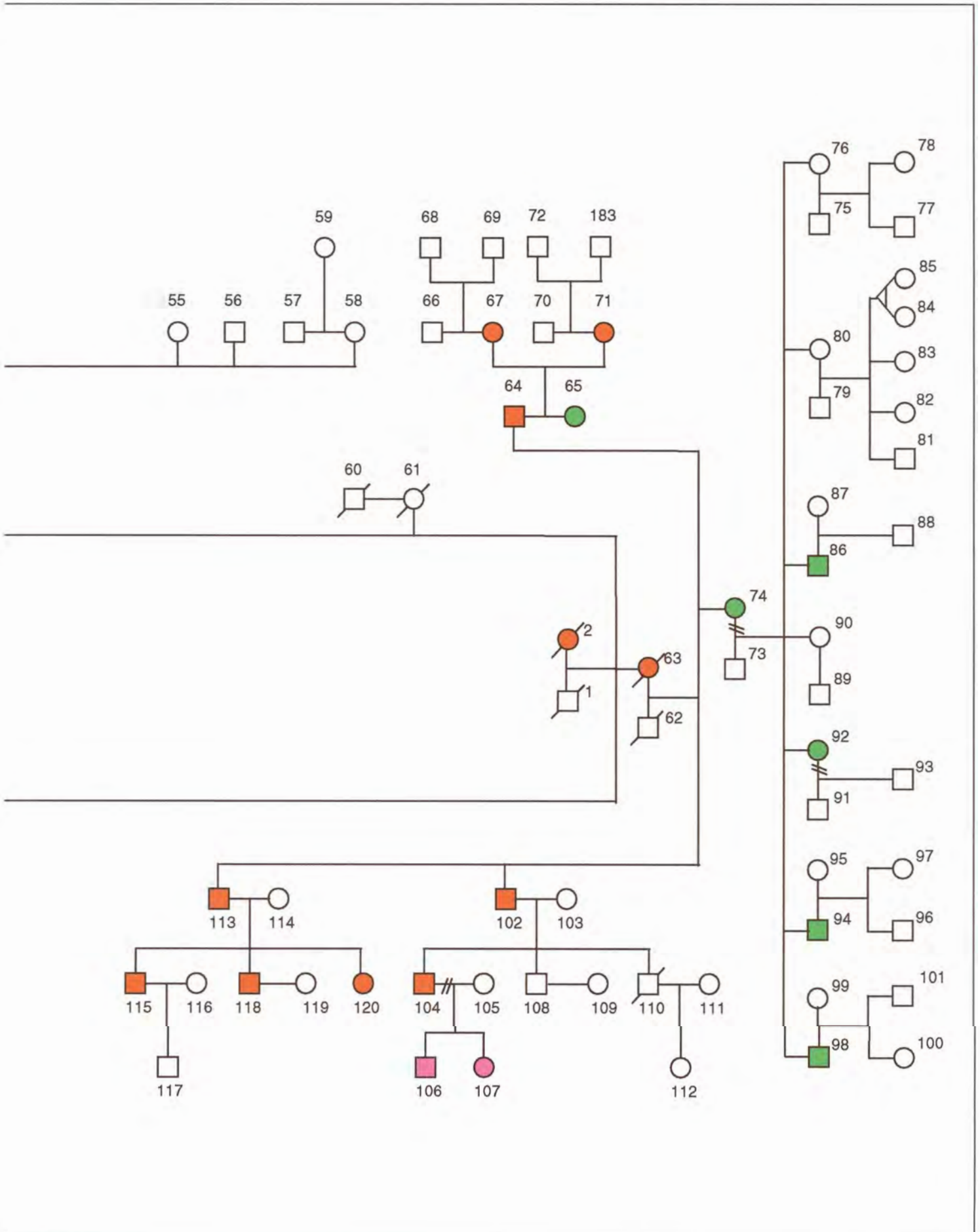


Figure F.6: Full pedigree of South African family F15

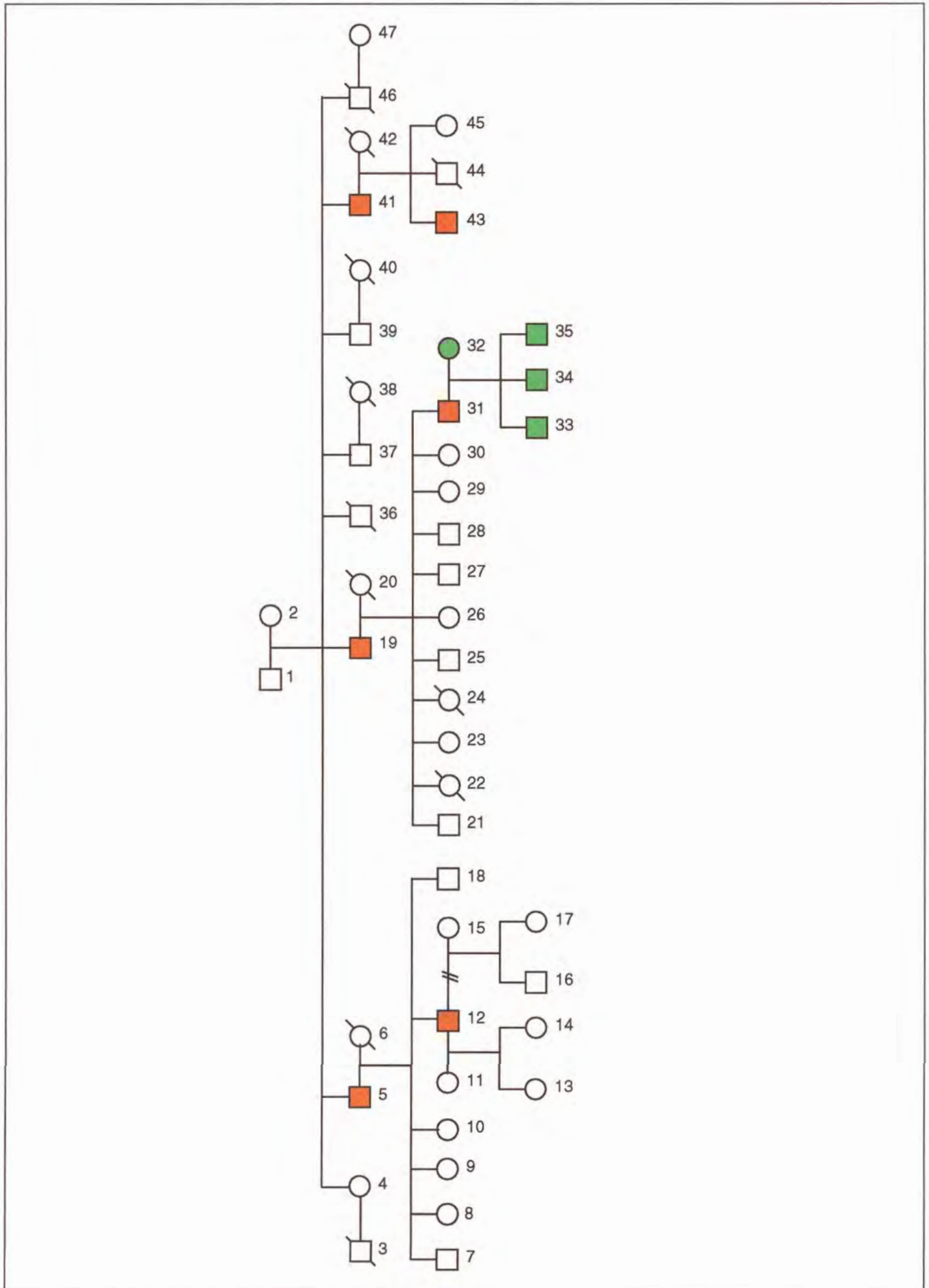




Figure F.7: Full pedigree of South African family F21

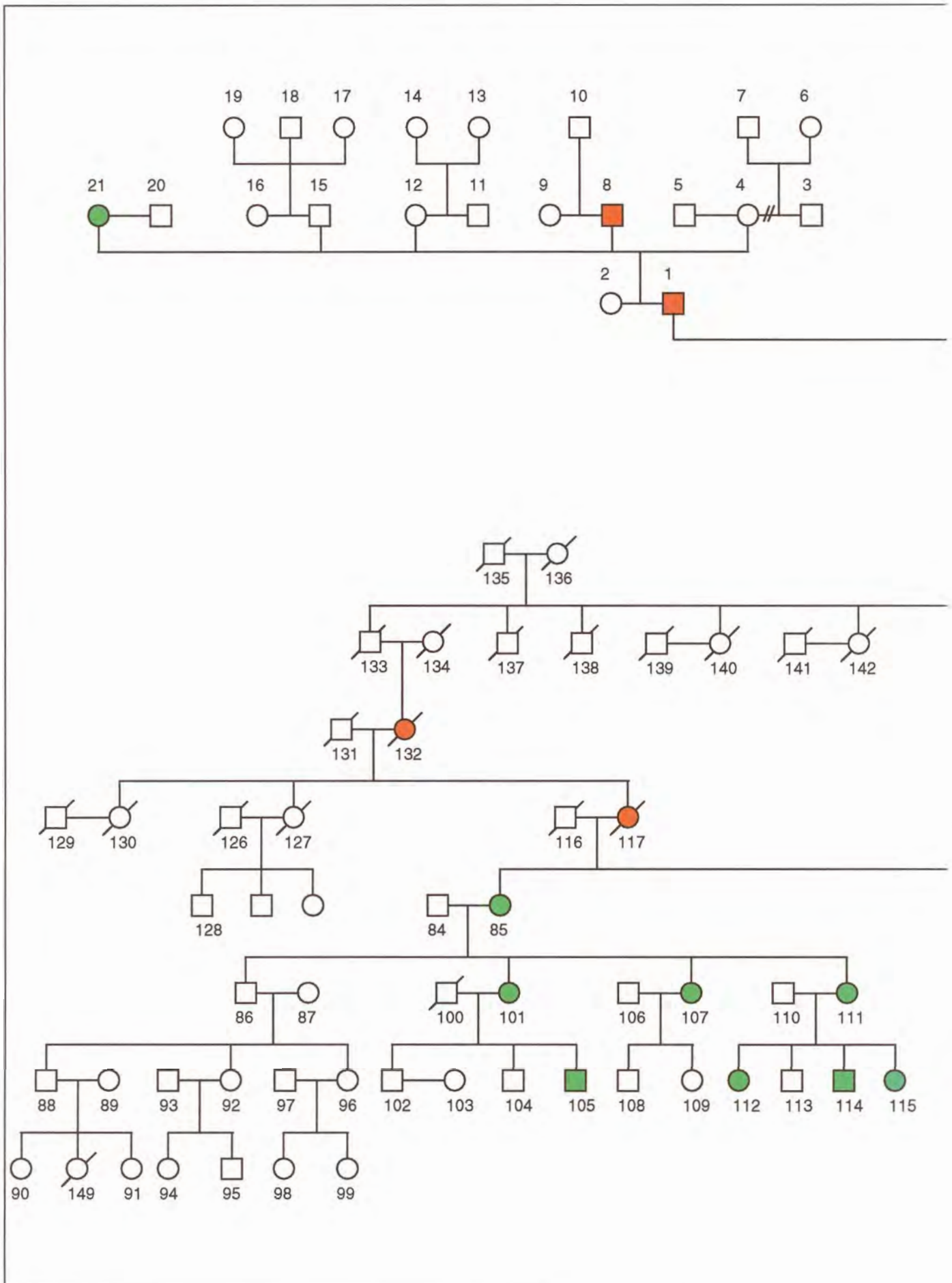




Figure F.7: Full pedigree of South African family F21 continued ...

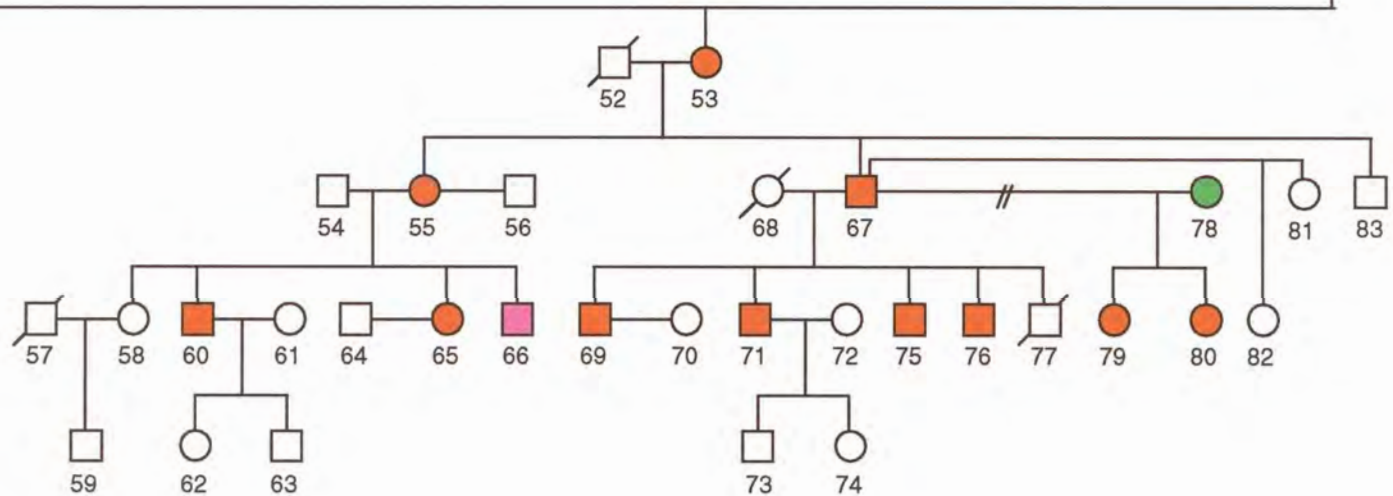
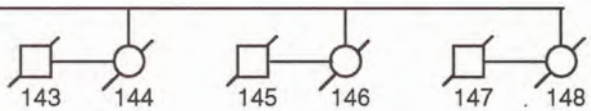
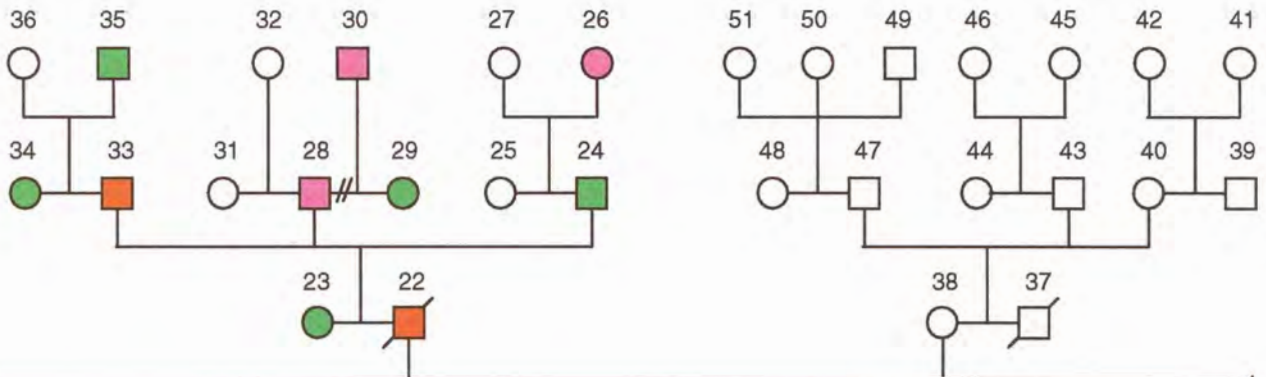




Figure F.8: Full pedigree of South African FSHD family F30

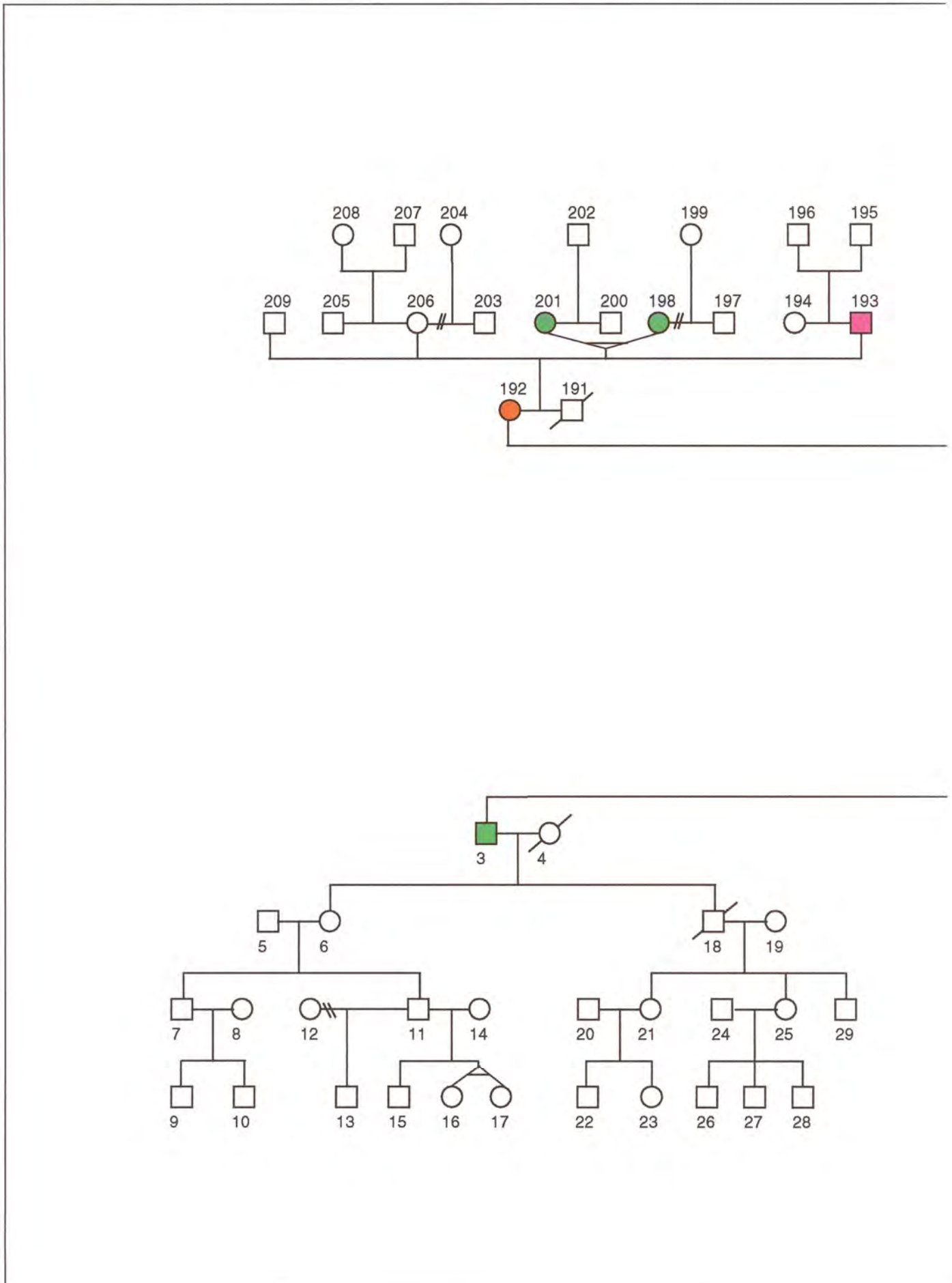




Figure F.8: Full pedigree of South African FSHD family F30 continued ...

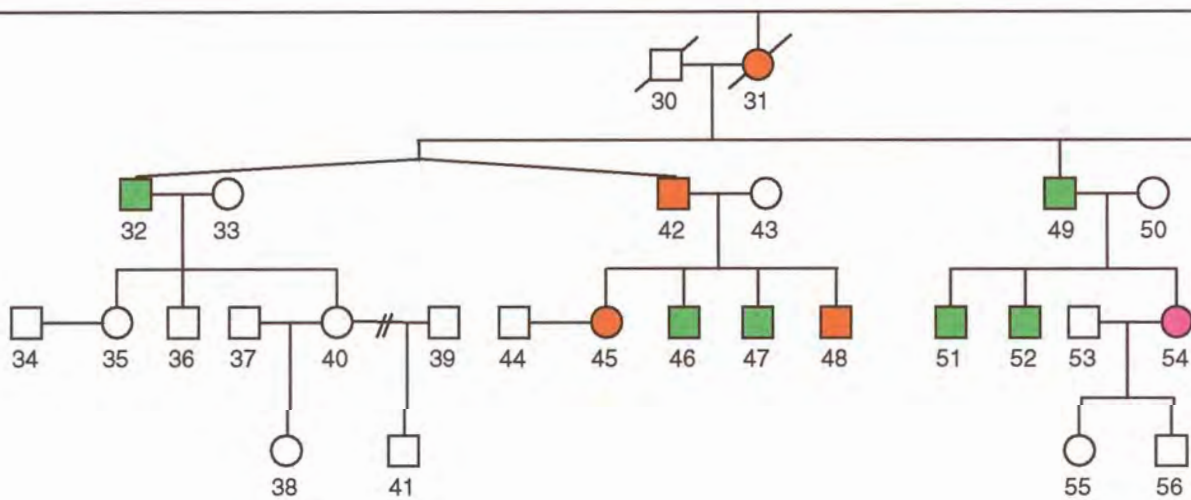
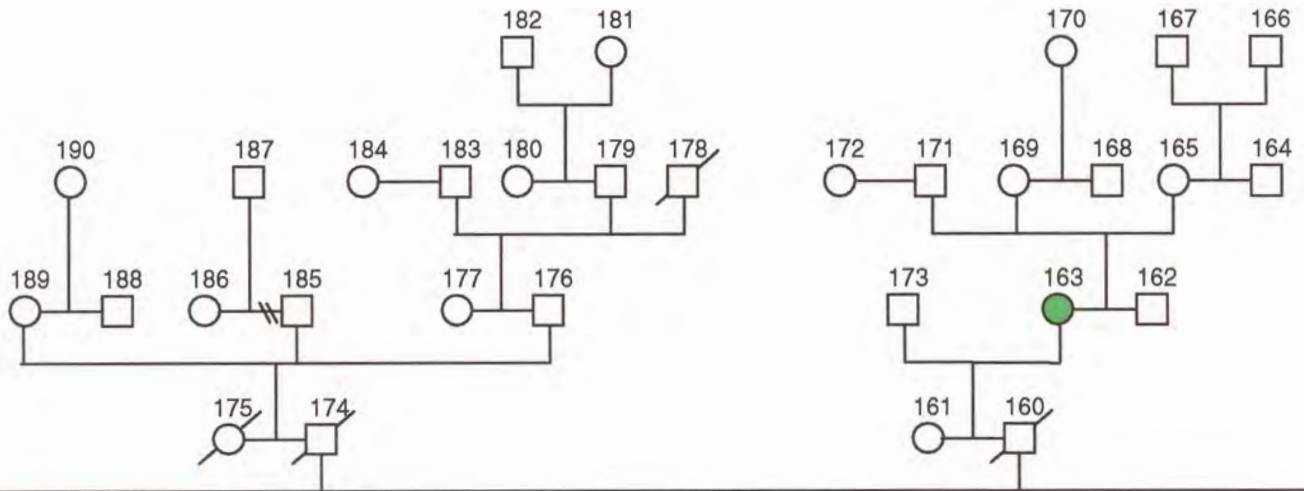




Figure F.8: Full pedigree of South African FSHD family F30 continued ...

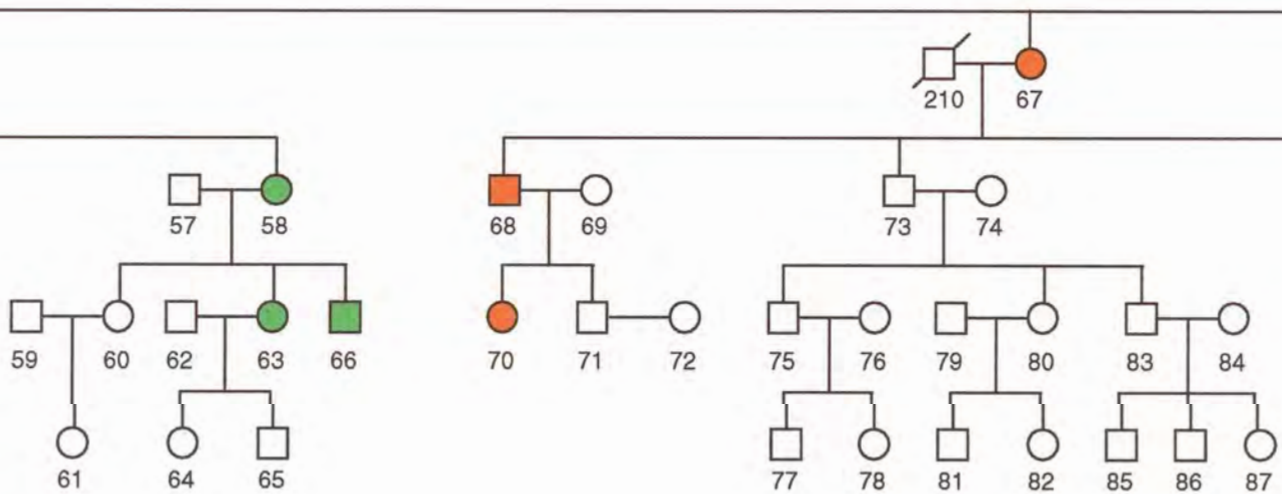
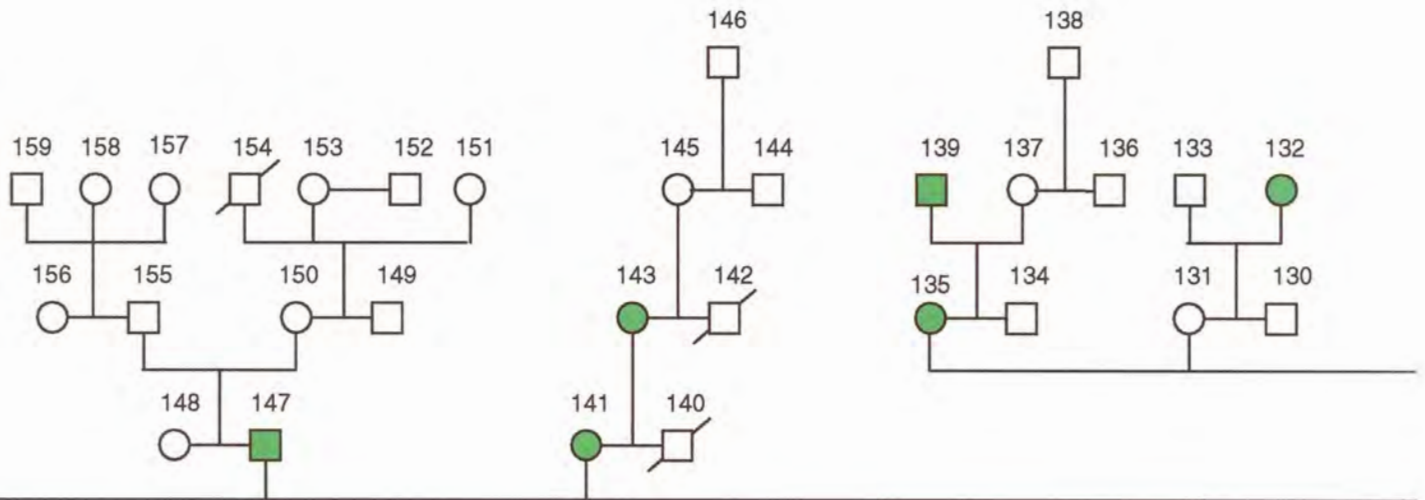




Figure F.8: Full pedigree of South African FSHD family F30 continued ...

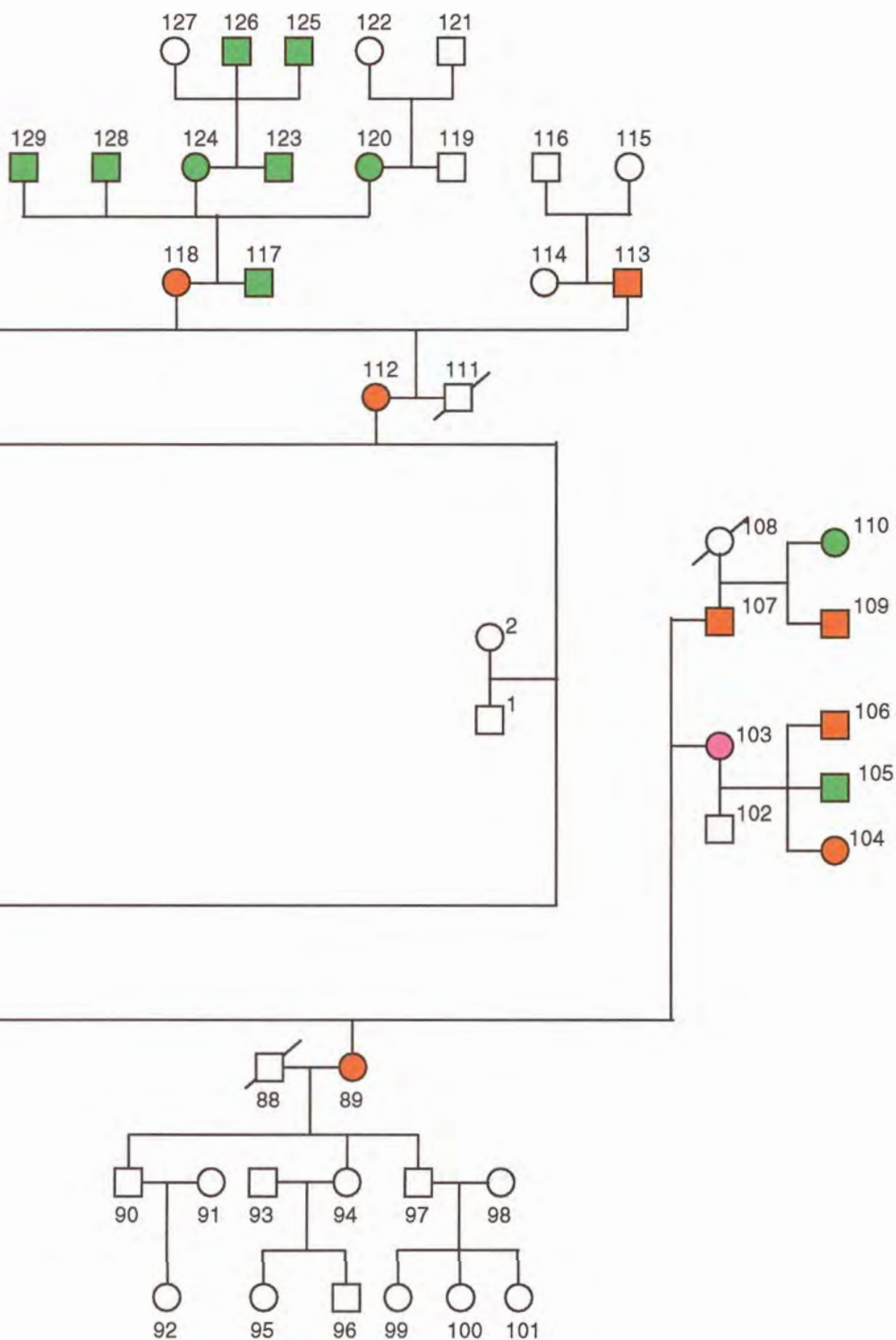


Figure F.9: Full pedigree of South African FSHD family F40

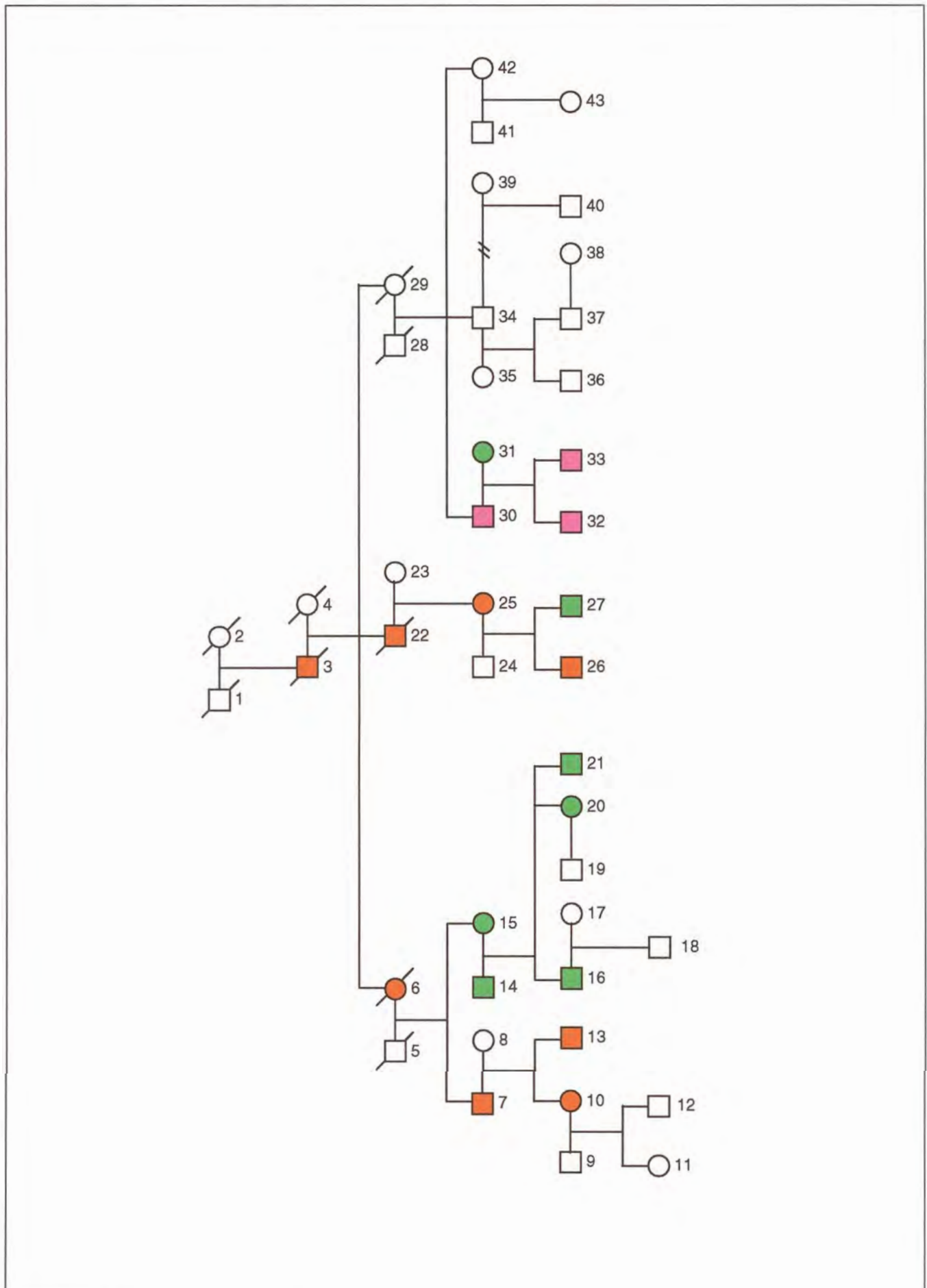




Figure F.10: Full pedigree of South African FSHD family F60

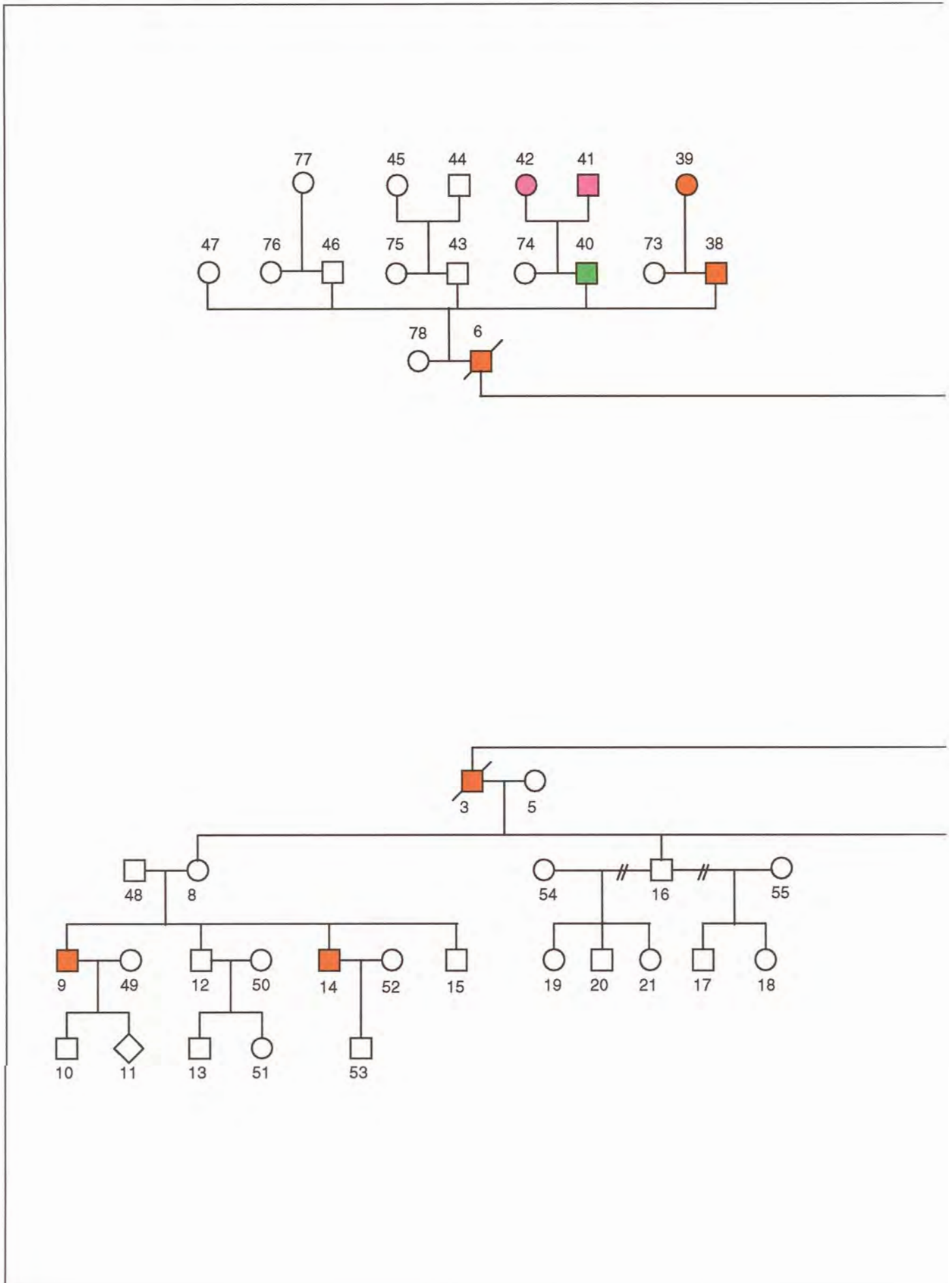




Figure F.10: Full pedigree of South African FSHD family F60 continued ...

