PIERIS MARIANA

12-15 ins. - - 3/6 each; 40/- doz.
15-18 ins. - - 4/6 each; 50/- doz.

RHODODENDRON Mrs. PHILIP MARTINEAU

 $1-1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. - - 7/6 each. $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 ft. - - 10/- each.

SOLANUM JASMINOIDES

 $2\frac{1}{2}$ -3 ft. in pots - 2/6 each.

PIERIS MARIANA

Habitat: Eastern United States of America.

So much attention has been paid during recent years to the introduction of new evergreen species of Pieris from China that this deciduous shrub introduced as long ago as 1736 has been rather overlooked, for rarely is it seen even in good collections of shrubs. The specimen plant at Knap Hill is 5½ feet high by 6½ feet in diameter, and every year in late October and November its deep red leathery leaves constitute one of the most attractive pieces of autumn colour in the Nursery. Its clusters of nodding pinkish-white flowers which appear in June are not unlike those of Zenobia in shape. A soil where Rhododendrons flourish will suit it best, and a sunny position.

RHODODENDRON Mrs. PHILIP MARTINEAU

(First Class Certificate, May 30th, 1936)

This fine hardy hybrid was raised at Knap Hill by the late Anthony Waterer. In habit it is rather upright and free growing. Rose-pink flowers, with yellowish-green blotches, are borne in late May and early June in large well-formed trusses. A desirable variety even in the present-day glut of high-class Rhododendrons.

SOLANUM JASMINOIDES

Habitat: Brazil.

Despite its warm country of origin, this very graceful climber could be used much more freely than it is, for training in an informal way on sunny walls or fences. Quite recently in a garden between Guildford and Godalming a mature plant of this Solanum formed a most beautiful picture, being trained up to about 15-20 feet on the gable end of an old-world red tiled house, and covered with abundance of pure white star shaped flowers. It is less rampant than its more frequently planted relative, *S. crispum*.