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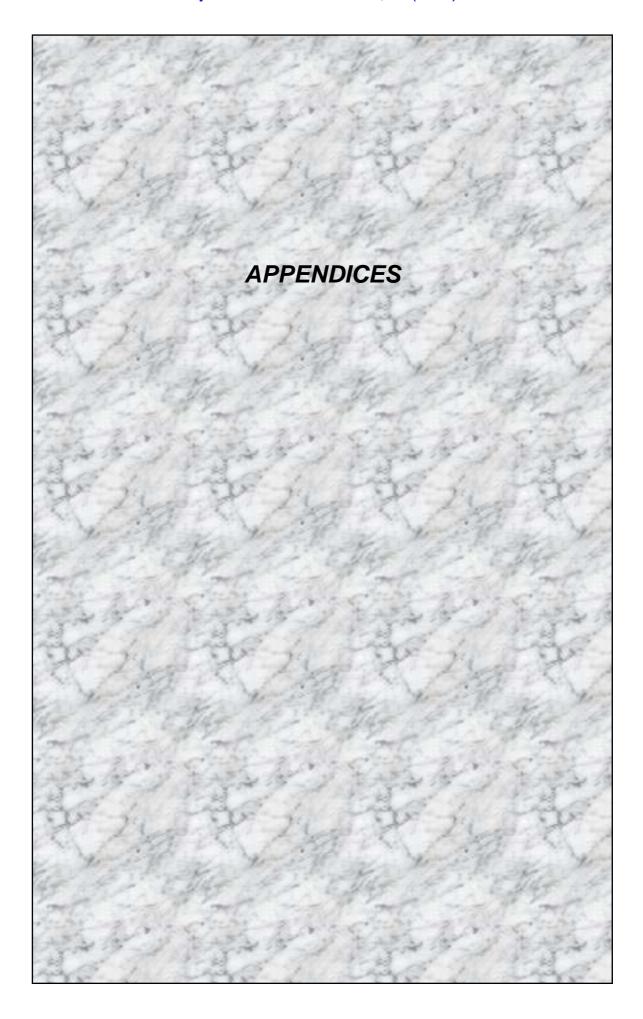
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**APPENDIX 1** 

P.O. Box 82270 DOORNPOORT

1 March 2003

Moretele Area Project Office Makapanstad 0404

Re: PERMISSION TO CONDUCT AN EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH AT THREE HIGH SCHOOLS IN THE MORETELE AREA PROJECT OFFICE

I hereby wish to be granted permission to conduct research at three high schools in the Moretele Area Project Office. The research is on Variables contributing towards the establishment of a culture of teaching and learning in high schools.

I will personally conduct the research that will involve the Grade 12 learners, Grade 12 teachers, School Management Team and Learners' parents.

Thanking you in anticipation.

Yours faithfully

MRS M. SEDIBE

#### **APPENDIX 2**

Moretele Area Project Office Makapanstad 0404

4 March 2004

Mrs M Sedibe P.O. Box 82270 DOORNPOORT 0017

# CONDUCTING EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH IN THE MORETELE AREA PROJECT OFFICE

The Moretele Area Project Office in the North-West Province acknowledge your letter dated 1 March 2004, and therefore grant you the permission to conduct your research.

Kind regards

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION NORTH-WEST PROVINCE

#### **APPENDIX 3**

PO Box 82270 DOORNPOORT 0017

5 March 2004

Dear respondent

## VARIABLES CONTRIBUTING TOWARDS A CULTURE OF TEACHING AND LEARNING IN HIGH SCHOOLS

Would you kindly assist me in answering the questionnaires as I am currently investigating variables that could contribute towards the culture of teaching and learning in high schools.

The responses will be confidential and I hope that this research will help us in improving the culture of teaching and learning in schools.

The questionnaires are to be answered by Grade 12 teachers, the school management team, learners and learners' parents.

Thank you for your willing participation.

Kind regards

Mrs Mabatho Sedibe Tel: 082-465-2456

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION
NORTH-WEST PROVINCE

MRS M. SEDIBE

	QUESTIONNAIRE FOR HIGH	H SCHOOL TEACHERS AND S	CHOOL MANAGEMENT	APPENDIX 4 TEAMS
			FOR OFFICE USE	
		Respondent's nu	umber V1	1-3
		School	V2	4
		Questionnaire nu	umber V3	1 5
Yo /o Kir	STRUCTIONS: ou are requested to complete the question are requested to complete the question are should not be written on the question are by mar pply additional information where requestions.	uestionnaire. king the appropriate number with		
	SECTIO	ON A: BIOGRAPHICAL INFO	RMATION	
			C	Office use only
1	Gender:	Male	1 V4	6
		Female	2	
2	Age:	20-24	1 V5	7
		25-29	2	
		30-34	3	
		35-39	4	
		40-44	5	
		45-49	6	
		50-54	7	
		55-59	8	
		60+	9	
3	Current level of your post:		1 V6 2 3 4	8
1	Marital status:			
	<ul><li>Married</li></ul>		1 V7	9
	<ul><li>Never</li></ul>		2	
	<ul><li>Divorced</li></ul>		3	
	<ul><li>Widow/Widower</li></ul>		4	

				Office use only
5	Number of years teaching Grade 12 (Std 10):			
	■ 1-5	1	V8	10
	■ 6-10	2		
	<b>11-15</b>	3		
	<ul><li>16 yrs and more</li></ul>	4		
6.	Your highest educational qualification:			
	<ul><li>Grade 12 (Std 10) or lower</li></ul>	1	V9	11
	<ul> <li>Post-school diploma / certificate</li> </ul>	2		
	<ul><li>B-degree only</li></ul>	3		
	<ul> <li>B-degree plus diploma</li> </ul>	4		
	<ul><li>Post-graduate qualification</li></ul>	5		
7	Are you currently studying, following your studies in	Yes 1	V10	12
	teaching/education?	No 2		

#### **SECTION B**

Read the following statements carefully and cross ONLY ONE number on the scale provided for each question.

What is your opinion regarding the role of teachers and school management team in the teaching and learning situation at your school, using the following key:

Strongly disagree	Disagree	Uncertain	Agree	Strongly agree
1	2	3	4	5

								Office use only
8	Teachers know most of their learners by name	1	2	3	4	5	V11	13
9	Teachers control and manage their classes well	1	2	3	4	5	V12	14
10	Teachers treat learners equally without favouritism	1	2	3	4	5	V13	15
11	Learners get much encouragement from their teachers	1	2	3	4	5	V14	16
12	Teachers are specialists in the subjects/learning areas they	teach	I					
		1	2	3	4	5	V15	17

		Office use only
13	Teachers are cooperative and committed in their teaching and learning situations	V16 18
14	Teachers are democratic in their teaching learning  1 2 3 4 5  situation	V17 19
15	Teachers sometimes dodge their school classes/lessons 1 2 3 4 5	V18 20
16	The relationship between teachers and learners is positive 1 2 3 4 5	V19 21
17	There is teamwork between staff members, parents and management team  1 2 3 4 5	V20 22
18	School management team do pay teachers class visits – on either weekly, monthly or quarterly basis  1 2 3 4 5	V21 23
19	Teachers do sometimes arrive late for school because of transport problems or other problems	V22 24
20	The school management team do practice favouritism amongst staff members  1 2 3 4 5	V23 25
21	Teachers lack professionalism  1 2 3 4 5	V24 26
22	Teachers have low morale 1 2 3 4 5	V25 27
23	Teachers do prepare their lessons thoroughly  1 2 3 4 5	V26 28
24	Teachers do give immediate feedback to learners on e.g. tests assignments classworks, projects and other school related matters  1 2 3 4 5	V27 29
25	Teachers do attend workshops and seminars organised by the Department of Education 1 2 3 4 5	V28 30
26	Teachers do assist learners with extra work in order to improve their academic progress 1 2 3 4 5	V29 31

#### Express your views regarding teaching in powerful learning environments.

				Office use only
27	The school is modern	1 2 3 4 5	V30	32
28	The school is conducive to learning	1 2 3 4 5	] V31	33
29	The school has enough lighting	1 2 3 4 5	] V32	34
30	The school has enough toilets	1 2 3 4 5		35
31	The school has a library that is used by learners and teacher	1 2 3 4 5	] V34	36
32	The school has a laboratory that is used by learners and tea	nchers	7 V35	37
33	The school has computers that are used by learners and tea	achers	<u>-</u>	
		1 2 3 4 5	V36	38
34	The school's classroom furniture is enough for learners	1 2 3 4 5	] V37	39
35	The school has the media facilities such as Television sets, videos etc.	tape recorders  1 2 3 4 5	] V38	40
36	Smoking dagga, drinking alcohol and taking other drugs is opposite the problems	one of this school's	] V39	41
37	Teachers are overloaded with schoolwork	1 2 3 4 5	]    V40	42
38	Classrooms are overcrowded, with a teacher/learner ratio or per class	f more than 1:40	V41	43
39	The Department of Education supplies the school with adeq learning resources	uate textbooks /	V42	44

#### Respond to the items on teaching strategies and methods

			Office	e use only
40	Teachers do teach instead of facilitating learning	1 2 3 4 5	V43	45
41	Learners are exposed to interactive activities such as group	owork, experiments,		
	researches, fieldwork and projects	1 2 3 4 5	V44	46
42	Outcomes-based education is implemented successfully at	our school		
		1 2 3 4 5	V45	47
43	Learners are given chance and also encouraged to constru	ct new meanings and		
	solutions from the existing knowledge	1 2 3 4 5	V46	48
44	Teachers do too much talking and learners listen passively	in order to finish the		
	matric syllabus	1 2 3 4 5	V47	49

#### Please respond to the statement below based on the parental involvement/ support

				Office use only
45	Parents do assist their children with homework	1 2 3 4 5	V48	50
46	Parents do attend meetings at school when invited by the pr	incipal		
		1 2 3 4 5	V49	51
47	Parents do provide their grade 12 children with the necessa			
	textbooks	1 2 3 4 5	V50	52
40	<del>-</del>			
48	There is a positive relationship between teachers, parents a	nd the school		
	management team	1 2 3 4 5	V51	53
49	Learners sometimes go to school being hungry	1 2 3 4 5	V52	54
50	In most cases learners are alone at home as their parents a	re working far away in		
	order to support them	1 2 3 4 5	V53	55

				Office use only
51	Learners do sometimes arrive late for school as they are staying far from school			
	1 2 3 4	5	V54	56
52	Some learners live alone in shacks	5	V55	57
53	Add any further information on the space provided below, based on the culture of	f		
	teaching and learning in this school			
54			V56	58
55			V57	59
56		_	V58	60
57	School representation			
	School A 1	$\neg    $	V59	61
	School B 2			
	School C 3			

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#### QUESTIONNAIRE FOR HIGH SCHOOL LEARNERS

FOR OFFICE USE						
Respondent's number	V1			1-3		
School	V2			4		
Questionnaire number	V3		2	5		

#### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

Married

Divorced

Never married

Widow/Widower

You are requested to complete the questionnaire honestly. Any information provided by you is confidential and your name should not be written on the questionnaire.

Kindly complete the questionnaire by marking the appropriate number with an x-symbol in the space provided and supply additional information where requested.

**SECTION A: BIOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION** 

#### Office use only Gender: Male 1 V4 Female 2 V5 7-8 Write your age here: Number of years in Grade 12 (Std 10): One year V6 1 Two years 2 Three years and more 3 4. What is your parents' highest educational qualifications? • Grade 12 (Std 10) or lower 1 V7 10 ■ Diploma / Certificate 2 B-degree only 3 B-degree plus Diploma 4 5 Post-graduate qualification Marital status of your parents

11

V8

1

2

3

4

			Offic	e use only
6	Number of siblings / brothers and sisters at home:			
	<b>1</b>	1	V9	12
	<b>2</b>	2		
	■ 3+	3		

### **SECTION B**

Read the following statements carefully and cross ONLY ONE number on the scale provided for each question.

• What is your opinion regarding the role of teachers and school management team in the teaching and learning situation at your school, using the following key:

Strongly disagree	Disagree	Uncertain	Agree	Strongly agree	
1	2	3	4	5	

				Office use only
7	Educators/teachers know us/ learners by name	1 2 3 4 5	V10	13
8	Educators//teachers control and manage their classes well	1 2 3 4 5	V11	14
9	Educators/teachers treat us/ learners equally without favour	itism 1 2 3 4 5	V12	15
10	Learners get much encouragement from their educators/tea	chers  1 2 3 4 5	V13	16
11	Teachers know their subjects/learning areas well	1 2 3 4 5	V14	17
12	Teachers are cooperative and committed in their teaching a situation	nd learning  1 2 3 4 5	V15	18
13	Teachers are democratic in their teaching and learning situation		V16	19
14	Teachers sometimes dodge their school classes / lessons	1 2 3 4 5	V17	20

				Office use only
15	The relationship between teachers and learners is positive	1 2 3 4 5	V18	21
16	There is teamwork between educators/teachers and parent	ts 1 2 3 4 5	V19	22
17	Educators/teachers do sometimes arrive late for school	1 2 3 4 5	V20	23
18	Educators/teachers lack professionalism	1 2 3 4 5	V21	24
19	Educators/teachers have low morale	1 2 3 4 5	V22	25
20	Educators/teachers do prepare their lessons thoroughly	1 2 3 4 5	V23	26
21	Educators/teachers do give immediate feedback to us/earn	ners e a tests		
21	assignments. classworks, homeworks and other school rela			
	assignments. diassworks, nomeworks and other school reli	1 2 3 4 5	V24	27
22	Educators/teachers do assist learners with extra work in or	der to improve their		
	academic progress	1 2 3 4 5	V25	28
	, ,			
•	Express your views regarding teaching in powerful	learning environments.		
				Office use only
23				Office use offig
	Our school is modern	1 2 3 4 5	V26	29
24	Our school is modern  Our school is conducive to learning	1     2     3     4     5       1     2     3     4     5	V26 V27	
24 25				29
	Our school is conducive to learning	1 2 3 4 5	V27	29
25 26	Our school is conducive to learning  Our school has enough lighting  The school has enough toilets	1     2     3     4     5       1     2     3     4     5       1     2     3     4     5	V27 V28	29 30 31
25	Our school is conducive to learning Our school has enough lighting	1     2     3     4     5       1     2     3     4     5       1     2     3     4     5	V27 V28	
25 26 27	Our school is conducive to learning  Our school has enough lighting  The school has enough toilets  Our school has a library that is used by learners and teach	1 2 3 4 5  1 2 3 4 5  1 2 3 4 5  1 2 3 4 5	V27 V28 V29	29 30 31 32
25 26	Our school is conducive to learning  Our school has enough lighting  The school has enough toilets	1 2 3 4 5  1 2 3 4 5  1 2 3 4 5  1 2 3 4 5	V27 V28 V29	29 30 31 32

			Office use only
29	Our school has computers that are used by learners and teachers  1 2 3 4 5	V32	35
30	Our school's classroom furniture is enough for learners  1 2 3 4 5	V33	36
31	The school has also media facilities such as Television sets, tape records, videos etc.	V34	37
32	Smoking dagga, drinking alcohol and taking other drugs is one of this school's problems  1 2 3 4 5	V35	38
33	Classrooms are overcrowded with learners at a teacher/learner ratio of more than  1:40 per class  1 2 3 4 5	V36	39
34	We are supplied freely with enough textbooks/ learning resources  1 2 3 4 5	V37	40
35	Teachers do too much talking and learners listen passively in order to finish the Matric syllabus  1 2 3 4 5	V38	41
•	Please respond to the statement below based on the parental involvement/su	pport	
36	Our parents do assist us/children with homework  1 2 3 4 5	V39	Office use only 42
37	Our parents do attend meetings at school when invited by the principal 1 2 3 4 5	V40	43
38	Our parents do provide us/children with the necessary stationary and textbooks for grade 12  1 2 3 4 5	V41	44
39	We/learners sometimes go to school being hungry  1 2 3 4 5	V42	45
40	In most cases we/children are alone at home as our parents are working far away in order to support us  1 2 3 4 5	V43	46

					Office use only
41	We sometimes arrive late for school as we are staying far from	om school			
		1 2 3	4 5	V44	47
					<u> </u>
42	We have a Television set at home and it is working	1 2 3	4 5	V45	48
43	We have a computer at home and it is working	1 2 3	4 5	V46	49
	We have also held to at home and the holes are about a source at the	. 4!			
44	We have electricity at home and it helps me during my study		4 [	1117	
		1   2   3	4 5	V47	50
15	We are an extended family, i.e. staying with other relatives	1 2 3	4 5	V48	51
43	we are an extended family, i.e. staying with other relatives		<del>T</del>   J	V 40	31
46	We enjoy attending our school lessons	1 2 3	4 5	V49	52
	, , ,				
	Add any further information based on the culture of teaching	and learning in			
	this school:				
47				V50	53
48				V51	54
49				V52	55
50	School representation				
50	School A		1	V53	56
	School B		2	V 33	50
	School C		3		

### QUESTIONNAIRE FOR HIGH SCHOOL LEARNER'S PARENTS

FOR OFFICE USE					
Respondent's number	V1			1-3	
School	V2			4	
Questionnaire number	V3		3	5	

#### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

You are requested to complete the questionnaire honestly. Any information provided by you is confidential and your name should not be written on the questionnaire.

Kindly complete the questionnaire by marking the appropriate number with an x-symbol in the space provided and supply additional information where requested.

### **SECTION A: BIOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION**

					Office use only
1	Gender:	Male	1	V4	6
		Female	2		
2	Ago	20-24	1	V5	7
Z	Age:	25-29		VO	/
			2		
		30-34	3		
		35-39	4		
		40-44	5		
		45-49	6		
		50-54	7		
		55-59	8		
		60+	9		
3	The type of work you are engaged in:			V6	8-9
4	Your highest educational qualification:				
	<ul><li>Below Grade 12 (Std 10)</li></ul>		1	V7	10
	<ul> <li>Diploma / Certificate</li> </ul>		2		
	<ul><li>Grade 12 (Std 10)</li></ul>		3		
	<ul><li>B-degree</li></ul>		4		
	<ul> <li>B-degree plus Diploma</li> </ul>		5		
	<ul> <li>Post-graduate qualification</li> </ul>		6		

			Office use only
5	Marital status:		
	■ Married 1	V8	11
	<ul><li>Never married</li></ul>		
	■ Divorced 3		
	■ Widow/Widower 4		
6	Number of years in marriage		_
	■ None 1	V9	12
	■ 1-5 years 2		
	■ 5-10 years <u>3</u>		
	■ 10+ years 4		

#### **SECTION B**

Read the following statements carefully and cross ONLY ONE number on the scale provided for each question.

• What is your opinion regarding the role of educators/teachers in the teaching and learning situation, using the following key:

Strongly disagree	Disagree	Uncertain	Agree	Strongly agree
1	2	3	4	5

								Office use only
7	Teachers know their learners by name	1	2	3	4	5	V10	13
8	Teachers treat their learners equally without favouritism	1	2	3	4	5	V11	14
9	Learners get much encouragement from their teachers	1	2	3	4	5	V12	15
10	Teachers sometimes dodge their school classes/lessons	1	2	3	4	5	V13	16
11	There is teamwork between staff members/teachers and pa	rents_ 1	2	3	4	5	V14	17
12	Teachers lack professionalism	1	2	3	4	5	V15	18

								Office use only
13	Teachers do sometimes arrive late for school	1	2	3	4	5	V16	19
14	Teachers do assist learners with extra work in order to impro	ve th	eir a	cade	mic			
	progress	1	2	3	4	5	V17	20

### Express your views regarding teaching in powerful learning environments.

			Office use only
15	The school is modern	1 2 3 4 5	V18 21
16	The school is conducive to learning	1 2 3 4 5	V19 22
17	The school has enough lighting	1 2 3 4 5	V20 23
18	The school has enough toilets	1 2 3 4 5	V21 24
19	The school has a library that is used by learners and teache		V22 25
20	The school has a laboratory that is used by learners and tea		V23 26
21	The school has computers that are used by learners and tea		V24 27
22	The school's classroom furniture is enough for learners	1 2 3 4 5	V25 28
23	The school has the media facilities such as Television sets, videos etc.		V26 29
24	Smoking dagga, drinking alcohol and taking other drugs is o problems		V27 30
25	Classrooms are overcrowded, with a teacher/learner ratio of per class		V28 31

# Please respond to the statement below based on the parental involvement/support

26	Parents do assist their children with homework  1 2 3 4 5	V29	Office use only  32
27	Parents do attend meetings at school when invited by the principal 1 2 3 4 5	V30	33
28	Learners (our children) do sometimes arrive late for school as they are staying far from school  1 2 3 4 5	V31	34
29	Learners (our children) sometimes go to school being hungry  1 2 3 4 5	V32	35
30	Learners(our children) live alone in shacks/informal settlements  1 2 3 4 5	V33	36
31	In most cases learners are alone at home as their parents are working far away in order to support them	V34	37
32	Parents do provide their Grade 12 with the necessary stationary and textbooks  1 2 3 4 5	V35	38
33	There is a positive relationship between parents, teachers and school management team	V36	39
34	Add any further information based on the culture of teaching and learning in this school:	V37	40

				Office use only
35			V38	41
36			V39	42
37	School representation			
	School A	1	40	43
	School B	2		
	School C	3		

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# A SUMMARY VIEW FROM RESPONENTS' OPINIONS REGARDING "A CULTURE OF TEACHING AND LEARNING IN THEIR SCHOOLS"

#### **TEACHERS (v60)**

- 1. Poor discipline among learners
- 2. Lack of parental involvement
- 3. Failure to complete homework assignments
- 4. Lack of additional resources and study material
- 5. Poor facilities with a lack of windows, fences and lights
- 6. Lack of safety for learners and teachers
- 7. High levels of absenteeism
- 8. Lack of transport
- 9. Lack of extra-curricular facilities such as sports grounds and libraries
- 10. Lack of government involvement
- 11. Good relationship between learners, teachers and parents exist
- 12. Extra subjects such as trade and commerce subjects attract learners and parents
- 13. Good results attract stakeholders to school
- 14. Insufficient streaming of learners
- 15. Learners not motivated
- 16. Union activities affect teaching time
- 17. Extra-curricular activities affect teaching time
- 18. Study periods at school
- 19. Teacher to learner ration insufficient
- 20. Teachers absent for long periods at a time

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# A SUMMARY VIEW FROM RESPONENTS' OPINIONS REGARDING "A CULTURE OF TEACHING AND LEARNING IN THEIR SCHOOLS"

#### LEARNERS (v54)

4	Lack	- 6	-11		I
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- 2. Lack of additional equipment such as computes and lab equipment for learners
- 3. Lack of additional subjects such as economics and typing and computer science
- 4. Poor quality of buildings and classrooms
- 5. No extra-curricular activities being presented such as school trips
- 6. Learners receive no motivation or involvement from teachers
- 7. Learners want class in home languages
- 8. Lack of additional material such as schoolbooks and library books
- 9. Culture not being reflected
- 10. Learners accept no responsibility for keeping school in order and neat
- 11. Lack of proper sanitation facilities and clean water
- 12. Corporal punishment still being used / unfair punishment being received
- 13. Teachers are poorly disciplined and frequently absent
- 14. Good quality of teaching being received
- 15. Learners might arrive late at school because of poor transport
- 16. School has strict rules / School rules are being enforced
- 17. Learners receive motivation from teachers
- 18. Teachers don't finish lessons and syllabus
- 19. Sports grounds are ill-equipped and in poor shape or non-existent
- 20. Learners receive no additional study help
- 21. Teachers are incompetent
- 22. School is under-funded / poorly funded
- 23. Learners are hungry during school hours
- 24. There are an insufficient number of teachers
- 25. More involvement from parents needed
- 26. Electricity needed
- 27. Security needed
- 28. School must provide a job
- 29. School should be free

# A SUMMARY VIEW FROM RESPONENTS' OPINIONS REGARDING "A CULTURE OF TEACHING AND LEARNING IN THEIR SCHOOLS"

#### PARENTS (v44)

- 1. Need computers and additional books
- 2. Need electricity
- 3. Appearance such as school uniforms is important
- 4. Teachers need to involve parents into school activities
- 5. More extra mural activities such as school trips
- 6. Teachers do not live up to expectations, demands and responsibilities
- 7. Poor facilities
- 8. More school funding
- 9. More involvement in schools from private sector
- 10. Theft is a big problem in schools
- 11. Poor discipline among learners
- 12. More transport needed
- 13. Clean water needed
- 14. Corporal punishment is still being used
- 15. Need extra classes such as summer schools

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### **INTERVIEWS: QUESTIONS FOR TEACHERS**

1.	Do you assist your learners with schoolwork?
	If yes, how do you go about it?
3.	If no, why do you fail to do so?
4.	Do you experience some problems at your school?

5.	If yes, what are the causes?
6.	How can be they solved?
7.	Are parents actively involved in the school where their children are attending?
8.	If no, provide reasons for that.
9.	If yes, how are they involved?

### **INTERVIEWS: QUESTIONS FOR LEARNERS**

1.	Do your parents assist you with schoolwork?
2.	If yes, how do they go about it?
3.	If no, why do they fail to do so?
4.	What do you do at home after school?
	Are your parents involved in your ashael? How?
5.	Are your parents involved in your school? How?

6.	Do you experience some problems at your school?
7.	If yes, what are the causes?
8.	How can be they solved?
_	
9.	Do you get extra learning material besides textbooks you receive at school?

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#### **TRANSCRIPTIONS**

# SCHOOL A TEACHERS' AND SCHOOL MANAGEMENT TEAMS' RESPONSES TO RESEARCHER'S INTERVIEWS

Interviewer: I'm not going to sort of say so and so have answered this interview in this manner is just an anonymous interview for the whole ehh, North West from here I'm going to another school and next time I'll go to another school and next time (not clear). So the questions that I'm having are as follows like they are based on the teachers, they are based on learners, they are based on the SMTs, they are based on the school governing bodies, the community, parents. So the one that I'm having here that is I'm going to asks you the one based on the role of the teachers at the school. Do you think they are really playing the role, that is the first question that I want to find out if yes, please substantiate to give the reason that is evidence to you.	
Respondents: The questionhow are they playing a role	
Interviewer: The role in teaching the learners, are they really educated, are they really doing their work are they really seeing the child holistically or are you really a parent for the learners here, that is what we are toare they dedicated, are they preparing their work before they go t class? That is an overview of what this role means.	D
<b>Respondents:</b> Generally, yes, we do of course, ehh because of another clear indication is that the results at this school are satisfactory, we never go less than 60% so it means that they really do their work.	D1A
Interviewer: Yes, then based on that, how can we further improve those results with the role of the teacher, they are doing well, they are doing their work and now the evidence is the results.	
<b>Respondents:</b> The, the, to improve the results is only if we can get the resources, if we can have more resources, resources can be empowering. The department must supply us with the facilities.	R1A & R2A
Interviewer: So the facilities that you are having are not enough and the other thing when you say the teachers are playing a role, I just want to find out and I want to go deeper in to it, are they not sometimes dogging their classes, are they not coming late for school as teachers?	L
Respondents: If they come late to school, they are punished.	L1A
Interviewer: And then are they co-operative?	

Respondents: In most cases they are.	
Interviewer: Regarding the teachers, I just want just to find out as teachers, are they well qualified or knowledgeable?	
Respondents: Of course yes.	
Interviewer: All of them, are they qualified for the subject they are teaching and they are also knowledgeable.	Q
Respondents: Everybody is teaching the subject that he or she has specialized in.	Q1A, Q2A & Q3A
Interviewer: And then the SMTs are they (now at least you are answering it well). I want to know are they also playing a role doing their work well.	
Respondents: Of course yes.	
Interviewer: And no favoritism?	
Respondents: No favoritism.	
Interviewer: And you are a staffyou are representing others.	
Respondents: Ja, as a member myself, yes, I'm telling you that because if I have the problem I will face it with the SMT and then I don't have any problem with maybe gossiping around.	
Interviewer: And, and there is that good relationship between you and that there's no favoritism. And what about the SGB, the school governing bodies, are they playing a role?	
Respondents: Not so much, because even myself I'm not so sure ifbecause I've never, I was not involved with them so much.	
Interviewer: Do you know the chairperson?	
Respondents: The chairperson, ja Mr Mokgwia.	
Interviewer: And the secretary, and when did you them here?	
Respondents: After three years, only Structure.	
Interviewer: So is there anyone who is representing you as teachers.	
Respondents: Yes.	
Interviewer: And then are they, are they qualified?	
Respondents: Is just that they are, some of them are working.	

Interviewer: Most of them are working?	
Respondents: No.	
Interviewer: And then, what about parents, are the parents helping you, when you ask them to come, do they come in majority? Are they working far away where you find that ehh, they come in month end?	Р
Respondents: Most of them come on month end and Fridays.	P2A
Interviewer: And then, what is their social economic status, are they high, middle or very poor?	
Respondents: Many are poor.	P1A
Interviewer: The other thing I wanted to ask about them, if most of them re there in town coming during the month end, who look after their children or the learners?	
Respondents: They leave them alone.	P3A
Interviewer: The learners are alone, ehh, what about the community at large, no more parents, no more SGBs, does the community help in sort of running the school, if say there is a burglary, if one colleague(not clear) we can report and we do such thing or is it just the SGBs who are in contact with	
Respondents: Sometimes.	
Interviewer: Sometimes, what about the school buildings how are they, are they fine, are they(not clear) very poor, and then what about ehhh, how can you improve a school yourselves?	S
Respondents: After all sissy, this school is more than 50 years old, how can you improve a school with such a condition?	S1A
Interviewer: So what, what	
<b>Respondents:</b> It is very much impossible, they need a new structure to be provided.	S2A
Interviewer: By who, who must	
<b>Respondents:</b> By the department, I think by the department because the school is expensive, a technical high school is expensive you cannot compare it with any high school.	
Interviewer: Have you already written something to the department that	
Respondents: Ja, a lot of them. Since 1993 up to now. 1993 up to now.	S3A

Interviewer: From 1993 up to now, no response, or did they respond?	
Respondents: They did respond, they came in 1995 not now, they gave us a plan and they wanted a stand and after that they were gone out and the vanished, they vanished.	
Interviewer: So with this poor infrastructure, how do your learners learn and I understand here that your results are always fine I've seen that from your books and stuff, so how do they	
Respondents: It is just through hard work and we encourage them that one day everything will be alright.	
Interviewer: What about your LTSM that is learner-teacher support materials? Do you have them? Suppose you are to give them some homework and then you don't have references from the library or the learners themselves don't have books, how do they do this homework without books and other things without the necessary books?	LTSM
Respondents: We improvise most of them they don't have books and I use ehh, notes. I photocopy(not clear).	LTSM1A
Interviewer: You photocopy them for, I mean you photocopy or you do have photocopies?	
Respondents: Ja, we have photocopies, we photocopy some	LTSM2A
Interviewer: What type of method do you use here in teaching, method of teaching?	М
Respondents: Still use the old one	M1A
Interviewer: Still using the old one what is the reason?	
<b>Respondents:</b> Because we don't have the resources, there is no other way, unless we use this(not clear) Bantu Education is not going to work because of the resources we cannot trying to introduce OBE but up to now nothing.	M2A
Interviewer: And what is the other thing, how are your conditions of your toilets?  By the toilets	Т
Respondents: In the past we use pit toilets but due to lack of finance we are still trying to make use of the old ones.	T1A

Interviewer: And, do you think they have an impact on the learners, the toilets themselves whether poor or being improved for how and the little improvement that they have done, do you think that we can correlate the toilets with the teaching? Do they have any impact?	
Respondents: Up to now what I can say, that one I cannot answer, but they areI cannot say they are affecting teaching.	
Interviewer: But then if they are not, by the time they will need the toilets and then like you will say they are not healthy, don't you think that if the are not healthy they might cause certain diseases that might cause the child not to come to school something likethat one may say it have an impact on the learning.	
<b>Respondents</b> : Obviously, if they are not healthy they will affect teaching because some of the kids cannot even explain to you their diseases so maybe it is the main cause.	T2A
Interviewer: The furniture, the furniture I'm referring to the desks, I'm referring to your tables and in general.	F
Respondents: There is no furniture for the staff.	F1A
Interviewer: What do you mean by not furniture, don't you have desks, I mean tables?	
Respondents: We only use one from the other center.	
Interviewer: Borrowed from the other center, next door?	
Respondents: Ja, next door.	F2A
[Someone entered: Li kai (how are you) Interviewer: Ri hona, wena u kai mama? (I'm fine and how are mum?]	
Interviewer: And what about your library is it stuffed with many books and where is your library?	Libr
Respondents: Old books.	Libr1A
Interviewer: Old books anddo you have a qualified librarian?	
Respondents: No.	Libr2A
Interviewer: And then, do you have time when, when learners are referred to this library to get some references?	
Respondents: No.	Libr3A
Interviewer: So what it is for, when do you come and?	

Respondents: During their free periods.	
Interviewer: During their own, their own.	
Respondents: Ja, even after lessons.	
<b>Interviewer:</b> Ehh, do you have aduring free periods, do you have what we call, sick room for the learners?	Sick
Respondents: No, apparently there is the sick room, that's the bed.	Sick1A
Interviewer: If they are more than one?	
Respondents: Ahh, it is a serious problem.	Sick2A
Interviewer: Medication do you have some?	
Respondents: They provide us with Disprin.	Sick3A
Interviewer: And then, laboratory is it fine or not?	Lab
Respondents: Not fine.	
Interviewer: So what happen, do you have science class, so where do they do their experiments?	
Respondents: In the laboratory.	
Interviewer: Is just that it is not up to standard?	Lab1A
Respondents: Exactly.	
Interviewer: But they are done, experiments are done nehh or they just rely more on	
<b>Respondents:</b> You must provide them withyou must improvise. There is no way, you must do some means.	Lab2A
Interviewer: At your school do you have teamwork spirit?	



### **TRANSCRIPTIONS**

# SCHOOL B TEACHERS' AND SCHOOL MANAGEMENT TEAMS' RESPONSES TO RESEARCHER'S INTERVIEWS

Interviewer: What is the lowest qualification that you canforward. Which	
learners, I mean teachers do you think they are having the lowest qualification?	
Respondents: The lowest qualification, nothere is no one	
Interviewer: There's no teacher with matric here, it means that they are all having at least one degree.	
Respondents: Yes, even matric and diploma.	Q2B
Interviewerbut then, are they dedicated to their work?	
Respondents: Yes.	
<b>Interviewer:</b> Are they using the old approach of teaching? The new approach of teaching, I'm referring to are they using OBE method?	М
Respondents:you know it is very difficult to apply DBE.	M1B
Interviewer: Do you really succeed in applying it? Are you having enough resources materials?	R
Respondents: No.	R1B
Interviewer: And then how is learner-teacher ration?	Ratio
Respondents: In most of the classes, there are more than 40 learners in a class.	Ratio1B
Interviewer: And then, how is the structure of the school here, is it modern or is it old or is it fine, with reference to, looking at the furniture, looking at the buildings, looking at whatever generally?	SB
Respondents: Generally the school is old and dilapidated.	SB1B
Interviewer: And the laboratories, library, computers and classrooms?	

Respondents: We don't have computer classrooms we do have some new computers.	SB2B
Interviewer: Bought by the school?	
Respondents: Yes.	
Interviewer: Donated?	
Respondents: Most of the teachers, some ofI mean the few teachers are computer literate.	
Interviewer: And the laboratory?	
<b>Respondents:</b> The laboratory is there, the laboratory is there but both of them are not working.	SB3B
Interviewer: All right, and even the laboratory is not used there are no apparatus there.	
Respondents: Yess, they seem like a storeroom.	B4B
Interviewer: And then, what about the parents, are they supporting their learners?  I mean their children, learners or students?	Р
<b>Respondents:</b> Parents don't attend meetings. No connections between teacher and parent.	P1B
Interviewer: And they are around?	
Respondents: They are around, they don't come, they don't	P2B
Interviewer: And then, it means that there is no that connection between the parents and the school and the problem is with the parents.	
Respondents: Yes, that sort of a triangle learner, teacher and parents is broken	P3B
Interviewer: And then who, what are they, do you call meetings for them to come and attend?	
Respondents: Ja but don't come to attend.	
Interviewer: They don't?	
Respondents: But when there is problem, they come.	P4B
Interviewer: Toilets, are they fine?	Т
Respondents: Well we have a new building.	T1B

Interviewer: And then learner-teacher support materials, the government did supply with the textbooks.	LTSM
Respondents: I don't know.	
Interviewer: But the once that you are having, they, they are covering everybody, there are those who still don't have, so what they do, do they buy?	
<b>Respondents:</b> They get them from their brothers and sisters who have already passed the grade (standard).	LTSM1B
<b>Interviewer:</b> So you are saying majority of them, they do have books 'though they are not from the government they do get them from somewhere.	
Respondents: Yes.	LTSM2B
Interviewer: And then what kind of teaching method do you use here, you sad you are partly OBE and partly the other one(not clear), where you go to class and teach and give the homework and thus it	М
<b>Respondents:</b> The small portion is OBE and the larger portion is the old but there is also experiment done for projects.	M2B
Interviewer: And then is there any teamwork spirit among the teachers, helping one another if somebody is not very clear with this aspect and get the work done?	Т
Respondents: Yes, yes, there is teamwork and we help each other.	T1B
Interviewer: And then, what about learner dedication, are they dedicated? When you give them the work to do classwork, homework to do at home, do they really do?	LD
Respondents: Since I said the parents have got the problem, the learners also have problems because when we given homeworks some do not do them, but follow ups are made.	LD1B
Interviewer: So based on that, now they haven't done their work, and you are here take marks for continuous assessment, what do you do with such learners?	
Respondents: Follow ups are made.	LD2B
Interviewer: And what about late coming do you have learners who come late for school?	
Respondents: A lot of them., but we try by all means to combat it. The Learner Representative Council (LRC) control late coming and they are managing.	LD3B
Interviewer: How do you know?	
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Respondents: Not clear.	
Interviewer: So what did you, the money that they are contributing is for running the organization.	
Respondents: Mostly is for running the organization.	
Interviewer: Oh, coming from that, all right. Are there some of them who are dodging the lessons, saying "ag man" what are the use.	
Respondents: Ja, but that depends on the individual teacher.	
Interviewer: Are they using drugs?	D
<b>Respondents:</b> Ja, this area is still a remote area and we cannot say that drugs are not taken.	D1B
Interviewer: I mean, don'tall right.	
Respondents: But they might be there.	D2B
Interviewer: All right, all right and what about this idea of having nurses visiting your school to give motivational speech together with policeman.	
Respondents: They are invited e.g. we have an adopted policeman.	
Interviewer: And then, the minister from any church, sometimes they are called priests.	
Respondents: No one.	
Interviewer: So tell me suppose I'm just giving, posing a question supposing the school is deteriorating, is going down with regard to teaching and learning. I'm not saying is going down I'm just saying that there's that supposition that is going down the drain with regard to teaching and learning, how can you improve it, which factors can we look into that can help in improving the school?	
Respondents: Ehh, depends on the management and staff to improve the school.  Also computer literacy course be introduced as a subject because most of our teachers at this school are computer literate.	SC1B & SC2B
Interviewer: With your subject.	
Respondents: Continued.	
Interviewer: It means that you do have teachers who are computer literate, who are highly computer skilled?	С
Respondents: Highly skilled in computer usage.	C1B

Interviewer: Do you, do you think that the learners here are dedicated together	
with the teachers?	
Respondents: Not all.	



### **TRANSCRIPTIONS**

# SCHOOL C TEACHERS' AND SCHOOL MANAGEMENT TEAMS' RESPONSES TO RESEARCHER'S INTERVIEWS

Interviewer: Do you really think u ri (that) school governing body sa runa (our school governing body) they really play an important role. And if iri yes, ba li bona ki ifi role ye ba playaho tata ofita tsedi new diroles? Ke ansara ye re ka itlatlang ke yona ye libonang? (if it is yes, which role do you think they are expects on). O munwe limunwe obatlang u latlela wa latlelanyana, ari yes, nna ke ri with this specific reason ke bona u kari they are trying, and this is the reason for it. (Anybody who wants to comment on this is welcome to do so and give reasons to support it).	R
Respondents: Their roles they play, can be significant but they do not have all the necessary knowledge.	R1C
Interviewer: As they, I mean the school governing body thuse ka (help with) to draw parents into the school.	
<b>Respondents</b> : Into the school and make them aware, ba thuse ka(they must help with) that awareness.	
Interviewer: And now, did the parents themselves, are they also really taking part in seeing to it that the learners are eehh ehh are doing better at school, helping learners, I mean their children with homework, buying books for them even uniform.	Э
Respondents: A very low percentage of them do help learners or their children "low ba tlamela"	P1C
Interviewer: Are there parents educated?	
Respondents: Not all	P2C
Interviewer: And they are staying, are they staying around?	
<b>Respondents:</b> Most of them are traveling by bus but although there are some of workers who are(not clear).	P3C
Interviewer: Not clearare the SMTs playing an important role with regard to the education of these learners?	
Respondents: I beg your pardon?	

Interviewer: I said are the SMTs playing an important role with regard to the education of the learners?	SMTs
<b>Respondents:</b> Ihmm, ja, I think personally we are trying our level best to play an important role because the school cannot be functional without a proper role played by the SMTs.	SMTs1C
Interviewer: Are they all treating you with some respect?	
Respondents: Yes.	SMTs2C
Interviewer: Cooperation is there between the SMTs and teachers?	
Respondents: Ja, I think there is cooperation.	SMTs3C
Interviewer: And team spirit?	TS
Respondents: There is a bit of team spirit.	TS1C
Interviewer: Teachers, I mean teachers are they qualified to teach all the learning areas that they are assigned to teach?	Q
Respondents: In terms of high school section, according my knowledge they are adequately qualified but with regard to OBE classes is just patch work if you know what I mean, is just improvisation.	Q1C
Interviewer: And I said are they qualified, you said yes, and are they knowledgeable, you can be qualified but without the knowledge of being, of being, of being	
Respondents: Amm, according to my observation, they are knowledgeable because I believe that knowledge is something that you gain from the experience, most of them are highly experienced.	Q2C
Interviewer: Are they dedicated to their work?	
Respondents: Yes.	D
Interviewer: Coming to school everyday, not late, going to their classes and doing their work?	D1C
Respondents: Ja.	
Interviewer: Hmm, so based on the dedication and everything you said was positive.	
Respondents: Imm.	

<b>Interviewer:</b> So ehh, based on this, to me the quality of education should be high. So according to what I saw when I was with the principal, the quality is still below average. What might be the cause?	
Respondents: Imm, suppose the cause might be that(not clear).	
Interviewer: While she is still answering the phone, Mr Moletsane, how are your school buildings, are they up to standard?	SB
Respondents: Not up to standard, they are vandalized.	SB1C
Interviewer: And then, what about finances?	
Respondents: Inadequate.	
Interviewer: Who vandalizes them, is it the community or learners themselves or maybe even the teachers?	
Respondents: At some stage learners but some of them are taking drugs.	SB2C
Interviewer: Go and do what? Sell or give them to their parents?	
Respondents: Sell or perhaps use at home or destroy for the sake of destroying them.	
Interviewer: And then, what about the school furnisher, is it up to standard?	SF
<b>Respondents:</b> Furniture is destroyed on every other day they stock one thing and one table.	SF1C
Interviewer: And then, how can we prohibit this process of destroying whatever furniture available in this school?	Proh
Respondents: I think if this can be brought to the attention of the community they may have the solution, that's my opinion.	Proh1C
Interviewer: Ja, how is your library here is it functional?	Libr
Respondents: The library is no longer functional, we converted it to a hall and the functions have been taken by HODs and the little that has remained are classes.	Libr1C
Interviewer: The once that was taken back was the once which were in the library?	
Respondents: Yes, some books, furniture and others.	
Interviewer: What was the reason?	

<b>Respondents:</b> The reason was that they were not used in there and maybe some schools will make use of that, we do not have an adequate building that can be used as a library.	Libr2C
Interviewer: And the laboratory?	Lab
Respondents: No laboratory.	Lab1C
<b>Interviewer:</b> No one, so if you don't have laboratories how do these learners do experiments, how do they conduct experiments without laboratories?	Ехр
<b>Respondents:</b> They conduct research experiments in the classroom sometimes when there is a need for necessary apparatus as teachers we provide.	Exp1C
Interviewer: There is an empty classroom for that?	
Respondents: We have the so called change rooms, during their experiments.	
Interviewer: What type of method do you use? What type of method do you usually use in the classroom, method of teaching?	
Respondents: Let me explain, OK.	
Interviewer: All right, generally here at this Moratwe School which method do you usually use when teaching?	М
Respondents: Well it depends from subject to subject. I use normal method (not clear) depending on the lesson and the situation; we do some diagnosis of knowledge acquired.	M1C
Interviewer: And this a method of teacher-centeredness, is it still used in I mean like in History, in Biology and in these other subjects. I mean is that still be the teacher centered one where the teacher does a lot of talking the aim being that to finish up the syllabus. I mean when we use teacher-centered one of the advantages is that we finish our syllabus earlier that to be disadvantage. So is that method still used?	
<b>Respondents:</b> In some cases, it's also dependent on the situation, there are some aspects especially in subjects like History where teacher-centered approach can be used.	
Interviewer: And then, are the learners dedicated to their work?	LD
Respondents: Not all.	LD1C
Interviewer: And then, what about other days, they don't even come?	
Respondents: We do come.	

Interviewer: Them.	
Respondents: We do come but the turn- up percentage is low, we do.	
Interviewer: And then, what is this emm Winter school, even the winter schools?	
Respondents: No we can't(not clear).	
Interviewer: Oh, even during the holidays you try, that is June holidays.	
Respondents: Even in March and September.	
Interviewer: And then, what about the teachers, I'm just impressed by that teachers are committed to their work.	
Respondents: Immh.	
<b>Interviewer:</b> Then, the overall ration based on the information that I've been given here, I just want to find out, how can we then according to an individual's point of view, can we try to improve the quality here, which points can we use to improve the quality ofI mean of education here?	IE
<b>Respondents</b> : Maybe, dedication particular on the part of the learners because they play an important role(not clear). Parental involvements play an important role in education.	IE1C
Interviewer: So here parental involvement is still very low.	Р
Respondents: Yes, only about 10% of the parents will come to a meeting.	P1C
Interviewer: And then, what might be another factor?	
<b>Respondents</b> : Imm Facilities, I don't know, the government should provide e.g. with the lab, library.	
Interviewer: I think these might be the only key factors that maybe if we approach they may try to improve our education that is dedication by the learner, parental involvement, facilities.	
Respondents: I think maybe out of the school campus one other thing that contribute could be socio-economic factor of the learners, geographical situation, how they are far from home, entertainment sectors. Ja, if you ask them to buy a newspaper and to come to school with that particular article to discuss in class, which is related to a particular subject, is not possible.	C1C

Interviewer: Oh, do you have this, it is called feeding schemes or it ends up at the lower primary schools. Feeding schemes where the learners who are from poor families are given some food to eat during break don't you have?	FS
Respondents: We don't have anything.	FS1C
Interviewer: But other schools do have.	
Respondents: Primary schools.	FS2C
Interviewer: What is another thing, so that is I must involve 1,2,3,4 for the improvement. Imm, what I'm going to do is at the end I just hope that the results might come earlier before the writing of the Grade 12 examination.	



#### **TRANSCRIPTIONS**

# SCHOOL A LEARNERS' AND SCHOOL MANAGEMENT TEAMS' RESPONSES TO RESEARCHER'S INTERVIEWS

Interviewer: As I've already said, I've introduced myself to you, you still	DC
remember that I'm Mrs Sedibe, now I'm going tothe tape is starting to record.	
The first question that, what I'm going toour topic, the topic of my work is I said	
last time the culture of teaching and learning. I want to find out as to whether the	
culture of teaching and learning in this area is it down or is it up. If it is up what	
makes it to be up and if it is down what makes it to be down. Do you understand	
what do I mean by the culture of teaching and learning that is how is the quality	
of teaching in the Moretele Region of North West. So there are questions that will	
help me to find out as to whether the culture of teaching and learning here is up	
or down. Are you with me? Ja, now lets start, the first question that I would like to	
ask you is, my first topic here is what are your comments on the following	
statements, that means I've some statements that you comment on them. The	
first one is tell me more about the role of teachers in this schools, the role, I	
mean the function. Ehh, by the role I'm referring to the function, the role of	
teachers in this schools, what is your comment on this, do they really play a role.	
No, no don't answer in "unicell" (not sure of the word) in a group, raise up your	
hand and you'll tell me you think teachers here or teachers here are really doing	
their work and you give me a reason for that. Ihmm, Ehhh, how I'm referring to,	
when I say the role of teachers I mean are they really playing a role, do they	
come to class, are they dedicated to their work, are they looking after you as, I	
mean like being the parents to, are they really doing that? Yes.	
Respondents: No answer.	DC1A
Interviewer: I don't hear you speak aloud.	
Respondents: Teachers are doing their work, we are just about to finish our	DC2A
syllabus.	
Interviewer: This time, the syllabus for the year, Ohh!	
Respondents: Yes, we are about to finish.	
Interviewer: What about the, the school management team then, because this	
learner is saying to us that the teachers or teachers here are doing their best and	
the example is that they are about to finish their syllabus. Are you withare	
thewhat did he said again, he says when you are ill you can get, you get what?	
Do you have first aid here?	
Respondents: Yes.	

	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Interviewer: All right, there is first aid that the teachers do help you with when you are ill and then what is the other thing that you said. Ehh, ja and what about the SMTs, the SMTs I'm referring to the school management team, the school management team is from HODs, principals those we call them SMTs. What is their role, how because that student there, that learner there has told us about the role of the teacher he says he's satisfied a ki ri (okay). So what about the SMTs, what role do you think they are really playing here, do they really play a good role? SMTs (HODs, principals that is what we are referring to SMTs. Yes.	SMTs
Respondents: No, they are not playing a good role, because you come late, they just send you home.	SMTs1A & SMTs2A
Interviewer: Don't you think that when they send you home that is the measure of correcting your lateness because next time you will come early so that you must not miss your class.	D
Respondents: No answer.	
Interviewer: What kind of punishment do you want them to give you because we don't have corporal punishment anymore? All right, that is his idea, he thinks that they are not playing a good role here because of them sending other learners back home when they are late nehh. And then, what is your comment?	
Respondents: Not clear.	
Interviewer: Ja, ja but you all have them I can hear.	
Respondents: No, maybe students do not want that method.	
Interviewer: So all right, what do you think the, the, what other methods do you think they can use rather than sending you if you don't have a tie, what do you want them to do?	
Respondents: Call our parents, they must give us some time to buy the ties because when we go home education is continuing and we are left behind. So they must give us enough time to buy those ties. But when it comes to education they really do their work.	P1A & D1
<b>Interviewer</b> : When did they say you must buy the ties, when, when did they start introducing the tie system?	FR
<b>Respondents</b> : Before the end of March, let me explain is not that we don't some of us don't have money, we did but we don't have enough money.	FR1A
Interviewer: I understand, which measures did they use to sort of prompt you to buy the ties.	
Respondents: They must talk to our parents.	

Interviewer: Are your parents staying with you?  Respondents: Jah, they are staying with us.  Interviewer: Not all of you?  Respondents: Yes.  P2A  Interviewer: Those who don't have ties their parents are not around, wait let me say those who don't have ties nehh, I assume their parents are not here, those who have ties their parents are here. Yes, so when will your parents come you others, because during the 10 days it was Good Friday time they were here so where is your statement, how much is a tie.  Respondents: R30.00.  Interviewer: Ehh, during break how much do you spend?  Respondents: About R5.00.  Interviewer: 6 x how many days will give you the tie. All right, so that one I understand, that the only problem you are having at this stage that is the tie thing with regard to SMTs. What is the other thing?  Respondents: Ehhh  Interviewer: You are fine with other things, generally they are fine the only thing that you are having is the tie thing.  Respondents: And the school fund.  Interviewer: What do you mean by the school fund now? School fund, what is wrong with the school fund? Yes.  Respondents: Ehhthis year the increased the amount of school funds. And they increased with an amount of R100.00, and that R100.00 they said its for computers.  Interviewer: Tell us, tell me learners, tell me ehh, but the computers are there?  FR3A  Respondents: Yes,the other thing those computers have the virus, so we are not going to use them.  Interviewer: To write your exams?  Respondents: Yes.  Interviewer: All right, all right shhii (quiet) lets go on. What about the school governing body? You know the school governing body, shhii (quiet) you know the school governing body, shhii (quiet) you know the school governing body, shhii (quiet) you know the school governing body, is the SGB. Is it really playing a role here?  Respondents: We don't know.		
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Respondents: We don't know. SGB1A	governing body? You know the school governing body, shhii (quiet) you know	SGB
	Respondents: We don't know.	SGB1A

Interviewer: Were they not introduced to you? You don't know them?	
Respondents: Ja.	
Interviewer: They were.	
Respondents: We heard rumours about the SGB.	
Interviewer: They are, they agree but, but they do play a role, they come to meetings.	
Respondents: We don't know, we never met them.	
Interviewer: You don't even know them; I think they should have been introduced every year at the beginning.	
Respondents: We do not know.	
Interviewer: Yes, you were not at school at that time, you were not at school on the day on which they were introduced.	
Respondents: No, they were never introduced even last year.	
Interviewer: Don't you know the chairman?	
Respondents: No, we only know the secretary, the secretary of the SGB.	
Interviewer: Ehhall right, that the only way you know them but it means other classes don't even know the secretary.	
<b>Respondents</b> : Exactly, ehhstill on the management. Ehhthe school does not give like teacher support or does not encourage sport at school.	
Interviewer: Hmmm, Ehh, HmmI'm listening, I'm listening, so you say, you say the SMT, I think here now is not only the SMTs is the school as a whole nehh, both the teachers and the SMTs don't give you a chance to get into extra mural activities. Do you have ehh, ehh, what the, the necessary equipments?	
Respondents: Ja, yes.	R3A
Interviewer: Everything, but they don't encourage, all right encourage.	
Respondents: (Not Clear)and we don't have a swimming pool.	
Interviewer: All right thanks for that. Ehh you say with regard to the hmm, school governing body, SGB, you don't know them and then you never see them being introduced, you only know the secretary, just because of the, because of the, of the son being here. That is all right, parents as a whole now, your parents are they really playing a role in helping you with your homework at home, when they are called here do they come, be honest?	
Respondents: Yes.	РЗА

<b>Interviewer:</b> Ehh, ehhwait, that I understand because they are your parents maybe you might be subjected I don't know, but then tell me, where are they, are they at home or at work in Jo'burg?	
Respondents: Most of them are here.	P1A
Interviewer: Most of them are here?	
Respondents: Ja.	P1A
Interviewer: Most of your parents are supporting you?	
Respondents: Yes.	P4A
Interviewer: Say it, what do you want to say? When, when you say they are supporting you with your education or with your studies, how?	
Respondents: Not Clear.	
Interviewer: Do, do, are they educated enough to help you with your grade 12 work?	
Respondents: Yes, no.	P3A & P5A
Interviewer: Not all nehh, shhii (quiet) he ehh, ehh, one at a go. Ehh your parents also do that?	
Respondents: Yes(not clear).	
Interviewer: Ehh, tell me then, yes, shhii (quiet).	
<b>Respondents:</b> On the matter of the teachers giving us assignments is a problem.	
Interviewer: Ehh all right, don't you think that they are increasing your thinking?	
Respondents: No, they are using us.	L1A
<b>Interviewer</b> : And then, when you go shii (quiet), when you go to the higher institution of learning you find that it will be easier because you already tackled it.	
Respondents: They are not fair.	CT1A
Interviewer: It's fine, for that I don't have a problem.	
Respondents: But they are using us.	L1A
Interviewer: Yes, they are using you but they are helping you.	
Respondents: Ja.	
Interviewer: But it worked, oh, oh I'm still coming to the question of libraries, just reserve your idea neh, ehh, ehh just save it we will see it. I must finish up this ja. So ehh, we will come back to others because I must tackle each point,	

lets see another one, are you satisfied in the way in which they your teachers	
and parents play a role, that one we are fine. What is your opinion regarding the	
following factors at learning environment, learning environment it means ehh, do	
they really have a positive impact on your learning in order to improve your	
performance, are you with me? Lets look at the factors, number 1, are your	
school buildings so well situated that they can help you in your improvement of your learning.	
your learning.	
Respondents: Silent.	
Interviewer: Comment on your school buildings.	
Respondents:the building are very old	SB1A
Interviewer: Buildings old?	
Respondents: And there is no electricity.	SB2A
Interviewer: No electricity, where?	
Respondents: On the other sections.	
Interviewer: Shhi (quiet) the other sections they do have electricity?	
Respondents: Ja.	
Interviewer: All right, all classes no electricity, shhii (quiet) no electricity, where,	
wait, wait in all, all the classes?	
Respondents: Yes, except the office and library.	SB3A
Interviewer: Except what, except office and	
Respondents: Office and library.	SB3A
Interviewer: Hey you are making noise.	
Respondents: Not clear.	
Interviewer: Why give reasons?	
Respondents: School buildings.	
Interviewer: Shhii (quiet).	
Respondents: Ehh le a rasa (you are making noise).	
Interviewer: All right, that's one, school buildings and another one on school buildings?	
Respondents: And maybe equipments.	
Interviewer: We are still coming to the equipment, are you cleaning your, your, your, your classrooms?	

Respondents: Ja, no. Cleaners do clean.	SB3A
Interviewer: Yesterday.	
Respondents: Ja, they only come on Wednesday.	SB4A
Interviewer: Oh, you've got cleaners, all right at least there are cleaners who clean.	
Respondents: Yes	SB4A
Interviewer: Ehh you must be, you must be objective, they sweep, you can see, all right.	
Respondents: Mam, you see there in the library there was a burglar, then the students broke it	SB5A
Interviewer: Who broke it, you?	
Respondents: No, ja.	
Interviewer: Ehh. Ehh, ehh, shhii (quiet), we mean you students, one of you broke the burglar??	
Respondents: Yes, but not all.	SB5A
Interviewer: Shhii (quiet), what about the learning materials, do you have enough learning material, learning material we are reefing to textbooks, we are referring to you going to the library?	
Respondents: No, not at all.	R2A
Interviewer: Shhi (quiet), one at a go, ehh, ehh, shhii one at a go.	
Respondents: Not all.	R2A
Interviewer: Ehh, ehh, wait ehh, do the government supply you with free stationery?	
Respondents: We don't know.	R3A
Interviewer: Ehh, ehh, wait, free stationer you do get, but the textbooks?	
Respondents: We don't get them.	R4A
Interviewer: No textbooks, so with the textbooks you buy for yourselves because they are not enough, but there are people or learner who get them.	
Respondents: Yes.	
Interviewer: Ehh, what about ehh, toilets, how are they?	
Respondents: Not clean.	SB5A
Interviewer: Shhii, people, people, the other class is on neh.	

Decream dentes I love le carece	
Respondents: Hey, le a rasa.	
<b>Interviewer:</b> Wait so you say the toilets are horrible but they are in the process of being improved?	
Respondents: Yes.	SB7A
Interviewer: The bell has rung, I must leave ehh, do you have a laboratory?	
Respondents: Yes.	SB9A
<b>Interviewer:</b> It's working but not up to standard. Ehh, all right do you think your teachers here at school are expects, they are knowledgeable and they are qualified.	Т
Respondents: Not all of them, some of them.	T1A & T2A
Interviewer: You are making noise, shhhii, shhii, you are making noise. Do you think they are, are they educated or they lack knowledge or they are not experts in the subject they are teaching?	
Respondents: Not all, some middle and low.	T1A & T2A
<b>Interviewer:</b> They are the high and the low and the middle all right, how can you help, how can you help the middle and the low to improve their knowledge so that they must be like the high ones?	
Respondents: They must go back to school to improve.	ТЗА
Interviewer: Shhii, when they do back to school, who's going to teach you?	
Respondents: Distance learning.	
Interviewer: They must study through distance learning, can you improve your performance without them?	
Respondents: We don't need them.	CT2A
Interviewer: Can you really study without them?	
Respondents: It is good to improve yourself because at tertiary they won't(not clear).	
Interviewer: Ehh what about ehh, what do you call it, the method they are using in teaching you is it fine?	
Respondents: It's okay.	СТЗА
Interviewer: Which method do you think ehh, ehh, shhii, which method are they using?	

Respondents: They are giving us everything.	CT4A
Interviewer: What do you call that method?	
Respondents: Spoon-feeding.	CT4A
Interviewer: They are giving you everything.	
Respondents: Yes.	
Interviewer: So you don't like it.	
Respondents: Yes.	
Interviewer: Old method is working because I understand that the results are good here.	
Respondents: They are good but (not clear).	
Interviewer: Ehh, yes.	
Respondents: Not clear.	
Interviewer: Shhii, all right, the other one regarding your parents neh, shhii, shii, regarding your parents ehh, what is your comment regarding your parents` SES (socio-economic status), is it up, middle or low. Socio-economic status I'm referring to are they poor, are they rich or are they middle?	P
Respondents: Middle.	P6A
Interviewer: All of you? Most of you so most of you they are middle class?	P6A
Respondents: Ja, no.	
Interviewer: Shhi, so lets say you think they are not poor, they are not rich they are just in the middle. Are you always having something to eat?	
Respondents: Jeeh.	
Interviewer: There are no times when you will have you break without something in your stomach?	
Respondents: Not at all.	
Interviewer: Not all of you, there are some of you, shhii, wait, most of you, you have something to eat, but there are those few of you don't have, so does it have an impact on those who don't have in their stomach, does it have any effect on your education? Shhii, I'm asking you this question, learners, learners, those who don't have anything during breaks does it have any interference with your studies, with your concentration?	

Respondents: Yes it does.	
Interviewer: How can we help, shhii, how can we help?	
Respondents: By bringing something.	
Interviewer: Bring what?	
Respondents: Biscuits.	
Interviewer: So you also comment free, free biscuits??	
Respondents: No.	
Interviewer: Something to eat, it is, shii, it did, the school itself should have send a recommendation to the government that we are having poor learners, can't you supply them with something to eat during break because we are unable to give a free supply.	
Respondents: Not clear.	
Interviewer: Ahh, what is the other one?	
Respondents: Dedicated to our work.	
Interviewer: All right you are dedicated to your work? Shii, are you dedicated to your work, ehh, ehh?	L
Respondents: Yes.	L1A
Interviewer: All of you, you are dedicated to your work?	
Respondents: Not all of us.	L1A & L12A
<b>Interviewer:</b> Not all of you, not all of you, what might be the problem, what might be the problem?	
Respondents: Lack of motivation.	L13A
Interviewer: From who?	
Respondents: From the teachers.	
Interviewer: Lack of motivation and what might be the other things that makes you not to be dedicated?	
Respondents: Lack of equipments.	
Interviewer: Equipments, the other one, you are not making noise anymore because your teacher is at the door.	

Respondents: No.	
Interviewer: All right, thanks for your contribution and I'll go and compare	
Respondents: You did not ask us about the library?	
Interviewer: I'm going, tell me about the library.	
Respondents: The library does not have all the equipments.	
Interviewer: Library?	
Respondents: It does not have the full equipment of the library.	
Interviewer: All the equipments?	
Respondents: So we don't use the library.	
Interviewer: Shhii, Shhi, do you have a qualified librarian?	
Respondents: No, we don't even have enough books.	
Interviewer: Shhi, are the books recent, recent, recent meaning that?	
Respondents: No.	
Interviewer: Fine, it's fine, thanks for your contributions nehh, I'm going to compare with that questionnaire, then I'm just hoping that before you write exams, the results will be out.	
Respondents: Thanks, thanks.	

#### **APPENDIX 16**

#### **TRANSCRIPTIONS**

## SCHOOL B LEARNERS' AND SCHOOL MANAGEMENT TEAMS' RESPONSES TO RESEARCHER'S INTERVIEWS

Interviewer: Good morning class I'm Mrs Sedibe. Morning class, how are you? I'm fine thanks. Ehh, lets do this, now lets start with the first question. Anyone of you here, just try to tell me as to whether you see teachers playing their role with regard to teaching. Are they really playing their role? What is your comment on that. By saying they are playing their role in teaching it means look at things like are they giving you classwork, are they coming being prepared and all that, is there anyone who can say something on that. The more you delay the more my cassette gets finished, ehh, it is already on. So tell me do you think your teachers play a role in their school here, say it aloud.	
Respondents: Yes.	R1B
Interviewer: Give me a reason for it, that they are playing a role as far a teaching is concerned.	
<b>Respondents:</b> They give us classwork, mark it and give also feedback, but not all do that.	R2B
Interviewer: Do they mark the work after the work and is it, eehh, what is another opinion from other learners? He says they are doing the work well, they mark the work well and they give feedback immediately. You, you.	
Respondent: I think there are some who do their work but others don't.	R3B
Interviewer: All right, you've to be honest people, don't try to please me or please whoever. So that is his opinion he says himself that there are those who do their work and those who don't. So how do we help those who are not doing their work? Ehh, how can we help them?	
Respondents: We can help them by doing the work ourselves.	R4B
Interviewer: Yourselves, if you don't know the way?	
Respondents: We try as a whole class.	
Interviewer: You all work together, that's a good opinion. Now lets see, regarding the parents, your parents. Are they helping you at home? Where are they? Why don't they help you, why don't your parents help you? Say it alone, say it aloud.	

Respondents: Parents do not help us, they are working.	P1B
Interviewer: They are working, far away from home but they come home after school, I mean after work all right. So your parents are not helping you with your schoolwork because most of them are working. All right, you.	
Respondents: Some are not educated.	P2B
Interviewer: He says most of your parents are not educated ehh, they are unable to help you. So how do cope when here at school some of your teachers are not doing their work and at home some parents are not there and some are unable to help you because they are not educated. So how do you cope? How do you cope with your schoolwork when at school there are those when I mean teachers who are not doing their work and at home parents there are not educated, how do you cope? How do you pass your tests, classwork when you don't have asort of help?	
Respondents: Other learners from other schools.	Р3В
<b>Interviewer:</b> Your neighbors, that is other learners will help you and keep it up that way. If you do have a problem and there is no one to help you here and there's no one to help you there go to learners from other schools. Dodo sometimes, with regard to the comments, do sometimes ministers, ministers I'm referring to the priests, do they sometimes visit you?	
Respondents: No.	V1B
Interviewer: At the assembly?	
Respondents: No.	V2B
Interviewer: Sometimes theyso why can't and the policemen?	
Respondents: No.	V2B
Interviewer: Nurses.	
Respondents: No.	V3B
Interviewer: So why can't you invite them, or where is the student body here, what do you call, SRC? Sometimes you can arrange with your HODs, teachers you invite the nurse to come and give you a talk based on HIV, a talk based on prevention not to be pregnant, are you still with me there? And they can still invite ministers sometimes to come and help in the morning assembly. Those people, the police can be invited to come and teach how to combat crime. Those people will help in the teaching and learning situation. Are you with me?	

Respondents: Yes.	
Interviewer: There are some of us who don't know how to prevent ourselves from the criminals in the night, you see what I mean. So you should sometimes have a nurse there to help us. Now tell me about your school buildings? Do you see the school buildings up to standard?	
Respondents: No.	SB1B
Interviewer: Give me reasons, yes say it aloud.	
Respondents: Not clear.	
Interviewer: Some windows are broken, okay the one, what is another thing that makes you not to be happy with your school buildings. He mentioned that some windows are broken, the other one.	
Respondents: We don't have electricity but we have some computers.	SB3B
Interviewer: There's electricity but no computersI mean there is no electricity but there are computers, so how do you work with your computers when there is no electricity?	
Respondents: We don't use them.	C1B
Interviewer: You don't use them, they are new, and they are old.	
Respondents: Yes.	
Interviewer: They are new, how many are they?	
Respondents: Forty.	C2B
Interviewer: And then did you mention that in the questionnaire that you have computers but no electricity?	
Respondents: Yes.	
Interviewer: Ohh, that is a good idea, I will work it out in order to help you.	
Respondents: And the Lab.	Lab
Interviewer: You have the laboratory but no equipments to conduct experiments.	
Respondents: Yes.	Lab1B
Interviewer: So you don't go for experiments.	
Respondents: No we don't go.	C4B

Interviewer: Is this a science class? So how do you cope without going to the lab?  Do you know a test-tube, alkaline?	
Respondents: Not clear.	
Interviewer: Oh, that is good it means you are good ehh. What about the toilets, are they fine?	Toil
Respondents: Yes.	Toil1B
Interviewer: That's good, because you have to be in a healthy environment neeh.  And you are having aa learner-teacher support materials, that is books, textbooks from the government, they have supplied all of you?	LTSM
Respondents: Yes, some of us.	LTSM1B
Interviewer: That's good. Ja, the furniture is fine everybody has his or her desk neeh.	F
Respondents: Yes.	F1B
Interviewer: When is moderation? Oh but the library is working, the books are enough?	Libr
Respondents: No.	Libr1B
Interviewer: Ohh, lets see again now, tell me about your teachers, are they qualified? That is teachers, are they qualified?	Q
Respondents: Not all are qualified.	Q1B
Interviewer: Say it aloud.	
Respondents: Some are not qualified but others are qualified.	
Interviewer: Ehh, half percentage of 55 are qualified that is half of the percentage are qualified, 65% are qualified. So how can we improve their qualifications?	
Respondents: Taken back to school.	
Interviewer: They must be taken back to the university, if you take them to the university who is going to teach you?	
Respondents: Not clear.	
Interviewer: Then who is going to teach you?	
Respondents: Ourselves.	
Interviewer: All right, all right if they are not there? Alright, let me put it in this way,	

why don't we say mmhh we take them after school and we go and train them and	
then tomorrow they come and teach. That concept we call in-service training and	
in-service training means you are working and we train you at the same time whilst	
you are working, you see. So maybe that one will be better unlike taking them to	
the lower classes in primary schools or unlike what taking them to the university,	
you will remain here. So it is better to say afternoon we train them and they will	
come back and teach. But they are still working hard, yes, they are helping you a	
lot neeh. Ja because you said I asked you this question, what was the question	
by the way. The first question that I asked you.	
Respondents: Whethernot clear.	
Interviewer: The first question that I asked you, are your teachers doing their	
work? And you said yes, and by that you mean even those who are not qualified	
are doing their work and you are satisfied, the only problem is that they are	
notsome of them are not qualified, you see. So they are lazy some of them, so	
the lazy one will also help the "power". How can we help them?	
	000
Respondents: Motivate them.	Q2B
Interviewer: The motivation, how will we motivate them? By doing what?	
Respondents: Reinforcements.	Q3B
Interviewer: He says now we have mentioned that there are those who are lazy	Т
they must be motivated. Let me give you an example of let say the best teacher will	
be given this at the end of the year. You know what I mean. So those who are lazy	
will also work hard in order to get something. Suppose we are saying the teacher	
who has produce 100% get a computer just an example, so you know the lazy	
once will work hard in order to get the computer. So there will be a competition.	
Ehh, you think that they are all working together as teamwork, where they work	
together? Don't they? Do you have any reason for that, ehh, ehh. Yes tell us.	
Respondents: No, they fight.	T1B
Interviewer: What do you mean by fighting? All right, so there's no teamwork	
because they are sort of fighting. You have seen it.	
Respondents: Likethey don't negotiate.	T2B
Interviewer: Somebody just gets in and the other one will say, hey this is my	
period ehh, ehh, and all that. So there is no good team teamwork. The method of	
teaching. Which method? All right, by the method I mean do they come here and	
just talk like me, talking, talking, talking and at the end of the period they go out or	
are they involving you and do they say, I'm not referring to the science learning	

area, I'm referring to let say, a language neeh. Is there anyway where they say lets	
go and do the experiments outside? Is there anyway where they say you are going	
to help us today with whatever and whatever, are they just talking, talking	
and write on the chalkboard.	
Respondents: Yes.	
Interviewer: What type of method is that? The, the, the domination method by the teacher that is the teacher does everything and in OBE, OBE allows you to do the work. Like me now I'm not doing OBE but I'm just doing like your teachers you are all listening to me, you are passive learners and you are not suppose to be passive learners. Passive learners mean you are just looking at me. Some of you are not even listening, some of you are just thinking of what you are going to enjoy during break. Some of you are just thinking of what they are going to do during the weekend. And that is not the method that we want, we want you also to take part. Are you with me, where are they, hey tell us, hey tell us to show that we all take part. So which method are they using?	M
Respondents: Passive one.	M1B
Interviewer: Passive one, where you all listen. Not all of them. Some of them.  Some use passive teaching methods and some use active teaching. Methods where you involved, is that so?	
Respondents: Yes.	
Interviewer: They don't argue questions they just provide with knowledge. What is the reason for that? Why, why is there anyone with a reason for that? Maybe they want to finish up the syllabus on time so that you can write your matric.	
Respondents: But at the end they don't finish the syllabus.	M2B
Interviewer: Who finishes the syllabus?	
Respondents: Like when we wrote supplementary exams(not clear).	
Interviewer: You finished the syllabus, that's good, you are good learners. Thank you for being good learners. Now tell me about the socio-economic status of your parents. How are your parents, are they rich, poor or middle?	PR
Respondents: No.	PR1B
Interviewer: I don't think so, I'm looking at you, you are all bright and beautiful. No your parents are not poor, are they poor? Give me reasons for that why do you say your parents are poor. Yes, ehh?	
Respondents: Some are not working.	PR2B

Interviewer: Some are not working, now who pay for your school fees?	
Respondents: My grandmother.	PR3B
Interviewer: Your grandmother, you others? Are your parents working ehh, you at the corner?	
Respondents: Yes.	
Interviewer: They are working?	
Respondents: Yes.	
Interviewer: Our president, are your parents working, ehh who pays for your school fees?	
Respondents: Yes.	
Interviewer: Ja, but then is working, you?	
Respondents: Not clear.	
Interviewer: Then some of you your parents are working ehh, you are better of there are those who are working after school from class here in order to get money to come to school. Like you where are you working?	
Respondents: Far from home.	
Interviewer: That's good, now tell us. Tell me what can we do in order to improve our teaching-learning situation? That's an overall question. What can we do that is the end of the period; what can we do akiri (isn't) you are going for a break now?	
Respondents: No.	
Interviewer: What can we do to improve all the negative things that you were saying mhh, what can we do?	I
Respondents: I think we can take it to the government.	I1B
Interviewer: To the government, who's going to take it to the government? Our principals, that's good. The other way of improving ourthat is improving all things that we have come up with, the broken windows, no electricity, will take those to the government, that's what you are saying nehh, that's a good idea. Another one?	
Respondents: Donations?	I2B
Interviewer: Donations, we must also ask for donations so that we can come and help our school maybe build another block and all that, another recommendation that you can give?	

Respondents: Fundraising.	I3B
Interviewer: Fundraising, can we do fundraising?	
Respondents: Yes.	
Interviewer: You did it sometimes. Ja lets try it, we should sometimes not just relax and say ohh, we are waiting for the government. The government has got so many things, so many schools so lets do some of the things. We have to do some donation, what is the other thing? With regard to maybe your are saying that you are not satisfied you can still attend Saturday school, you look for experts who can come and help you with Maths and Science. You see. Do you have Saturday school here?	SatL
Respondents: No.	SatL1B
Interviewer: You go and attend it somewhere?	
Respondents: Yes.	SatL2B
Interviewer: That's good of you but we should have them here so that other schools should come and attend it here. But if we start it the other grade 12, the next year grade 12s will benefit, we are not looking at who are they, we are looking for the lifelong learning situation. Are you with me there?	
Respondents: Yes.	
Interviewer: Eeh, I think up to so far, I would say I'm satisfied about what you are doing. Tell me do you have a school governing body here?	SGB
Respondents: Yes.	SGB1B
Interviewer: Does it work?	
Respondents: No.	SGB2B
Interviewer: Ehh, why do you say no, do you know that, you know the chairperson?	
Respondents: No, they don't do their work they are always complaining about school funds?	
Interviewer: You don't pay your school fee, that is why they are complaining. I think maybe because you don't have money, I'll take it that way but you have money for the trips maybe they were doing it in future, they will do that in future. Now tell me are you also doing your work?	
Respondents: Yes.	

Interviewer: You(not clear). That's good of you, keep it up that way, you must	
keep it up you don't dodge lessons?	
Respondents: No.	
Interviewer: You, let us be honest, some of you do dodge lessons?	D
Respondents: Yes.	D1B
Interviewer: And the, coming late?	Late
Respondents: Yes.	Late1B
Interviewer: What is the reason for your coming late to school? Not this one alone, generally some of you come late to school, what is the reason for that?	
Respondents: Some of them come on foot, they wake-up late and no transport.	Late2B
Interviewer: No transport, ja are you sure, ja if the(not clear).	
Respondents: Because they are(not clear).	
Interviewer: They do what? Ehh, shame they don't have transport.	
Respondents: Yes.	
Interviewer: Oh, you too. Ok that's fine what is your reason for not coming early?	
Respondents: No transport.	
Interviewer: All right, there's no transport, so how to(not clear) to have transport. I', sure coming late will not be there anymore, what about the punishment here, is it severe, do you have corporal punishment applied here?	
Respondents: Yes.	P1B
Interviewer: All right, but it is not bad, and it is for the wrong things you have done.	
Respondents: They mumbled.	
Interviewer: For late coming only?	
Respondents: No.	
Interviewer: School uniforms.	
Respondents: Yes.	P2B
Interviewer: And do they do thewhat we call favouritism, do they favour certain learners?	

Respondents: Yes.	F1B
Interviewer: Ahh no, how tell me that, how did you see, refer to the incident where you saw them practicing favouritism. Give me an example to show that they did. Tell me when, when.	
Respondents: Not clear.	
Interviewer: You know what it means that one boy, maybe the teacher discovered that maybe he has some problems of not understanding.	
Respondents: No.	
Interviewer: And you others you are lazy.	
Respondents: No.	
Interviewer: Now, I'm happy that we have discuss some of the things, I will keep on discussing with you until when the sun set so there are so many things there.  Tell me you also are dedicated to your work neehh.	
Respondents: Yes.	
Interviewer: Good luck for that. I'm going to check your results at the end of the year, if there's a student who is a(well where do I stop it, it was moving neeh). Let me tell you if there(so)	

#### **APPENDIX 17**

#### **TRANSCRIPTIONS**

# SCHOOL C LEARNERS' AND SCHOOL MANAGEMENT TEAMS' RESPONSES TO RESEARCHER'S INTERVIEWS

Interviewer: One of you should give me an answer as to whether the teachers here in play a role; one of you should also give me an answer as to whether the parents around (your parents) are playing a role in your education, the other one should give me an answer as to whether the SGB also play a role in your education. Anyone, say they play a role and this is the support to my answer  Hmm the more you don't participate the more my cassette will get finished and it will be a problem. Do you think they play a role in your education? Ehmare they really playing a role? When you say Yes, it is fine. You raise up your hands and say Yes, and then you support the statement. You give the evidence that teachers are playing a role because of thisYes; your hand is not up. Yes, Yes, Yes, Yes, Yes Ehmm Don't you think your teachers, teachers I'm referring to the teachers, don't you think that teachers are doing their work. Ehhhhehhh, don't you think so, if they do tell us that yes they do play a role and I saw when they do 1,2,3,4,51,2,3,4,5. An answer. You try, you want to try, yes, try. Say don't	R
write just say it all right. `Le ka seTswana ibueng, nna kitla itranslata if le bonna uri ia pala nyana ansara ya teng`( You can say it even in seTswana, I will translate it if you find it a bit difficult).	
Respondents: Yes	R1C
Interviewer: Jaspeak aloud, Shii (quiet). A ki ri (because) keeping quiet and now he is trying you want to intervene, yes.	
Respondents: Playing a role because they are teaching us.	R2C
Interviewer: Immhhthat's his opinion, he says that they are playing a role and the reason for that they teach and do what again, write tests and class works. Another one. Is there anyone to support the statement or to be against the statement? Yes, you don't want to say anything. And then lets go to another one. Ahh, your parents, are they playing a role in your education? Are they really playing a role? Do they help you with your homework? All right, are you staying with your parents?	
So how can they play a role when you are not staying with them? All right let me put it again, are your parents playing a role in your education? Raise up your hands and tell us. Say yes and support your statement, say no and support your statement. Anyone, you, you want to say something, you, you at the corner.	

Respondents: No answer was given.	P1C
Interviewer: Don't you want to say something? Ehhhanyone with a comment. Do your parents help you with your education? When you say, yes, you must support. Like you can say yes, yes because they bought books for me, bought me uniform or they are doing anything you think they are really helping you with. Irrespective of where they are, they might be staying away from you or whatever but when you ask something from them they give. So do they really play a role? When you say yes, please give that example. Yes.	
Respondents: Playing a role but staying far as they are working.	P2C
Interviewer: Watsehang a ko ri aki tlhaluhanyi ku ri ki tlari yena obyang" (I don't really know what to say about those who are laughing). You said your parents are playing a role because ofeven though they are staying far in e.g. Jo'burg but when they come back they provide neeth. Ja, but then through that you are able to do well at school because they are giving you some money also to get some sweets during break. Another one, parents, buwa (speak) even if you can talk in your language, I don't have a problem here I'm translating, yes.	
Respondents: They pay school fees for us.	P3C
Interviewer: They pay what, if I go now, I ca go now there and check in the books, have they already paid the school fee, they have paid already? Ehh, have they paid already? All right, it's fine. Now to her she says yes and when they are called for meetings, parents' meetings do they come? Ehh	
Respondents: Yes, they attend meetings.	P4C
Interviewer: Must I go and check the attendants register?	
Respondents: Yes.	
Interviewer: Not all of them don't just say yes. Say not all of them because they might not all come. Ja, and then, you know that a school governing body (SGB), are they really helping you, they are supporting you with your education?	SGB
Respondents: No.	SGB1C
Interviewer: Yes, there is one here I've seen. You know what, give me the reason why you say they don't support you. Give me a reason for that	
Respondents: Not clear.	
Interviewer: Ehh	
Respondents: Only attending meetings	SGB2C

<b>Interviewer</b> : Only attending meetings. So if you have some problems here don't they come and solve the problems.	
Respondents: No	SGB3C
Interviewer: They shall, all right, so you say they don't do that support as such, all right. And then, what about the school management team, the school management team I'm referring to the HODs, the principals and deputy, are they really playing their roles. Give, give, give support to that. Give evidence, give the reasons for that, why do you say so Immm. Why do you say they are playing a role? Give an example, what did they do? You don't know. Ehhh ba irang? (What do they do?) Imhh.	SMTs
Respondents: Force us to study after school.	SMTS1C
Interviewer: Ehhee, that's a role, yes, they force you and that is good. What is other? You don't want to come after for studies. You don't, you want to study at home. Immmh. And then what about the community as such, is it playing a role in your education. The community I'm not referring to your parents as such but I'm referring to people there in the community, police stations, churches whatever do they play a role, do they help you.	
Respondents: No.	
Interviewer: Ehh, what, who, who plays a role specifically?	
Respondents: Nothing.	
Interviewer: All right, praying and then do the police also come and help you here?	
Respondents: No, just a little bit.	P1C
Interviewer: A bit, police support a bit, and nurses?	N
Respondents: No.	N1C
Interviewer: And then tell me about your school buildings, how are they, are they fine for teaching and learning?	SB
Respondents: No	SB1C
Interviewer: Eehh, why do you say so, why do you say no? Raise up your hands and tell me. Ehhh	
Respondents: Not clear.	
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Interviewer: Ehh, you said the buildings are not up to standard, so tell me like what? Yes.	
<b>Respondents:</b> Mafastere amanwe aana diglasi and ribulaya ke phefo (Some windows don't have glasses, so when it's cold we really get cold).	SB2C & SB3C
Interviewer: Ehh, no windows and cold, what again? Cracks and then the other one. How is the environment outside, the surrounding is it fine, electricity?	Е
Respondents: No, no electricity.	E1C
Interviewer: No what? Light, you don't have electricity, so tell me does it have any, any effect if you don't have electricity, does it have an impact on your studies?	
Respondents: Yes, that has an impact.	E2C
Interviewer: What, reason, ehhh, how does the light help you or how does electricity help you in your studies? Ehhh.	
Respondents: Not clear.	
Interviewer: No electricity, so no computers, do you have them, do you have computers?	Comp
Respondents: Yes.	Comp1C
Interviewer: They are there but because of no electricity you don't use, it there any computer room?	
Respondents: Immm.	
Interviewer: No electricity and no computers. And then, what about your learning support material, that is books and textbooks, how are they?	LTSM
Respondents: Old.	LTSM1C
Interviewer: Eehh, learning support materials, your textbooks and the free supply by the government.	
Respondents: Di textbook tsa runa ra a direkela (We buy textbooks ourselves).	LTSM2C
Interviewer: You are buying your own, which one, ehh, no, no, no the pre-books don't you get, stationery do you get, all of you.	
Respondents: Not al of us.	LTSM3C
Interviewer: Some free books but the textbooks, do you all have textbooks?	
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Respondents: No.	LTSM4C
Interviewer: With what do you learn then, if you don't have textbooks?	
Respondents: Ri na ditextbooks tsa kgale. (We have old textbooks).	
Interviewer: So the new once you don't have, who must buy them for you?	
Respondents:ri a di rekela ( we buy them ourselves).	
Interviewer: And you don't have money?	
Respondents: Ihmm.	
Interviewer: No money for new books but in other schools, they have been given new books neeh?	
Respondents: Ja	
Interviewer: Free?	
Respondents: Ja.	
Interviewer: And then, what about toilets here?	Т
Respondents: Our toilets are locked.	T1C
Interviewer: They are locked?	
Respondents: Yes.	
Interviewer: Why are they locked?	
Respondents: People have stolen toilet seats.	T2C
Interviewer: Oh, because they stole a toilet seat, they stole the toilet seat that is why they locked them. And are they flushing?	
Respondents: No.	T3C
Interviewer: Is a toilet pit? What is the effect, do you think that a toilet pit have any effect on your teaching, on your learning. Ehh, Ehhh, what do you want to say.	
Interviewer: It is not healthy so if they are not healthy I mean, I want to find out, and does it have any impact on your learning and teaching of whatever. Ehh, they don't have.	
Respondents: No answer was given.	

Interviewer: A kiri (I mean), if the toilets are unhealthy, what can happen to your health?	
Respondents: Become ill.	
<b>Interviewer:</b> Then you absent yourself from school, and then you miss certain lessons. And based on that then they might have an impact, I'm just saying it because you've said it. Furniture, is fine?	F
Respondents: No, we borrow.	F1C
Interviewer: Ehh, where did you borrow this one?	
Respondents: From a nearby primary school.	F2C
Interviewer: Primary, borrowed from primary. So tell me if, if they did not borrow it from the primary. They borrowed this from primary and it helps you now that you are able to sit, suppose they did not borrow from the primary where were you going to sort of sit when you are studying or you are attending your lessons? Ehh.	
Respondents: Not clear.	
Interviewer: All right, let see do you have a library?	Libr
Respondent: No.	Libr1C
Interviewer: No library.	
Respondents: Yes.	Libr2C
<b>Interviewer:</b> Where do you get some books if you want to refer. Do you think if you don't have a library, it has an impact in your studies?	
Respondents: Yes.	
Interviewer: Why?	
Respondents: No answer was given they keep quiet.	
Interviewer: Ehh, unable to what? To study or read because of not having a library. Laboratory, do you have?	Lab
Respondents: No.	Lab1C
Interviewer: And then what, is there anyone who's doing science here?	
Respondents: Yes.	
Interviewer: Who's that one, are you doing science?	
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Respondents: Yes.	Lab2C
Interviewer: So to which library do you go to, I mean to laboratory?	
Respondents: Outside.	Lab3C
Interviewer: There is a small laboratory, ehh, well, I mean, do you have adon't you do experiments?	
Respondents: Yes.	
<b>Interviewer:</b> Where do you get apparatus, apparatus are there, you have apparatus. All right, apparatus are there but not enough and the experiments are done outside, is that true?	A
Respondents: Yes.	A1C
Interviewer: Ehhh, Shii (quiet) according to your knowledge, are your teachers qualified? Number1, number 2, ehhh, I'm asking, not, not you don't know neeh? Not knowing that you are uncertain about it "akiri" (okay). Now are they knowledgeable to teach the subject they are teaching, do they have knowledge?	
Respondents: Some do have knowledge.	
Interviewer: Some, some do have, ehh shii (quiet) do you think they are working together, working meaning that there is any team spirit?	
Respondents: No.	T1C
Interviewer: They have got some clashes in between. How can you help them not to have that? How can you help them? Ehh using your own understanding, how ca you help them to be one, to work together, Ehh?	
Respondents: Re tlokga information (we don't have information)	
Interviewer: All right, it will be impossible because of interference, ehh, what about the, the, the method that they are using when teaching, is it fine?	
Respondents: No.	
Interviewer: Why do you say so?	
Respondents: No answer.	
Interviewer: Some, so which one do you prefer, ehh, I mean the method of teaching, which one do you prefer?	М
Respondents: Explanation method and summary.	M1C
Interviewer: Ehh, the explanation one, summary, you want summary, ehh. What	

about this method of just teaching you, you listen, listen, listen and at the end you go home. That's the one they are using.	
Respondents: Some of them.	M2C
Interviewer: Ehh, some are teaching very well. And then, what is your parents' socio-economic status? By socio-economic status I'm referring to whether they are up here rich or here or down?	SES
Respondents: Poor.	SES1C
Interviewer: Down? Why do you all say down not middle not up? So I'm asking you this question now. When you say they are down tell me don't you eat during break?	
Respondents: We do.	
Interviewer: Where do you get money? Ehh.	
Respondents: We sometimes work.	SES2C
Interviewer: Are you sure?	
Respondents: Yes.	
Interviewer: Is it not some teachers help you with some money?	
Respondents; No.	
Interviewer: All right, shii (quiet) you others you say "wa zula" what is to "zula"?	
Respondents: We say " ngia ziphandela musi" (we work for ourselves).	
Interviewer: Ohh, how do you do that?	
Respondents: No answer.	
Interviewer: And then "u yisa kai" (where do you take it to). Ohh you, you sell some water and then you get money from there. Liing hape (what else)?	
Respondents: Selling fish.	SES3C
Interviewer: A wu, ke batla, tlhapi (Oh, let it I want a witness).	
Respondents: No answer.	
Interviewer: Ehh, are you committed to your education, committed means you really want to pass your grade 12 and go somewhere?	CE
Respondents: Yes.	CE1C

Interviewer: Are you studying?  Respondents: Yes.  CE2C  Interviewer: Are you writing tests?  Respondents: Yes.  CE3C  Interviewer: How do I know, show me the evidence?  Respondents: No answer.  Interviewer: Why up, what about others?  Respondents: Not clear (noise).  Interviewer: Tell me now under general, under general how can we as black people improve our education in this rural areas, that is a general question. How can we improve our education in these rural areas? How, give me your ideas. Yes.  Respondents: Not clear.  Interviewer: Re tha hira byang (what can we do)?  Interviewer: So you are saying, we can improve that by having a transport that can take you all over to school so that you must not be late, the other one?  Respondents: Yes.  Interviewer: What I'm saying is when you give me these ehh, solutions it might help, maybe once the recommendations are put forward, you find that at the end, it might be a bus. Let me give you an example of the, the farm schools. They do have a bus that takes every child from her point of departure taking her or him to school, that is why I'm saying maybe if we can have that in future it can combat this thing of coming late to school. Another one, how can we improve our education here? Based on all the things that you have said, how can we? Ehh, we want electricity, so when can we get so you will come and study. That will help for after study up to late.  Respondents: Have a transport, so that we should not be late for school.  Interviewer: Ehh, another one, is that all? Imm, what is your, your comment, what is your idea?  Respondents: Qualified teachers from other places to come and help.		=
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what is your idea?	Respondents: Have a transport, so that we should not be late for school.	
Respondents: Qualified teachers from other places to come and help.  IERA2C		
	Respondents: Qualified teachers from other places to come and help.	IERA2C

Interviewer: Qualified teachers from outside to come and help.	
Respondents: Yes.	
Interviewer: All right, Ehh., white curriculum, ja, ja another one?	
Respondents: Not clear.	
Interviewer: Falls under white curriculum, the other thing, another improvement?	
Respondents: No answer.	
Interviewer: That is what you are saying when you(not clear) what, what, what to have more. Imm, ja.	
Respondents: Not clear.	
Interviewer: Another one, is that all?	
Respondents: Laugh.	
Interviewer: Improve, improve	



#### **APPENDIX 18**

## CODING AND CLUSTERING OF TEACHERS' AND SCHOOL MANAGEMENT TEAMS' RESPONSES TO RESEARCHER'S INTERVIEW AT SCHOOL A

1	Dedication and commitment of teachers	D
	Teachers are dedicated	D1A
2	Availability of resources	R
	If they can get the resources	R1A
	Facilities not enough	R2A
3	Late coming	L
	Learners are punished if they are late	L1A
4	Qualifications of teachers	Q
	They are qualified	Q1A
	They are knowledgeable	Q2A
	Specialists in their subjects	Q3A
5	Favouritism	F
	No favouritism	F1A
6	SGB (School Governing Body)	SGB
	Not playing much role	SGB1A
7	Parents	Р
	Parents are poor	P1A
	Most of them come home month end	P2A
	Some learners live alone at home	РЗА
8	Community	С
	The community do sometimes help with things like burglary	C1A
9	The school	S
	The school is very old, more than 50 years old	S1A
	They need a new structure to be build by the Department of Education	S2A
	Written letters since 1993, up to now they have not come to build a new school	S3A
		<u> </u>

10	Learner teacher support material	LTSM
	Some learners do not have books	LTSM1A
	Improvise and photocopy some information for the learners	LTSM2A
11	Method of teaching	М
	Still using the old method of teaching	M1A
	One reason being that they do not have resources	M2A
		T
12	Toilets	Т
	Still using the old toilets	T1A
	They are not healthy	T2A
13	Furniture	F
	Not enough furniture	F1A
	They borrowed some from the neighbouring school	F2A
14	Library	Libr
	Old books	Libr1A
	No qualified librarian	Libr2A
	No time for learners to go to the library, only during their free time	Libr3A
15	Sick room	Sick
	• There is a sick room with one bed; and if more than one learner are sick, then it becomes a problem	Sick1A & Sick2A
	No medicines, only Disprin	Sick3A
16	Laboratory	Lab
	Not up to standard	Lab1A
	Improvise	Lab2A



#### **APPENDIX 19**

## CODING AND CLUSTERING OF TEACHERS' AND SCHOOL MANAGEMENT TEAMS' RESPONSES TO RESEARCHER'S INTERVIEW AT SCHOOL B

1	Qualifications of teachers	Q
	Most of them are qualified	Q1B
	Matric plus diploma	Q2B
	· ·	<u> </u>
2	Dedication	D
	Yes, they are dedicated	D1B
3	Method of OBE	М
	Difficult to apply OBE	M1B
	Still use old method	M2B
		1
4	Resources	R
	Not enough resources	R1B
5	Learner-teacher ratio?	Ratio
	More than 40 learners	Ratio1B
6	School buildings	SB
	Generally the school is old	SB1B
	No computer rooms	SB2B
	Laboratory is there but not working	SB3B
	Apparatus not used but stored in the storeroom	SB4B
7	Parents	Р
	No connection between teacher and parent	P1B
	Parents do not attend school meetings	P2B
	Triangle between learner, teacher and parent is broken	P3B
	But if there is a problem they come	P4B
8	Toilets	Т
	They have new toilets	T1B
9	Learner teacher support material	LTSM
	They get them from their sisters and brothers who have already passed the grade	LTSM1B
	Majority of the learners do have books but not directly from government	LTSM2B

10	Teamwork	Т
	There is teamwork and teachers help each other	T1B
11	Learner-dedication	LD
	Some are dedicated, some are not e.g. some do not do homework	LD1B
	But follow-ups are made	LD2B
12	Drugs	D
	We cannot say that drugs are not used by the learners	D1B
	Drugs might be there	D2B
13	How to improve the school's culture	SC
	Depends on the management and staff	SC1B
	Introduce computer literacy courses	SC2B
14	Are teachers computer literate?	С
	They are highly skilled in computer usage	C1B



#### **APPENDIX 20**

## CODING AND CLUSTERING OF TEACHERS' AND MANAGEMENT TEAMS' RESPONSES TO RESEARCHER'S INTERVIEW AT SCHOOL C

1	Teachers are playing their role in teaching and learning?	R
	Yes they do, but they do not have all the necessary knowledge	R1C
2	Parents, are they playing their role in teaching and learning?	Р
	A very low percentage of them do help their children	P1C
	Are their parents educated? not all	P2C
	Most of them are traveling by bus	P3C
3	Are SMTs playing their role in teaching and learning?	Smt
	They are trying their level best	Smt21
	They have respect	Smt2C
	There is cooperation	Smt3C
4	Team spirit	TS
	There is a bit of team spirit	TS1C
5	Qualification of teachers: are they qualified to teach the learning areas?	Q
	They are adequately qualified	Q1C
	They are knowledgeable	Q2C
6	Are they dedicated to their work?	D
	• Yes	D1C
7	School building	SB
	Not up to standard and are vandalized	SB1C
	Vandalised by some of the learners	SB2C
	Some are taken drugs	SB3C
8	What about the school furniture?	SF
	Furniture is also destroyed	SF1C
9	How can we prohibit the process of destroying whatever furniture is available in this school?	Proh
	Bringing the attention of the community might help	Proh1C

10	Is the library functional at your school?	Libr
	It is no longer functional	Libr1C
	The reason being that we dot have an adequate building for it	Libr2C
11	And the laboratory?	Lab
	No laboratory	Lab1C
12	Where and how do they conduct their experiments?	Ехр
	In an ordinary classroom	Exp1C
13	Which method do you use when teaching?	M
	It depends on the subject	M1C
14	Are learners dedicated to their schoolwork?	LD
	Not all of them	LD1C
15	Parental involvement	PI
	Only about 10% of the parents are involved	PI1C
16	How can we improve the education in this area?	IE
	<ul> <li>May ask learners to buy newspapers, but the SES is low and far from entertainment sectors</li> </ul>	IE1C
17	Do you have a feeding scheme for learners?	FS
	We do not have	FS1C
	Some of the primary schools do have	FS2C



#### **APPENDIX 21**

# CODING AND CLUSTERING OF LEARNERS' RESPONSES TO RESEARCHER'S INTERVIEW AT SCHOOL A

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9	Classroom teaching	СТ
	Educators/teachers are not fair	CT1A
	Learners indicated that they "don't need teachers"	CT2A
	Some learners were happy with the methods used by teachers	CT3A
	Teachers were spoon-feeding learners	CT4A
		·
10	School buildings	SB
	School buildings are very old	SB1A
	Has no electricity	SB2A
	Some sections at school do have electricity	SB3A
	Cleaning does take place at school	SB4A
	Learners damaged library	SB5A
	Toilets are not clean	SB6A
	Toilets are being improved	SB7A
	Laboratories are available	SB9A
	Some laboratories are not up to standard	SB10A
11	Teachers/Educators	Т
	Learners regarded some teachers as experts	T1A
	Some teachers were not regarded as experts	T2A
	Certain teachers should return to university to improve their teaching	T3A
12	Learners	L
	Learners are dedicated	L1A
	Learners are not dedicated	L2A
	Learners lack motivation	L3A
13	Saturday lessons	SatL
	• No	SatL1B
	They attend somewhere	SatL2B
4.4	Dadra Jasana	
14	Dodge lessons	D D4D
	• No	D1B
1 <i>E</i>	Coming late	Late
15	Coming late  • Yes	Late1B
		Late 1B
	<ul><li>No transport,</li><li>Walking on foot</li></ul>	Late2B Late3B
	Walking on foot	Lalesb
16	Favouritism	Fav
10	• Yes	Fav1B
	- 103	Ιανιο

#### **APPENDIX 22**

## CODING AND CLUSTERING OF LEARNERS' RESPONSES TO RESEARCHER'S INTERVIEW AT SCHOOL B

1	Teachers are playing their role in teaching and learning	R
	Yes they do play their role	R1B
	They give us classworks and also feedback	R2B
	Others do not do their work	R3B
	We can do the work ourselves	R4B
2	Parents	Р
	Parents do not help us	P1B
	Some are not educated	P2B
	Other learners from other schools do help us	P3B
3	Visit by ministers, nurses, etc.	V
	No visit by ministers during assemblies	V1B
	No visit by policemen	V2B
	No visit by nurses	V3B
4	School buildings	SB
	Not up to standard	SB1B
	Windows broken	SB2B
	No electricity	SB3B
	- Computers	SB4B
5	Computers	С
	They are there but not used	C1B
	Forty of them	C2B
6	Laboratory	Lab
	Laboratory is there but no equipment	Lab1B
7	Experiments	Ехр
	No experiments are conducted	Exp1B
	Motivate learners and reinforce them	Exp2B
		<u>.</u>

8	Teamwork	Т
O	No teamwork, they fight	T1B
	They do not negotiate	T2B
	- They do not negotiate	TZD
9	Mathod of topobing	M
9	Method of teaching	
	Passive one  The state of	M1B
	They do not finish the syllabys	M2B
10	Parents are not rich	PR
10	Some are working	PR1B
	Grandparents pay school fees	PR2B
	- Grandparents pay school lees	FNZB
11	Toilets	Toil
		Toil1B
	They are fine	TUILID
12	Learner teacher support material	LTSM
	Some of the learners	LTSM1B
13	Furniture	F
	Furniture is fine	F1B
14	Library	Libr
	It is not working	Libr1B
15	Qualification	Q
	Not all are qualified	Q1B
	Motivate them	Q2B
	Reinforcement	Q3B
16	School Governing Body	SGB
	They do have SGB	SGB1B
	But does not do their work	SGB2B
17	To improve all the negative factors	1
	Take everything to the Government	I1B
	Donation	I2B
	Fundraising	I3B
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

18	Saturday lessons	SatL
	• No	SatL1B
	They attend somewhere	SatL2B
19	Dodge lessons	D
	• No	D1B
20	Coming late	Late
	• Yes	Late1B
	No transport,	Late2B
	Walking on foot	Late3B
21	Favouritism	Fav
	• Yes	Fav1B



#### **APPENDIX 23**

## CODING AND CLUSTERING OF LEARNERS' RESPONSES TO RESEARCHER'S INTERVIEW AT SCHOOL C

1	Teachers are playing their role in teaching and learning	R
	Yes, they do play a role	R1C
	They are teaching us	R2C
2	Parents are playing a role in their education/teaching and learning	Р
	No answer was given	P1C
	Playing a role but staying far as they are working	P2C
	They pay school fees for us	P3C
	They attend meetings	P3c
		1
3	School Governing Bodies: are they playing a role?	SGB
	• No	SGB1C
	Only attending meetings	SGB2C
	No, they do not solve our problems	SGB3C
		1
4	School management teams: do they play a role?	SMTS
	Force us to study	SMTS1C
		1
5	Community, does it play a role in the teaching and learning?	С
	■ Nothing	C1C
6	Do policemen support you?	Pol
	No, just a little bit	Pol1C
7	Nurses	N
	• No	N1C
		1
8	Tell me about your school building: is it fine for teaching and learning?	SB
	• No	SB1C
	Some windows do not have glasses	SB2C
	We get cold when it is winter	SB3C
		•
9	Electricity	Е
	No electricity	E1C
	Has impact on our studies	E2C
		1
10	Do you have computers?	Comp
	Yes, we do have computers	Comp1C

11	Do you have learner teacher support material?	Ltsm
	• Old	Ltsm1C
	We buy textbooks	Ltsm2C
	We do not all get free books	Ltsm3C
	Don't also get stationary	Ltsm4C
	We do not all have textbooks	Ltsm5C
12	What about toilets?	Т
	Our toilets are locked	T1C
	Because toilet seats have been stolen	T2C
	They are toilet pits	T3C
		1
13	What about your school's furniture?	F
	We borrowed it	F1C
	From a nearby primary school	F2C
		1
14	Do you have a library?	Libr
	• No	Libr1C
	Yes, the absence of the library has an impact on our studies	Libr2C
		·
15	Do you have a laboratory?	Lab
	• No	Lab1C
	But we are doing science as a subject	Lab2C
	They do their experiments outside	Lab3C
16	Do you have apparatus?	А
	• Yes	A1C
18	Method of teaching	M
	Explanation and summary method	M1C
	Listening too much	M2C
19	What about socio-economic status?	SES
	It is poor	SES1C
	Learners sometimes work for themselves to get money	SES2C
	Selling fish	SES3C
20	Are you (learners) committed to your education?	CE
	• Yes	CE1C
	Yes, we are studying	CE2C
	Yes, we are writing tests	CE3C

21	How can we improve our education in the rural areas?	IERA
	Have improved means of transport	IERA1C
	Qualified teachers	IERA2C

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