

## References

---

- Aggen, G., Deverell, H.E., and Nichol, T.J. (1978). Microstructures versus properties of 29-4 ferritic stainless steel. *Micon* **78**, 334-366.
- Anzai, H., Kuniya, J., and Masaoka, I. (1988). Effect of 475°C embrittlement on fracture resistance of cast duplex stainless steel. *Transactions of the Iron and Steel Institute of Japan* **28**, 400-405.
- ASM Metals Handbook, ninth edition (1985). American Society for Metals, Metals Park, Ohio. Volume 8, p. 12, volume 9, pp. 692, 693.
- Avner, S.H. (1992). *Introduction to Physical Metallurgy*. McGraw-Hill. Singapore.
- Bates, C.E., Totten, G.E., and Brennan, R.L. Quenching of steel. In *ASM Handbook vol. 4 Heat Treatment*, pp. 68-69. ASM International. USA.
- Binder, W.O., and Spendelow, H.R. (1950). The influence of chromium on the mechanical properties of plain chromium steels. *Transactions of the A.S.M.* **43**, 759-777.
- Blackburn, M.J., and Nutting, J. (1964). Metallography of an iron-21% chromium alloy subjected to 475°C embrittlement. *Journal of the Iron and Steel Institute July 1964*, 610-613.
- Brooks, C.R. (1979). Stainless steels. In *Heat Treatment of Ferrous Alloys*, Hemisphere publishing corporation, Washington.
- Chandra, D., and Schwartz, L.H. (1971). Mössbauer effect study of the 475°C decomposition of Fe-Cr. *Metallurgical Transactions* **2**, 511-519.



Charenton, J.C., and Balteneck, S. (1992). Duplex martensitic-ferritic stainless steels with 17% chromium and high yield strength, for conveyor systems in the food processing industry. In *Applications of Stainless Steels '92 vol.1*. pp.694-704. Jernkontoret, Stockholm, Sweden.

Chun, C.H., and Polonis, D.H. (1992) Metallurgical stability and the fracture behaviour of ferritic stainless steels. *Journal of Materials Engineering and Performance* **13**, 371-382.

Cortie, M.B. (1995). Embrittlement and aging at 475°C in an experimental ferritic stainless steel containing 38% Cr. *Materials Science and Engineering A* **199**, 153-163.

Czakó-Nagy, I., and Vértes, A. (1988). Mössbauer spectroscopy as an analytical tool. *Trends in Analytical Chemistry* **vol.7 no. 8**, 305-310.

Demo, J.J. (1971). Mechanism of high temperature embrittlement and loss of corrosion resistance in AISI type 446 stainless steel. *Corrosion* **27**, 531-544.

De Nys, T., and Gielen, P.M. (1971). Spinodal decomposition in the Fe-Cr system. *Metallurgical Transactions* **2**, 1423-1428.

Dieter, G.E. (1988). *Mechanical Metallurgy* SI metric edition. McGraw-Hill Book Co. London.

Dubiel, S.M., and Inden, G. (1987). On the miscibility gap in the Fe-Cr system: a Mössbauer study on long term annealed alloys. *Z. Metallkunde*, 544-549.

Dubiel, S.M., Wrzesniewska, T., and Gorczyca, S. (1979). A study of the influence of deformation on a shape of the Mössbauer spectrum of iron-chromium alloys. *Journal of Physic F. Metal. Phys.* **9 no. 5**, 949-954.

Dymek, S., and Blicharski, M. (1985). Microstructure of the ferritic stainless steels after high strains. *Z. Metallkunde* **76**, 777-785.



Fisher, R.M., Dulis, E.J., and Carroll, G.K. (1953). Identification of the precipitate accompanying 885°F embrittlement in chromium steels. *Journal of Metals May 1953*, 690-695.

Golovin, I.S., Sarrak, V.I., and Suvorova, S.O. (1992). Influence of carbon and nitrogen on solid solution decay and "475°C embrittlement" of high-chromium ferritic steels. *Metallurgical Transactions 23A*, 2567-2579.

Gonser, U. (1983). Mössbauer spectrum in physical metallurgy. *Hyperfine Interactions 13*, 5-23.

Grobner, P.J. (1973). The 885°F (475°C) embrittlement of ferritic stainless steels. *Metallurgical Transactions 4*, 251-260.

Heger, J.J. (1951). 855°F embrittlement of the ferritic chromium-iron alloys. *Metal Progress August 1951*, 55-61.

Hertzberg, R.W. (1983). Deformation and Fracture Mechanics of Engineering Materials. John Wiley and sons, Inc., U.S.A. p.344.

Hillert, M. (1961). A solid solution model for inhomogeneous systems. *Acta Metallurgica 9*, 525-535.

Kirchheim, R., Heine, B., Fichmeister, H., Hofmann, S., Knotz, H., and Stolz, U. (1989). The passivity of iron-chromium alloys. *Corrosion Science*, vol. **29**, 889-917.

Koutaniemi, P., Heikkinen, V., and Saarinen, A. (1974). Effect of vanadium on the 475°C embrittlement of a chromium steel. *Metal Science 8*, 94-96.

Krauss, G. (1989). Stainless steels. In *Steels: Heat Treatment and Processing Principles*. ASM International, USA.



Lagneborg, R. (1967). Metallography of the 475°C embrittlement in an iron-30% chromium alloy. *Transactions of the A.S.M.* **60**, 67-78.

Lena, A.J., and Hawkes, M.F. (1954). 475°C (885°F) embrittlement in stainless steels. *Journal of Metals May 1954*, 607-615.

Mao, X. and Zhao, W. (1993). Electrochemical polarization method to detect aging embrittlement of 321 stainless steel. *Corrosion* **49**, 335-342.

Marcinkowski, M.J., Fisher, R.M., and Szirmai,A. (1964). Effect of 500°C aging on the deformation behaviour of an iron-chromium alloy. *Transactions of the Metallurgical Society of AIME* **230**, 676-689.

Mashimo, K. (1985). Effect of alloying elements on properties of high chromium-molybdenum ferritic stainless steels. *Transactions of the Iron and Steel Institute of Japan* **25**, B-31.

Miller, M.K. (1987). Morphology of low temperature phase transformations in the iron-chromium system. In *Phase Transformations*, Lorimer,G.W. (ed.), The Institute of Metals, pp. 39-43.

Montano, P.A. (1986). Technological applications of Mössbauer spectra. *Hyperfine Interactions* **1986**, 147-159.

Newell, H.D. (1946). Properties and characteristics of 27% chromium-iron. *Metal Progress May 1946*, 977-1006.

Nichol, T.J., Datta, A., and Aggen, G. (1980). Embrittlement of ferritic stainless steels. *Metallurgical Transactions* **11A**, 573-585.



Ning, L., Zhonggang, D. and Menggen, H. (1991). Effect of heat treatment on microstructure and mechanical properties of martensitic-ferritic stainless steel containing 17% Cr and 2% Ni. *Materials Science and Technology* 7, 1057-1062.

Paxton, H.W., and Kunitake, T. (1960). Diffusion in the iron-chromium system. *Transactions of the Metallurgical Society of AIME* 218, 1003-1009.

Pickering, F.B. (1979). The metallurgical evolution of stainless steels. In *The Metallurgical Evolution of Stainless Steels*, Pickering,F.B. (ed.) ASM (Ohio) and MS (London) p 17,22.

Pistorius, P.C., and Coetze, M. (1996). Sensitization of type 430 stainless steel during continuous annealing. *Journal of the South African Institute of Mining and Metallurgy* 96, 119-125.

Plumtree, A., and Gullberg, R. Embrittlement of a continuously cooled Fe-25Cr alloy. *Metallurgical Transactions* 7A, 1451-1458

Pollard, B. (1974). Effect of titanium on the ductility of 26% chromium low interstitial ferritic stainless steel. *Metals Technology* January 1974, 31-36.

Porter, D.A., and Easterling, K.E. (1992). Diffusion. In *Phase transformations in metals and alloys* (2nd edn), p. 93, p.102. Chapman and Hall, London.

Porter, D.A., and Easterling, K.E. (1992). Diffusional transformations in solids. In *Phase transformations in metals and alloys* (2nd edn), p. 93, p.308-314. Chapman and Hall, London.

Rajkay, L. (1967). Report of subcommittee VI on thermal embrittlement of medium-and high-chromium ferritic steels. *Proceedings of ASTM* 67, 158-169.

Redmond, J.D., and Miska, K.H. (1982). The basics of stainless steels. *Chemical Engineering October* 18, 79-93.



Reed-Hill, R.E., and Abbaschian, R. (1992). Annealing. In *Physical Metallurgy Principles* (3d edn), p.227-233.

Semchyshen, M., Bond, A.P., and Dundas, H.J. (1979). Effects of composition on ductility and toughness of ferritic stainless steels. In *The Metallurgical Evolution of Stainless Steels*, Pickering, F.B. (ed.) ASM (Ohio) and MS (London) p 260-274.

Sheppard, T., and Richards, P. (1987). Structural and substructural observations during thermomechanical processing of two ferritic stainless steels. *Journal of Materials Science* **22**, 1642-1650.

Thielsch, H. (1951). Physical and welding metallurgy of chromium stainles steels. *The Welding Journal May 1951*, 209-s - 250-s.

Thielsch, H. (1955). Welding summary. *Welding Research Supplement January 1955*, 22-s - 30-s.

Tisinai, G.F., and Samans, C.H. (1957). Some observations on 885°F embrittlement. *Journal of Metals October 1957*, 1221-1226.

Trindade, B., and Vilar, R. (1991). Influence of nickel on the 475°C embrittlement of Fe0Cr-Ni alloys: Mössbauer effect study. *Hyperfine Interactions* **66**, 351-358.

Truman, J.E. (1992). Stainless steels. In Constitution and Properties of Steels. Pickering,F.B. (ed.). VCH, Weinheim, Germany.

Williams, R.O. (1958). Further studies of the iron-chromium system. *Transactions of the Metallurgical Society of AIME August 1958*, 497-502.

Williams, R.O., and Paxton, H.W. (1957). The nature of ageing of binary iron-chromium alloys around 500°C. *Journal of the Iron and Steel Institute March 1957*, 358-374.

## Appendices



UNIVERSITEIT VAN PRETORIA  
UNIVERSITY OF PRETORIA  
YUNIBESITHI YA PRETORIA

## Appendix 1

**Effect of cold working. Material solution treated at 920°C and aged at 475°C.**

**With and without cold rolling (fig.4.3)**

Aging time (h)	No reduction (8mm)		38% reduction in area (5mm)	
	hardness (HV20kg)	standard deviation	hardness (HV20kg)	standard deviation
0	167.6	4.0	248.7	5.6
0.5	171.1	5.0	274.9	4.4
1	166.3	3.3	270.3	7.2
2	173.4	4.6	275.6	4.2
4	171.1	2.9	271.5	6.3
8	172.2	4.5	277.5	5.9
16	180.6	2.8	267.7	5.5
32	171.0	3.5	271.3	8.0
64	173.7	3.5	274.5	5.6
128	174.1	3.0	280.7	6.6
260	198.0	4.6	294.9	5.7

## Appendix 2

### Strain aging: Chains aged at 100°C (fig. 4.6)

Aging time (h)	Hardness (HV20kg)	Standard deviation
0	251.1	5.1
0.25	254.2	6.6
0.5	251.6	4.4
1	256.1	5.5
2	254.6	4.6
4	252.6	3.6
8	249.6	3.1
16	252.1	3.4
32	252.7	3.9
64	251.4	4.8

## Appendix 3

**Strain aging: Sheet material solution treated at 930°C, cold rolled and aged at 100°C (fig.4.7)**

Aging time (h)	Hardness (HV20kg)	Standard deviation
0.25	266.7	6.2
0.5	266.7	8.2
1	266.3	6.2
2	264.8	5.4
4	257.7	6.2
14	267.8	8.4

## Appendix 4

### Hardness of chain and sheet material aged at 475°C (fig.5.1)

Aging time (h)	Chain		Sheet material	
	Hardness (HV20kg)	Standard deviation	Hardness (HV20kg)	Standard deviation
0	248.5	3.9	242.3	3.8
0.5	246.2	3.1	238.7	2.5
1	249.2	4.1	242.5	3.3
2	240.6	3.6	244.5	3.8
4	245.6	3.4	240.9	3.9
8	250.0	3.4	238.3	3.2
16	250.1	3.4	242.2	3.7
32	251.2	3.6		
64	258.6	2.8	244.7	4.5
128	264.9	2.9		
260	283.4	3.9	274.8	5.7

## Appendix 5

**Chain aged at 450°C and 475°C (fig.5.2)**

Aging time (h)	Aging at 450°C		Aging at 475°C	
	Hardness (HV20kg)	Standard deviation	Hardness (HV20kg)	Standard deviation
0	256.4	8.3	248.5	3.9
0.5	250.1	3.8	246.2	3.1
1	252.8	3.3	249.2	4.1
2	254.6	4.2	240.6	3.6
4	247.2	4.4	245.6	3.4
8	244.7	3.1	250.0	3.4
16	261.2	5.4	250.1	3.4
32	259.1	3.6	251.2	3.6
64	267.9	6.0	258.6	2.8
128	269.3	3.9	264.9	2.9
260	280.1	4.2	283.4	3.9

## Appendix 6

**Sheet material aged at 400°C, 475°C and 500°C (fig.5.3)**

Aging time (h)	400°C		475°C		500°C	
	Hardness (HV20kg)	Standard deviation	Hardness (HV20kg)	Standard deviation	Hardness (HV20kg)	Standard deviation
0.5	246.2	5.1	242.3	3.8	234.9	3.8
1	246.7	3.8	238.7	2.5	235.8	4.1
2	242.4	5.9	242.5	3.3	234.3	5.2
4	242.4	4.5	244.5	3.8	234.7	3.7
8	238.9	5.7	240.9	3.9	235.5	4.8
16	240.7	4.1	238.3	3.2	233.5	4.9
32	240.8	3.4	242.2	3.7	235.5	3.8
48	246.1	4.1				
64			244.7	4.5	237.8	2.9
128					238.4	3.7
260			274.8	5.7	236.7	3.9

## Appendix 7

### Equilibrium volume fractions $\alpha''$ (fig.5.4)

Temperature (°C)	Volume fraction $\alpha''$
427	0.06
435	0.055
450	0.05
465	0.04
475	0.02
485	0.008

## Appendix 8

**Hardness after solution treatments at different temperatures. 15 minutes at temperature, water quench, no reduction (fig.6.1)**

Solution temperature (°C)	Hardness (HV20kg)	Standard deviation	% Martensite*
800	161.7	2.0	-
825	160.9	1.6	-
850	162.5	2.3	-
875	153.9	2.9	-
900	165.7	2.3	-
925	177.0	4.1	14.0
950	209.1	4.7	32.0
975	219.8	6.0	35.5
1000	221.0	5.5	34.7
1025	211.4	10.0	30.2
1050	204.9	9.6	25.5
1075	190.0	5.1	10.0
1100	196.6	6.4	4.5
1125	201.2	5.3	0.5
1150	214.4	9.1	-
1175	236.4	10.6	-
1200	252.0	8.8	-

\* % martensite determined by etching in Ralph's etchant and using a point count method (200 points per specimen)

## Appendix 9

**Solution treatment at 930°C (45 min) and 990°C (45 min), cold rolling and aging at 475°C (fig.6.4)**

Aging time (h)	930°C		990°C	
	Hardness (HV20kg)	Standard deviation	Hardness (HV20kg)	Standard deviation
0	260.5	6.2	288.1	8.1
0.5	287.2	9.4	306.9	7.9
1	293.5	8.8	296.6	8.6
2	297.2	9.2	311.0	8.5
4	289.7	6.1	309.2	7.4
8	296.3	8.2	302.1	7.8
16	286.5	7.5	301.7	7.0
32	290.9	7.2	302.7	6.8
64			304.9	6.8
128	298.1	5.2	311.3	6.0
260	306.6	5.1	312.9	4.7
520	311.8	4.6	320.7	4.5



## Appendix 10

Solution treatment at 880°C and 930°C, and aging at 475°C (fig.6.5)

Aging time (h)	880°C		930°C	
	Hardness (HV20kg)	Standard deviation	Hardness (HV20kg)	Standard deviation
0	247.1	6.3	257.9	5.5
0.03*	267.1	8.2	304.1	8.8
0.07*	272.0	5.7	309.8	7.2
0.13*	274.2	7.7	306.6	8.6
0.25*	268.5	6.4	303.2	11.1
0.5*	265.1	5.2	304.9	8.9
0.5	262.8	5.5	306.9	12.9
1	260.1	4.5	306.5	12.6
2	261.6	6.2	289.7	10.5
4	259.8	4.4	293.0	8.0
8	265.5	4.8	296.6	10.5
16	258.8	3.2	287.2	6.8
32	259.3	3.9	284.7	8.2
64	266.3	6.8	289.8	7.3
128	276.3	5.3	292.4	6.5
260	289.7	5.8	302.6	5.3
544	302.4	3.4	310.4	5.3
1040	308.9	5.6	319.8	6.7
2072	318.8	4.2	326.7	5.8

\* Aged in weld cycle simulator

## Appendix 11

**Solution treatment at 880°C and 930°C, and aging at 450°C (fig.6.8)**

Aging time (h)	880°C		930°C	
	Hardness (HV20kg)	Standard deviation	Hardness (HV20kg)	Standard deviation
0	241.8	3.0	281.3	11.1
0.03*	268.5	5.1	313.3	15.1
0.07*	268.9	6.9	298.8	8.2
0.13*	266.4	4.9	320.6	9.3
0.25*	266.9	5.1	305.7	14.3
0.5*	269.5	5.2	319.7	10.2
0.5	274.0	4.6	325.4	11.6
1	273.8	6.8	321.7	7.7
2	267.3	4.6	326.0	16.2
4	273.5	3.8	321.3	5.3
8	268.6	5.3	322.3	12.2
16	264.8	5.9	323.9	8.8
32	266.5	4.9	319.1	
64	270.9	5.2	323.4	8.3
128	273.7	6.3	317.2	8.8
260	282.4	5.0	320.7	5.8
520	301.4	7.0	322.1	9.9

\* Aged in weld cycle simulator

## Appendix 12

### Distribution of hyperfine field (T) with aging time (fig. 6.11)

Aging time at 475°C	solution treated at 880°C	solution treated at 930°C
0	26.92	26.73
8 minutes	27.08	26.98
32 hours	27.14	27.20
260 hours	27.65	27.57
2072 hours	27.99	28.13



## Appendix 13

### Impact strength and % lateral expansion (fig.7.1 and 7.2)

	Aging time at 475°C	Impact strength (J/mm <sup>2</sup> )	% Lateral expansion
Solution at 880°C	0	0.84	33.3
	0	-	-
	0	0.80	30.1
	0	0.58	21.3
	8 minutes	0.05	2.4
	8 minutes	0.05	1.8
	8 minutes	0.10	2.0
	8 minutes	0.06	1.8
	32 hours	0.06	1.2
	32 hours	0.06	1.0
Solution at 930°C	32 hours	0.05	0.4
	32 hours	0.31	11.2
	0	0.14	8.8
	0	0.23	11.2
	0	0.06	1.8
	0	0.07	1.8
	8 minutes	0.04	2.8
	8 minutes	0.04	3.4
	8 minutes	0.03	0.2
	8 minutes	0.04	2.8



## Appendix 14

### **K<sub>IC</sub> values and critical crack length (fig.7.3)**

	Aging time at 475°C	K <sub>IC</sub>	Critical crack length (mm)
Solution at 880°C	0	315.0079	80.901
	0	305.4638	760.73
	0	240.0011	46.961
	8 minutes	38.1830	0.804
	8 minutes	38.1830	0.804
	8 minutes	64.2159	2.274
	8 minutes	43.7780	1.057
	32 hours	43.7780	1.115
	32 hours	43.7780	1.115
	32 hours	39.3228	0.899
Solution at 930°C	32 hours	150.9315	13.248
	0	83.3124	4.643
	0	119.3457	9.528
	0	43.7780	1.282
	0	50.7148	1.720
	8 minutes	34.3961	0.509
	8 minutes	33.2031	0.475
	8 minutes	26.0305	0.292
	8 minutes	32.2989	0.449
	32 hours	34.3961	0.534
	32 hours	40.7324	0.749
	32 hours	26.0305	0.306
	32 hours	32.2989	0.471

## Appendix 15

### Uniform plastic strain (fig.7.10)

Aging time (h)	880°C solution treatment	930°C solution treatment
0	0.0110	0.0094
0	0.0124	0.0093
0	0.0110	0.0110
0	0.0180	0.0123
8 minutes	0.0383	0.0387
8 minutes	0.0260	0.0428
8 minutes	0.0334	0.0466
8 minutes	0.0311	0.0499
32 hours	0.0466	0.0490
32 hours	0.0394	0.0463
32 hours	0.0325	0.0652
32 hours	0.0408	0.0641
277 hours	0.0384	0.0485
277 hours	0.0473	0.0480
277 hours	0.0344	0.0506
277 hours	0.0447	0.0509

## Appendix 16

**Strain -to-failure in width and thickness directions (880°C and 930°C)**  
 (fig. 7.13 and 7.14)

	Aging time at 475°C	$\varepsilon_w$	$\varepsilon_t$
Solution at 880°C	no deformation, no aging	-0.327	-1.052
	no deformation, no aging	-0.349	-1.104
	no deformation, no aging	-0.330	-1.001
	0	-0.293	-0.839
	0	-0.316	-0.916
	0	-0.317	-1.033
	8 minutes	-0.249	-0.718
	8 minutes	-0.223	-0.693
	8 minutes	-0.202	-0.639
	8 minutes	-0.239	-0.680
	32 hours	-0.161	-0.618
	32 hours	-0.256	-0.756
	32 hours	-0.235	-0.791
	32 hours	-0.255	-0.753
	277 hours	-0.207	-0.539
	277 hours	-0.170	-0.553
	277 hours	-0.192	-0.518
	277 hours	-0.159	-0.620



## Appendix 16 (continued)

	Aging time at $475^{\circ}\text{C}$	$\varepsilon_w$	$\varepsilon_t$
	no deformation, no aging	-0.185	-0.594
	no deformation, no aging	-0.210	-0.616
	no deformation, no aging	-0.215	-0.628
Solution at $930^{\circ}\text{C}$	0	-0.194	-0.574
	0	-0.163	-0.618
	0	-0.202	-0.680
	0	-0.213	-0.718
	8 minutes	-0.192	-0.511
	8 minutes	-0.186	-0.456
	8 minutes	-0.132	-0.299
	8 minutes	-0.103	-0.203
	32 hours	-0.213	-0.554
	32 hours	-0.217	-0.511
	32 hours	-0.178	-0.375
	32 hours	-0.192	-0.399
	277 hours	-0.182	-0.488
	277 hours	-0.207	-0.414
	277 hours	-0.153	-0.369
	277 hours	-0.122	-0.325

## Appendix 17

### R-ratio of strains ( $\varepsilon_w/\varepsilon_t$ ) (fig. 7.15)

Aging time (h)	880°C solution treatment	930°C solution treatment
no deformation, no aging	0.311	0.312
no deformation, no aging	0.316	0.341
no deformation, no aging	0.330	0.342
0	0.349	0.337
0	-	0.264
0	0.344	0.297
0	0.307	0.296
8 minutes	0.347	0.375
8 minutes	0.322	0.408
8 minutes	0.316	0.441
8 minutes	0.352	0.509
32 hours	0.261	0.384
32 hours	0.338	0.424
32 hours	0.297	0.475
32 hours	0.339	0.481
277 hours	0.384	0.373
277 hours	0.307	0.500
277 hours	0.372	0.414
277 hours	0.256	0.375

## Appendix 18

**Difference between true strain in the neck and true strain at necking (fig. 7.16)**

Aging time (h)	880°C solution treatment	930°C solution treatment
no deformation no aging	-1.052	-0.678
no deformation no aging	-1.104	-0.704
no deformation no aging	-1.001	-0.708
0	-0.839	-0.584
0	-	-0.628
0	-0.926	-0.691
0	-1.043	-0.730
8 minutes	-0.749	-0.542
8 minutes	-0.715	-0.489
8 minutes	-0.667	-0.333
8 minutes	-0.705	-0.239
32 hours	-0.657	-0.592
32 hours	-0.788	-0.546
32 hours	-0.819	-0.442
32 hours	-0.786	-0.445
277 hours	-0.569	-0.526
277 hours	-0.592	-0.448
277 hours	-0.546	-0.408
277 hours	-0.659	-0.365

## Appendix 19

### Tensile strength and 0.2% yield stress of 880°C and 930°C specimens

(figure 7.19)

	Aging time (h)	Tensile strength (MPa)	0.2% Yield stress (MPa)
<b>Solution at 880°C</b>	0	685	597
	0	679	611
	0	691	652
	0	672	618
	0.13	783	745
	0.13	802	766
	0.13	806	763
	0.13	811	773
	32	810	740
	32	811	741
	32	808	740
	32	800	733
	277	805	745
	277	893	824
	277	893	826
	277	912	846

## Appendix 19 (continued)

Solution at 930°C	Aging time (h)	Tensile strength (MPa)	0.2% Yield stress (MPa)
	0	741	705
	0	749	711
	0	734	680
	0	731	655
	0.13	869	802
	0.13	871	826
	0.13	990	816
	0.13	968	890
	32	871	793
	32	887	811
	32	979	883
	32	979	874
	277	933	861
	277	908	838
	277	994	900
	277	1003	903