Additional File S6: Species that were classified as "undetermined" with regards to their sexual strategy

- 1. **Sclerotinia glacialis:** Could be either heterothallic or mating type switching; intact *MAT1-*1-1 and *MAT1-1-5* genes, a short fragment of the *MAT1-2-1* gene, and no *MAT1-2-10* gene
- 2. *Sclerotium cepivorum:* Could be either primary homothallism or mating type switching; intact *MAT1-2-4*, *MAT1-2-1*, and *MAT1-1-5* genes, *MAT1-1-1* gene is separated across two contigs
- 3. *Chlorencoelia torta:* Could be homothallism or heterothallism; *MAT1-1* and *MAT1-2* genes on two separate contigs
- 4. *Cadophora malorum:* Unclear if sexual reproduction is possible as *MAT1-1-1* is truncated and it's not clear if *MAT1-1-3* and *MAT1-2-1* are intact.
- 5. *Erysiphe pulchra:* Could be homothallism or heterothallism; *MAT1-1* and *MAT1-2* genes on two separate contigs
- 6. *Golovinomyces magnicellulatus:* Unclear if sexual reproduction is possible as *MAT1-1-1* is truncated, *MAT1-2-1* is intact.
- 7. *Phyllactinia moricola:* Could be homothallism or heterothallism; *MAT1-1* and *MAT1-2* genes on two separate contigs
- 8. *Chalara longipes:* Unclear if sexual reproduction is possible as *MAT1-1-1* is truncated, *MAT1-2-1* is intact.
- 9. *Hyaloscypha bicolor:* Unclear if sexual reproduction is possible as *MAT1-1-1* is truncated, *MAT1-2-1* is intact.
- 10. *Hyaloscypha hepaticicola:* Unclear if sexual reproduction is possible as *MAT1-1-1* and *MAT1-2-1* are truncated
- 11. *Hymenoscyphus linearis:* Unclear if sexual reproduction is possible as *MAT1-1-3* and *MAT1-2-1* are truncated, *MAT1-1-1* is intact.
- 12. *Hymenoscyphus herbarum:* Unclear if sexual reproduction is possible as *MAT1-1-3* and *MAT1-2-1* are present, but *MAT1-1-1* is absent
- 13. *Hymenotorrendiella dingleyae:* Could be homothallic or heterothallic; *MAT1-1* genes are flanked by APN and SLA but *MAT1-2-1* is elsewhere in the genome.