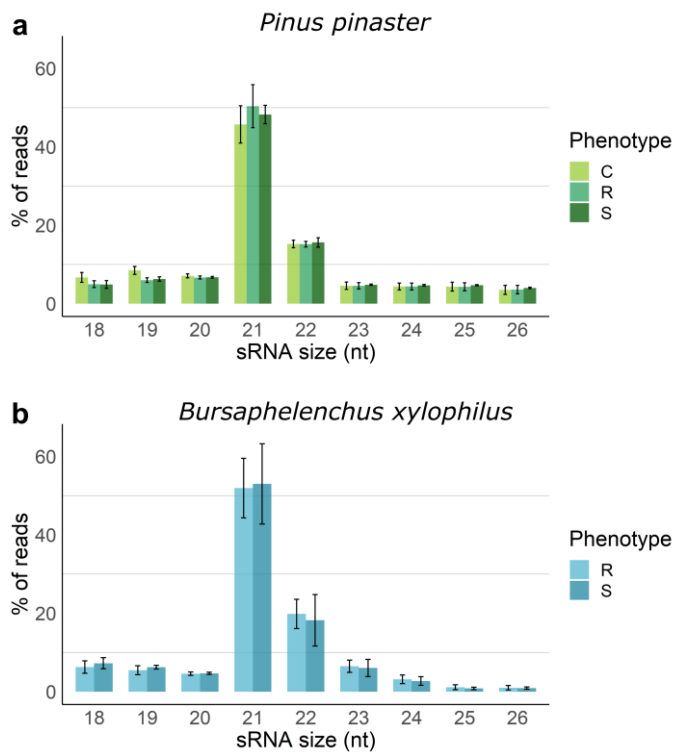
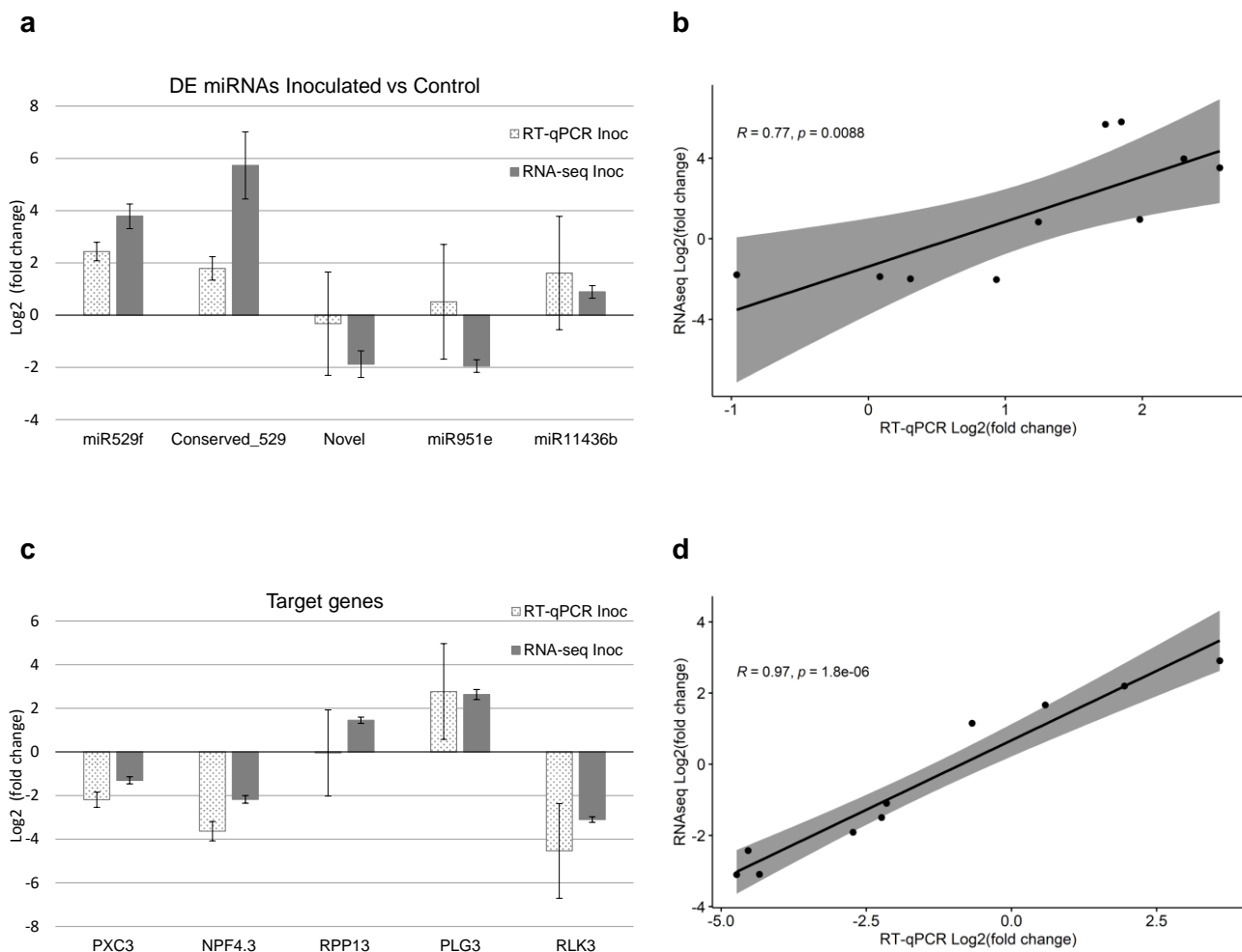


MicroRNA-mediated post-transcriptional regulation of *Pinus pinaster* response and resistance to pinewood nematode

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Supplementary Figure 1. Sizes of *P. pinaster* (a) and PWN (*B. xylophilus*) (b) sRNAs after filtering the reads, in resistant (R), susceptible (S), and control (C) samples. The y-axis represents the percentage of reads in each size (in nucleotides, nt) category. Plots were generated with R 4.1.0 (<https://cran.r-project.org/>) ggplot2 package (<https://ggplot2.tidyverse.org/>). Inkscape 1.1 (<https://inkscape.org/>) was used to assemble the final figure.



Supplementary Figure 2. RT-qPCR analysis of 5 DE miRNAs and 5 predicted target genes. (a)(c) Bars represent differential expression levels, in $\log_2(\text{fold change})$, of inoculated plants in comparison with controls. Results from both the RNA-seq analysis (filled color) and the RT-qPCR analysis (dots) are displayed. Error bars represent the standard error of the biological replicates used for RNA-seq (4–5) and RT-qPCR (3). (b)(d) Pearson's correlation analysis of expression levels [$\log_2(\text{fold change})$] between RNA-Seq and RT-qPCR. Plots were generated with Image generated with Microsoft Office Excel and with R 4.1.0 (<https://cran.r-project.org/>) ggplot2 package (<https://ggplot2.tidyverse.org/>). Inkscape 1.1 (<https://inkscape.org/>) was used to assemble the final figure.