File S1. Raw data and analysis of extracted information from included articles.

- Multi-antibiotic resistant and putative virulence gene signatures in Enterococcus species isolated from pig farms
 environment.
- 2. Bacteriocin-Producing Enterococcus faecium LCW 44: A High Potential Probiotic Candidate from Raw Camel Milk.
- 3. Aerobic bacteria associated with chronic suppurative otitis media in Angola.4.
- 4. Nosocomial urinary tract and surgical site infection rates in the Maternity Ward at the General Referral Hospital in Katuba, Lubumbashi, Democratic Republic of the Congo].
- 5. Phenotypic and genotypic study of biofilm formation in Enterococci isolated from urinary tract infections.
- 6. <u>Biofilm formation and antimicrobial susceptibility of staphylococci and enterococci from osteomyelitis associated with percutaneous orthopaedic implants.</u>
- 7. [Nosocomial urinary tract and surgical site infection rates in the Maternity Ward at the General Referral Hospital in Katuba, Lubumbashi, Democratic Republic of the Congo].
- 8. Biofilm formation in enterococci: genotype-phenotype correlations and inhibition by vancomycin.
- 9. Occurrence of ampicillin-resistant Enterococcus faecium carrying esp gene in pet animals: An upcoming threat for pet lovers.
- 10. A novel combination approach of human polyclonal IVIG and antibiotics against multidrug-resistant Gram-positive bacteria.
- Healthcare-associated vancomycin resistant Enterococcus faecium infections in the Mansoura University Hospitals intensive care units, Egypt.
- 12. <u>Technological and safety properties display biodiversity among enterococci isolated from two Egyptian cheeses, "Ras" and "Domiati".</u>
- 13. Trends in paediatric and adult bloodstream infections at a Ghanaian referral hospital: a retrospective study.
- 14. <u>Bacteremic Community-Acquired Pneumonia in Ethiopian Children: Etiology, Antibiotic Resistance, Risk Factors, and</u> Clinical Outcome.
- 15. Common uropathogens and their antibiotic susceptibility pattern among diabetic patients.
- 16. Prevalence and associated factors of urinary tract infections among diabetic patients in Arba Minch Hospital, Arba Minch province, South Ethiopia.
- 17. Prevalence and antimicrobial susceptibility pattern of Enterococcus species isolated from different clinical samples at Black Lion Specialized Teaching Hospital, Addis Ababa, Ethiopia.
- 18. <u>Prevalence and Antimicrobial Susceptibility of Bacterial Uropathogens Isolated from Pediatric Patients at Yekatit 12 Hospital Medical College, Addis Ababa, Ethiopia.</u>
- 19. <u>Prevalence and phenotypic characterization of Enterococcus species isolated from clinical samples of pediatric patients in Jimma University Specialized Hospital, south west Ethiopia.</u>
- 20. Bacterial isolates and their antimicrobial susceptibility patterns among pediatric patients with urinary tract infections.
- 21. <u>Isolation of enterococci, their antimicrobial susceptibility patterns and associated factors among patients attending at the University of Gondar Teaching Hospital.</u>
- 22. Antibiotic resistant airborne bacteria and their multidrug resistance pattern at University teaching referral Hospital in South Ethiopia.
- 23. Antimicrobial resistance profile of Enterococcus species isolated from intestinal tracts of hospitalized patients in Jimma, Ethiopia.
- 24. Distribution of drug resistance among enterococci and Salmonella from poultry and cattle in Ethiopia.
- 25. <u>Bacteriocin production, antibiotic susceptibility and prevalence of haemolytic and gelatinase activity in faecal lactic acid bacteria isolated from healthy Ethiopian infants.</u>
- 26. Bacterial profile and drug susceptibility pattern of urinary tract infection in pregnant women at Tikur Anbessa Specialized Hospital Addis Ababa, Ethiopia.
- 27. Antimic<u>robial susceptibility profile of uropathogens in Maluti Adventist Hospital patients, 2011.</u>
- 28. Activities of fosfomycin and rifampin on planktonic and adherent Enterococcus faecalis strains in an experimental foreign-body infection model.
- 29. Species Distribution and Antimicrobial Profiles of Enterococcus spp. Isolates from Kenyan Small and Medium Enterprise Slaughterhouses.
- 30. ANTIBIOTIC SUSCEPTIBILITY OF ORGANISMS CAUSING URINARY TRACT INFECTION IN PATIENTS PRESENTING AT KENYATTA NATIONAL HOSPITAL, NAIROBI.
- 31. Epidemiology of Early-onset Bacterial Neonatal Infections in Madagascar.
- 32. Occurrence, molecular and antimicrobial resistance of *Enterococcus* spp. isolated from raw cow's milk trade by street trading in Meknes city, Morocco.
- 33. <u>Diabetic Foot Infection in Morocco: Microbiological Profile.</u>
- 34. [Urinary tract infection in infants (376 cases) in a Moroccan hospital (2009-2010)--etiologic frequency and prevalence of resistance].

- 35. Antimicrobial characterization and safety aspects of the bacteriocinogenic Enterococcus hirae F420 isolated from Moroccan raw goat milk.
- 36. Antibiotic resistance patterns of bacterial strains isolated from Periplaneta americana and Musca domestica in Tangier, Morocco.
- 37. Risk factors in enterococci isolated from foods in Morocco: determination of antimicrobial resistance and incidence of virulence traits.
- 38. [Identification of anaerobic bacteria isolated from various clinical specimens and determination of antibiotic susceptibilities].
- **39.** CARRIAGE OF MULTIDRUG RESISTANT ENTEROCOCCUS FAECIUM AND ENTEROCOCCUS FAECALIS AMONG APPARENTLY HEALTHY HUMANS.
- 40. Etiology of early onset septicemia among neonates at the University College Hospital, Ibadan, Nigeria.
- 41. Post-renal transplant infections: single-center experience from Nigeria.
- 42. Pattern of pathogens from surgical wound infections in a Nigerian hospital and their antimicrobial susceptibility profiles.
- 43. Antibiotic sensitivity pattern of uropathogens from pregnant women with urinary tract infection in Abakaliki, Nigeria.
- 44. Isolation, identification, and antibiogram of enterococci isolated from patients with urinary tract infection.
- 45. Antibiotic resistance pattern of uropathogenic Escherichia coli in South West Nigeria.
- 46. Prevalence of hospital-acquired enterococci infections in two primary-care hospitals in osogbo, southwestern Nigeria.
- 47. Bacterial contamination of stethoscopes used by health workers: public health implications.
- 48. Inhibition of uropathogens by lactic acid bacteria isolated from dairy foods and cow's intestine in western Nigeria.
- 49. <u>Bacteriology of non-surgical wound infections in Ibadan, Nigeria.</u>
- 50. <u>Five-Year Antimicrobial Susceptibility Trends Among Bacterial Isolates from a Tertiary Health-Care Facility in Kigali,</u> Rwanda.
- 51. Urinary tract infections and antimicrobial sensitivity among diabetic patients at Khartoum, Sudan.
- 52. [Nosocomial urinary tract and surgical site infection rates in the Maternity Ward at the General Referral Hospital in Katuba, Lubumbashi, Democratic Republic of the Congo].
- 53. Antibiotic resistance trends of ESKAPE pathogens in Kwazulu-Natal, South Africa: A five-year retrospective analysis.
- 54. Molecular Characterization and Antibiotic Resistance of Foodborne Pathogens in Street-Vended Ready-to-Eat Meat Sold in South Africa.
- 55. Effects and time-kill assessment of amoxicillin used in combination with chloramphenicol against bacteria of clinical importance.
- 56. Triclosan resistant bacteria in sewage effluent and cross-resistance to antibiotics.
- 57. Hospital and community isolates of uropathogens at a tertiary hospital in South Africa.
- 58. Antibiotic susceptibilities of indicator bacteria Escherichia coli and Enterococci spp. isolated from ducks in Morogoro Municipality, Tanzania.
- 59. Spectrum and antibiogram of bacteria isolated from patients presenting with infected wounds in a Tertiary Hospital, northern Tanzania.
- 60. <u>An Investigation of Enterococcus Species Isolated from the African Buffalo (Syncerus caffer) in Serengeti National Park, Tanzania.</u>
- 61. <u>First Report on a Randomized Investigation of Antimicrobial Resistance in Fecal Indicator Bacteria from Livestock, Poultry, and Humans in Tanzania.</u>
- 62. <u>Bacterial isolates and drug susceptibility patterns of urinary tract infection among pregnant women at Muhimbili National Hospital in Tanzania.</u>
- 63. Prevalence of urinary tract infection among pregnant women at Bugando Medical Centre, Mwanza, Tanzania.
- 64. Contamination of microbial pathogens and their antimicrobial pattern in operating theatres of peri-urban eastern Uganda: a cross-sectional study.
- 65. [Profile and susceptibility to antibiotics in urinary tract infections in children and newborns from 2012 to 2013: Data from 1879 urine cultures].
- 66. Antibiotic resistance and adhesion properties of oral Enterococci associated to dental caries.
- 67. Enterococcus faecium isolated from bone marrow transplant patients in Tunisia: high prevalence of antimicrobial resistance and low pathogenic power.
- 68. Results from the Survey of Antibiotic Resistance (SOAR) 2011-14 in the Democratic Republic of Congo, Ivory Coast, Republic of Senegal and Kenya.
- Community acquired pneumonia among adult patients at an Egyptian university hospital: bacterial etiology, susceptibility profile and evaluation of the response to initial empiric antibiotic therapy.
- Isolation and identification of bacteria causing mastitis in small ruminants and their susceptibility to antibiotics, honey, essential oils, and plant extracts.

- Characterization and susceptibility of streptococci and enterococci isolated from Nile tilapia (Oreochromis niloticus)
 showing septicaemia in aquaculture and wild sites in Egypt.
- 72. Resistant Infantile Bacterial Conjunctivitis in Egypt: A Microbiology Study.
- Emergence of Neoteric Serotypes Among Multidrug Resistant Strains of Streptococcus pneumoniae Prevalent in Egypt.
- 74. Group A beta-hemolytic streptococcal pharyngitis and carriage rate among Egyptian children: a case-control study.
- 75. Nasopharyngeal Carriage, Capsular and Molecular Serotyping and Antimicrobial Susceptibility of Streptococcus pneumoniae among Asymptomatic Healthy Children in Egypt.
- 76. Response of Different Antibiotic Resistant Group of Streptococcus pyogenes to Environmental Stresses.
- 77. Prevalence and antimicrobial resistance pattern of bacterial meningitis in Egypt.
- 78. Vaginal carriage and antibiotic susceptibility profile of group B Streptococcus during late pregnancy in Ismailia, Egypt.
- 79. Genetic Determinants of Tetracycline Resistance in Clinical Streptococcus pneumoniae Serotype 1 Isolates from Niger.
- 80. <u>Microbiological characteristics of community-acquired peritonitis at Souro Sanou Teaching Hospital of Bobo Dioulasso.</u>
- 81. Frequency of severe malaria and invasive bacterial infections among children admitted to a rural hospital in Burkina Faso.
- 82. Antimicrobial resistance of abnormal vaginal discharges microorganisms in Ouagadougou, Burkina Faso.
- 83. Antimicrobial resistance and serotype distribution of Streptococcus pneumoniae strains causing childhood infection in Burkina Faso.
- 84. Long-term Impact of Oral Azithromycin Taken by Gambian Women During Labor on Prevalence and Antibiotic Susceptibility of Streptococcus pneumoniae and Staphylococcus aureus in Their Infants: Follow-up of a Randomized Clinical Trial.
- 85. Incidence of macrolide-lincosamide-streptogramin B resistance amongst beta-haemolytic streptococci in The Gambia.
- 86. Associations between nasopharyngeal carriage of Group B Streptococcus and other respiratory pathogens during early infancy.
- 87. High genetic diversity of Staphylococcus aureus strains colonising the nasopharynx of Gambian villagers before widespread use of pneumococcal conjugate vaccines.
- 88. Population structure, epidemiology and antibiotic resistance patterns of Streptococcus pneumoniae serotype 5: prior to PCV-13 vaccine introduction in Eastern Gambia.
- 89. Mass administration of azithromycin and Streptococcus pneumoniae carriage: cross-sectional surveys in the Gambia.
- 90. Antimicrobial susceptibility profile of uropathogens in Maluti Adventist Hospital patients, 2011.
- 91. Antimicrobial Resistance Profiles of Bacteria Isolated from the Nasal Cavity of Camels in Samburu, Nakuru, and Isiolo Counties of Kenya.
- Pneumococcal carriage and antibiotic susceptibility patterns from two cross-sectional colonization surveys among children aged <5 years prior to the introduction of 10-valent pneumococcal conjugate vaccine - Kenya, 2009-2010.
- 93. Results from the Survey of Antibiotic Resistance (SOAR) 2011-14 in the Democratic Republic of Congo, Ivory Coast, Republic of Senegal and Kenya.
- 94. <u>Mastitogenic bacteria isolated from dairy cows in Kenya and their antimicrobial sensitivity.</u>
- 95. Invasive bacterial infections in neonates and young infants born outside hospital admitted to a rural hospital in Kenya.
- 96. Resistance to antibiotics in urinopathogenic bacteria isolated in patients attending Kenyatta University Health Clinic, Nairobi.
- 97. Nasopharyngeal Streptococcus pneumoniae among under-five year old children at the Moi Teaching and Referral Hospital, Eldoret, Kenya.
- 98. Prevalence, antimicrobial resistance and serotype distribution of group B streptococcus isolated among pregnant women and newborns in Rabat, Morocco
- Phenotypic and genotypic characterization of Streptococcus pneumoniae resistant to macrolide in Casablanca, Morocco.
- 100. Antibiotic resistance and serotype distribution of nasopharyngeal isolates of Streptococcus pneumoniae from children in Marrakech region (Morocco).
- 101. Epidemiological profile of invasive bacterial diseases in children in Casablanca, Morocco: antimicrobial susceptibilities and serotype distribution.
- 102. Changing epidemiology of pediatric Streptococcus pneumoniae isolates before vaccine introduction in Casablanca (Morocco).
- 103. Eleven-year surveillance of antibiotic resistance in Streptococcus pneumoniae in Casablanca
- 104. (Morocco). Antimicrobial resistance of respiratory pathogens in North African countries.
- 105. Maternal Carriage of Group B Streptococcus and Escherichia coli in a District Hospital in Mozambique.
- 106. <u>Prevalence, antimicrobial resistance and serotype distribution of group B streptococcus isolated among pregnant women and newborns in Rabat, Morocco.</u>

- 107. Invasive bacterial disease trends and characterization of group B streptococcal isolates among young infants in southern Mozambique, 2001-2015.
- 108. Serotype distribution and antimicrobial resistance of Streptococcus pneumoniae in children with acute bacterial meningitis in Mozambique: implications for a national immunization strategy.
- 109. Serotype distribution and antimicrobial resistance of Streptococcus pneumoniae in children with acute bacterial meningitis in Mozambique: implications for a national immunization strategy.
- 110. Antimicrobial susceptibility of Streptococcus pneumoniae in adult patients with pneumococcal pneumonia in an urban hospital in Mozambique.
- 111. Community-acquired bacteremia among children admitted to a rural hospital in Mozambique.
- 112. <u>High rate of antibiotic resistance among pneumococci carried by healthy children in the eastern part of the Democratic Republic of the Congo.</u>
- 113. Associations between nasopharyngeal carriage of Group B Streptococcus and other respiratory pathogens during early infancy.
- 114. Results from the Survey of Antibiotic Resistance (SOAR) 2011-14 in the Democratic Republic of Congo, Ivory Coast, Republic of Senegal and Kenya.
- 115. Antimicrobial resistance of bacteria isolated from patients with bloodstream infections at a tertiary care hospital in the Democratic Republic of the Congo.
- 116. Genetic Determinants of Tetracycline Resistance in Clinical Streptococcus pneumoniae Serotype 1 Isolates from Niger.
- 117. Serotype Distribution and Antimicrobial Sensitivity Profile of Streptococcus pneumoniae Carried in Healthy Toddlers before PCV13 Introduction in Niamey, Niger.
- 118. Neonatal septicaemia, bacterial isolates and antibiogram sensitivity in Maiduguri North-Eastern Nigeria.
- 119. Antibiotic Sensitivity Pattern of Bacterial Isolates in Patients with Chronic Rhinosinusitis in Kaduna, Nigeria.
- 120. Clinical pattern and antibiotic sensitivity of bacterial corneal ulcers in Kano, Northern Nigeria.
- 121. Antibiotic susceptibility of wound swab isolates in a tertiary hospital in Southwest Nigeria.
- 122. Characterization and Antimicrobial Susceptibility Profile of Bacteraemia Causing Pathogens Isolated from Febrile Children with and without Sickle Cell Disease in Kano, Nigeria.
- 123. The Prevalence of Antibiotic Resistant Diarrhogenic Bacterial Species in Surface Waters, South Eastern Nigeria.
- 124. Neonatal septicaemia, bacterial isolates and antibiogram sensitivity in Maiduguri North-Eastern Nigeria.
- 125. Antimicrobial Evaluation of Bacterial Isolates from Urine Specimen of Patients with Complaints of Urinary Tract Infections in Awka, Nigeria.
- **126.** ANTIBIOTIC RESISTANCE PROFILING AND MICROBIOTA OF THE UPPER RESPIRATORY TRACT OF APPARENTLY HEALTHY DOGS IN IBADAN, SOUTH WEST NIGERIA.
- 127. Sputum bacteriology and antibiotic sensitivity patterns of community-acquired pneumonia in hospitalized adult patients in Nigeria: a 5-year multicentre retrospective study.
- 128. <u>Bacterial isolates associated with pelvic inflammatory disease among female patients attending some hospitals in abuja, Nigeria.</u>
- 129. Antibiotic sensitivity pattern of uropathogens from pregnant women with urinary tract infection in Abakaliki, Nigeria.
- 130. Environmental impact assessment of Attenda abattoir, Ogbomoso southwestern Nigeria on surface and groundwater quality using geo-electrical imaging and microbiological analysis.
- 131. Bacterial isolates in chronic suppurative otitis media: a changing pattern?
- 132. Microbiological status of periodontal diseases in Lagos, Nigeria.
- 133. <u>Bacteriology of external ocular infections in Aba, South Eastern Nigeria.</u>
- 134. Antimicrobial resistant profile of Streptococcus pneumoniae isolated from the nasopharynx of secondary school students in Jos, Nigeria.
- 135. Cotrimoxazole resistance in Streptococcus pneumoniae isolated from sputum of HIV-positive patients.
- 136. <u>Streptococcus agalactiae Serotype Distribution and Antimicrobial Susceptibility in Pregnant Women in Gabon, Central Africa.</u>
- 137. Antimicrobial profiles of bacterial clinical isolates from the Gabonese National Laboratory of Public Health: data from routine activity.
- 138. Retrospective analysis of antimicrobial resistance and bacterial spectrum of infection in Gabon, Central Africa.
- 139. Carriage of encapsulated bacteria in Gabonese children with sickle cell anaemia.
- 140. Prevalence of community-acquired bacteraemia in Guinea-Bissau: an observational study.
- 141. Increasing chloramphenicol resistance in Streptococcus pneumoniae isolates from Papua New Guinean children with acute bacterial meningitis.
- 142. [Serotype and antimicrobial susceptibility patterns of Streptococcus pneumoniae isolates in Senegal between 1996 and 2010].
- 143. Antimicrobial susceptibility of select respiratory tract pathogens in Dakar, Senegal.
- 144. <u>Bloodstream infections at a tertiary level paediatric hospital in South Africa.</u>

- 145. <u>Factors associated with ceftriaxone nonsusceptibility of Streptococcus pneumoniae: analysis of South African national surveillance data, 2003 to 2010.</u>
- 146. Sensitivity and specificity of a hand-held milk electrical conductivity meter compared to the California mastitis test for mastitis in dairy cattle.
- 147. Serotype and antimicrobial profile distribution of invasive pneumococcal isolates in the pre-vaccine introduction era in Pretoria, South Africa, 2005 through 2009.
- 148. Population genetic structure, antibiotic resistance, capsule switching and evolution of invasive pneumococci before conjugate vaccination in Malawi.
- 149. Bacterial infections in Lilongwe, Malawi: aetiology and antibiotic resistance.
- 150. <u>Carriage of penicillin-non-susceptible pneumococci among children in northern Tanzania in the 13-valent pneumococcal vaccine era.</u>
- 151. <u>High Prevalence of Antibiotic-Resistant Otitis Media-Associated Bacterial Flora of Asymptomatic People Living with HIV at Morogoro Hospital, Tanzania.</u>
- 152. Antibiotic Resistance in Young Children in Kilosa District, Tanzania 4 Years after Mass Distribution of Azithromycin for Trachoma Control.
- 153. <u>Bacteremia caused by multidrug-resistant bacteria among hospitalized malnourished children in Mwanza, Tanzania: a cross sectional study.</u>
- 154. Prevalence and Antimicrobial Resistance of Microbes Causing Bloodstream Infections in Unguja, Zanzibar.
- 155. Antibiotic resistance of Streptococcus pneumoniae colonising the nasopharynx of HIV-exposed Tanzanian infants.
- 156. Bloodstream bacterial infection among outpatient children with acute febrile illness in north-eastern Tanzania.
- 157. <u>Penicillin resistance and serotype distribution of Streptococcus pneumoniae in nasopharyngeal carrier children under</u> 5 years of age in Dar es Salaam, Tanzania.
- 158. <u>Maternal and neonatal colonisation of group B streptococcus at Muhimbili National Hospital in Dar es Salaam,</u>
 <u>Tanzania: prevalence, risk factors and antimicrobial resistance.</u>
- 159. Epidemiology and antibiotic resistance of bacterial meningitis in Dapaong, northern Togo.
- 160. [Vaginal infections in pregnant women at the Regional Hospital of Sokode (Togo) in 2010 and 2011].
- 161. Milk Hygiene in Rural Southwestern Uganda: Prevalence of Mastitis and Antimicrobial Resistance Profiles of Bacterial Contaminants of Milk and Milk Products.
- 162. High prevalence of antibiotic resistance in nasopharyngeal bacterial isolates from healthy children in rural Uganda: A cross-sectional study.
- 163. <u>Characteristics of pyogenic odontogenic infection in patients attending Mulago Hospital, Uganda: a cross-sectional study.</u>
- 164. Prevalence of subclinical mastitis in dairy farms in urban and peri-urban areas of Kampala, Uganda.
- 165. <u>Bacteremia, causative agents and antimicrobial susceptibility among HIV-1-infected children on antiretroviral therapy in Uganda and Zimbabwe.</u>
- 166. Nasopharyngeal carriage rate of Streptococcus pneumoniae in Ugandan children with sickle cell disease.
- 167. <u>Septicaemia in a population-based HIV clinical cohort in rural Uganda, 1996-2007: incidence, aetiology, antimicrobial drug resistance and impact of antiretroviral therapy.</u>
- 168. <u>Bacterial aetiology and outcome in children with severe pneumonia in Uganda.</u>
- 169. The sensitivities to first-line antibiotic therapy of the common urinary tract bacterial infections detected in urine samples at a hospital in metropolitan Kampala (Uganda)
- 170. Antimicrobial susceptibility of cerebrospinal isolates from patients with meningitis.
- 171. Impact of cotrimoxazole on carriage and antibiotic resistance of Streptococcus pneumoniae and Haemophilus influenzae in HIV-infected children in Zambia.
- 172. Group B Streptococcus Serotypes in Pregnant Women From the Western Cape Region of South Africa.
- 173. Antimicrobial sensitivity patterns of cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) isolates in Namibia: implications for empirical antibiotic treatment of meningitis.
- 174. Microbiology and clinical outcomes of puerperal sepsis: a prospective cohort study.
- 175. Genetic diversity of Streptococcus pneumoniae in Tunisia.
- 176. <u>High prevalence of multidrug-resistant international clones among macrolide-resistant Streptococcus pneumoniae isolates in immunocompromised patients in Tunisia.</u>
- 177. Description of a novel mutation in the atpC gene in optochin-resistant Streptococcus pneumoniae strains isolates from Tunisia.

178.

Serotype distribution and antibiotic susceptibility of Streptococcus pneumoniae strains in the south of Tunisia: A five-year study (2012-2016) of pediatric and adult populations.

- 179. <u>Serotype Distribution, Antibiotic Resistance and Clonality of Streptococcus pneumoniae Isolated from Immunocompromised Patients in Tunisia.</u>
- **180.** Multicentric study in five African countries of antibiotic susceptibility for three main pathogens: Streptococcus pneumoniae, Staphylococcus aureus, and Pseudomonas aeruginosa.
- **181.** Phenotype, genotype, and serotype distribution of macrolide resistant invasive and non-invasive Streptococcus pneumoniae strains, in Sousse, Tunisia.
- 182. Serotype distribution and antimicrobial resistance of invasive and noninvasive pneumococcal isolates in Tunisia.
- 183. Serotype distribution and antimicrobial resistance patterns of Streptococcus pneumoniae isolated in Tunisia.
- 184. Epidemiological markers of Streptococcus pyogenes strains in Tunisia.
- 185. High rates of macrolide resistance among clinical isolates of Streptococcus agalactiae in Tunisia.
- 186. [Antimicrobial susceptibility and serotype distribution of streptococcus pneumoniae isolates in children in Tunis].
- **187.** Prevalence of penicillin and erythromycin resistance among invasive Streptococcus pneumoniae isolates reported by laboratories in the southern and eastern Mediterranean region.
- 188. Phenotypic and genotypic characterization of macrolide resistant Streptococcus pneumoniae in Tunisia.
- 189. Aerobic bacteria associated with chronic suppurative otitis media in Angola.
- 190. [Panton-Valentine leukocidin-positive osteoarticular infections].
- 191. [Methicillin resistant Staphylococcus aureus isolated from mothers and children hospitalized in an Algiers hospital: predominance of the European virulent clone].
- 192. Emergence of vancomycin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus identified in the Tlemcen university hospital (North-West Algeria).
- . BMJ Glob Health. 2018 Mar 6;2(Suppl 4):e000475. doi: 10.1136/bmjgh-2017-000475. eCollection 2017.
 - 193. Epidemiology of antibiotic-resistant wound infections from six countries in Africa.
 - 194. [Nosocomial urinary tract and surgical site infection rates in the Maternity Ward at the General Referral Hospital in Katuba, Lubumbashi, Democratic Republic of the Congo].

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- 195. Pathogenic features of clinically significant coagulase-negative staphylococci in hospital and community infections in Benin.
- 196. <u>Prevalence of Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus and Other Staphylococcus Species in Raw Meat Samples Intended for Human Consumption in Benin City, Nigeria: Implications for Public Health.</u>
- 197. Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus (MRSA): An Emerging Phenomenon among non-Hospitalized Otorhinolaryngological Patients in Benin City, Nigeria.
- 198. <u>Asymptomatic urinary tract infection among pregnant women receiving ante-natal care in a traditional birth home in</u> Benin City, Nigeria.
- 199. Prevalence of nosocomial infections and anti-infective therapy in Benin: results of the first nationwide survey in 2012.
- 200. <u>Variability of antibiotic susceptibility and toxin production of Staphylococcus aureus strains isolated from skin, soft tissue, and bone related infections.</u>
- 201. Co-existence of urinary tract infection and malaria among children under five years old: a report from Benin City, Nigeria.
- 202. <u>Urinary tract infection among asymptomatic HIV patients in Benin City, Nigeria.</u>
- 203. Genetic Determinants of Tetracycline Resistance in Clinical Streptococcus pneumoniae Serotype 1 Isolates from Niger.
- 204. Epidemiological, bacteriological and therapeutic aspects of chronic osteomyelitis in a sub-Saharan environment.
- 205. High Nasal Carriage Rate of Staphylococcus aureus Containing Panton-Valentine leukocidin- and EDIN-Encoding Genes in Community and Hospital Settings in Burkina Faso.
- 206. [Obstetric endometritis at the UTH-Yalgado Ouedraogo of Ouagadougou (Burkina Faso): about the management of 102 cases].
- 207. [The bacterial microflora of diabetic foot infection and factors determining its spectrum in Ouagadougou (Burkina Faso)].

- 208. Antibacterial activity against β- lactamase producing Methicillin and Ampicillin-resistants Staphylococcus aureus: Fractional Inhibitory Concentration Index (FICI) determination.
- 209. [Epidemiology, microbiology, and outcomes of septicemia in children treated at the Charles de Gaulle University Pediatric Hospital in Burkina Faso].
- 210. [Bacterial profile of surgical site infections at Souro Sanou National Hospital Center in Bobo Dioulasso, Burkina Faso].
- 211. [Evolution of antibiotic-resistance Staphylococcus aureus in Saint Camille Medical Centre in Ouagadougou].
- 212. Antibiotic resistance in urinary tract bacteria in Ouagadougou.
- 213. [Susceptibility to antibiotics of Staphylococcus strains isolated in Ouagadougou, Burkina Faso].
- 214. [Chronic osteomyelitis at the Ouagadougou teaching hospital (Burkina Faso). A retrospective study of 102 cases (1996-2000)].
- 215. Epidemiology of antibiotic-resistant wound infections from six countries in Africa.[Nosocomial urinary tract and surgical site infection rates in the Maternity Ward at the General Referral Hospital in Katuba, Lubumbashi, Democratic Republic of the Congo].
- 216. Associations between nasopharyngeal carriage of Group B Streptococcus and other respiratory pathogens during early infancy.
- 217. [Nosocomial urinary tract and surgical site infection rates in the Maternity Ward at the General Referral Hospital in Katuba, Lubumbashi, Democratic Republic of the Congo].
- 218. High prevalence of methicillin resistant staphylococci strains isolated from surgical site infections in Kinshasa.
- 219. Methicillin-susceptible, doxycycline-resistant Staphylococcus aureus, Côte d'Ivoire.
- 220. Vancomycin resistance among Staphylococcus aureus isolates in a rural setting, Egypt.
- 221. Bacterial contaminants of stored blood and blood components ready for transfusion at blood banks in Mekelle, Northern Ethiopia.
- 222. <u>Prevalence, Antimicrobial Susceptibility Pattern of Bacterial Isolates, and Associated Factors of Urinary Tract Infections among HIV-Positive Patients at Hiwot Fana Specialized University Hospital, Eastern Ethiopia.</u>
- 223. <u>Blood culture result profile and antimicrobial resistance pattern: a report from neonatal intensive care unit (NICU),</u>
 Asella teaching and referral hospital, Asella, south East Ethiopia.
- 224. Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus carriage among medical students of Jimma University, Southwest Ethiopia.
- 225. Non-critical healthcare tools as a potential source of healthcare-acquired bacterial infections in eastern Ethiopia: A hospital-based cross-sectional study.
- 226. Nasal Carriage Rate, Antimicrobial Susceptibility Pattern, and Associated Factors of Staphylococcus aureus with Special Emphasis on MRSA among Urban and Rural Elementary School Children in Gondar, Northwest Ethiopia: A Comparative Cross-Sectional Study.
- 227. <u>Bacterial Nosocomial Infections and Antimicrobial Susceptibility Pattern among Patients Admitted at Hiwot Fana Specialized University Hospital, Eastern Ethiopia.</u>
- 228. <u>Bacterial profile, antibiotic resistance pattern and associated factors among cancer patients at University of Gondar</u>
 Hospital, Northwest Ethiopia.
- 229. <u>Prevalence, Antimicrobial Susceptibility Pattern, and Associated Factors of Urinary Tract Infections among Adult Diabetic Patients at Metu Karl Heinz Referral Hospital, Southwest Ethiopia.</u>
- 230. Emergence of high drug resistant bacterial isolates from patients with health care associated infections at Jimma University medical center: a cross sectional study.
- 231. Prevalence, antimicrobial susceptibility profile and predictors of asymptomatic bacteriuria among pregnant women in Adigrat General Hospital, Northern Ethiopia.
- 232. Antimicrobial Resistance Profile of Different Clinical Isolates against Third-Generation Cephalosporins.
- 233. <u>Microbial spectrum and drug-resistance profile of isolates causing bloodstream infections in febrile cancer patients at a referral hospital in Addis Ababa, Ethiopia.</u>
- 234. <u>Characterization of Staphylococcus aureus isolated from milk samples of dairy cows in small holder farms of North-Western Ethiopia.</u>
- 235. <u>Multidrug-resistant bacterial isolates from patients suspected of nosocomial infections at the University of Gondar Comprehensive Specialized Hospital, Northwest Ethiopia.</u>
- 236. Ocular bacterial infections and antibiotic resistance patterns in patients attending Gondar Teaching Hospital, Northwest Ethiopia.
- 237. <u>Multidrug-resistant pattern of food borne illness associated bacteria isolated from cockroaches in meal serving facilities, Jimma, Ethiopia.</u>
- 238. Prevalence and Antibiogram Assessment of Staphylococcus aureus in Beef at Municipal Abattoir and Butcher Shops in Addis Ababa, Ethiopia.
- 239. Antimicrobial resistance profile of Staphylococcus aureus isolated from patients with infection at Tikur Anbessa Specialized Hospital, Addis Ababa, Ethiopia.

- 240. <u>Prevalence and antimicrobial susceptibility patterns of methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus among janitors of Mekelle University, North Ethiopia.</u>
- 241. Pharyngeal colonization and drug resistance profiles of Morraxella catarrrhalis, Streptococcus pneumoniae, Staphylococcus aureus, and Haemophilus influenzae among HIV infected children attending ART Clinic of Felegehiwot Referral Hospital, Ethiopia.
- 242. Nasal carriage, risk factors and antimicrobial susceptibility pattern of methicillin resistant Staphylococcus aureus among healthcare workers in Adigrat and Wukro hospitals, Tigray, Northern Ethiopia.
- 243. <u>Bacterial Profile, Antibacterial Resistance Pattern, and Associated Factors from Women Attending Postnatal Health</u>
 Service at University of Gondar Teaching Hospital, Northwest Ethiopia.
- 244. <u>Prevalence and antibiotic susceptibility of Uropathogens from cases of urinary tract infections (UTI) in Shashemene</u> referral hospital, Ethiopia.
- 245. <u>Urinary pathogenic bacterial profile, antibiogram of isolates and associated risk factors among pregnant women in Ambo town, Central Ethiopia: a cross-sectional study.</u>
- 246. Nasal colonization and antimicrobial susceptibility pattern of Staphylococcus aureus among pre-school children in Ethiopia.
- 247. <u>Prevalence, risk factors and antimicrobial susceptibility test of Staphylococcus aureus in Bovine cross breed mastitic</u> milk in and around Asella town, Oromia regional state, southern Ethiopia.
- 248. <u>Bacterial pathogens associated with external ocular infections alongside eminent proportion of multidrug resistant isolates at the University of Gondar Hospital, northwest Ethiopia.</u>
- 249. <u>Bacterial agents and antibiotic resistance profiles of infections from different sites that occurred among patients at Debre Markos Referral Hospital, Ethiopia: a cross-sectional study.</u>
- 250. Assessment of Staphylococcus aureus along milk value chain and its public health importance in Sebeta, central Oromia, Ethiopia.
- 251. Antimicrobial resistance profile of staphylococcus aureus isolates isolated from ear discharges of patients at University of Hawassa comprehensive specialized hospital.
- 252. Prevalence and antimicrobial resistance profile of Staphylococcus in dairy farms, abattoir and humans in Addis Ababa, Ethiopia.
- 253. Antibiotic resistant airborne bacteria and their multidrug resistance pattern at University teaching referral Hospital in South Ethiopia.
- 254. <u>Prevalence and antimicrobial susceptibility pattern of methicillin resistant Staphylococcus aureus isolated from clinical samples at Yekatit 12 Hospital Medical College, Addis Ababa, Ethiopia.</u>
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- 267. <u>Isolation and antimicrobial susceptibility pattern of Staphylococcus aureus in patients with surgical site infection at Debre Markos Referral Hospital, Amhara Region, Ethiopia.</u>

- 268. Antimicrobial susceptibility pattern of nasal Staphylococcus aureus among Dessie Referral Hospital health care workers, Dessie, Northeast Ethiopia.
- 269. Antimicrobial susceptibility pattern of bacterial isolates from wound infection and their sensitivity to alternative topical agents at Jimma University Specialized Hospital, South-West Ethiopia.
- 270. <u>Isolation and characterization of multiple drug resistance bacterial pathogens from waste water in hospital and non-hospital environments, Northwest Ethiopia.</u>
- 271. Urinary tract infection among obstetric fistula patients at Gondar University Hospital, northwest Ethiopia.
- 272. Nasal carriage rate of methicillin resistant Staphylococcus aureus among Dessie Referral Hospital Health Care Workers; Dessie, Northeast Ethiopia.
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- 274. Multidrug-resistant bacterial isolates in infected wounds at Jimma University Specialized Hospital, Ethiopia.
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- 276. <u>Postoperative Nosocomial Infections and Antimicrobial Resistance Pattern of Bacteria Isolates among Patients</u>
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- 310. <u>Prevalence and pattern of antibiotic resistance of Staphylococcus aureus isolated from door handles and other points of contact in public hospitals in Ghana.</u>
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