#### ADDENDUM C: LIST OF CODES

HU: PhD Education policy Change

File: [C:\Program Files\Scientific Software\ATLASti\TEXTBANK\PhD Education policy Change]

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Code-Filter: All

?how much are we then giving them?

?how to shift metropolitan teaching into rural area?

?it appears as if working with children is less important than working with adults

?OBE no holistic understanding

?problems are not visible

1996 SA schools Act; amendments to address the inequalities in providing education

1996 School Act: board must be représentative

1996 South Africa School Act

Abolishment of corporal punishment

Absenteeism,

actively participating

adapt slowly

advertising creates awareness of policy change

all associated with the old regime is discarded and thrown out

All should be dedicated

Appraisal policy

assessment is very difficult

at the top impose policies

attempt to involve teachers at grassroots level

Attending workshops

authorities are not doing their best

authority over teaching subjects

being taken for granted

believe in the old approach

breaks down the relationship between teachers and children'

bright children are copied

bright children set the pace

can educate a population to have the same opportunities

cannot be put into practice

cannot change the system

cannot change the world

cannot legislate a population to love one another

cannot put into practice

careful responses since it could cost my job

catholic schools ended up being the parameters by which everything was going to be measured

centralised problemsolving

challenge

change due to new policy: requires new strategies to implement

change future: inevitable changes for education in the future relates to AIDS

change has brought about great fear, since no jobs are secure anymore

Change has created more problems;

change implementation in education depends on the role of the principal

change implementation: in education: market and sell the new ideas

change implementation: clear objectives are important

change implementation: course facilitators were not competent and not knowledgeable

change implementation: education policy change is dragging.

change implementation: mismanagement

change implementation: not enough resources

change implementation: OBE phasing in is silly and unconducive change implementation: OBE should only NOW be implemented

change implementation: OBE we only heard of and little implementation is seen

change implementation: OBE: lots of work ito implementation

change implementation: research prior to implementation

change implementation: resistance to change: drill work is still important

change implementation: should be the other way round

change implementation: something new has replaced the old ways but soon it was realised that this was not working

change implementation: sway heart and minds of teachers

change implementation: teachers are thrown in the deep end of change

change in education depends on the role of the principal

change in education: market and sell the new ideas

change in governing body

change in governing structures: many parents in governing body

change in the organisation of the school

change in the political system

change is a challenge

Change is adopted but not felt yet

Change is not as expected

change offers opportunity for growth

change past: world wide people are moving back to more conservative and traditional education

change should be spelt out clearly

change should be the other way round

change: mismanagement

change: OBE good philosophy

change: schools are seen in terms of markets and values

changes must be gradual

children's potential is discounted

children become confused

children bring information

children can query the teacher

children felt they were not important in the group

children flourish with the freedom

children need peace and quiet to absorb

classes are getting bigger

classroom is a nightmare

clear objectives are important

clear objectives for group work

code of conduct is essential for unprofessional teachers

code of conduct: all in writing

Confusing

confusion

confusion amongst pupils

content based to outcomes based education

CONTEXT OF INFLUENCE

continuous assessment

continuous learning for teaching

Contract

cor.punishment reinstated

cosmetic changes

COTEP: norms and standards

courage and to add new things

course facilitators were not competent and not knowledgeable

courses do motivate

curriculum changes covered by the schools act

curriculum: involved staff member assists ...

decline in teacher morale due to abolishment of corporal punishment

decline in teaching and learning culture

Declined due to fear of change

Declined due to frustration of teachers

Decreased morale due to uncertainties

Defining roles for

delegate and authorise accountability

demands are inhuman

Demoralised due to lack of resources

despondency Developmental appraisal system different interpretations to same policy difficult and frustrating difficult to adopt difficult to change if top-down approach difficult to complete the syllabus difficult to cope because we are used to the old ways discipline deteriorates discipline is a problem discipline problems: by law the teacher may not touch the child Discipline; the day a child sue me, I am out disciplines structure is breaking down do less, because I cannot win do not ensure enough resources do not know if I can cope do not more than I have to do not throw too much at teachers does cause a lot of dissatisfaction, drill work is important duck-and-divers will do even less education changes society education has taken away the 'calling'. education in South Africa: we are heading for very difficult times in education education in the past was more traditional education in South Africa education in the past: white teachers were so protected in the past education is snowballing education policy change education policy change prevents stagnation education policy change is dragging. education policy change is politically motivated education policy change puts a lot of pressure on teachers education policy change is hard to accept education policy is politically driven education should have been addressed in 1948 education thrives because teachers think they the best education: people are passionate about education effect: antidepressants effect and emotional response: personal gain facilitates change effect in classroom; discipline problem; family structure used to support the disciplined structure effect in the classroom discipline deteriorates effect of change implementation: too much red tape effect of change in the classroom; standards: cannot be maintained effect of change; standards: OBE standards are questioned effect of education policy change: children will through the education system and have learnt nothing effect of policy change in the classroom effect of policy change: lowering educational standards effect there are loopholes effect too much red tape effect: (discipline) loopholes for the lazy teacher effect: advertising creates awareness of policy change effect: all associated with the old regime is discarded and thrown out effect: all will pass irrespective of knowledge levels effect: antidepressants effect: education in the past: white teachers were so protected in the past effect: education is snowballing effect: education policy change prevents stagnation effect: in 10 years shortage of teachers effect: loopholes for laziness

effect: new policy is not implemented

effect: no parental support in rural areas effect: no personal time left to do much more effect: OBE: effects for the future will be even more illiterate people effect: OBE: lazy teacher can get away with being lazier. effect: OBE: our school has not done much effect: personal gain facilitates change effect: redeployment: teacher with family can not start teaching in Hammanskraal tomorrow effect: Retrenchment and right sizing effect: school act does not really impact wealthy schools effect: schools are becoming more like business effect: schools are seen in terms of markets and values effect: slack attitude effect: small core of committed teachers stay behind effect: teacher can get away with a lot effect: teachers' impact on policy effect: there is room for flounders; where very little gets done effect: violence enters the schools effect: we are throwing out the baby with the bathwater effect: we do not know what is expected effect: young teachers leave the profession ELRC emotion: anxiety emotion: staff are anxious to admit that they cannot cope emotional response: artificial defense emotional response: I make change work . emotional response: I participated in an implementation survey and felt terror, because we had not implemented the changes emotional response: I sacrificed a lot of my time for nothing emotional response: Some do not adapt at all emotional response: Some fear the changes emotional response: some see change as opening up new worlds emotional response: Stressful; it is hard to cope emotional response: teacher is under pressure. emotional response: teachers are overloaded emotional response: teachers are uptight emotional response: I participated in an implementation survey and felt terror, because we had not implemented the changes emotional response and teaching practice effect: most teachers will not implement change emotional response and tp window dressing emotional response apathetic emotional response of disempowerment: pupils now have more power than teachers emotional response of threat: discipline; the day a child sue me, I am out emotional response: acceptance of change emotional response: adapt very slowly emotional response: always something new and teachers cannot keep up emotional response: anxiety emotional response: apathetic emotional response: artificial defense emotional response: believe in the old approach emotional response: breaks down the relationship between teachers and children emotional response: careful responses since it could cost my job emotional response: change has brought about great fear, since no jobs are secure anymore emotional response: Change is adopted but not felt yet emotional response: change is not as expected emotional response: change offers opportunity for growth emotional response: classroom is a nightmare emotional response: confusion emotional response: despondency emotional response: despondency in teaching emotional response: despondency: do less, because I cannot win emotional response: difficult to change if top-down approach; change is imposed emotional response: discouraged emotional response: dissatisfaction emotional response: do not know if I can cope

emotional response: doubt emotional response: education has taken away the 'calling' emotional response: education policy change puts a lot of pressure on teachers emotional response: education: people are passionate about education emotional response: emotional outbreaks at meeting emotional response: encourages competitiveness emotional response: experiencing problems with policy change emotional response: false beliefs that change happens overnight emotional response: fear emotional response: frustration emotional response: full commitment to change and her pupils emotional response: gets your back up a little bit emotional response: I find the change exciting emotional response: I have a definite problem with it emotional response: I have never felt this before emotional response: I make change my own emotional response: imposing emotional response: insecure of what will happen to our jobsemotional response: insecurity emotional response: it makes me uncomfortable emotional response: job: will I have one next year emotional response: lack of enthusiasm emotional response: little information is coming through emotional response: Lot of skepticism and doubt; emotional response: lots of stress emotional response: most teachers resist it. emotional response: most teachers will resist change emotional response: my rebellion, don't impose the structure at the cost of teacher uniqueness emotional response: negative attitude emotional response: no job satisfaction emotional response: non-participation in the planning of change have problem implementing them emotional response: not enough time to adapt to change emotional response: older staff feel threatened emotional response: older teachers especially find to difficult emotional response: outstanding and highly experienced teachers are threatened by change emotional response: passion for teaching and learning emotional response: Perplexed and confused emotional response: policy change requires a positive attitude emotional response: resist change because it involves too much work emotional response: resistance of change emotional response: resistance to change emotional response: resistance to change because it is politically driven emotional response: resistance to change; difficult to cope because we are used to the old ways emotional response: retrenchment causes threat emotional response: secured jobs emotional response: sense of achievement or accomplishment, after completing some work is gone emotional response: so exciting emotional response: some feel very unsafe to try out new things emotional response: some older staff are keen to get new ideas emotional response: some people are gullible/deceived by their expectations emotional response: some teachers will never be open to policy change emotional response: strange emotional response: stress and anxiety due to lack of knowledge emotional response: stress becomes visible through lack of enthusiasm emotional response: teach for the love of it emotional response: teacher do not feel professional emotional response: teacher lack security emotional response: teacher uncommitted emotional response: teacher uniqueness is ignored emotional response: teachers are under pressure emotional response: teachers do not feel respected emotional response: teachers feel secluded.

emotional response: teachers feel threatened

feelings: insecurity in employment

emotional response: teachers are thrown into the deep end of change emotional response: tension and pressure emotional response: terminology is confusion emotional response: the greater the threat, the more anxious, the more some kind of protection and support is need emotional response: The whole OBE thing worries me, emotional response: threat: because they will not know how to do it emotional response: to change the way of teaching for 25 years causes fear emotional response: told not to worry; yet still fear emotional response: tp: do not more than I have to emotional response: uncertain emotional response: Uncertainty emotional response: unsure of what is to happen to their school emotional response: very aware of how changes impact the school's policy changes emotional response: wall building in order to keep the change out emotional response: we are not very sure about our situation emotional response: we try not to get too emotional about it (denial) emotional response: what does the future hold for us in 5 years emotional response: will I be able to cope? emotional response: willingness to learn new things emotional response: willingness to teach in the best way emotional response: education policy change is hard to accept emotional responses and feelings of policy change emotional responses screaming and shouting at OBE meetings emotional responses: positive and passive emotional responses: too many expectations emotional: stress emotions and feelings are attached to change emphasis is on the rights of children employment act and redeployment encourage other evaluation becomes easy evaluation is too wishy-washy evaluation may be biased everything in teaching is predetermined excitement experienced teachers are forced to follow the code of conduct experiencing problems with policy change facilitating is an art facilitation is a skill failure rates family structure used to support the disciplined structure fear of failure fears of retrenchment, Feel doubtful of the future. feel insecure; feeling disempowered: learner who have more freedom then they. feeling financially depressed feeling frustrated feeling incompetent feeling insecure feeling insufficient feelings and understandings of policy change over time . feelings of threat and personality of the teacher are related feelings: fear of failure feelings: fears of retrenchment, feelings: Feel doubtful of the future. feelings: insecurity due to redeployment feelings: insecurity i.t.o. redeployment

feelings: insecurity in the sense of funding

feelings: It is a challenge financial spending changes

financially depressed

focus on the individual pupil and not the education system

following protocol

freedom is not licensed

freedom to choose

ft: after one course of training we do not know it all

ft: all teachers should do facilitation training

ft: assist teachers to build up their self concept

ft: continuous learning for teaching

ft: courses do motivate

ft: department not consistent in their approach

ft: effect of training of teachers: own interpretations of interpretations

ft: facilitation is a skill

ft: further training

ft: knowledge about policy facilitates policy change

ft: knowledge: policy change needs thorough understanding

ft: knowledge: some teachers cannot make change work, because they do not know how

ft: more time is needed

ft: none from department

ft: OBE workshops too late

ft: OBE: invitations to meetings are too late

ft: OBE: some teachers have attended courses

ft: OBE: teachers may attend the workshops but will still continue in their old ways of teaching

ft: OBE: we have missed out due to late invitations to workshops

ft: older teachers are maybe not trained properly

ft: people have to be programmed

ft: relief teaching program during training

ft: representative to workshop

ft: some teachers make great efforts in staying informed through further training

ft: structure is needed in teaching

ft: teachers are not seen as professionals

ft: teachers are not well equipped

ft: teachers need to be re-educated

ft: the facilitation process consists of steps, which we do not know

ft: the representative workshops with staff

ft: trainers: insufficient skills to convey the information

fit training courses cannot be attended in our own time since there is really little time left in the demanding job

ft: training should take place for week, not only an afternoon

ft: we should learn from others' experiences

ft: workshop had some good ideas

ft: workshop on 2005 is only information

ft: workshop on 2005 was attended

ft: workshop was brief

ft: workshop was one day only

ft: workshopped the workshop with staff

funding more equitable

funding: future: insecure future ito. funding

funding: no policy

funding: resources: OBE: platteland do not have the resources

funding: same allocation to schools

funding: wealthier schools make their own arrangements

further studies open up your thinking

further training and comfortable response towards change are interlinked or connected

further training and development

further training: few teachers are really willing to learn new things

further training: I had good training in group work

further training: in-service training needs to be advertised

further training: inadequate skills

further training: learning listening skills

further training: less qualified teachers have no guidance further training: less qualified teachers should have more step by step guidance further training: little feedback is given to teachers for personal growth and learning further training: lots of training is needed further training: many teachers regress further training: most teachers do not seek further education further training: no communication after the workshop further training: no facilitation training is given further training: not enough additional training and prof. growth further training: OBE courses attended were of poor standard further training: OBE meeting: we were told no drill work further training: OBE some teachers do not have enough experience further training: OBE training is not aligned further training: OBE workshop barrier: English future: inevitable changes for education in the future relates to AIDS future: insecure future ito. funding get used to change Teachers reluctant get used to it giving it the best good planning of policy change boosts the morale government to pay salaries grass root level issues group work group work effect: children feel they are dominated by others group work is okay group work: before or after something new group work: brainstorming group work: bright children are copied group work: bright children set the pace group work: children merely copy group work: difficult group work: independent work in different groups group work: individual is still important. group work: is the group strong enough to pull in weaker children group work: leaves little room for individual 'correction' group work: never in the middle of somethinggroup work: noisy group work: OBE danger of group work: the weak child does nothing group work: OBE group work is problematic particularly because it is noisy group work: older staff perceive this as play group work: people do not automatically share and do teamwork group work: research activities group work: sharing group work: teachers do not have enough training group work: teachers have to be very organised group work: team not always so good, because they do not want to borrow others' ideas group work: the group structure is important group work: we see brainstorming in our groups, group work: OBE groupwork is important for children to learn on their own hard to put into practice hidden curriculum ideas are many implementation of policy change : implementation of the new curriculum is a problem impossible implementation Improves my skills information comes via other schools information from Gauteng Department of Education information from media information from other schools cause unconscious forms of stress information from the University information insufficient

information is little from the department information late: frustrating information none information on OBE: all need to be informed; management and parents too information process and sources of information information: first hand information: from newsletters information: not properly disseminated information: OBE most info comes via the media information: OBE: everybody must know what is going on information: source of policy information: Government Gazette information: teachers are uninformed information: Through circular information: Through courses information: warped messages information: OBE no holistic understanding Interesting it user friendly job: competition amongst teachers job: will I have one next year Knowing the procedures knowledge about policy facilitates policy change knowledge and enthusiasm knowledge less, but lots of enthusiasm knowledge: need to know policy change but do not follow slavishly knowledge: no clear understanding knowledge: policy change needs thorough understanding knowledge but no enthusiasm knowledge: some teachers cannot make change work, because they do not know how lack of resources Lack of space Language policies learn at their own pace, less jobs available limited resources: funding little if any incentives for teachers: the lot of time low morale makes me work more Manuals Media minimising the past mismanagement of change: workshop information received after the actual meeting morale has declined due to fear of change morale is low: Declined due to frustration of teachers morale is low also in private education where jobs are secure morale is low due to fear of the unknown morale is low in education morale is low: decreased morale due to uncertainties morale is low; emotional response: demands are inhuman morale low: decline in teacher morale due to abolishment of corporal punishment morale low: feeling disempowered: learner who have more freedom then they. morale: good planning of policy change boosts the morale morale: it has broken down teachers morale: Low due to lack of discipline morale: low morale morale: teaching morale is very low morale: very low more responsible NDOE need more support negative

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negatively by resisting change
new curriculum is prescriptive and must be implemented
Not all are positive
Not easy to change t
NQF
only the rights of children
overcrowding??
parents are concerned with the new system
parents as representative; unlike in the past
parents compare their pupils learning to other schools
parents do not always know their children
parents do threaten the school
parents may believe their children too easily
parents work; no sufficient disciplining
parents: personal attacks from parents and children
parents: working parents feel guilty; and spoil them
past: world wide people are moving back to more conservative and traditional education
policy change is politically driven
policy change and expectations
policy change appears ambiguous;
policy change context
policy change from department that schools must implement
policy change is politically motivated=teacher perception
policy change was necessary since so many were excluded
policy change: 1996 SA schools Act; amendments to address the inequalities in providing education
policy change: 1996 School Act: board must be representative
policy change: 1996 South Africa School Act
policy change: Abolishment of corporal punishment
policy change: addressing problem: centralised problemsolving
policy change: change in governing body
policy change: change in governing structures: many parents in governing body
policy change: change in the organisation of the school
policy change: content based to outcomes based education . .
policy change: continuous assessment
policy change: curriculum changes covered by the schools act
policy change: Developmental appraisal system
policy change: does cause a lot of dissatisfaction,
policy change: education in South Africa: we are heading for very difficult times in education
policy change: employment act and redeployment
policy change: knowledge: no clear understanding
policy change: OBE good philosophy
policy change: OBE is the biggest change
policy change: past: education should have been addressed in 1948
policy change: questioning structures
policy change: redeployment in paper fine but not realistic
policy change: selling a policy change needs to be done with enthusiasm
policy change: selling education to a resistant market; due to lack of discipline
policy change: education in the past was more traditional education in South Africa
 policy changes must be gradual
policy does nothing.
 policy has to be in writing ready for inspection by government
 policy implementation: political changes in education has little impact of what happens in the classroom
 policy implementation: the fact that we had not implemented the change helped the investigation as to why not and
 establishing where the pitfall are
 policy influences in the classroom
 policy is law and must be implemented .
 policy is not debatable
 policy must be implemented within the limits and constraints of available facilities
 policy production: documents had been written, although we were made to believe that we were part of that process
 policy production: the qualifications framework had been written already although we were told that we were going to have
 some input
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policy production; we were led to believe we would influence policy change with the view to curriculum political changes in education has little impact of what happens in the classroom political views may impact the willingness to change politically driving force and influence politics: what happens in education is politically motivated positively supporting private school allowed more freedom private school: could write our syllabi private school: higher pay private school: must know what is going on out there. private school: space to be your own personality ' private schools have money for the new expensive material private schools: more respect professionalism comes from the individual professionalism is difficult Proper planning is need prior provided educators understand it redeployment: teacher with family can not start teaching in Hammanskraal tomorrow research resistance resistance: old ways of teaching work' resources: OBE: platteland do not have the resources restrictiveness in rules right to quality education rights of education Rules and regulations, SACE SACE Code of conduct School circulars school management is difficult due to many stakeholders school management roles have changed school to be handed over to government seller must be self-confident selling influence selling is important selling policy: seller must be committed and take full ownership standards: cannot be maintained standards: OBE standards are questioned still familiar with the old Studies supplying relevant info teacher as a person teacher as a person: code of conduct is essential for unprofessional teachers ٠. teacher labeling: who can and who cannot teacher participation in policy production: their input is important teacher perception and belief: I do not believe in corporal punishment teacher perception: can educate a population to have the same opportunities teacher perception: cannot change the system teacher perception: cannot change the world teacher perception: cannot legislate a population to love one another teacher perception: education changes society teacher perception: education thrives because teachers think they the best teacher perception: I am a good teacher, teacher perception: I am going to loose my job teacher perception: I am going to loose my job if I don't do what I am told teacher perception: I am going to loose my job irrespective of how good I teach teacher perception: I am good for the teaching profession . teacher perception: I am highly efficient, teacher perception: I am too busy teacher perception: I am very efficient teacher perception: I see myself primarily as an academic

teacher perception: low sense of self

teacher perception: many people see themselves as experts of education

teacher perception: OBE I thought it was a gimmick

teacher perception: OBE is better implemented in government schools since we missed out on meetings

teacher perception: OBE is too wishy washy

teacher perception: OBE: experienced teachers know where to hold on the syllabi and when not to

teacher perception: older teachers are set in their ways

teacher perception: perspectives differ on the perception regarding experience in education

teacher perception: some teachers see it as a compliment for doing things in the same way they did it 20 years ago

teacher perception: teacher think they are the body of knowledge

teacher perception: teaching used to be fun

teacher perception: Teaching: no basic respect as a profession teacher perception: they think they are better than everybody else

teacher perception: think I am very committed.

teacher perception: value is placed on window dressing teacher perception: window dressing leads to safety

teacher perception: window dressing: files should look good to show they are competent

teacher perception: you are not entitled to be your person, ...

teacher perceptions: inadequate salaries

teacher personality: impacts to go the extra mile teacher: professionalism comes from the individual

teacher: professionalism is difficult

teacher: transition personal

teacher: transition: teacher as person during the process of change

teacher: transition: teacher behaviour is scrutinised ...:

teacher: view of person influences response to policy change

teacher: view of the person

teachers' thinking and perceptions-

teachers all have something to give

teachers are giving it the best

teachers are trained in the more conservative institutions.

teachers are uncommitted

teachers as facilitators need to know exactly where they going with the children

teachers believe in their own ideas

teachers cannot move out their protected circle

teachers do not have enough time

teachers do not hold an exclusive body of knowledge

teachers do not know

teachers do not want to sacrifice their whole weekend for preparation .

teachers doubt if the change is really intended and assume that the authorities hope that they will put on their own 'stamp'

teachers feel they are not the right thing

teachers give not information

teachers have less rights than the children

teachers lack communication and problemsolving skills

teachers loose their individuality

teachers must also learn to work in groups

teachers must deliver a service irrespective of their political views

teachers need all the support

teachers need to learn to guide, prompt, and probe without taking over

teachers perception: no privacy

teachers perception: no respect as a female

teachers refuse to cooperate

teachers should be held responsible and accountable

teachers suffer from inertia

teachers teach merely to keep their post

teachers themselves do not understand

teachers try to stay away from any discomfort

teachers who did do training do not necessarily train their colleagues .

teachers who have methods that work for them are not likely to change those ways

teachers: need a lot more support

teaching has lost some very good teachers due to low salaries and the pressure

teaching is about giving to humanity

teaching is altruistic

teaching is in an protected environment teaching morale is very low teaching practice teaching practice effect: cosmetic changes teaching practice lack of clear understanding teaching practice: teaching practice: OBE loopholes for lazy teachers teaching practice: children's potential is discounted teaching practice: classes are getting bigger teaching practice: delegate and authorise accountability teaching practice: invading privacy teaching practice: it is a pity that we do not learn from the past teaching practice: lack of basic teaching skills teaching practice: lack of change facilitation leads to harm teaching practice: little parental support for the teachers teaching practice: lots of energy and you get little back teaching practice: math's needs to learnt in a practical and concrete way teaching practice: need criteria for lessons teaching practice: need watchdogs teaching practice: needs a lot of hard work teaching practice: needs are in the rural areas teaching practice: new homework policy in writing teaching practice: new math's does not work teaching practice: no drilling of math's in the OBE way. teaching practice: no more teaching only facilitating teaching practice: not only academic performance is assessed teaching practice: OBE assessment is still on an individual basis teaching practice: OBE children seen as individuals teaching practice: OBE groupwork: assessment is different teaching practice: OBE in our school we have done that type of teaching teaching practice: OBE is the way that I have been teaching teaching practice: OBE learners are exposed to teachers' confusion teaching practice: OBE need equipment teaching practice: OBE resisting: we still drill math's teaching practice: OBE strong children should not always be the leaders teaching practice: OBE widens the gap. teaching practice: old recipes work teaching practice: teachers need to be very organised teaching practice: time constraints: incredible long hours teaching practice: OBE other forms of assessment are incorporated they are not sure thorough planning Through follow-ups Through the principal time constraints: incredible long hours time is problematic to explain to other to learn 'how to' too many teachers stagnate tp effect: disciplines structure is breaking down tp: =teaching practice tp: bright children are copied tp: bright children set the pace tp: change should be spelt out clearly tp: children become confused : tp: children bring information tp: children can query the teacher tp: children: confusion amounts pupils tp: clear objectives for group work tp: code of conduct: all in writing

tp: creative teachers find is easier to change

- tp: discipline and right to quality education
- tp: discipline is a problem
- tp: discipline problem
- tp: discipline problems:by law the teacher may not touch the child
- tp: effect in group work; stronger child carries weaker child
- tp: effect: children flourish with the freedom
- tp: effect: duck-and-divers will do even less
- tp: emphasis is on the rights of children
- tp: everything in teaching is predetermined
- tp: experienced teachers are forced to follow the code of conduct
- tp: facilitating is an art
- tp: financial spending changes
- tp: focus on the individual pupil and not the education system
- tp: following protocol
- tp: groupwork: children felt they were not important in the group
- tp: heavy work load
- tp: hidden curriculum
- tp: knowledge: need to know policy change but do not follow slavishly
- tp: less time to be with children
- tp: OBE workshops much earlier for awareness and advertisement
- tp: OBE: better teachers can have a ball
- tp: OBE: bossy boot can be overpowering
- tp: OBE: can work if children are really disciplined
- tp: OBE: children cannot only experience math's
- tp: OBE: entails an incredible lot of work
- tp: OBE: hard working teachers works even harder
- tp: OBE: insecure teachers can get away with doing nothing
- tp: OBE: participation is very important
- tp: OBE: peer evaluation
- tp: OBE: there is a lot of good in the ways of assessing
- tp: OBE: weak child will have learnt nothing after a cycle
- tp: one must be allowed your professionalism
- tp: only few teachers take responsibility for their mistakes
- tp: people must really want to teach to
- tp: prepared to take on extra work
- tp: problems are not visible
- tp: professionalism and freedom to choose
- tp: pupils feel the pressure
- tp: resistance to change: groupwork not always good: children need peace and quiet to absorb
- tp: rights of education
- tp: school life regulates personal life
- tp: shocking classroom activities
- tp: so much work is involved
- tp: some children cannot work with a lot of noise
- tp: step by step guidance
- tp: structured support or policing system is needed
- tp: support is needed at grassroots levels
- tp: teacher has power in the classroom
- tp: teachers are now facilitators
- tp: teachers are striving to give their best
- tp: teachers are told what to do: you will do as we say
- tp: teachers need structures to hold on to
- tp: teaching takes a lot of energy
- tp: the more freedom children have, the more the teacher facilitates
- tp: time is problematic
- tp: to differentiate the teachers may not always know exactly where very child is in progress
- tp: too much freedom: children get lost
- tp: too much preparation
- tp: very aware of the detail of specific changes
- tp: we are doing our own thing
- tp: we develop our own methods
- tp: workload increase

tp: younger staff are quite keen
tp:evaluation becomes easy
tp:evaluation is too wishy-washy
tp: evauluation may be biased
tp: freedom is not licensed
tp; some teachers are too rigid
training for 2005
transition personal
transition: teacher as person during the process of change
transition: teacher behaviour is scrutinised
unclear understanding
workshops