APPENDIX 3: STANDARD SURVEY FORMS OF THE VEGETATION SURVEY OF **NAMIBIA**

Habitat Description

Observer:	Number:	Computer No:
Landscape:	Date:	Altitude:
Locality:	Region:	GPS reading:
	District:	•
	Owner:	Accuracy of GPS: (Schwarzeneck)
	Search Markin	Estimate from General estimate 1:50 000 map

	dscape:			Local	Topography:	
Level	The state of the s					
LP	Plain	<8%	<100m/km	LPP	Plain	
				LPS	Sand drift plain	Covered by >50 % sand (unconsolidated)
				LPI	Interdunal street	
				LPD	Low dunefield	Plains with low dunes like hummock dunes
				LPF	Flood plain	Temporarry water logged, especially along river systems
				LPO	Oshana	Shallow channels of the Cuvelai delta
			3	LPM	Omuramba	Shallow, broad drainage lines of the erosion plain:
LL	Plateau	<8%	<100m/km	LLP	Plateau	
LD	Depression	<8%	<100m/km	LDP	Pan	Seasonally water filled
LF	Low gradient footslope	<8%	<100m/km	LFF	Low gradient foot	slope
LV	Valley floor	<8%	<100m/km	LVR	Dry river bed	
	50 (1000) - (-1000)			LVBD	Dry river embank	ment
				LVB	Perennial river en	nbankment
Slopi	ng land					
SM	Medium gradient	15-30 %	>600m/2km	SMM	Medium gradient	mountain
	mountain			SMF	Medium gradient	footslope
				SML	Medium gradient	plateau
SH	Medium gradient hill	8-30 %	>50 m/slope unit	SHH	Medium gradient	hill
SE	Medium gradient escarpment zone	15-30 %	<600m/2km	SER	River terrace	Especially along the Okavango and Omurambas the Kalahari sand plateau
	Coda pinoni zone			SDP	Pan terrace / rim	
SR	Ridges	8-30 %	>50 m/slope unit	SRR	Rocky ridges	
				SRDF	Fossil dunes: foo	
				SRDS	Fossil dunes: slo	
			100	SRDC	Fossil dunes: cre	
				SRAS	Active dunes: slip	
				SRAW	· Active dunes: win	
SU	Mountainous highland	8-30 %	>600m/2km	SUU	Mountainous high	
SP	Dissected plain	8-30 %	Variable	SPP	Dissected plain	
31	Dissected plain	0-00 %	Variable	SPA	Alluvial fan	
				SWC	Water courses ar	nd small rivers
Ctoo	o land			1 0110	Trater courses at	id Girial III of
TM	High gradient mountain	>30 %	>600m/2km	ITMM	High gradient mo	untain
I IVI	nigh gradient mountain	-30 %	-000III/ZKIII	TMF	High gradient foo	
				TMB	Inselbergs, bornh	
77.1	Little and discarting	>30 %	<600m/2km	THH	High gradient hill	
TH	High gradient hill	>30 %	<600m/2km	THR		ike dolerite koppies
	Lite and disus	>30 %	>600m/2km	TEE	Escarpment	ine dolettie roppies
TE	High gradient escarpment zone	>30 %	-boom/2km	TET	Tallus slope	
T1 /		>20.0/	\/arial-!-	TVC		
TV	High gradient valleys	>30 %	Variable		Canyon slope	man and ravines
				TWC	Steep water cour	Ses and ravines
	with composite landforms	- 0 0/	Ve-i-lie	Louber		
CV	Valley	>8 %	Variable	Other:		
CL	Narrow plateau	>8 %	Variable	-		
CD	Major depression	>8 %	Variable			

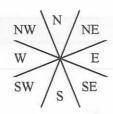
Slope:

Flat	Gently undulating	Undulating	Rolling	Moderately steep	Steep	Very steep
0 - 1°	1 - 3°	3 - 6°	6 - 9°	9 - 17°	17 - 30°	> 30°
(0-2%)	(2-5%)	(5-10%)	(10-15%)	(15-30%)	(30-60%)	(>60 %)

Stoniness: Cover & Size:

None	Gravel 0.2-2 cm	Pebbles 2-6 cm	Medium 6-20 cm	Large 20-60 cm	Rock >60 cm
0-2 %					
2-5 %					
5-15 %					
15-40 %					1 1981
40-80 %					
>80 %			Table 1		

Aspect:



Lithology:

Lithology:					
Acidic igneous rock	IA1	Granite	Clastic sediments	SC1	Conglomerate, Breccia
	IA2	Grano-diorite		SC2	Sandstone, greywacke, arkose
Vegetarion save	IA3	Quartz-doprite	.56	SC3	Siltstone, mudstone, claystone
	IA4	Rhyolite		SC4	Shale
Intermediate igneous rock	II1	Andesite, trachyte, phonolite	Organic sediments	SO1	Limestone and other carbonate rocks
Average coupil	II2	Diorite-syenite		SO2	Marl and other mixtures
Basic igneous rock	IB1	Gabbro		SO3	Coals, bitumen and
		a second			related rocks
Victorian in the later of the	IB2	Basalt	Evaporites	SE1	Anhydrite, gypsum
	IB3	Dolerite		SE2	Halite
Ultrabasic igneous rock	IU1	Peridotite	Unconsolidated material	UF	Fluvial
	IU2	Pyroxenite		UL	Lacustrine
257 F (0) PRIVE 2 -0-10	IU3	Ilmenite, magnetite,		UM	Marine
		ironstone, serpentine		UC	Colluvial
Acidic metamorphic rock	MA1	Quartzite		UE	Eolian
	MA2	Gneiss, magmatite		UG	Glacial
Basic metamorphic rock	MB1	Slate, phylite (peltic rocks)	Abundance by pro	UP	Pyroclastic Organic
l No	MB2	Schist	174 175 17	UCa	Calcrete
	MB3	Gneiss rich in ferro- magnesian minerals	Other:	1 85	(BL Se) 8 8
	MB4	Metamorphic limestone			

Erosion:

none	Wind erosion	Wind deposition	Shifting sand	Sheet erosion	Rill erosion	Gully erosion	Deposition by water
slight							
moderate							
severe	I						
extreme							

Surface Crusting:

None	Weak (soft or slightly hard, <0.5 cm thick)	Moderate (soft or slightly hard, >0.5 cm thick, or hard <0.5 cm)	Strong (hard crust >0.5 cm)	Clay bubbles (Schaumböden) present
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Soil Texture

Sand	Sandy Loam	Sandy Clay	Silty Clay Loam	Loam	الباطيي
Loamy Sand	Sandy Clay Loam	Silt Loam	Silty Clay	Clay Loam	Clay

Disturbances:

	clearing	clearing
ish croachment	Severe overgrazing	Deforestation
		sh Severe

Stratigraphy (Geology):	
AEZ:	

Growing Period Zone:

Soil Type:

Notes:

Photos:

Vegetation Data

Observer:	Number:	Computer No:
Landscape:	Date:	Altitude:
Locality:	Region:	GPS reading:
	District:	° ' "E
	Owner:	Accuracy of GPS: (Schwarzeneck)
	of exercision of vehiclinon man	Estimate from General estimate 1:50 000 map

Vegetation structure:

Average height Total cover	
Total cover	
Vegetation structure:	

Species composition:

Coll. No	Species	Abundance by growth form									
		T1		T2	Т3	S1		S2		HI	
		Th	Tt	Ts TI	TI	Sh	St	Ss	SI	G	Н
Ve	ecution. Type As equalitation of associations	1-4									
	and a section of the second and the										
	Committee of the commit						T CO]]
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A	position 7. Acresa mellifora - Arkatela comp		DH I	mis	E-E			-		_	+
	Total cover:										

APPENDIX 4: SATELLITE MAPS

MAP 1: false colour composite satellite image of the southern part of the study area

MAP 2: false colour composite satellite image of the northern part of the study area

MAP 3: supervised classification of vegetation associations of the southern part of the study area, part 1

MAP 4: supervised classification of vegetation associations of the southern part of the study area, part 2

MAP 5: first approximation of major vegetation types of the southern part of the study area

MAP 6: first approximation of major vegetation types of the northern part of the study area

Notes to the legend on Maps 5 and 6:

Vegetation Type A: combination of associations 1-4:

Association 1: Catophractes alexandri - Willkommia sarmentosa tall sparse shrubland

Association 2: Boscia albitrunca - Eragrostis cylindriflora low open woodland

Association 3: Acacia mellifera - Leucosphaera bainesii low closed shrubland with patches of low open woodland

Association 4: Acacia mellifera - Eragrostis rotifer low moderately closed bushland

Vegetation Type B:

Association 5: Acacia mellifera - Monechma genistifolium low semi-open bushland

Vegetation Type C: combination of associations 6 and 7:

Association 6: Albizia anthelmintica - Stipagrostis uniplumis low open woodland

Association 7: Acacia mellifera - Aristida congesta low semi-open bushland

Vegetation Type D:

Association 8: Acacia erioloba - Stipagrostis uniplumis low semi-open bushland

Vegetation Type E:

Association 9: Lonchocarpus nelsii - Eragrostis rigidior low moderately closed bushland

Vegetation Type F:

Association 10: Boscia foetida - Leucosphaera bainesii low semi-open bushland

Vegetation Type G: combination of associations 11 and 12

Association 11: Acacia mellifera - Stipagrostis hirtigluma low moderately closed bushland

Association 12: Acacia mellifera - Cenchrus ciliaris low moderately closed bushland

Vegetation Type H:

Association 13: Dichrostachys cinerea - Cenchrus ciliaris low moderately closed bushland

Vegetation Type I:

Association 14: Terminalia prunioides - Croton gratissimus low closed bushland