AN EVALUATION OF AND A MODEL FOR SOUTH AFRICAN GOVERNMENT WEBSITES

by

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To the memory of Tiekels and my mother

TABLE OF CONTENTS

ABSTRA	ACT	xix
CHAPTE	ER 1: INTRODUCTION	1
413	451.050.00 (1.64)	í
1.	Purpose of the research project	
2.	Framework for the development and evaluation of government	1
	websites	1
2.1	Government's responsibility towards information delivery	2
2.2	Convergence of information and communication technologies	5
3.	Research objectives	5
3.1	Research problem	
3.2	Parameters in which the research project was conducted	6
3.2.1	Issues addressed during the evaluation process	6
3.2.2	User population of the websites	7
4.	Structure of the thesis	7
5.	Defining evaluation and usability	8
5.1	What is evaluation?	8
5.2	A brief discussion of the scope of usability	9
6.	The need for government website assessment	11
7.	Reasons for evaluating SA Government Online and	
	other government websites	12
CHAPT	ER 2: METHODOLOGY FOR THE EVALUATION OF	
SA GO	VERNMENT ONLINE	14
1.	Introduction	14
2.	Identification of evaluation criteria	15
2.1	Introduction	15
2.2	Phase 1: Identification of general and category-specific criteria	15
2.3	Phase 2: Consolidation	16
2.4	Phase 3: Identification and consolidation of category and product-	
	specific criteria	16
2.5	Methodological problems experienced during criteria selection	17
2.6	Operationalisation of criteria	18

3.	Selection of evaluation methods	18
4.	Development of test instruments	20
4.1	Heuristic evaluation – expert opinion	20
4.1.1	Introduction	20
4.1.2	Selecting evaluators	20
4.1.3	Evaluation guide	20
4.1.4	Implementation	21
4.1.5	Limitations and advantages of this method	21
4.2	Heuristic evaluation - critical evaluation of the website	22
4.3	User testing	22
4.3.1	Introduction	22
4.3.2	Selection of respondents	23
4.3.3	Compilation of work tasks	24
4.3.4	Pilot testing	24
4.3.5	Implementation	24
4.3.6	Choice of experimenter	25
4.3.7	Limitations and advantages of this method	26
4.4	Online survey	26
4.4.1	Introduction	26
4.4.2	Compiling the questionnaire	27
4.4.3	Pilot testing	27
4.4.4	Implementation	28
4.4.5	Limitations and advantages of this method	28
5.	Scheduling of activities	29
6.	Conclusion	29
CHAPTER	R 3: DISCUSSION OF SA GOVERNMENT ONLINE	30
1.	Introduction	30
2.	Background	30
3.	Aims and objectives of SA Government Online	31
4.	Main features of SA Government Online	31
4.1	Approach with regard to carrying information content versus linking	
	to other websites	31
4.2	The home page	32
4.2.1	Content	32
422	Events	33

4.2.3	What's New	33
4.2.4	Other features on the home page	33
4.3	Content, layout and navigation of the main pages of the website	33
4.3.1	Government system	33
4.3.1.1	Overview and diagram	34
4.3.1.2	Constitution of the Republic of South Africa	34
4.3.1.3	Parliament of the Republic of South Africa	35
4.3.1.4	Cabinet	35
4.3.1.5	President and Deputy President	35
4.3.1.6	Ministers	36
4.3.1.7	Deputy Ministers	36
4.3.1.8	National departments	37
4.3.1.9	Judicial Authority	38
4.3.1.10	Institutions, bodies and commissions	38
4.3.1.11	SA Missions abroad	38
4.3.1.12	Foreign Missions in South Africa	38
4.3.1.13	Elections	39
4.3.1.14	National budget	39
4.3.1.15	Contact information	39
4.3.1.16	Related links	39
4.3.1.17	National symbols	39
4.3.1.18	Additional cross-navigation	40
4.3.2	President, Deputy President, Ministers, Deputy Ministers and	
	government departments	40
4.3.3	Documents, reports & forms	40
4.3.3.1	Legislation, Bills, white papers, green papers, reports and	
	other documents	41
4.3.3.2	Documents listed per subject	41
4.3.3.3	Tender bulletins	41
4.3.3.4	Parliamentary papers	41
4.3.3.5	Government forms	42
4.3.3.6	Government Term Contract	42
4.3.3.7	Document formats	42
4.3.4	Speeches	42
4.3.5	Provincial government	43
4.3.6	Local government	44
4.3.7	SA: An Overview	44

4.3.8	Travel and Tourism		45
4.3.9	Africa		45
4.4	Other organisational, navigation and	d design elements	46
4.4.1	Contact us		46
4.4.2	Search		46
4.4.3	About the site		48
4.4.4	Other features		49
5.	Conclusion		49
CHAPTE	ER 4: EVALUATION CRITERIA: GENE	RAL GUIDELINES AND	
PRINCIP	PLES FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF W	EBSITES	51
1.	Introduction		51
2.	Content and scope criteria	# ***	51
2.1	Orientation to the website		51
2.1.1	Overview of the website		51
2.1.2	Copyright and disclaimer statement	te	52
2.2	Authority of the website		52
2.2.1	Indication of the publisher/official su	upport/sponsorship	52
2.2.2	Indication of authorship	255011250130131115	53
2.2.3	Inclusion of bibliographies and refe	rences	53
2.2.4	Reliability of information		54
2.3	Comprehensiveness/information co	overage/scope	54
2.3.1	Breadth, depth and amount of infor		54
2.3.2	Selection of links to external sites		54
2.3.3	Unique information content		55
2.4	Currency and timeliness		55
2.4.1	Frequency of updating and maintain	ning the website	55
2.4.2	Indication of currency		56
2.4.3	Durability of information		56
2.5	Objectivity and fairness		56
2.6	Writing and editorial style		57
2.6.1	Basic rules of literary composition		57
2.6.2	Concise writing style		58
2.6.3	Handling of microcontent		58
2.6.4	Link text		60
2.6.5	Metadata		61

3.	Information architecture/organisation structure	61
3.1	The home page	62
3.2	Organisational scheme of the website	63
3.2.1	Site structure	63
3.2.2	Chunking of information	64
3.2.3	Internal hierarchies	65
4.	Navigation and search	67
4.1	Site navigation	67
4.1.1	Ease of navigation	67
4.1.2	Selection of links	68
4.1.3	Grouping, visibility and labelling of links	71
4.1.4	Additional navigation aids	72
4.2	User orientation	72
4.3	Search mechanism	73
4.3.1	Scope of the search mechanism	74
4.3.2	Query formulation, viewing and manipulation of results	74
5.	Design and layout	76
5.1	Design and layout of the website	76
5.1.1	General impression	76
5.1.2	Balance between design elements	77
5.1.3	Organisation of information on screens	77
5.1.4	Page length	78
5.1.5	Design for print	80
5.1.6	Simplicity of design	80
5.1.7	Consistency in design	81
5.1.8	Use of tables	81
5.1.9	Use of frames	81
5.2	Text readability and visibility	83
5.2.1	Choice of fonts and case	83
5.2.2	Alignment and spacing	84
5.2.3	Length of text lines	84
5.2.4	Application of emphasis	84
5.2.5	Use of colour	85
5.2.6	Backgrounds	87
5.3	Graphics, images and animation	87
5.3.1	Graphics	87
5.3.2	Graphical bullets	88

5.3.3	Consistency	89
5.3.4	Image maps	89
5.3.5	Animation	90
5.3.6	Text-only versions	90
5.4	Interaction (forms)	90
6.	Purpose and audience	91
7.	Consolidated list of evaluation guidelines and principles	92
7.1	Introduction	92
7.2	Content and scope criteria	93
7.3	Information architecture/organisational structure	99
7.4	Navigation and search	100
7.5	Design and layout	104
7.6	Purpose and audience	109
8.	Conclusion	110
CHAPTER	R 5: CATEGORY-SPECIFIC AND PRODUCT-SPECIFIC	
GUIDELIN	NES AND PRINCIPLES	111
1.	Introduction	111
2.	Guidelines for government websites and government	
	portal/gateway sites	111
2.1	Policy guidelines for the development and maintenance of	
	government websites	111
2.2	The concept of government gateways/portals	115
2.2.1	Gateway/portal sites	115
2.2.2	Government gateways/portal sites	115
2.3	Content and scope guidelines	117
2.3.1	Orientation to the website	117
2.3.2	Reliability and integrity of information	117
2.3.3	Comprehensiveness	117
2.3.3.1	Information on national, provincial and local government levels	118
2.3.3.2	Government documents and publications	118
2.3.3.3	Policy information	118
2.3.3.4	Government systems, structures, functions, officials and	
	contact information	119
2.3.3.5	Government activities, programmes, events and news	120
2.3.3.6	Government services	120

2.3.3.7	Press releases, speeches and statements	121
2.3.3.8	Tourist and business information	121
2.3.3.9	Information about the country/nation	121
2.3.3.10	Links to related sites	122
2.3.3.11	Information in non-text formats	122
2.3.3.12	Digital democracy	122
2.3.4	Content to fit the medium	123
2.3.5	Currency	123
2.3.6	Language	124
2.4	Information architecture/organisational structure	124
2.5	Navigation and search	126
2.5.1	Navigation aids	126
2.5.2	Search	127
2.5.3	Government information locator services (GILS)	128
2.6	Consistency	129
2.7	Common 'look and feel' for government websites	129
2.8	Metadata	131
2.9	Purpose and audience	132
3.	Guidelines and principles for South African government websites	132
4.	Conclusion	136
CHAPTER	6: FINDINGS FOR THE EVALUATION OF SA GOVERNMENT ONLINE	138
1.	Introduction	138
2.	Heuristic evaluation – expert opinion	138
2.1	Introduction	138
2.2	Content	139
2.2.1	Orientation to the website	139
2.2.2	Authority	139
2.2.3	Comprehensiveness/information coverage/scope	139
2.2.4	Currency	140
2.2.5	Objectivity and fairness	140
2.2.6	Editorial style	141
2.2.7	General comments on the contents of the website	141
2.3	Information architecture/organisational structure	141
2.3.1	The website as portal to South African government information	141
2.3.2	Organisational structure	141

2.3.3	General comments on the information architecture	142
2.4	Navigation and search	142
2.4.1	Site navigation	142
2.4.2	Search	143
2.4.3	General comments on the navigability and/or search mechanism	
	of the website	145
2.5	Design and layout	145
2.5.1	General impression	145
2.5.2	Design and layout	146
2.5.3	Text readability and visibility	146
2.5.4	Graphics, images and animation	146
2.5.5	Interaction/use of forms	147
2.5.6	General comments on the design/layout/presentation of information/	
	aesthetic aspects of the website	147
2.6	Purpose and audience	147
2.7	General assessment and remarks	147
3.	Heuristic evaluation – critical evaluation of the website	148
3.1	Introduction	148
3.2	Content and scope	148
3.2.1	Orientation to the website	148
3.2.2	Authority of the website	149
3.2.3	Comprehensiveness/information coverage/scope	150
3.2.4	Currency and timeliness	154
3.2.5	Objectivity and fairness	155
3.2.6	Writing and editorial style	155
3.2.7	Language	156
3.3	Information architecture/organisational structure	157
3.3.1	Organisational structure of the home page	157
3.3.2	Organisational scheme of the website	158
3.4	Navigation and search	161
3.4.1	Site navigation	161
3.4.2	Search mechanism	163
3.5	Design and layout	165
3.5.1	Design and layout of the website	165
3.5.2	Text readability and visibility	167
3.5.3	Graphics and images	168
3.5.4	Interaction (forms)	168

3.6	Purpose and audience	169
4.	User testing	169
4.1	Introduction	169
4.2	The home page and What's New	169
4.3	Presidency page	172
4.4	Documents, reports and forms	173
4.5	Speeches and media statements	175
4.6	Questions relating to SA: An Overview	177
4.7	Ministries page	179
4.8	Links to other websites	180
4.9	Contact information and profiles	182
4.10	Questions determining preferences for the inclusion of additional	
	information on the website	184
4.11	Search mechanism	186
5.	Online survey	190
5.1	Introduction	190
5.2	Profile of site visitors	190
5.3	Overall rating of the website	191
5.4	Content	192
5.4.1	Coverage of information on the website	193
5.4.2	Currency of the website	196
5.4.3	Accuracy of information	197
5.4.4	Evaluation of content: a synopsis	198
5.5	Information architecture/organisation of information	198
5.5.1	The home page	198
5.5.2	Organisation of information on the website	199
5.5.3	Evaluation of the information architecture/organisational structure of	
	the website: a synopsis	201
5.6	Navigation and search	201
5.6.1	Ease/difficulty to find information on the website	202
5.6.2	Ease/difficulty to navigate the website	204
5.6.3	Methods used to find information	206
5.6.4	Ease/difficulty to use the search mechanism	207
5.6.5	Effectiveness off the search mechanism	209
5.6.6	Evaluation of navigation and search: a synopsis	210
5.7	Design and layout	211
5.8	Suggestions how the website can be improved	211

5.8.1	Content availability	212
5.8.2	Government web publishing	213
5.8.3	Currency/frequency of updating	213
5.8.4	Organisation and navigation	214
5.8.5	Software, downloading speed, document formats	214
5.8.6	Interactivity	214
5.8.7	Search mechanism	215
5.8.8	Other suggestions	215
5.9	Summary of findings for the online survey	215
6.	Conclusion	219
CHAPTER	7: CONSOLIDATION OF FINDINGS	220
	Plantymaport figures	
1.	Introduction	220
2.	Content	220
2.1	Orientation to the website	220
2.2	Authority of the website	221
2.3	Comprehensiveness/information coverage/scope	221
2.4	Currency and timeliness	224
2.5	Objectivity and fairness	225
2.6	Writing and editorial style	225
2.7	Language	226
3.	Information architecture/organisational structure	226
3.1	The home page and What's New	226
3.1.1	The home page	227
3.1.2	What's New	228
3.2	Organisational scheme of the website	229
3.2.1	Fragmentation of information	230
3.2.2	Hidden information	230
3.2.3	Long documents	231
3.2.4	Hierarchical scheme	231
3.2.5	Consistency	231
3.2.6	Organisational methods	232
3.2.7	Specific information presenting problems during the user tests	232
4.	Navigation and search	234
4.1	Site navigation	234
4.1.1	Top navigation bar	235

4.1.2	Side navigation	236
4.1.3	'Previous' and 'next' options	236
4.1.4	Long pages	236
4.1.5	Additional navigation aids	237
4.1.6	Description of links	237
4.1.7	Additional problems experienced and suggestions made	237
4.2	Search	238
4.2.1	Two search mechanisms	239
4.2.2	Search interface and query structuring	240
4.2.3	Search results	242
4.2.4	Search other government websites	242
4.3	Searching versus browsing	243
5.	Design and layout	244
5.1	Design and layout	244
5.2	Text readability and visibility	246
5.3	Graphics, images and animation	246
5.4	Interaction (forms)	247
6.	Purpose and audience	247
7.	The website as entry point to South African government information	247
8.	Additional observations	248
8.1	Frequency of use versus satisfaction/dissatisfaction with aspects	
	evaluated	248
8.2	Government web publishing	249
8.2	Slow downloading time	249
9.	Conclusion	249
CHAPTER	8: SA GOVERNMENT ONLINE: THE WAY FORWARD	251
1.	Introduction	251
2.	Content	251
2.1	Orientation to the website	251
2.2	Authority of the website	252
2.3	Comprehensiveness/information coverage/scope	253
2.4	Currency and timeliness	257
2.5	Objectivity and fairness	258
2.6	Writing and editorial style	259
2.7	Language	259

3.	Information architecture/organisational structure	260
3.1	The home page and What's New	260
3.1.1	The home page	260
3.1.2	What's New	262
3.2	Organisational scheme of the website	263
4.	Navigation and search	268
4.1	Navigation	268
4.2	Search	271
4.3	Searching versus browsing	273
5.	Design and layout	274
5.1	Design and layout	274
5.2	Text readability and visibility	275
5.3	Graphics, images and animation	275
6.	Purpose and audience	276
7.	The website as entry point to government information	276
8.	Conclusion	279
= ,		
CHAPTER	9: AUDIT OF GOVERNMENT WEBSITES	280
1.	Introduction	280
2.	Aim, objectives and scope of the audit	281
2.1	Aim and objectives	281
2.2	Scope of the audit	281
3.	Methodology	282
3.1	Criteria used for the audit	282
3.1.1	Information content criteria	282
3.1.2	Organisational structure/information architecture navigation/search	285
3.1.3	Design and layout	285
3.2	Conducting the audit	286
3.3	Interpretation of findings	287
3.4	Reporting to departments	287
4.	Overview of findings	288
4.1	Content	288
4.1.1	Orientation to the website	288
4.1.2	Authority of the website	288
4.1.3	Information posted on the site	288
4.1.4	Services	290

4.1.5	Democratic outreach	291
4.1.6	Currency	292
4.1.7	Writing and editorial style	292
4.2	Organisational structure/navigation/search	292
4.2.1	Organisation of information	293
4.2.2	Ease of navigation	295
4.2.3	Search facility	295
4.3	Design and layout	296
5.	Recommendations	297
6.	Conclusion	299
CHAPTE	R 10: GUIDELINES FOR GOVERNMENT WEBSITES IN SOUTH AFRICA	:
A PROPO	OSED MODEL	301
1.	Introduction	301
2.	Approach followed for the proposed model	303
3.	Model for South African government website guidelines	
	and standards	304
3.1	Planning the website	304
3.1.1	Introduction	304
3.1.2	Purpose or aim of the website	304
3.1.3	Audience identification	304
3.1.4	Identification of content	305
3.1.5	Type of website	306
3.2	Content development	306
3.2.1	Introduction	306
3.2.2	Ensuring a minimum, common set of content	307
3.2.3	Minimum home page requirements	310
3.2.4	Language	315
3.2.5	Currency and timeliness	316
3.2.6	Writing for the web	316
3.2.7	Advertising on government websites	320
3.2.8	Structuring information	321
3.2.8.1	Planning an information architecture	321
3.2.8.2	Principles	323
3.3	Navigation and search	324
3.3.1	Introduction	324

3.3.2	Core navigation elements	324
3.3.3	Institutional menu bar	325
3.3.4	Navigation practices	326
3.3.4.1	General linking practices	326
3.3.4.2	Linking to other websites	327
3.3.4.3	Graphic navigation	327
3.3.4.4	Hyperlinked text	328
3.3.4.5	Language for navigation	328
3.3.4.6	Long documents	329
3.3.4.7	Consistent navigation system	330
3.3.5	Search	330
3.4	Design and layout	331
3.4.1	Introduction	331
3.4.2	Visual identity – use of the Coat of Arms	331
3.4.3	Design guidelines and principles	332
3.4.3.1	Common look and feel	332
3.4.3.2	Consistency	332
3.4.3.3	Balance between graphic elements and text	332
3.4.3.4	White space	333
3.4.3.5	Design for print	333
3.4.3.6	Online forms	333
3.4.3.7	Site covers	334
3.4.4	Layout and screen display	335
3.4.4.1	Cascading style sheets (CSS) and tables	335
3.4.4.2	Frames	336
3.4.4.3	Display format	337
3.4.4.4	File formats	337
3.4.5	Text readability	338
3.4.5.1	Text elements	338
3.4.5.2	Use of colour	339
3.4.5.3	Backgrounds	339
3.4.6	Graphics, images and animation	340
3.5	Managing the website	341
3.5.1	Introduction	341
3.5.2	Maintaining website content	341
3.5.2.1	Adding new content	341
3.5.2.2	Updating content	342

3.5.2.	3	Link checking	342
3.5.2.	4	Archiving content	342
3.5.3		Maintaining interactivity tools and online communication	343
3.5.4		Metadata	344
3.5.5		Domain names	346
3.5.6		Evaluation of the website	347
3.5.7		Search engine registration	348
4.		Additional aspects that should be included in the	
		guideline document	349
4.1		Introduction	349
4.2		Introductory section of the guideline document	349
4.3		Content aspects	349
4.3.1		Implementation schedule	349
4.3.2		Interactivity tools	350
4.4		Graphic design	350
4.5		Equal access	350
4.6		Managing the website	350
4.6.1		Role-players in the strategic and operational management of the website	351
4.6.2		IT considerations	351
4.6.3		Purchasing web hosting and design	351
4.6.4		Evaluating the website	351
4.6.5		Marketing	351
4.6.6		Record-keeping and archiving	352
4.6.7		Version control	352
4.6.8		File management	352
4.6.9		Documentation	352
4.6.10		General network maintenance	352
4.6.11		Contingency planning	353
4.7		Authentication, security and privacy	353
4.8		Main role-players in government web publishing	354
4.9		Checklists	354
4.10		Additional material	354
4.11		Table of content and index	354
5.		Summary and conclusion	354

СНА	PTER 11: SUMMARY, CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	356
1.	Introduction	250
2.	Evaluation of SA Government Online	356
2.1	Evaluation methodology	357
2.2.	Findings for the evaluation of SA Government Online	357 359
3.	Audit of national government websites	359 359
4.	Challenges for South African government web publishing	361
4.1	Improving websites developed by individual government institutions	361
4.2	Improving the quality and the effectiveness of the	301
	SA Government Online website as a gateway or portal to online	
	government information	363
4.3	Developing and implementing overarching mechanisms in government	368
5.	Suggestions for further research	371
6.	Conclusion	371
		312
LIST	OF FIGURES	
1.	Home page	32
2.	Index page for Government System	34
3.	Index page for Ministries	36
4.	Index page for National Departments	37
5.	Index page for Government Documents, Reports & Forms	40
6.	Index page for Speeches and Press Releases	43
7.	Provincial Government page	44
8.	Index page for SA: An Overview	45
9	Contact Us page	46
10.	Search interface for Search the Government Online World	
	Wide Website	47
11.	Search interface for the Searchable Database	48
12.	Distribution of respondents according to age groups	191
13.	Frequency of use of the website	191
14.	Overall rating of the SA Government Online website	192
15.	Satisfaction/dissatisfaction with the coverage of information on the website	193
16.	Satisfaction/dissatisfaction with the currency of the website	196
17.	Satisfaction/dissatisfaction with the accuracy of information on the website	197

18.	Rating of the organisation of information on the website	200
19.	Ease/difficulty to find information on the website	202
20.	Ease/difficulty to navigate the website	20
21.	Ease/difficulty to use the search mechanism	207
22.	Effectiveness of the search mechanism	209
23.	Rating of visual aspects of the website	211
		21
LIST	OF TABLES	
1.	Overall rating of the website in relation to frequency of use	192
2.	Satisfaction with information coverage in relation to frequency of use	194
3.	Additional information required on the website	194
4.	Satisfaction with currency of information in relation to frequency of use	197
5.	Consolidated results for the evaluation of content	198
6.	Satisfaction with information organisation in relation to frequency of use	201
7.	Consolidated results for the evaluation of information	201
	architecture/organisational structure of the website	201
8.	Comparison between ease/difficulty to use the search mechanism	204
9.	Ease/difficulty to find information in relation to frequency of use	204
10.	Ease/difficulty to navigate in relation to methods used to find information	205
11.	Ease/difficulty to navigate in relation to frequency of use	206
12.	Methods used on the website to find information	206
13.	Methods used to find information compared to frequency of use	207
14.	Ease/difficulty to use the search mechanism in relation to frequency of use	208
15.	Ease/difficulty to use the search mechanism in relation to	
	methods used to find information on the website	209
16.	Consolidated results for the evaluation of navigation and search	210
17.	Suggestions on how the website can be improved	212
18.	Consolidated results for the main evaluation categories and	
	specific aspects evaluated	217
19.	Information most featured on government websites	289
20.	Information least featured on government sites	290
21.	Organisation of information	293
22.	Compliance with navigation principles	295

ANNEXURES

A.	Evaluation guide for expert evaluators	374
B.	User test questionnaire	383
C.	Online questionnaire	387
D.	Government websites audited	395
LIST	OF SOURCES CONSULTED	397

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ABSTRACT

Governments have a responsibility to make government information available easily, widely and equitably, increasingly also in electronic format. The South African government embarked on various initiatives with regard to the electronic dissemination of information, one of which is the development of government websites. The main objective of this research was to contribute towards improving the quality and usability of government websites to enhance the effectiveness of online information and service delivery by the South African government. To reach this broad objective, the research assessed the effectiveness and usability of the SA Government Online website and South African national government websites, with the aim of identifying issues that government will have to address to improve the effectiveness and usability of these websites, so to ensure that they contribute optimally to online information and service delivery.

The evaluation of *SA Government Online* was conducted during the period 14 August – 16 September 2000. The methodology used was selecting suitable assessment criteria against which the website could be measured, and thereafter using them to develop test instruments for data collection. The evaluation methods chosen were a heuristic evaluation by experts, a critical evaluation of the website by the author, user testing and an online survey. The findings indicated that the website generally fulfilled its purpose, but that it did not conform to various usability criteria and to expectations for government websites in each of the broad areas of usability criteria evaluated, i.e. content, information architecture, navigation, search and design.

A government website audit, which made use of a shortened version of the criteria used for the evaluation of *SA Government Online*, was conducted by means of the heuristic evaluation method during February/March 2001. The findings of this audit indicated that although South African government departments had embraced the Internet for information dissemination, government websites generally did not conform to many basic principles of good website design.

The research indicated that the challenge to improve South African government web publishing lies firstly in improving the quality and usability of individual government websites. Government websites should be improved to address the needs of a wider audience, to communicate government news, policies, projects, programmes and events, to provide online services and transactions, and to provide a tool for interaction between government and the citizen. They should convey a more consistent and unified message,

thematic feel and structure and government image and branding. In addition, the SA Government Online website should ensure a user-friendly entry point that promotes virtual access to all online government information clustered according to the needs of the audience, regardless of the institution. In order to improve government web publishing the South African government will have to develop an integrated approach to web development within the broader framework of its e-government initiatives and create an environment conducive to the development and implementation of professional, usable and effective websites. Coherence and unity between government websites could inter alia be achieved through a web guideline document that guides web developers in all aspects of web development, from the management of a website, through content development, planning and information architecture and navigation scheme, to the professional design of a website. A model for such a document is presented in this thesis.

Keywords: e-government; electronic government; online government; government websites; South African government websites; SA Government Online; usability; website guidelines; government website norms; government website standards; website evaluation.