REFERENCE LIST


Banay, R.S. (1952). Study in Murder. Anals, 284, 26-34.


APPENDIX A

A BRIEF HISTORICAL OVERVIEW OF SERIAL MURDER IN SOUTH AFRICA

In South Africa approximately 33 people have been identified over a 68 year period as alleged persons who have committed serial murder:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Victims</th>
<th>Area</th>
<th>Modus Operandi</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1930</td>
<td>Unidentified</td>
<td>This person allegedly murdered at least three prostitutes in the 1930s and the murders stopped in 1937. This was the first recognised case of serial murder in South Africa (Kozel Multimedia, 1995; Krost, 04-05-1996).</td>
<td>Milnerton, Cape Town (Pistorius, 1998).</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1956</td>
<td>Elifasi Msomi (known as &quot;The Axe Murderer&quot;)</td>
<td>He murdered 15 people and was executed in January 1956.</td>
<td>He operated in the Umkomaas area in KwaZulu-Natal.</td>
<td>The victims were hacked to death (Krost, 04-05-1996).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1956</td>
<td>Unidentified</td>
<td>This person murdered and mutilated six boys in 1956.</td>
<td>Atteridgeville, Pretoria (Krost, 04-05-1996).</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1960</td>
<td>Elias Xitavhudzi (known as &quot;Pangaman&quot;)</td>
<td>He was convicted and executed for the murder of 16 women during the 1960s.</td>
<td>Pretoria area (Krost, 04-05-1996).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date</td>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Victims</td>
<td>Area</td>
<td>Modus Operandi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------</td>
<td>------</td>
<td>---------</td>
<td>------</td>
<td>---------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1970</td>
<td>Unidentified (known only as the &quot;Ironman&quot;)</td>
<td>This person murdered seven people in the 1970s.</td>
<td>Atteridgeville area (outside Pretoria).</td>
<td>Victims were clubbed to death while on their way home from the shebeens late at night (Krost, 04-05-1996).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1970</td>
<td>John &quot;Axeman&quot; Kgabi</td>
<td>He was accused of murdering 16 young girls during the 1970's.</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>He hacked the victims to death. He was a former policeman who worked in the mortuary and was sentenced to death after being convicted of 13 murders (Krost, 04-05-1996).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1983</td>
<td>Cornelius Burger</td>
<td>He allegedly murdered four white and brown prostitutes. He was arrested and committed to a psychiatric institution where he eventually died.</td>
<td>Johannesburg.</td>
<td>He strangled the victims (Pistorius, 1998).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1980</td>
<td>Unidentified (known only as the &quot;Bergie Killer&quot;)</td>
<td>This person killed 13 vagrants during the 1980s.</td>
<td>Cape Town's city centre.</td>
<td>This person killed all his victims on a Thursday evening by shooting the sleeping victim in the head at point-blank range with a .22</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
9. **Date:** 1982  
**Name:** Joseph Mahlangu (known as the "Lovers' lane killer")  
**Victims:** The victims were courting couples in parked cars in secluded places in Soweto. He was sentenced to death on 10 of the 27 counts of murder and was executed in 1982.  
**Area:** Soweto (outside Johannesburg).  
**Modus Operandi:** The victims were blinded with a torch and were then shot (Krost, 04-05-1996).

10. **Date:** 1983  
**Name:** Phillip Khehla Magoso  
**Victims:** He allegedly murdered five black women.  
**Area:** Pietermaritzburg, KwaZulu-Natal.  
**Modus Operandi:** The victims were murdered and then raped.

11. **Date:** 1986 - 1994  
**Name:** The "Station Strangler"  
**Victims:** The "Station Strangler" sodomized and murdered a young man and 21 other boys between the ages of eight and fourteen and left their bodies in the bushes. Norman Afzal Simon was convicted for the last murder associated with the "Station Strangler" and was subsequently sentenced to 25 years in prison. Therefore, according to the operational definition Mr. Simon may not be referred to as a person who has committed serial murder.  
**Area:** Cape Flats (Krost, 04-05-1996).  
**Modus Operandi:** These murders started in 1987, then stopped and started again in 1994. He would meet schoolboys at the train station and lure then away to desolate areas under the pretence of helping him to carry something.
12. Date: 1988
Name: David Motshekgwa
Victims: He was convicted of murdering 14 women.
Area: Klerksdorp area.
Modus Operandi: He allegedly asked the women for sex after which he refused to pay them. He then killed them by strangling or clubbing them to death (Krost, 04-05-1996).

13. Date: 1989
Name: Johannes Mashiane (known as the "Beast of Atteridgeville")
Victims: He allegedly sodomized and murdered 12 boys.
Area: Atteridgeville (Outside Pretoria).
Modus Operandi: The victims were either strangled or stoned to death. He died when he jumped under a bus during a police chase in October 1989 (Krost, 04-05-1996).

Name: Jacobus Petrus Geldenhuys (known as the "Norwood serial murderer/rapist")
Victims: He was convicted on five counts of murder, three of rapes and one of attempted rape. He was sentenced to death five times, but was not executed due to the Constitutional Court's abolition of the death sentence.
Area: Norwood, Johannesburg.
Modus Operandi: He was a policeman living in the Norwood police single quarters. He would enter a house or flat where he would rape the women at gunpoint, after which he shot them with his duty firearm (Krost, 04-05-1996).

15. Date: 1990
Name: Raymond Govensammy (also known as the "Chatsworth serial
16. Date: 1990 - 1996
Name: Stewart Wilkin
Victims: He allegedly murdered nine people (four prostitutes, four boys and his own daughter).
Area: Unknown.
Modus Operandi: Victims were sodomized and strangled with their own clothing, and cannibalism also took place (Pistorius, 1998).

17. Date: 1991-1993
Name: Moses Mokgety
Victims: He allegedly killed six children between August 1991 and May 1993. He was sentenced to life imprisonment six times, twelve years for rape and six years for attempted murder.
Area: Mohlakeng township, near Randfontein.
Modus Operandi: He tortured the children and allegedly sold their body parts for "muti" (traditional medicine) (Krost, 04-05-1996).

18. Date: 1992
Name: Unidentified (known as the "Cape Town killer" or "Prostitute serial killer")
Victims: This person murdered more than 19 prostitutes. He has been active since 1992 and claimed his nineteenth victim in the week of 18 May 1996 (Krost, 18-05-1996, Star, 1997-07-29).
Area: Western Cape.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Modus Operandi:</th>
<th>The victims were strangled and their bodies were dumped in undeveloped areas of the Western Cape (Krost, 04-05-1996).</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>19. Date:</td>
<td>1992</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name:</td>
<td>Antonie Wessels</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Victims:</td>
<td>He allegedly murdered four people.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Area:</td>
<td>En route from the Western Cape to Gauteng.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Modus Operandi:</td>
<td>He and his lover allegedly robbed and murdered four people while travelling to Gauteng (Pistorius, 1998).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20. Date:</td>
<td>1994</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name:</td>
<td>Mhlengwa Zikode (also known as &quot;Donnybrook Serial Killer&quot;)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Victims:</td>
<td>He murdered 18 people, attempted to murder another 11 people, raped 10 women and attempted to rape another eight women. He was convicted and sentenced to 140 years' imprisonment (Pistorius, 1998).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Area:</td>
<td>Donnybrook, KwaZulu-Natal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Modus Operandi:</td>
<td>These crimes were committed within a seven kilometre radius between 1994 and 1995. Mhlengwa Zikode was arrested for these crimes on 29 September 1995 (Krost, 04-05-1996).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21. Date:</td>
<td>1994</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name:</td>
<td>Moses Sithole and David Selepe (also known as the &quot;ABC - Atteridgeville, Boksburg and Cleveland - or &quot;Gauteng serial killers&quot;)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Area:</td>
<td>Atteridgeville, Boksburg and Cleveland</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Victims:</td>
<td>41 Women were raped and strangled between July 1994 and August 1995. It is believed that two people were responsible for these murders. A suspect, David Selepe was arrested and shot when he tried to escape from one of the crime scenes. Moses Sithole was convicted in 1997 on 38 counts of murder, 40 of rape and six of robbery (Krost, 04-05-1996; The Citizen, 21-05-1996). He was sentenced to 2410 years' imprisonment (Pistorius, 1998).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Modus Operandi:</td>
<td>Unknown.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
22. Date: 1994  
Name: Unidentified (known as the "River Strangler")  
Victims: He has attacked five women, killing only two of them. The others escaped.  
Area: Pinetown area  
Modus Operandi: He murders petite young white women. (Krost, 04-05-1996).

23. Date: 1995  
Name: Unidentified (known as the Nasrec Serial Killer)  
Victims: This person allegedly murdered 13 black women (Pistorius, 1998). The bodies were found near the Western bypass (Star, 14-05-1996; Star, 13-05-1996).  
Area: Ormonde and Nasrec-showgrounds  
Modus Operandi: He raped and then strangled his victims.

24. Date: 1996  
Name: John Frank Brown and Samuel Jacques Coetzee (also known as the "Cross-Dressing serial killers")  
Victims: They allegedly killed four men and one teenager. They were arrested on 13 April 1996 (Krost, 04-05-1996). During the course of the trial Samuel Jacques Coetzee committed suicide by taking an overdose of pills. Subsequently John Frank Brown was only convicted on one count of murder. Thus, as in the case of Mr. Simon, Mr. Brown does not fit the operational definition of this study.  
Area: Bedfordview, Johannesburg  
Modus Operandi: Mr. Coetzee masqueraded as a female prostitute and so enticed his victims. The victims were severely beaten and then stabbed, strangled or shot dead. Both were sent for 30 days' psychological observation and appeared in court on 14 June 1996 (Krost, 18-05-1996).
25. Date: 1996  
Name: Nolan Edwards  
Victims: He murdered three black female prostitutes. He was convicted on all three charges and received three concurrent sentences of thirty years each.  
Area: Witbank.  
Modus Operandi: Non-specific.

26. Date: 1996  
Name: Bonani Mfeka (also known as "Kranskop serial murderer")  
Victims: He allegedly murdered five black women and is currently awaiting trial.  
Area: Kranskop, Johannesburg.  
Modus Operandi: The victims were strangled and raped (Pistorius, 1998).

27. Date: 1997  
Name: Agmatir Twala (also known as the "Phoenix serial murderer")  
Victims: He allegedly murdered 22 people. He is currently awaiting trial.  
Area: Phoenix, Durban.  
Modus Operandi: The victims were raped and strangled (Pistorius, 1998).

28. Date: 1997  
Name: Jan Adriaan van der Westhuizen  
Victims: He allegedly murdered three people.  
Area: Unknown.  
Modus Operandi: The victims were attacked with a sharp object and then set alight (Pistorius, 1998).

29. Date: 1997  
Name: Sederick Maake (also known as "Wemmerpan-" and "hammer serial murderer")  
Victims: He allegedly murdered 40 people. He is currently awaiting trial.
Area: Wemmerpan, Gauteng.
Modus Operandi: He allegedly attacked courting couples in their car, assaulted the men and raped and strangled the women. He allegedly also attacked Indian male shop owners and killed them with a hammer (Pistorius, 1998).

30. Date: 1997
   Name: Nicolas Ncama
   Victims: He allegedly murdered three people. He is currently awaiting trial.
   Area: East London, Bisho and Port Elizabeth, Eastern Cape.

31. Date: 1997
   Name: Unknown
   Victims: He allegedly murdered five black women.
   Area: Maake, Lenyenye - Northern Province.
   Modus Operandi: The victim were raped and their necks were broken (Pistorius, 1998).
APPENDIX B

LEGAL UNDERTAKING

I, THE UNDERSIGNED (state full initials and surname)

__________________________________________

a major person, DECLARE myself willing to participate voluntarily and without remuneration in the proposed research programme on the phenomenon of murder, which is to be undertaken by Messrs J J du Plessis and G N Labuschagne.

This undertaking is subject to the conditions that ** all / certain / no information will be treated as confidential and that my identity will ** be protected at all times / not be protected at all times.

In addition I undertake that ** all / certain interviews, conversations or tests ** may be recorded / may not be recorded audiovisually. These recordings may not be used for purposes other than research.

CONSEQUENTLY I undertake not to institute any actions, lawsuits or claims, against the above persons or recover any damages, costs and expenses of any nature from them if they meet the conditions set out above.

Signed at _________ on this the ______ day of ___________ 199

As witnesses:

1. __________________________

2. __________________________
   (Signature of participant)

** (Delete that which is not applicable)
APPENDIX C

VERBATIM TRANSCRIPTIONS OF THE FIRST FIVE MINUTES
OF EACH PERSON'S FIRST INTERVIEW

1. Mr. N:
1 R 1: "Ons begin vandag met ons eerste onderhoud, en ons
2 wil hê jy moet praat waaroor jy ookal wil."
3 Mr. N: "Ek is nou nie 'n persoon wat sommer self so kan
4 begin nie...Wel, waar wil julle hê moet ek begin?"
5 R 1: "Enige plek."
6 Mr. N: "Toe ek 'n kind was, toe ek groot is?"
7 R 1: "Ja, net soos jy wil, enige plek."
8 Mr. N: "Wel, as kind het ek seker 'n nie te slegte
9 lewe gehad nie, dis net...'n paar goeters wat gebeur het,
10 het nie die lewe so lekker gemaak nie. Ek's nou 'n man en
11 ek hou nie daarvan as mans, met gay stories deurmekaar
12 is. Ek kan dit nie hanteer nie. Dieselfde met hoere ōk.
13 Ek's nie 'n ou wat hoere kan hanteer nie, 'n vroumens wat
14 begin uitspatterig raak is vir my absoluut soos 'n doring
15 in die vlees. Ek haat dit. Ek kan dit nie hanteer nie."

"Dit lyk vir my dis iets in my wat dit nie wil hanteer
16 nie, want vir my is 'n vrou mooi. As hulle party keer
17 wild aantrek ōk, dis, dit lyk mooi ōk, party maal. In
18 myself - ek weet nie hoe om vir julle te sê nie - dit
19 voel soos 'n muur wat 'n mens teen loop: jy hou nie
20 daarvan nie, dit wil nie by jou liggaam werk nie. En dit
21 maak dinge nogal moeilik. Ander kere, dan as jy jouself
22 kry is jy besig om iets te doen wat jy nie moet doen nie.
23 Miskien baklei jy, of jy maak iemand dood vir geen rede
24 nie."
"Met die eerste keer wat ek iemand dood gemaak het, het ek dit glad nie beplan nie. Dit het net gekom, gebeur. Dis vir my nogal 'n skok gewees om te sien hoekom, wat gebeur. Ek het nie geglo dat so iets ooit met my sal gebeur nie. En die vrou het aan my deur geklop en ek het oop gemaak - okay, sy was goed geklee en elke ding - maar net haar maniere, want sy was 'n hoer. En iemand het haar seker na my toe gestuur, ek weet nie wat het sy eintlik daar in die eerste plek gesoek nie."

"En toe ek my weer kon kry toe's ek bo-op haar. Ek slat vir haar. Wel, toe't ek haar doodgemaak daarsõ, maar dis nie iets wat ek wou gehad het nie. Ek, ek het begin, maar dis iets wat ek nie kon keer vir myself nie. Dit gaan net aan, jou liggaam gaan net aan, al sê jou brein vir jou wat! Ek meen jy, jy sien alles, maar jy't nie beheer oor jouself nie. Ek meen, ek't vir myself gesê: Stop dit, stop dit! Daar's niks wat wil stop nie."

"En toe sy nou eers dood stil lê en alles is verby, toe ek nou weer tot ruste kom, toe sien ek, nee, iets is fout. Toe't ek al gegaan na 'n spesialis toe, hy't vir my gesê dis van tros hoofpyne of wat ookal. Maar ek't nie vir hom gesê wat ek gemaak het nie. Ek het geweet daar's 'n fout, dit was nie vir my reg nie."

"Toe dit 'n tweede keer gebeur het, toe word ek gevang. Dit is maar die klein deeltjie wat ek gedoen het. As daariewers iets is wat julle wil vrae...?"

"Ek dink wat vir ons belangrik is, is om jou te leer ken. Dis hoekom ons sê ons het nie vaste vrae wat ons jou wil vrae nie, want dan kry ons die informasie wat ons
2.

**Mr. M:**

1. R 1: "You can start where ever you like..."

2. **Mr. M:** "Eh...?"

3. R 1: "...we don't want to ask specific questions today, we want you to start anywhere."

4. **Mr. M:** "Yes,...eh, about my life outside?"

5. R 2: "Yah."

6. R 1: "Anything."

7. **Mr. M:** "Yah, when I was outside, eh, I was a man who sells spices sometimes, or repairing radios and TV's, you see? Yah. I use to live with my step mother, yah. Then in 1990, my step mother, my step mother chased me away. Then I go to Carletonville to stay with my father's sister, and I stay there with them, yah. There in Carletonville I didn't repair anymore radio and TV's, because there's no..."
electricity. Then I started to sell spices and
grocery...until I was arrested in 1993. Then I came...to
prison." (Silence for 6 seconds)

"Yah, ...outside I was a, I was a man who...who's
enjoying a, a, a live with other people, you see? I'm not
a criminal or doing something funny to other people, you
see? No. Even at home they know me, I'm very well, yah."

"On '93, I was arrested, you see I was framed for, for,
for murder, in Krugerdorp. You see, they told, they told
a, a, a complainant to say, no, it's me. But the
complainant, in his statement, he just stated: 'no, that
man is short and his, he has a big face with pimples'. You
see? Yah. But, so in court the complainant said, he say: 'no
the man who, who sits there in the bench', because she saw
me before, before the court start, you see, because there
were two people inside the court, you see? Everybody was
inside, yah. Somebody raise hand for for me, you see, but
I didn't know, I didn't know she is the complainant, you
see? I started to see that girl on the TV, you see, but I
told the court, this girl, no, somebody raise their hand
for me, then the girl look at me, you see? Yah!"

"Okay, the, the court understood that, and the girl
also, the complainant, eh, agree, agree that he saw me
before, you see? And she, and she described me with, a,
a, because I use to cut, when I'm in prison I use to cut
my hair, you see? So that now I had no hair, you see?
Yah. The court didn't ask me outside, how was the, how
was the, maybe accused, see? Yah. She never
explained, you see? Yah. But the court sentenced me, they
sentenced, de, de, de,... eh, eh, eh,... the lawyer said
I'll make appeal, he know how I was sentenced, you see?"
"Everyday I'm trying to, I'm trying to write for the legal aid to help me. Nobody help me. Nobody wants to come to me and help me, you see, until I lose hope. I say no, see maybe the amnesty will release us, or maybe God will. He knows something about us, you see. God know. He knows what he is doing with us, and why we are here. You see? That's only my hope."

3. Mr. D:

"Okay...'n, hoor hierso jille mense, ek kan jille iets sê, sô...'n, dis iets wat hille maak hille beur bytoekant, jy sien?, elleke ding wat ons kan maak...ons moet maak met die mense wat 'n mekaar liwerste verstaan, jy sien? Ons kan nie so lewe nie, elleke-een-elleke-een. Mense daar waar ons gan, of waar jy gan loop, of loop nie, jy loop saam met die mense, mar ek sien jy maak een doodgan, jy maak een dood of anner een maak anne...anner een dood. Daai ding is nie goed nie. Ons moet aan mekaar liwerste almal lewe by 'n-'n-'n al die, al die plek van Sôt-Afrika, jy sien?."

"En ons kan nie elleke een 'n, as jy sien 'n ander man hy maak daai ding doen. Nee ons kan nie. Loop alleen of loop met die man wat hy kan nie daai ding doen nie of liwerste, los als goed, gan by die kerk, gan saam ander mense van die kerk, gan kerk toe, gan "straight" by die kerk, jy sal nie al's doen. En 'n so an."

"Ek kan sô sê, dis een ding wat ek kan jille sê, jy sien? Die ding wat ek hom gesien die tyd wat ek bytoekant, "eighty six" ek was, ek was bytoekant gewees, "yes". En nou, dis die ding wat ek het sien al die mense van bytoekant. Ek sien die man, hille maak snaakse goeters. Klein kintietjies, groot man, hy
loop saam met die mense, hy loop saam, die klein kintietjie hy
gan hom "rape", hy maak hom dood en hy vat daai lyk van hom en
gooi hom weg, die polisieman hulle vang hom en hy gaan tronk
toe. En sy "family" hulle lewe nie mooi nie, hulle gan swar
lewe, jy sien? En so an."

"Ek kan sõ sê, al die mense van hier, van by die tronk ons
gaan uitkom by die tronk ons, ek sê nie ons gaan almal uitgaan
by die tronk. Ek kan jille sõ sê, tot jille twee mense wat
jille het by my gekom, ons kan sõ sê, julle moenie dink van
bytoekant "or" miskien die lewe is 'n bietjie 'n-'n-'n-'n, reg
nie. Die lewe is bietjie swar bytoekant, jy sien? Daar waar jy
loop jy moet net dink "or" miskien, maar die lewe, as jy loop
bytoekant 'n, jy loop saam met die Here. As jy kan werk, as jy
bid nie, as jy bid nie jy loop saam met die - die duiwel, as
jy kan nie bid nie, as jy bid jy loop saam met die Here, as jy
bid nie jy loop saam met die duiwel die duiwel gan jou kry en
jy gan ander ding maak. Los en maak, maak die ding wat 'n die
Here gan jou gelp en moet saam met jou loop daar waar jy gan,
jy sien?"

"Dit ōk, hiersõ waar ek help, ek het was by die skool gegaan,
ek was nie baie geleer nie, ek het nie so baie geleer nie, ek
het "standard five", jy sien en so an. My "family" hille is
bytoekant en my ma ōk hille is bytoekant en my "family" hille
ken nie die tronk nie, dis net ek ek is by die tronk gewees,
mar ek sal uitkom by die tronk, ek "worry" nie. Ek "worry" net
by die plek, want ek het kinders en als van bytoekant, maar sõ
an."

"Ek kan sõ sê, ek laaik daai ding van bytoekant, mar die tronk
ek laaik hom nie. En dis baie mense wat hille, ek het hille
gesien, en dis baie mense wat ek hille het gesê: nee man, jy
sien "president" Mandela was by die tronk gewees van Robin
"island" en hy's uit, hy's nog hierso by Sôt-Afrika, en
hy...hy is nog, nog, hy's nog "president", hy's nog
"president" nou. Dis nie meer 'n gevangene nie, dis
"president" van Sôt-Afrika, al die mense van Sôt-Afrika. En
tot 'n, 'n-'n-'n-'n "president" De Klerk hy was die "president" van Sôt-Afrika. Nou 'n
"president" De Klerk hy het gelos en nou dis nou Mandela en jy
sien nou Mandela. Hy's nie, hy kan nie sê hy't ons sommer
gelos by die tronk nie. Nee, dai man het baie probleme en hy's
groot. Hy kom van die tronk af en hy sal vir ons uit kom, as,
uit by die tronk, ons sal almal uitkom by die tronk, ons sal
almal uitkom hierso by die tronk. Ons gan bytoekant."

"Nou iets wat ek gaan nou sê, ek praat van nou van die mense
wat hille, hille was hierso my van "last year" - nee, voor ek
gaan Krismis. Hille was hierso en hille het gekom. Ek vra
hille, ek vra vir hille by "bail" as hille moet, as hille gan
hierso uit, as hille uit, as hille gaan loop by die hys, hulle
moet mense sê van bytoekant, ek sê sô: elleke een wat, elleke
een wat 'n elleke een wat 'n elleke een wat 'n, hy maak, dink
is nie goed nie, hy maak nie "straight" nie, hy moet een man
roep, hy moet kan wys hom wat hy moet dai ding doen. Hy moet
nie sommer maak nie, hy kan, miskien kan hy verkeerd maak,
miskien, hy gan, miskien dai ding gan hom seer maak, miskien
hy gan seer kry, miskien hy, miskien dai ding gan hom dood
maak. Ons wil nie ons wil nie een man hy moet dood wees, ons
is, ons is kinders van die Here, almal van ons hierso, bydie-
bydie-bydie-bydie, Sôt-Afrika."

4. **Mr. C:**

1 **R 1:** "Hoe gaan dit vandag?"
Mr. C: "Nee, goed dankie."

R 1: "Ek dink die doel van vandag is dat jy met ons gesels, ons wil nie spesifieke vrae vrae nie."

R 2: "Dis 'n bietjie moeilik."

Mr. C: "Nou wat wil julle eintlik hoor, wat ek...oor die, oor die, oor die dade wat ek gepleeg het?"

R 1: "Enige iets, waar wil jy begin?"

Mr. C: "Ja, ek sal maar,...ek sal maar, dis...dis, al wat

ek sover kan weet is, is die, is die voorvalle wat plaas gevind het... Okay, die eerste een is in '89,...het dit plaas gevind... Okay, 'n, nou... okay...wel ek het 'n...'n...

'n...dis nou die voorval, het plaas gevind,...langs, 'n, my ouerhuis. ...'n... Ek het oor die, 'n, muur geklim wat nou, 'n, op die, op die motorhuis, 'n, se dak, 'n, gaan en toe't ek, 'n, daar afgespring en toe kom, 'n, die bediende uit die kamer uit en, 'n, toe weet ek nie wat om te sê nie, jy weet?, 'n, en toe't ek, 'n, haar maar weer terug gedryf in, in...in die bediende kamer in en haar, 'n, verwurg."

"Okay, 'n, en sy't, sy't toe uitgepaas, want in die hof het dit uit gekom dat, 'n, die verwurging het nie die dood veroorsaak nie. Ek het die plek aan die brand gesteek, die tafel, en toe't die brand versprei en so, en toe haar nagrok haar "gown" - en sy't van die, 'n, bed afgeval, want dit was nou aan die brand, en op haar gesig geval en so gesmoor en dis toe sy nou dood is. 'n...Wil julle hê ek moet nou uitbrei daaroor, of wat?"

R 2: "Dis nes jy wil."

R 1: "Vertel ons wat jy wil."

Mr. C: "Okay, die 'n, die moord het my, 'n, baie uitgetap,

...'n, omdat dit jou eertse moord is...is jy maar...jy voel baie ongemaklik... en 'n, jy weet as, as jy nou van 'n, ê, ê,
ë, hmmm, jy verwag nie mense daarsō nie en dan ewe skielik,
hier's 'n persoon voor jou... en... en, en jy weet nie eintlik
wat om nou te sê nie. Wat maak jy nou hiersō, jy weet? Dis hoe
ek gevoel het... En toe...okay ...ek het net gedoen, ek het
nie gedink nie... Wel ek is maar toe daar weg, ek is toe moeg
gewees... Ek het toe nie weer, die volgende moord, die
volgende moord het ek eers begin in 1991."

R 1: "Amper twee jaar tussen in?"

Mr. C: "Ja, ..."
APPENDIX D
ADDITIONAL READING LIST


Citizen. (1996, 16 July). **Taxi driver may be serial killer.**

Citizen. (1996, 26 July). **Killer of 12 women 'will be found'.**

Citizen. (1996, 15 August). **Serial killings suspect not yet charged.**

Citizen. (1996, 14 September). **New link examined in serial killings.**

Citizen. (1996, 14 September). **Profile released of hunted killer.**

Citizen. (1996, 19 September). **Police hold serial killer suspect.**

Citizen. (1996, 2 October). **Serial killer suspect appears on rape charge.**

Citizen. (1996, 8 October). **Alleged serial killer's case postponed.**

Citizen. (1996-22 October). **Serial killer accused pleads not guilty.**

Citizen. (1996, 30 October). **Sithole previously jailed for rape.**

Citizen. (1996, 31 October). **'Sithole attended victim's funeral'.**

Citizen. (1996, 1 November). **Woman 'upset at missing Sithole date'.**

Citizen. (1996, 7 November). **State links Sithole with two victims.**

Citizen. (1996, 8 November). **Sithole trial told of phone calls.**

Citizen. (1996, 12 November). **Serial killer suspect is among 5 escapees.**

Citizen. (1996, 14 November). **Court is told of Sithole-woman link.**
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Citizen. (1996, 26 November). Expert says Sithole was mystery caller.


Citizen. (1997, 12 February). Sithole confession a 'trick'.

Citizen. (1997, 6 February). Sithole trial witness 'fears for his life'.

Citizen. (1997, 6 February). R1m extortion suspect too ill for court.


Citizen. (1997, 21 February). Sithole trial is told of DNA.


Citizen. (1997, 22 April). Sithole was warned of legal rights.


Citizen. (1997, 8 August). Baby of slain mom may also have been killed.


Pieters, M. (1996, 4 May). Een mens het dalk die reeks moorde gepleeg (One person may have committed this series of murders). Beeld.


Pretoria News. (1996, 7 November). 'Victims were on way to job interviews'.


Pretoria News. (1996, 26 November). Caller to paper 'was Sithole'.


Pretoria News. (1997, 14 May). Sithole's 'confession' can't be used in court.


Sapa. (1996, 16 April). Dead woman may be serial killer victim. The Citizen.


Sapa. (1996, 4 May). Killer may be preying on elderly recluses. Saturday Star.


Saturday Star. (1997, 29 November). Why did penny take so long to drop?


Sowetan. (1996, 30 September). *Four more linked to alleged killer.*


Sowetan. (1996, 8 October). *Calls for Sithole to be executed.*


Sowetan. (1997, 1 December). *Serial killer may be at work in JHB.*


Swart, P. (1997, 10 August). *Polisievrou was 'ANC-spioen'.* Rapport.


The Star. (1996, 1 November). *Sithole killed mother, then 2-year-old son, court told.*

The Star. (1996, 14 November). *'Accused killer wanted to turn himself in'.*

The Star. (1996, 26 November). Man who called The Star and claimed he was serial killer was definitely Sithole, says expert.

The Star. (1997, 14 February). Confession was by Sithole, says expert.


Thom, A. (1996, 7 April). Fears of new Gauteng serial killer after five bodies found in Ormonde area since last May. The Star.


Thom, A. (1996, 13 May). Samples may link killer to more deaths. The Star.


APPENDIX E

AUDIO-VISUAL RECORDINGS OF RESEARCH INTERVIEWS

Confidentiality with regards to the video-recorded interviews and that of the identities of the individuals was maintained throughout the research process. To further ensure the integrity of the confidential nature of the interviews the recorded interviews shall remain in the custody of the researchers and remain under lock-and-key, unless being used for further research. It is the intention of the researchers to ensure the continued integrity of the agreement of confidentiality as indicated by the written agreement which the researchers and the respondents undertook.

APPENDIX F

VIDEO RECORDING AGREEMENT

I, ______________________ (full name and surname), hereby declare that all video recordings made during the interviews with interviewee will only be used for research purposes. I furthermore declare that no copies will be made of such recordings, other than for research purpose, and that the original recordings will be handed to the Department of Correctional Services upon completion of the research.

Above mentioned recording can be obtained, upon request, from the Department of Correctional Services, should it be needed for later/further research.

Signed on this (day) _____ of (month) _______ 1997 at (place) ________________

____________________ (Researcher)  __________________ (Witness)