Sustainable project life cycle management: Development of social criteria for decision-making $\label{eq:cycle} Appendix\ K$

19. Appendix K: Delphi Technique's Questionnaire

19.1 Questionnaire Round 1:

Respondent Number:

Relevance of Criteria

Please state whether you think the following criteria are should be addresses within the project by the project team or whether it should be addressed on a higher or other level within the company?

The following definitions apply:

Project Management:

- Addressed within the project.
- Guidelines set or developed by project managers
- Measured within different phases of project

Corporate Governance Framework:

- Addressed on a higher level within company by a guideline or policy or preferred action steps.
- Addressed by department in company in accordance with guidelines or policies or strategy
- Policies/Guidelines that guides all company activities also guides similar activities in project
- Measured after project completion to determine project adherence to corporate policies.

Definitions for the criteria are as follows:

Employment	Employment Opportunities are concerned with the type of employment		
Opportunities	opportunities together with the consistency in the number thereof created or		
	destroyed by a project.		
Employment	Employment Remuneration refers to the payment of employees for work delivered		
Remuneration	or executed. It includes the monetary amount paid as well as additional benefits		
	that employees receive as part of their salary packages.		
Disciplinary &	Disciplinary and Security Practices is concerned with the company's disciplinary		
Security	procedures as well as the use of security personnel. These practices should not		
Practices	violate any human or other rights of the employees.		
Employee	Employee Contracts is concerned with the agreement between the employer and		
Contracts	the employee. The contract must adhere to legal standards.		
Equity &	The diversity aspects of the criterion is concerned with the composition of staff		
Diversity	with regards to gender, race and cultural heritage. The equity aspects of the		
	criterion will determine whether all people are treated justly, fairly and impartially.		

Labour Sources	The criterion focuses on what sources of labour the company employ, e.g. child
Labour Sources	
II. 1.1. 0. C. C.	labour, forced labour.
Health & Safety	Health and Safety Practices assess all precautionary procedures and practices of the
Practices	company to ensure preparedness for possible health and safety incidents.
Health & Safety	Health and Safety Incidents, assesses actual incidents that take place and analyses
Incidents	these according to seriousness and compensation.
Research	Research and Development evaluates the company's contribution to sustainable
Development	product development through its research and development programmes as well as
	its innovativeness
Career	Career Development focuses on the training of employees and the provision of
Development	career guidance and higher-education opportunities
Health	Health focuses on the additional strain or beneficiation of a company's activities on
	local medical facilities.
Education	Education considers the following impacts of a company:
	 impact on education facilities due to the operational activities,
	 impact of possible training opportunities, and,
	 impact on the community's level of education through information sharing by the company
Housing	Housing assesses the impact of the business on the availability and quality of
	housing within the external community
Service	Service infrastructure studies the impact of the operational activity on: Access to
Infrastructure	clean and safe water, Electricity supply, Sewage services, and
	Waste services.
Mobility	Mobility Infrastructure determines the additional burden the operational activities
Infrastructure	of the company place on the public transport system and on the transport network
	of the external community.
Regulatory &	Regulatory and Public Services studies the availability of public services such as
Public Services/	libraries, swimming pools, etc. and also looks at the political set-up within an
Institutional	external community.
Services	
Sensory Stimuli	Sensory Stimuli describes typical community characteristics with regards to noise,
~	odour and aesthetics.
Security	Security describes the security characteristics of the community.
Cultural	Cultural Properties describes unique features or characteristics of a specific
Properties	community.
Economic	Economic Welfare describes the economic climate within the community as well
Welfare	as the community's economic characteristics.
Social	Social Pathologies describes the existence of social conditions that are deviations
Pathologies	from the norm, which can include the occurrence of certain diseases, for example:
	alcoholism, domestic violence, suicides, etc

Social Cohesion	Social Cohesion or Community Cohesion refers to the degree to which residents
	have a sense of belonging to their neighbourhood or community.
Economic	Economic Welfare assesses the contribution of the company to the economic
Welfare	welfare of the region or nation.
Trading	Trading Opportunities assesses the contribution (positive or negative) that is made
Opportunities	by the company to the economy in the form of indirect benefits or costs that the
	operations of the company resulted in on a regional or national level.
Monitoring	Monitoring considers all initiatives of the company that aims to extend or improve
	the environmental monitoring abilities of society.
Legislation	Legislation assesses the company's involvement in the writing of new
	environmental legislation for the country or region in which the company operates.
Enforcement	Enforcement entails any company practices to enforce good environmental
	management practices down the supply chain.
Information	Information Provisioning studies the quantity and quality of information that is
Provisioning	shared with stakeholders.
Stakeholder	Stakeholder Influence studies the degree to which the company actually
Influence	incorporate the stakeholders' opinions into operational decision-making as well as
	the quality and quantity of structures to ensure that stakeholders can express their
	views and that it is known throughout the company

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Who should address the specific criterion – Project Management or Corporate Governance Framework?

Criteria	Project	Corporate	Comments
	Management	Governance	
		Framework	
Employment Opportunities			
Employment Compensation			
Disciplinary & Security Practices			
Employee Contracts			
Equity			
Labour Sources			
Health & Safety Practices			
Health & Safety Incidents			
Research Development			
Career Development			
Health			
Education			
Housing			
Service Infrastructure			
Mobility Infrastructure			
Regulatory & Public Services/			
Institutional Services			
Sensory Stimuli			
Security			
Cultural Properties			
Economic Welfare			
Social Pathologies			
Social Cohesion			
Economic Welfare			
Trading Opportunities			
Monitoring			
Legislation			
Enforcement			
Information Provisioning			
Stakeholder Influence			

Sustainable project life cycle management: Development of social criteria for decision-making

Appendix K

19.2 Questionnaire Round 2:

Respondent Number:

Relevance of Criteria

- o Please review each of the following items identified in the individual interviews as being relevant to the project life cycle, i.e. they should be addressed in the BD&I model by means of guidelines or measurements in the individual life cycle phases.
- o Please indicate whether you agree or disagree.
- o Please feel free to provide clarification or any additional comments in the last column.
- o The focus is on normal projects under normal circumstances and not on new ventures in new countries or areas.

Criteria	Comments of respondents	Agree/Disagree	Comments on item
Job Opportunities			
Disciplinary & Security Practices	Project might develop own or will adhere to company's		
Equity	Project must adhere to company or country goals		
Labour Sources	Project must enforce company labour source policy		
Health & Safety Incidents			
Research & Development	Involved at least until Gate 3. Project can request additional R&D		
Career Development	Project is career development opportunity for existing personnel as well as part-time skilled workers for		

	which each new project is development.	
Health	The impact of the business initiative on	
Education	society are normally studied in the EIA.	
Housing		
Service Infrastructure		
Mobility Infrastructure		
Sensory Stimuli		
Security		
Cultural Properties		
Economic Welfare		
Social Pathologies		
Social Cohesion		
Economic Welfare on a Macro Social		
Level		
Monitoring		
Legislation		
Enforcement		
Information Provisioning	Guided by company guidelines of how	
	public participation should be executed.	
Stakeholder Influence		

Sustainable project life cycle management: Development of social criteria for decision-making $\label{eq:cycle} Appendix\ K$

Please indicate whether you think the following social aspects should be addressed in or by the project, business strategy or functional departments within the company (i.e. Finances, HR). Social aspects can be addressed by more than one of the choices. If you choose a functional department please indicate which functional department.

Criteria	Project	Business Strategy	Functional Department
Employment Opportunities			
Employment Remuneration			
Disciplinary & Security Practices			
Employee Contracts			
Equity & Diversity			
Labour Sources			
Health & Safety Practices			
Health & Safety Incidents			
Research Development			
Career Development			
Health			
Education			
Housing			
Service Infrastructure			
Mobility Infrastructure			
Regulatory & Public Services/			
Institutional Services			
Sensory Stimuli			

Security		
Cultural Properties		
Economic Welfare		
Social Pathologies		
Economic Welfare		
Trading Opportunities		
Monitoring		
Legislation		
Enforcement		
Information Provisioning		
Stakeholder Influence		

Sustainable project life cycle management: Development of social criteria for decision-making $\label{eq:cycle} Appendix\ L$

20. Appendix L: Ways to address social criteria in projects

Criterion	Approach in Project Management Methodology
INTERNAL HUMAN RES	<u>OURCES</u>
Employment Opportunities	• Company strategy with regards to employee intensive versus technology intensive approaches will influence how the criterion manifests in
	the project.
	Measure predicted social impact
	• Project Governance Framework:
	o Post Implementation Review (Indicators):
	 Actual employment creation indicators
	• Risk Management:
	o Guidelines to guarantee that the temporary nature of certain employment opportunities are communicated to ensure no false expectations
	(link to Information Provisioning criterion).
	• Functional Department (Human Resources) should provide guidance and assistance in accordance to company policy/strategy and be
	actively involved.
Employment Remuneration	• The functional department Human Resources should handle employment remuneration as part of employee contracts in accordance to
	Business Policies.
	• Project Governance Framework (CFG).
	o Policy regarding minimum wages (linked to company policy/strategy)
	o Post Implementation Review (Indicators):
	■ Wage indicators
	o Include criterion in Contractor codes of conduct and selection criteria.

Dissiplinary & Counity	Parity Community (CFC)
Disciplinary & Security	•
Practices	o Include criterion in Contractor codes of conduct and selection criteria.
	o Post Implementation Review (Indicators):
	■ Indicators reporting on the use of disciplinary & security practices
	• Functional Department (Human Resources) should provide guidance and assistance in accordance to company policy/strategy and be
	actively involved.
Employee Contracts	Project Governance Framework (CFG).
	o Include criterion in Contractor codes of conduct and selection criteria.
	o Post Implementation Review (Indicators):
	 Indicators reporting on existence and standards of employee contacts
	• Functional Departments (Human Resources & Legal Department) should provide guidance and assistance in accordance to company
	policy/strategy and be actively involved.
Equity & Diversity	• Company strategy with regards to equity will influence how the project addresses equity.
	• Project Governance Framework (CFG).
	o Include criterion in Contractor codes of conduct and selection criteria.
	o Post Implementation Review (Indicators):
	■ Indicators reporting on the equity of labour force used in project
	• Functional Department (Human Resources) should provide guidance and assistance in accordance to company policy/strategy and be
	actively involved in employee sourcing process.

Labour Sources	• Company strategy about preferred labour sources will influence how the project addresses labour sources.
Labour Sources	
	 Project Governance Framework (CFG).
	o Policy regarding labour sources
	o Include criterion in Contractor codes of conduct and selection criteria.
	o Post Implementation Review (Indicators):
	■ Labour sources and equity indicators
	• Risk Management
	o Guidelines about preferred labour sources for employment opportunities, which can be handled by Human Resources Functional
	Department.
	• Functional Department (Human Resources) should provide guidance and assistance in accordance to company policy/strategy and be
	actively involved.
Health & Safety Practices	• Company strategy about safety standards and practices will influence how the project addresses the criterion.
	• Functional Departments (e.g. SHE departments or departments dealing with SHE issues) should be involved in project and provide guidance
	and assistance.
	• Project Governance Framework (CFG).
	o Policy regarding safety and health practices.
	o Include criterion in Contractor codes of conduct and selection criteria.
	o Post Implementation Review (Indicators):
	 Indicators to assess project's adherence to policies.
Health & Safety Incidents	• Risk Assessment to assess risks of incidents before quantitative impact predictions can be made
	 Measure predicted social impact when information is available
	• Risk Management
	o Guidelines to communicate to right audience if high risks exist (link to Selected Audience criterion)

Research & Development	• Company strategy guides all research & development activities that are usually performed by a functional department (e.g. R&D).
	• In cases where project budget funds additional research and development to ensure project technology can exist, the predicted costs are
	measured as a social impact if technology supports sustainable development.
Career Development	Projects are opportunities for certain employees to develop new skills and the project can promote skills development under unemployed
	members of the community, thus it should be addressed by:
	• Project Governance Framework (CFG).
	o Policy regarding training and education.
	o Include criterion in Contractor codes of conduct and selection criteria if deemed as important.
	o Post Implementation Review (Indicators):
	■ Career Development Indicators
	• Risk Management:
	o Guidelines for employee training opportunities.
	• Functional Department (Human Resources) should provide guidance and assistance in and be actively involved.
EXTERNAL POPULATION	<u>DN</u>
Health	• Company strategy with regards to the health of the external population will guide project actions
	• If applicable and deemed important by community, the social development plan can address health issues and health facilities
	Measure predicted social impact
Education	• If applicable and deemed important by community, the social development plan can address education issues and education facilities.
	Measure predicted social impact

Housing	Company strategy with regards to housing for employees will influence project actions.
	Measure predicted impact
	• Risk Management:
	o Determine risk due to influx of people
	o Mitigate risk if applicable
	• If applicable and deemed important by community, the social development plan can address housing.
Service Infrastructure	• If applicable and deemed important by community, the social development plan can address service infrastructure (e.g. the creation of a pipe
	network for water).
	Measure predicted social impact
	• Risk Management:
	oGuidelines with regards to the use of community service infrastructure and the obtaining of company's own service infrastructure
	(example electricity directly from ESKOM instead of municipality).
	o Guidelines for interaction with authorities (link to selected audience criterion)
Mobility Infrastructure	• If applicable and deemed important by community, the social development plan can address mobility infrastructure.
	Measure predicted social impact
	• Risk Management:
	o Guidelines if building temporary infrastructure in accordance with company policy
	o Guidelines for interaction with authorities (link to selected audience criterion)

Regulatory &	Public • If applicable and deemed important by community, the social development plan can address public services e.g. libraries or swimming
Services	pools.
	 Project Governance Framework (CFG).
	·
	o Policy regarding interaction with regulatory services dealing with aspects such as bribes, contributions to political parties, etc.
	o Post Implementation Review (Indicators):
	■ Indicators measuring adherence to policies.
Sensory Stimuli	Measure predicted social impact
	• Risk Management:
	o Risk Assessment to assess risks of incidents before quantitative impact predictions can be made (linkage to environmental dimension)
	 Mitigation options to be investigated if necessary.
	o Guidelines for interaction with community (link to collective and selected audience criteria) with regards to information sharing.
	 Active involvement from the Environmental Department to assist with predictions and to provide guidance.
Security	Community security is influenced by influx of people.
	Measure predicted impact if possible
Cultural Properties	Measure possible social impact.
	• Risk Management:
	o Determining if cultural properties are applicable to project or might be endangered by project
	o Guidelines to handle situation if applicable.
	o Guidelines to interact with community (link to selected audience criterion)
Economic Welfare	Company strategy with regards to local economy will influence project actions.
	 Measure the predicted social impact.
Social Pathologies	• If deemed important by community, social development action plan can address social pathologies with regards to treatment centres, etc.
	 Measure the predicted social impact if possible.

Social Cohesion	• Importance assign to social cohesion in the community will influence project actions.
	 Measure predicted impacts if possible
	• Risk Management:
	o Guidelines if resettlement is applicable.
MACRO SOCIAL PERF	<u>ORMANCE</u>
Economic Welfare	• Company strategy/policies with regards to the economy and the economic situation will influence project actions.
	• Measure predicted social impact.
Trading Opportunities	• Company strategy/policies with regards to the economy and the economic situation will influence project actions.
	Measure predicted social impact
	• Functional Departments should be involved to provide guidance if necessary if project involves imports and exports.
Monitoring	• Company strategy/policies with regards to environmental monitoring will guide project actions.
	• Functional Departments (e.g. Environmental Department) should be involved and provide guidance in monitoring of environmental impacts
	of project or if additional monitoring stations are required due to the project.
Legislation	• Company strategy/policies with regards to handling of and involvement in legislation will guide project actions
	• Risk Assessment:
	o Determine if project are illegal in terms of any legislation or if project will require new legislation to be passed.
	oFunctional Departments (e.g. Legal Department) should be involved and provide guidance if attempts to adjust legislation or have new
	legislation implemented needs to be made.

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Enforcement

- Company strategy/policies with regards to environmental enforcement will guide project actions
- Project Governance Framework (CFG).
- o Policy with regards to the enforcement of environmental standards.
- o Include criterion in Contractor codes of conduct and selection criteria.
- o Guidelines for supplier selection and codes of conduct which include criterion
- o Post Implementation Review (Indicators):
 - Indicators measuring enforcement actions.
- Risk Management
- o Determine if any environmental practices of contractors or suppliers can endanger the company's image or reputation.

STAKEHOLDER PARTICIPATION

Collective Audience

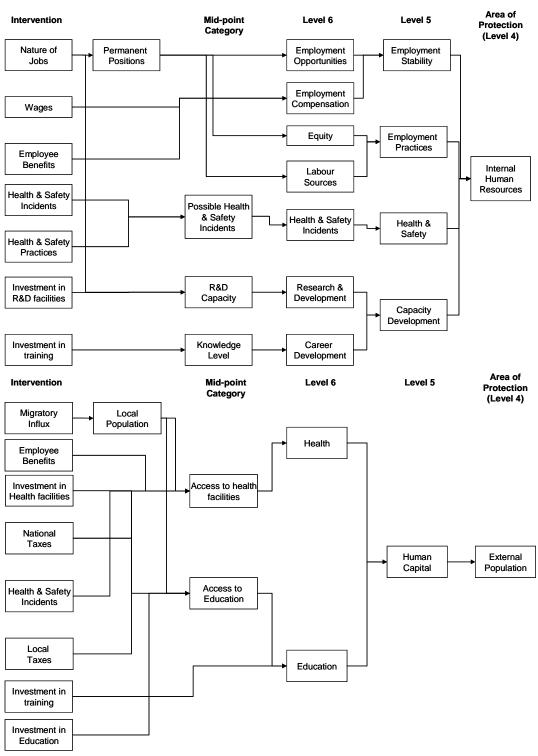
- Company strategy/policies with regards information provisioning will guide project actions
- Project Governance Framework (CFG).
- o Policy with regards to information provisioning
- o Guidelines for sharing information with all.
- o Post Implementation Review (Indicators):
- Indicators measuring information provisioning.
- Risk Management
- o Identification of all stakeholders.
- o Identification of possible critical areas of concern with regards to stakeholder involvement
- o Guidelines for interaction with stakeholders and handling difficult stakeholders.

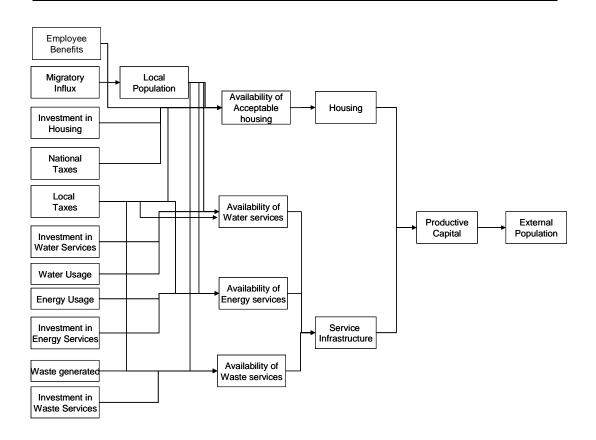
Selected Audience	Company strategy/policies with regards to information provisioning will guide project actions				
	• Project Governance Framework (CFG).				
	o Policy with regards to information provisioning				
	o Guidelines for sharing information with selected audiences.				
	o Post Implementation Review (Indicators):				
	■ Indicators measuring information provisioning.				
	• Risk Management				
	o Identification of specific stakeholders groups that should be handled separately.				
	o Identification of possible critical areas of concern with regards to the involvement of these groups.				
	o Guidelines for interaction with selected groups of stakeholders and information sharing.				
Decision-Influence Potential	• Company strategy/policies with regards to stakeholder influence will guide project actions				
	• Project Governance Framework (CFG).				
	o Policy with regards to involving stakeholders in decision-making.				
	o Guidelines for distributing stakeholders' views				
	o Post Implementation Review (Indicators):				
	 Indicators measuring decision-influence potential. 				
	Risk Management				
	o Identification of resistance to company decisions.				
	o Guidelines for incorporating and communicating stakeholders' views on certain decisions.				
Stakeholder Empowerment	• Company strategy/policies with regards to stakeholder influence will guide project actions				
	• Project Governance Framework (CFG).				
	o Policy with regards to empowering stakeholders.				
	o Post Implementation Review (Indicators):				

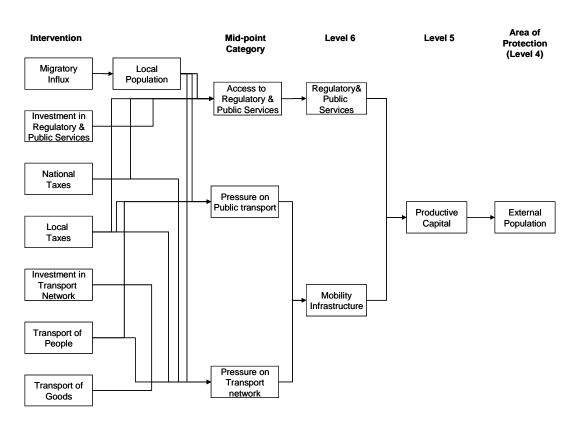
- Indicators measuring empowerment actions.
- Risk Management
 - o Identification of possible groups abusing stakeholder empowerment.
 - o Mitigation actions to ensure stakeholders have the opportunity to provide input.

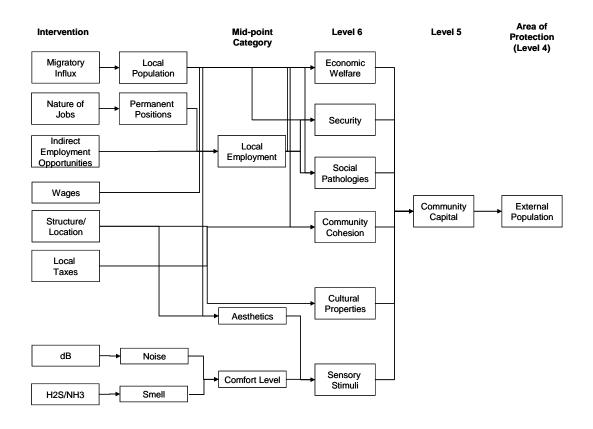
21. Appendix M: Causal Relationships

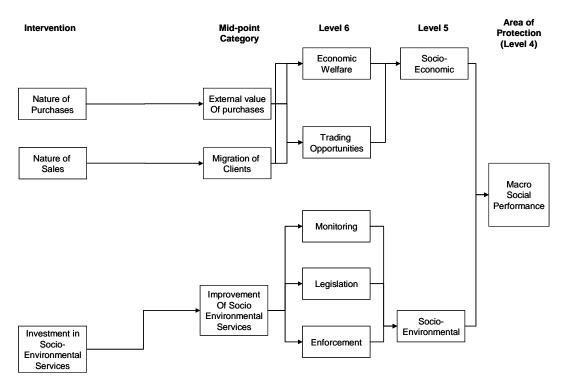
The causal relationships between the interventions and the areas of protection (level 4 of proposed social sustainable development framework) are shown in the following figures.

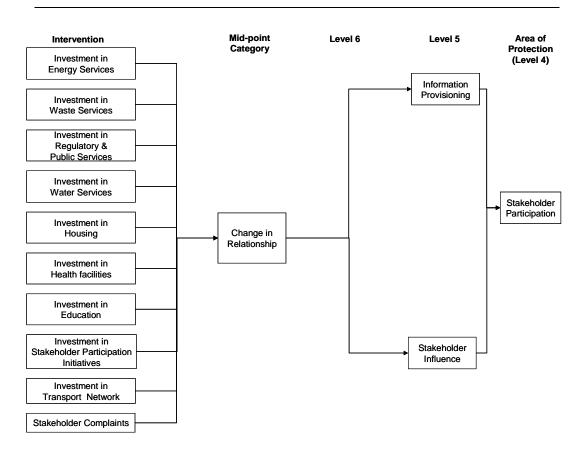












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22. Appendix N: Delphi Technique Questionnaires

22.1 Questionnaire Round 1:

Respondent Number:

Information Availability for Indicators

<u>Before which decision-point (gate) in the project life-cycle is the information available or can it be predicted?</u>

Mid Point Category	Equivalence of	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6
	Number and type of jobs						
Permanent Positions	created						
Requirements to stabilize	Health & Safety risks						
the situation							
	Number of specific						
Knowledge Level	skilled personnel required						
R&D Capacity	Cost spend on R&D						
	Environmental risks e.g.						
Comfort Level	smells						
Aesthetics	Nuisance risks to public						
	Percentage of jobs that						
	can be filled by local						
Local Employment	people						
Local Population	Possible inflow of people						
	Possible impact on health						
	(inflow of people or						
Access to health facilities	investment)						
	Possible impact on						
	education (inflow of						
Access to Education	people or investment)						
Availability of acceptable	Project will invest in						
houses	housing						
Availability of water	Water Usage of project						
services							
Availability of energy	Energy Usage for project						
services							
Availability of waste	Waste generated by						
services	project						

Pressure on public	Pressure on public			
transport services	transport services			
	Pressure on transport			
	network by additional			
Pressure on transport	people transfers e.g.			
network	company buses			
Access to Regulatory &	Investment in regulatory			
Public Services	or public services			
	Percentage of goods			
External value of	required for project that			
purchases	can be purchased locally			
	Possibility of clients			
	migrating to project			
Migration of clients	location			
	Knowledge about			
	whether the project			
	should invest in macro			
Improvement of Socio-	social environmental			
Environmental Services	aspects e.g. monitoring.			
	Information with regards			
Change in relationships	to stakeholders			

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22.2 Questionnaire Round 2

Respondent Number:

Information Availability for Indicators

- O Please review the results from round 1. The specific gate at which information seems to be available is indicated.
- o Please indicate whether you agree or disagree
- o Please feel free to provide clarification or any additional comments in the last column.

Type of Information needed	Gate (at which it should be available	Agree/Disagree	Comments
	although not 100% accurate)		
Number and type of jobs created	3		
Health & Safety risks	2		
Number of specific skilled personnel			
required	3		
Cost spend on R&D	2		
Environmental risks e.g. smells	2-3		
Nuisance risks to public	3		
Percentage of jobs that can be filled by			
local people	3		
Possible inflow of people	2		
Project will invest in housing	2		
Water Usage of project	2		
Energy Usage for project	2		
Waste generated by project	2		
Pressure on public transport services	2		

Pressure on transport network by		
additional people transfers e.g. company		
	_	
buses	2	
Percentage of goods required for project		
that can be purchased locally	3-4	
Possibility of clients migrating to project		
location	1	
Knowledge about environmental		
monitoring the project should invest in or		
legislation it should look at etc. Thus		
information about macro social		
environmental aspects	4	
Information with regards to stakeholders	2-3	
Number and type of jobs created	3	
Health & Safety risks	2	
Number of specific skilled personnel		
required	3	

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Appendix O

23. Appendix O: Information Availability

The following table summarises information available from Statistics South Africa (StatsSA), the Municipal Demarcation Board as well as the State of Environment Report of the South African Department of Environmental Affairs and Tourism (DEAT). The following StatsSA publications are referred to:

- P0302 Mid year Population Estimates
- Report 03-51-03: Documented Migration
- P8001: Economic Activity Survey
- P4141: Electricity generated and available for distribution
- P0318: General Household Survey
- Report 02-01-01: Occupational Survey
- P0275: Survey of Employment and Earnings
- P0441: Gross Domestic Product
- P0111.1-9: Income and Expenditure of households per province
- P0210: Labour Force Survey
- P0318: General Household Survey
- P7101: The Transport Industry, 2002
- P7142: Land freight transport
- P9114: Census of Municipalities
- P9115: Non-Financial Census of Municipalities
- P9119.2: National Government Expenditure
- P9120: Provincial government expenditure

Information Available	Level	Source	Frequency of Updates	Relevant M point Catego	
Statistics South Africa					
Employed, Unemployed and Not Economically Active per Gender	Municipality	Census	5 yearly	Local	
Work Status by Gender: Paid Employee; Paid Family Worker; Self-Employed; Employer; Unpaid	Municipality	Census/	5 yearly /	Employment	t /
Family Worker; Not Applicable.		P0318	annually	Permanent	
Employment according to population group and gender or major industrial group or by gender and	National	Report 02-	Periodically	Positions	
population group to occupations or major industrial groups.		01-01	(1996)		
Employment, vacancies and vacancy rates according to major occupational groups or major industry	National	Report 02-	Periodically		
groups		01-01	(1996)		
Employment statistics by type, sector, population group, occupation, economic activity, highest level of	National/	P0210	Bi-Annually		
education, gender	Industry				
Employment statistics existence of written contract, terms of employment, paid leave status, trade union	National/	P0210	Bi-Annually		
membership, medical aid/health fund contributions	Industry				
Unemployment by age, population group, gender, duration of job seeking, length of time since last	National	P0210	Bi-Annually		
worked and industry in which they worked, highest level of education					
Number of employees and Gross earnings with percentage changes between subsequent quarters and	Industry	P0275	Quarterly		
years.					
Unemployed and not economically population by reason for not working and gender	National	P0210	Bi-Annually		
Population aged 66 years and older by type of economic activity, gender, population group, if working	National	P0210	Bi-Annully		
by main industry, occupation					
Education: Population aged over 20 by highest level of education, age, population group, gender	Provincial/	P0318	Annually	Access	to
	National		•	Education	

Information Available	Level	Source	Frequency	Relevant N	√Iid-
			of Updates	point Categ	gory
Education: Population aged 15 years and older by whether they can read and write, age, population	Province/	P0318	Annually	Access	to
group, gender	National			Education	
Education levels: Number of people in a specific category. Categories from: No schooling to Higher	Municipality	Census	5 yearly		
Degree, than Honours)					
Adult literacy rate (per gender, per population group)	Provincial	P0015	Published		
			2001		
Health: Medical Aid coverage by population group, age group and gender	Provincial/	P0318	Annually	Access	to
	National			health facili	ties
Population: age, gender, population group	Provincial	P0302/	Annually	Local	
		P0318		Population	
Population: age, gender, population group	National	P0210/	Bi-Annually		
		P0318			
Life Expectancy at Birth	Provincial	P0015	Published	Access	to
			2001	health facili	ties
Life Expectancy at Birth	National	P0302	Annually		
Migration streams within the country	Provincial	P0302	Annually	Local	
Imigrant & Emigrant figures	National	Report 03-	Annually	Population	
		51-03			
Type of energy used by households (gas, electricity, etc.)	Municipality	Census	5 yearly	Availability	of
Volume of electricity available for distribution	National/	P4141	Monthly	energy serv	ices
	Provincial				

Information Available	Level	Source	Frequency of Updates	Relevant Mid- point Category
Volume of electricity imported, exported, produced and consumed in power stations and available for	National	P4141	Monthly	Availability of
distribution				energy services
Gross Domestic Product	Industry or	P0441	Annually /	External Value
	Region		Quarterly	of purchases
Real GDP per Capita	Provincial	P0015	Published	
			2001	
Turnover per year	Industry	P8001	Annually	
Net profit before providing for company tax and dividends at current prices	Industry	P8001	Annually	
Capital expenditure on new assets at current prices	Industry	P8001	Annually	
Book value of non-current assets at current prices	Industry	P8001	Annually	
Profitability, Current and Acid test ratio	Industry	P8001/	Annually	
		P0441		
Gross salaries & wages	Industry	P8001	Annually	Local
				Employment
Company tax paid	Industry	P8001	Annually	All human and
				productive
				capital mid
				point categories
Purchases	Industry	P8001	Annually	External Value
Foreign Trade: Volume and Unit Values	National	Discontinued	, figures of	of Purchases
		1997 availabl	e	
Rental of land, buildings and other structures, including water and electricity payments	Industry	P8001	Annually	

Information Available	Level	Source	Frequency of Updates	Relevant Mid- point Category
Annual household expenditure according to income group, size, occupational group of head of household, type of dwelling, expenditure group	Provincial	P0111	5 yearly	Access to health facilities
Annual household expenditure on specific items	Provincial	P0111	5 yearly	or Education
Household by dwelling, sources of water, electricity, etc.	National	P0318	Annually	Availability of energy services
Household Transport Statistics: Time it takes to reach certain destinations	National	P0318	Annually	Pressure on
Number of people transported by bus or train	National	Discontinued	l, figures from	public transport
		1997 availab	le	services
Volume of Goods Transported in the Transport Industry by type of transport	National	P7101	Every 3 -5	Pressure on
			years	transport
Volume of goods transported by road	National	P7142	Monthly	network
Provincial Profiles: Geography, demographics, labour, education, households, health, safety and	Provincial	Report: 00-	Published in	All human and
security, politics, climate		91-01 to	2004	productive
		00-91-09		capital mid-
				point categories
Analysis of acquisition of fixed assets: Housing Services & Income and Expenditure: Housing Services	Municipalities	P9114	Annually	Availability of
	by province			acceptable
				houses
Analysis of acquisition of fixed assets: Electricity & Gas Services & Income and Expenditure: Electricity	Municipalities	P9114	Annually	Availability of
& Gas Services	by province			energy services
Analysis of acquisition of fixed assets: Sewerage and sanitation services	Municipalities	P9114	Annually	Availability of
	by province			waste services

Analysis of acquisition of fixed assets: Water Services & Income and Expenditure: Water Services Municipalities P9114 Annually Access to by province P9114 Annually Pressure P9114 P9114
Income and Expenditure: Health & ambulance services Municipalities by province by provinc
Income and Expenditure: Road services $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Income and Expenditure: Road services Municipalities by province For any province Municipalities By 114 Annually Bressure Dispersive By province B
by province transport transport network Income and Expenditure: Sanitation & refuse removal services Municipalities P9114 Annually Access to by province waste services Income and Expenditure: Sewage services Municipalities P9114 Annually Access to by province waste services Income and Expenditure: Traffic services Municipalities P9114 Annually Access to waste services Municipalities P9114 Annually Pressure on by province Fressure on transport
Income and Expenditure: Sanitation & refuse removal services Municipalities Municipalities Municipalities P9114 Annually Access to by province Municipalities P9114 Annually Access to by province Waste services Income and Expenditure: Traffic services Municipalities P9114 Annually Access to by province Waste services Income and Expenditure: Traffic services Municipalities P9114 Annually Pressure on by province transport
Income and Expenditure: Sanitation & refuse removal services Municipalities P9114 Annually Access to
by province waste services Income and Expenditure: Sewage services Municipalities P9114 Annually Access to by province waste services Income and Expenditure: Traffic services Municipalities P9114 Annually Pressure on by province transport
Income and Expenditure: Sewage services Municipalities by province by province Municipalities P9114 Annually Access to by province Municipalities P9114 Annually Pressure on by province transport
by province waste services Income and Expenditure: Traffic services Municipalities P9114 Annually Pressure on by province transport
Income and Expenditure: Traffic services Municipalities P9114 Annually Pressure on by province transport
by province transport
network
Details regarding water supply in each province Provincial P9115 Annually Availability of
water services
Electricity consumption and payment in each province Provincial P9115 Annually Availability of
energy services
Total expenditure from the National Revenue Fund per financial year according to type of service National P9119.2 Annually All External
Population
Categories

Information Available	Level	Source	Frequency	Relevant Mid- point Category	
			of Updates		
Total expenditure from the National Revenue Fund per financial year according to type of service	Provincial	P9120	Annually	All External	
				Population	
				Categories	
Total expenditure on environmental protection	Provincial	P9120	Annually	Improvement	
				of Socio-	
				Environmental	
				Services	
Municipality Demarcation Board					
Population by population group	Municipality	Census	5 yearly	Local	
Population by gender and age groups	Municipality	Census	5 yearly	Population	
Education institutions attended by 5-24 years old	Municipality	Census	5 yearly	Access to	
Highest Education Levels attained by over 20 years old	Municipality	Census	5 yearly	education	
Labour force by employed, unemployed, not-economically active	Municipality	Census	5 yearly	Permanent	
Employment by industry	Municipality	Census	5 yearly	Positions/Local	
Occupation breakdown	Municipality	Census	5 yearly	Employment	
Monthly Income breakdown	Municipality	Census	5 yearly		
Population breakdown by first language	Municipality	Census	5 yearly		
Disability statistics	Municipality	Census	5 yearly		
Birthplace & Citizenship Statistics	Municipality	Census	5 yearly	Local	
				Population	

Information Available	Level	Source	Frequency	Relevant Mid-
			of Updates	point Category
Mode of travel to work and school	Municipality	Census	5 yearly	Pressure on
				public transport
				network
Dwelling types	Municipality	Census	5 yearly	Availability of
Household size	Municipality	Census	5 yearly	acceptable
Number of rooms	Municipality	Census	5 yearly	houses
Source of electricity used in households	Municipality	Census	5 yearly	Availability of
				energy services
Household Refuse statistics	Municipality	Census	5 yearly	Availability of
				waste services
Household sanitation statistics	Municipality	Census	5 yearly	Availability of
				waste services
Household Telephone statistics	Municipality	Census	5 yearly	
Source of water used in households	Municipality	Census	5 yearly	Availability of
				water services
Annual Household Income Distributions	Municipality	Census	5 yearly	
State of the Environment Report (National and Provincial)	Level	Indicator	Frequency	Relevant Mid-
		Number		point Category
Access to Sanitation	National	HW14	Annually	Availability of
				waste services

Description	Level	Indicator Number	Frequency	Relevant Mid- point Category	
Access to water	National	HW13	Annually	Availability of water services	
Adult literacy rate	National	HW08	5 Yearly	Access to education	
Available landfill lifespan	National	WM08	5 Yearly	Availability of waste services	
Employment rate	National	HW09	Annually	Permanent Positions/ Local Employment	
GDP per capita	National	HW06	Annually	External value of purchases	
HW11 HIV/Aids incidence	National	HW11	Annually	Access to health facilities	
Household Energy Use	National	HW12	Annually	Availability of energy services	
Life Expectancy	National	HW07	5 Yearly	Access to health facilities	

Description	Level	Indicator Frequency Number		•	Relevant Mid- point Category		
Living Space available per household	National	HW03	5 Yearly	ac	vailability ceptable	y of	
Population growth rate	National	HW10	5 Yearly		ousing ocal		
Proportion of urban area in South Africa	National	HW05	5 Yearly	y Po	opulation		
Urban & Rural Population	National	HW04	5 Yearly	y			
Compensation Commissioner: Compensation for Occupational Injuries and Diseases Act, 1993:	Level	F	requency	Relevant	Mid-1	point	
Report on the 1999 Statistics				Categor	y		
Number of Accident by Extent of Disablement	National	U	nknown	Possible	Health	&	
Average actual number of days lost per extent of disablement	National	U	nknown	Safety In	cidents		
Number of accidents according to age group	National	U	nknown				
Sex and conjugal state of injured persons	National	U	nknown				
Number and Percentage of Accidents according to period of absence and extent of disablement	National	U	nknown				
Number of cases by location of injury, permanent disablement, fractures and traumatic amputations	National	U	nknown				
Cost of accident by industrial classification and extent of disablement	National	U	nknown				
Extent of disablement according to industry	Industry	U	nknown				
Accident frequency rate per industry	Industry	U	nknown				
Accident severity rate per industry	Industry	U	nknown				
Fatal accidents per industry	Industry	U	nknown				
Injured workmen according to magisterial district or Province	Provincial/	U	nknown				
	Magisterial Di	strict					

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24. Appendix P: Acrylic Fibre Plant - Information

24.1 Project Information

Table 24-1: Project Information

		96/97	97/98	98/99	99/00	Average
Production						
Tons (36000 * 80% efficiency)		28800	28800	28800	28800	28800
kg		28800000	28800000	28800000	28800000	28800000
Energy Usage						
Electricity	kWh/kg	1.53	1.91	1.71	1.57	1.68
Electricity Total	kWh	44064000	55008000	49248000	45216000	48384000
	MWh	44064	55008	49248	45216	48384
	GWh	44.064	55.008	49.248	45.216	48.384
Per Month	GWh	3.672	4.584	4.104	3.768	4.032
Water Usage						
Water Used	litre/kg	49.6	44.7	50.1	54.1	49.625
Water Total	Litre	1428480000	1287360000	1442880000	1558080000	1429200000
Per Year	Kiloliter	1428480	1287360	1442880	1558080	1429200
Per Month		119040	107280	120240	129840	119100
Coal Usage						
Coal/Production	kg/kg	1.59	1.45	1.8	1.6	1.61
Total Coal	kg	45792000	41760000	51840000	46080000	46368000

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		96/97	97/98	98/99	99/00	Average
Atmospheric Emissions						
SO2	kilo ton	0.56	0.55	0.372	0.469	0.48775
Nox	kilo ton	0.121	0.117	0.095	0.111	0.111
VOC	kilo ton	0.005	0.006	0.004	0.005	0.005
Solid Waste						
General/Domestic	1000m3	4.2	3.1	1.4	1.6	2.575
General/Domestic	tons	DWAF mir	nimum requiremer	nts Waste Density	: 0.6 tons/m ³ [P1]	1545
Industrial/Non Hazardous	1000m3	3.4	3.2	1.6	2.5	2.675
Total	1000m3	7.6	6.3	3	4.1	5.25
Health & Safety						
Disabling Injuries	nr	7	11	7	1	6.5
Disabling Injury Rate	no/200k	2.1	4.1	3	0.3	2.375
	hour					
Work hours lost due to Injury	hours	731	560	458	152	475.25
Complaints & Incidents						
Complaints	nr	1	1	0	0	0.5
Plant Incidents (spillages)	nr	2	0	0	1	0.75
Turnover	Annualy	500	500	500	500	500
	(million					
	Rand)					
-	N 1	250	250	250	250	250
Employees	Number	250	250	250	250	250

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		96/97	97/98	98/99	99/00	Average
Water Effluent						
Average conductivity for year	μS/cm	4651	3808	3833	3643	3983.75
Average Acrylonitrile for year	mg/litre	108	84	69	71	83
Average NaSCN for year	mg/litre	195	291	290	186	240.5
Steam Use						
Steam/Production	kg/kg	12.1	11	13.7	12.5	12.325
Steam Use	kg	348480000	316800000	394560000	360000000	354960000

Source: Sasol, Sustainable Development: Sasol Safety, Health and Environmental Report 2000 (for the period 26 June 1998 to 25 June 2000), Sasol, Johannesburg, 2000.

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24.2 Social Footprint Information:

Table 24-2: Social Footprint Information

Employment & Unemployment

		Male	Female	Tota	al	Percentage
Thekwini (STATSSA Cen	sus 2001)					
Employed	445 689)	337 244	782 933	36.95 %)
Unemployed	277 677	7	313 347	591 024	27.90%	
Not Economically Active	292 944	1	452 009	744 953	35.15%	
Durban South Basin (SEA)						
Unemployed/Not economica	lly active			208 000	52%	
Gross Domestic Product (K	Kwa Zulu Natal Regio	n) Unit: R million (ST	ATSSA)			
Year:	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	Average
R million	95 535	105 117	112 461	119 768	132 354	113 047

Air Emissions (eThekwini) (Directly from Council)

Emission	Year	Tons/year/ha	Total area (ha)	Tons/year	Kilotons/year
SO_2	1999	0.4	136 235	54 494	54.50
NO_X	1999	0.4	136 235	54 494	54.50

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Unit	97/98	98/99		99/00	Average
Without Water loss taken into	consideration				
Kilolitre	284751122	27908927	75	276607942	280149446.3
Mega litre	284751.12	279089.2	28	276607.94	280149.45
With water loss taken into co	nsideration				
Kilolitre	170850673.2	16745356	55	165964765.2	168089667.8
Mega litre	170850.67	167453.5	57	165964.77	168089.67
Electricity Usage (eThekwini)	(Directly from Council)				
Electricity Usage (eThekwini) Unit	(Directly from Council) 96/97	97/98	98/99	99/00	Average
Unit	_	97/98 9183151356	98/99 9073412900	99/00 9195922772	
<i>Unit</i> KWh	96/97				Average 9098454434 9098.45
KWh GWh	96/97 8941330707 8941.33	9183151356	9073412900	9195922772	9098454434
Unit KWh GWh Durban South Basin Statistics	96/97 8941330707 8941.33	9183151356 9183.15	9073412900	9195922772 9195.92	9098454434 9098.45
Unit KWh GWh Durban South Basin Statistics Description	96/97 8941330707 8941.33 s: (SEA)	9183151356 9183.15 Unit of Measurement	9073412900 9073.41	9195922772 9195.92 <i>Measure</i>	9098454434
Unit KWh GWh Durban South Basin Statistics	96/97 8941330707 8941.33 s: (SEA)	9183151356 9183.15 <i>Unit of Measurement</i> in peak hours (07:00-09:00 a	9073412900 9073.41	9195922772 9195.92	9098454434 9098.45

3 kilometres

Average distance to health facilities

Health

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Security	Police Stations: Residents ratio	6:400 000
Waste	Domestic waste generated per year	45 000 tons
Hazardous waste	Percentage of province's hazardous waste generated in area	50%

eThekwini Statistics:(Council Website)

Description	Unit of Measurement	Measurement/Value
Population	Number of people	3 090 121
Public Transport Seats	Number per 1000 people	158

24.3 References

[P1] Department of Water Affairs and Forestry, Waste Management Series: Minimum Requirements for Waste Disposal by Landfill, Second Edition, Pretoria, DWAF, 1998.

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25. Appendix Q: Social Questionnaires and Checklists for use in the project life cycle

25.1 Kick-Off Phase

25.1.1 Social Questionnaire

			Questionnai	re				
				Yes	No Ur	oortoin	Deliverabl	٥
			Activities	res	INO UI	icertain	Deliverabl	е
	Has the company strategy/appro	ach w						
	technology intensive vs employe							
1	communicated to the design tea							
	Has the company strategy/appro		ith regards to Health					
	& Safety Practices been commu							
2	Team?		3					
	Does the project require Research	ch & D	evelopment					
3	support?							
3.1	If yes, interact with R&D departn						Clear proj	ect roles
	If yes, will the R&D be funded by	the p	roject or by the					
3.2	mother company?							
4		Is the project an opportunity for current employees to						
4	develop their expertise? If yes, decide on how to choose	4h aa	ant avitable punicat	_				
		me m	osi sullable project				Decided To	لده سناه الد مسم
4.1	team members Has all stakeholders (internally a	nd ov	tornally) boon		-		Project re	am defined
5	identified?	iiiu ex	ternally) been				List of Sta	koholdore
,		nform	ad of the Project Kie	L L	+ +		LIST OF STA	Keriolders
5.1	off?	nternal stakeholders been informed of the Project Kicl						
J. I	011 :	Pos	sible Impacts or Sou	irces there	nf			
	Can the project result in possible				<u> </u>			
6	region?		r or poopro to the					
7	What is the regulatory set-up in	the pro	oposed country?					
	Are there any known cultural pro							
	affected by the project?		Ŭ					
8.1	If yes, is this a critical concern b							
	(Use the Social Risk Assessmen	t Grid	as developed by the	•				
	World Bank)		High	R	R		ИP	К
		8	High	K	K	"	ИP	
		<u> </u>	Substantial	R	R	N	ИP	MP
		a						
		xdof.	Moderate	I	R		Т	Т
		Likelihoodof Ocumence	Low	I	R		Т	T
		Ė		Low	Moderate	Subs	tantial	High
				Im	portance of R	isk		
			K= Killer Concern/Assumpt	ion	R= Review and	l Reconside		
			MP = Modify Plan - Take a					
			T=Triggers (Establish indica	tor, if reached	address impact by mea	sures of con	pensation, etc	.)
				1	1			
				1				

25.1.2 Social Checklist (for use at the end of the phase)

	Checklist							
	Has the folowing been done?	Yes	No	Uncertain				
1	Communicate all relevant strategies to design team							
2	Clarify the role of R&D in the project							
	Identify individuals for project team in accordance with							
3	competencies and career paths							
4	Identify all stakeholders							
	Complete questionnaire and identify possible areas of							
5	concern							

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25.2 Pre-Feasibility Phase

25.2.1 Social Questionnaire

				Questionnai	rο				
		Yes			Uncertain	Deliverab	ale.		
	Are technologies considered in line	163		NO	Oncortain	Deliverac	,ic		
	with compan strategy (technology	İ							
	intensive vs employee intensive)?	İ							
	Can Health & Safety practices for the								
	proposed technologies be developed	İ							
	that are in line with the company	İ							
	strategy/standards?	İ							
	Are additional investments in								
	Research & Development required to	İ							
	make technology work?	İ							
	Will the project have to invest in			1					
	training & education to ensure that	İ							
	there will be capable employees to	İ							
	operate the technology or are skill	İ							
	available locally?	İ				Capacity	Requirements		
,	Will the project require additional								
	monitoring stations?	İ							
	Are there any legislation that oppose								
	the project or that needs to be	ĺ							
	developed for the project?	l				List of rel	evant legislation		
	Have a strategy and plan for								
	stakeholder engagement been	l							
	finalised?	l				Stakehold	der Engagement F	Plan	
	Identify any possible problematic						0 0		
	stakeholders which can require	İ							
	additional attention	İ							
,	Will the project increase any of the								
8	following sensory stimuli:	İ							
	- noise								
i.	- smell								
	- physical appearance of								
	plant/aesthetics	İ							
1	Will the project decrease any of the								
9	following sensory stimuli:	İ							
	- noise								
1.	- smell								
į.	- physical appearance of								
	plant/aesthetics	İ							
1	Can the project involve the relocation								
10	of people?								
	If yes, develop an action plan to								
10.1	handle relocation project	İ				Relocatio	n Action Plan		
	Possible risks to External								
	Population due to influx of people	l							
	& construction of asset	<u> </u>							
	Access to Health Facilities	Use t	he fo	llowing risk r	natrix to assi	gn values.			
	Access to Education Facilities			gh	R	R	MP	K	7
	Availability of Acceptable houses	8	111	511		*	1411	1.	
	Availability of water services	of Occurrence	C.	bstantial	R	R	MP	MP	1
	Availability of Energy Services	ğ	SU	ostantial	K	K	IVIP	IVIP	
	Availability of Waste Services	ğ	2.6		-				-
1	Additional burden on transport		M	oderate	I	R	T	T	
	network	8							╢
		Likelihood	Lo	w	I	R	Т	T	L
		18							┸
		,			Low	Moderate	0 1 1	TT. 1	111
		12			LOW	Moderate	Substantial	High	II⊢
		1			Low	Moderate	Substantial	High	
		1				portance of R		High	
]]	K= Ki	ller Concern/Assu	Im	portance of R	isk	High	
		1		ller Concern/Assu Modify Plan – Tal	Im	portance of R	isk	High	
		II 	MP =	Modify Plan – Tal	Im	portance of R R= Review and ing I = Ignore	isk		
		17	MP =	Modify Plan – Tal	Im	portance of R R= Review and ing I = Ignore	isk Reconsider		

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25.2.2 Social Checklist (for use at the end of the phase)

	Checklist						
Ha	s the folowing been done?	Yes	No	Uncertain			
1	Strategies known to Design team						
	R&D Requirements clarified						
3	Capacity Requirements clarified						
	Legislative and Monitoring						
4	Requirements clarified						
	Stakeholder Engagement Plan						
5	Developed/Designed						
	Possible impacts of concern						
6	identified.						

25.3 Feasibility Phase

25.3.1 Social Questionnaire

Questionnaire (Part A) No Uncertain Deliverable Yes Has the scope for the SIA been compiled? Scope for SIA Will this project create employment Number and opportunities? type of employment 2.1 If yes, will these employment opportunities opportunities be permanent or temporary? 2.2 Please complete the following for each type of employment: - Number of employments: - Is special skill training required? - Can local labour sources be used? Will this project destroy employment opportunities? 3.1 If yes, please answer the following questions: - Number of employments - What skill level employments are destroyed? - Can local labour sources be affected?

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	Questionnai	re (Part Yes	No No	Uncortain	Deliverable
		res	INO	Uncertain	Deliverable
4	Is the rand value of employment				
	compensation known?				
4.1	If yes, what is it?				
7.1	ii yes, what is it:				
5	Are the project team familiar with the				
	equity & diversity strategy of the company?				
5.1	If yes, can the project implementation				
	adhere to the strategy in terms of				
	available skill levels for employment				
5.2	opportunities? If not, can training or education bridge the				
0.2	gap?				
6	Are the project team familiar with the				
	company strategy with regards to				
7	preferred labour sources? Are the company capable to develop and			+	
•	implement Health & Safety Practices as				
	required by the proposed technologies?				
7.4	If you are any description and adversarious besides at the				
7.1	If not, can training or education bridge the gap?				
	3~P.				
8	Risk of Technology in terms of Health &				Description of
	Safety Incidents Impacts Descriptions				possible impacts
	(using DEAT method & Worldbank method)				
9	Are additional investments in Research &				
	Development required to make technology				
	work?				
9.1	If yes, what is the predicted cost?				
10	Will the project have to invest in training &				
	education to ensure that there will be				
	capable employees to operate the				Capacity
10.1	technology or are skill available locally?				Requirements
10.1	If yes, are instructors, etc available?				
10.2	If yes, what is the time and cost				Capacity
	implications likely to be?				Requirements
11	Will the project have to invest in housing?				
11.1	If yes, has an action plan been				Housing Action
	developed?				Plan
12	What load will be placed on the service				Service
12.1	infrastructure? (Water, Energy, Waste) Can the service infrastruture handle the			-	Requirements
12.1	load?				
12.2	If no, action plan necessary				
13	Will the project require the building of				
14	temporary infrastructure? What load will be placed on the mobility				
14	infrastructure (networks & public				
	transport)?				
14.1	Can the mobility infrastruture handle the				
14.2	lf no, action steps must be taken.				
15	External Population - describe potential				Description of
	impacts in terms of DEAT Method				possible impacts
40	One the project involved to the state of				
16	Can the project involve the relocation of people?				
16.1	If yes, develop an action plan to handle				Relocation
	relocation project	<u> </u>			Action Plan
17	Does the project have any potential				
	economic benefits (other than jobs) for the				
17.1	local community?				
	If yes, please list these potential benefits				
18	Will the project require additional				
	monitoring stations?				
19	Are there any legislation that oppose the project or that needs to be developed for				List of relevant

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					Yes	6	No	ľ	Jncertain	Deliverable
20		the stakeholder e	ngagemen	t plan						
20.1		s, how many infor been held?	mation se	ssions						
21	Are t	here any resistan ent?	ce to the p	roject at						
21.1	If yes	s, please describe	and rate	risk						
	a	High	R	R		N	IP		К	
	Likelihood of Occurrence	Substantial	R	R		N	1P	N	ЛΡ	
	Ojopo	Moderate	I	R		,	Т		Т	
	Keliho	Low	I	R		,	Т		Т	
	╡╸		Low	Modera	ate	Subst	tantial	Hi	gh	
	_		Im	portance o	of R	isk			_	+
		K= Killer Concern/Assump MP = Modify Plan - Take a T=Triggers (Establish indic	action by mitigat	ing I = Ignor	e	Reconsider		:.)		
20.2		ere a possibility th								

25.3.2 Social Checklist (for use at the end of the phase)

	Checklist							
	Has the folowing been done?		No	Uncertain				
1	Impact Descriptions Completed							
2	Equity and Labour Source Strategies Communicated							
3	Possible resistance groups identified							
4	List of possible legislation							
5	Gaps in business that needs to be adressed identified							
6	Action plans to ensure feasibility in terms of service resources							
7	Compile Scope for SIA							

Sustainable project life cycle management: Development of Social Criteria for Decision-Making Appendix Q

25.3.3 DEAT Method that needs to be applied in Feasibility Phase

			Health & Safety							Cultural			Social		
		Criterion	Incidents	Health	Education		Sensory Stir	nuli	Security	Properties	Economic	Welfare	Pathologies	Social (Cohesion
				Influx of	Influx of										
			Risk inherit in	People on	People on				Influx of						Influx of
			technology for	access to	access to				people -		Indirect				people
			Health & Safety	health	education		Smells/		increase		employment	Influx of	Influx of		(Demographic
		Impact Description	Incidents	facilities	facilities	Noise	Odours	Aesthetics	in crime		opportunities	people	People	Resettlement?	changes)
	High	Widespread: Regional/national/International													
Spatial Scale	Medium	Beyond site boundary - Local													
of Impact	Low	Within site boundary													
Intensity/	High	Destruction or serious disturbance													
Severity of	Medium	Complete change in conditions													
Impact	Low	Minor changes													
		-													
		Long term - Permanent or longer than 15													
	High	years													
Duration of		Medium term - 5 to 15 years													
Impacts	Low	Short term - 0 to 5 years													
		·													
		High potential to mitigate to a level of													
	High	insignificant effects.													
Mitigatory		Potential to mitigate but mitigation may still													
Potential of		not prevent some negative effects.													
Impacts		Little or no mechanism to mitigate								1					1
		•													
		Unacceptable - Abandon project or serious													1
		redesign													
Acceptability	Medium	Manageable - with regulatory controls													1
of impacts	Low	Acceptable - no risk to public health													
		·				1									
	1	More than 90% sure - substantial supportive					1	1							1
	Definite	data exist to verify assessment.													
	Probable	Over 70% sure													
Degree of	Possible	Only over 40% sure													
Certainty		Less than 40% sure					1	1					1		
									İ						
	Positive	A benefit to the community			1			1					İ		
Status of	Negative	A cost or risk to community						1							
Impacts		No impact on community					1	1					1		
,		·							İ						
					1			1			1		İ		
Legal	Please st	tate any specific legal or permit requirements									1				
Requirements:		that are relevant to the impact.									1		1		

Sustainable project life cycle management: Development of social criteria for decision-making Appendix Q

25.4 Development Phase

25.4.1 Social Questionnaire

	Quest	ionnaire (
		Yes	No	Uncert	
1	Will this project create employment				Number and type of
1 1	opportunities? If yes, will these employment opportunities				employment opportunities
1.1	be permanent or temporary?				
	be permanent of temporary:				
1.2	Please complete the following for each				
	type of employment:				
	- Number of employments:				
	- Is special skill training required?				
	- Can local labour sources be used?				
	- What steps have been taken to ensure				
	that equity and human rights are guaranteed in the contract?				
	- For temporary jobs: What steps are in				
	place to ensure that the temporariness of				
	the jobs have been thoroughly				
	communicated?				
2	Will this project destroy employment				
	opportunities?		1		
2.1	If yes, please answer the following				
	questions:		1	_	
	- Number of employments				
	- What skill level employments are		1	-	
	destroyed?				
	- Can local labour sources be affected?				
	- What steps have been taken to				•
	communicate and facilitate the				
	retrenchment?				
	- What action plans have been developed				
	to ensure that retrenched employees have				
	skills to rely on?				
	What is the financial value of employment				
3	compensation for new employees?				
	Are the project team familiar with the				
	equity & diversity strategy of the				
	company?				
4.1	If yes, can the project implementation				
	adhere to the strategy in terms of				
	available skill levels for employment				
4.0	opportunities?	-			
4.2	opportunities? If not, can training or education bridge the				
	opportunities? If not, can training or education bridge the gap?				
	opportunities? If not, can training or education bridge the gap? Are the project team familiar with the				
	opportunities? If not, can training or education bridge the gap?				
5	opportunities? If not, can training or education bridge the gap? Are the project team familiar with the company strategy with regards to				
5.1	opportunities? If not, can training or education bridge the gap? Are the project team familiar with the company strategy with regards to preferred labour sources? If yes, can the project implementation adhere to the strategy?				
5.1	opportunities? If not, can training or education bridge the gap? Are the project team familiar with the company strategy with regards to preferred labour sources? If yes, can the project implementation adhere to the strategy? If not, why not and what can be done to				
5.1	opportunities? If not, can training or education bridge the gap? Are the project team familiar with the company strategy with regards to preferred labour sources? If yes, can the project implementation adhere to the strategy? If not, why not and what can be done to ensure adherence?				
5.1	opportunities? If not, can training or education bridge the gap? Are the project team familiar with the company strategy with regards to preferred labour sources? If yes, can the project implementation adhere to the strategy? If not, why not and what can be done to ensure adherence? Have the necessary Health and Safety				
5.1 5.2	opportunities? If not, can training or education bridge the gap? Are the project team familiar with the company strategy with regards to preferred labour sources? If yes, can the project implementation adhere to the strategy? If not, why not and what can be done to ensure adherence? Have the necessary Health and Safety practices been developed to ensure safe				Health & Safaty Practices
5.1 5.2	opportunities? If not, can training or education bridge the gap? Are the project team familiar with the company strategy with regards to preferred labour sources? If yes, can the project implementation adhere to the strategy? If not, why not and what can be done to ensure adherence? Have the necessary Health and Safety practices been developed to ensure safe operation of planned technology?				Health & Safety Practices
5.1 5.2	opportunities? If not, can training or education bridge the gap? Are the project team familiar with the company strategy with regards to preferred labour sources? If yes, can the project implementation adhere to the strategy? If not, why not and what can be done to ensure adherence? Have the necessary Health and Safety practices been developed to ensure safe operation of planned technology? Are a training schedule in development to				Health & Safety Practices Training Schedule
5.1 5.2	opportunities? If not, can training or education bridge the gap? Are the project team familiar with the company strategy with regards to preferred labour sources? If yes, can the project implementation adhere to the strategy? If not, why not and what can be done to ensure adherence? Have the necessary Health and Safety practices been developed to ensure safe operation of planned technology?				
5.1 5.2 6 6.1	opportunities? If not, can training or education bridge the gap? Are the project team familiar with the company strategy with regards to preferred labour sources? If yes, can the project implementation adhere to the strategy? If not, why not and what can be done to ensure adherence? Have the necessary Health and Safety practices been developed to ensure safe operation of planned technology? Are a training schedule in development to ensure workers know the practices?				
5.1 5.2 6 6.1	opportunities? If not, can training or education bridge the gap? Are the project team familiar with the company strategy with regards to preferred labour sources? If yes, can the project implementation adhere to the strategy? If not, why not and what can be done to ensure adherence? Have the necessary Health and Safety practices been developed to ensure safe operation of planned technology? Are a training schedule in development to ensure workers know the practices? Will the project develop new skills in the community & company? If the project require additional monitoring				
5.1 5.2 6 6.1	opportunities? If not, can training or education bridge the gap? Are the project team familiar with the company strategy with regards to preferred labour sources? If yes, can the project implementation adhere to the strategy? If not, why not and what can be done to ensure adherence? Have the necessary Health and Safety practices been developed to ensure safe operation of planned technology? Are a training schedule in development to ensure workers know the practices? Will the project develop new skills in the community & company? If the project require additional monitoring stations is it planned for and feasible to				
5.1 5.2 6 6.1	opportunities? If not, can training or education bridge the gap? Are the project team familiar with the company strategy with regards to preferred labour sources? If yes, can the project implementation adhere to the strategy? If not, why not and what can be done to ensure adherence? Have the necessary Health and Safety practices been developed to ensure safe operation of planned technology? Are a training schedule in development to ensure workers know the practices? Will the project develop new skills in the community & company? If the project require additional monitoring stations is it planned for and feasible to construct?				
5.1 5.2 6 6.1	opportunities? If not, can training or education bridge the gap? Are the project team familiar with the company strategy with regards to preferred labour sources? If yes, can the project implementation adhere to the strategy? If not, why not and what can be done to ensure adherence? Have the necessary Health and Safety practices been developed to ensure safe operation of planned technology? Are a training schedule in development to ensure workers know the practices? Will the project develop new skills in the community & company? If the project require additional monitoring stations is it planned for and feasible to construct? If there any legislation that oppose the				
5.1 5.2 6 6.1	opportunities? If not, can training or education bridge the gap? Are the project team familiar with the company strategy with regards to preferred labour sources? If yes, can the project implementation adhere to the strategy? If not, why not and what can be done to ensure adherence? Have the necessary Health and Safety practices been developed to ensure safe operation of planned technology? Are a training schedule in development to ensure workers know the practices? Will the project develop new skills in the community & company? If the project require additional monitoring stations is it planned for and feasible to construct? If there any legislation that oppose the project or that needs to be developed for				
5.1 5.2 6 6.1 7	opportunities? If not, can training or education bridge the gap? Are the project team familiar with the company strategy with regards to preferred labour sources? If yes, can the project implementation adhere to the strategy? If not, why not and what can be done to ensure adherence? Have the necessary Health and Safety practices been developed to ensure safe operation of planned technology? Are a training schedule in development to ensure workers know the practices? Will the project develop new skills in the community & company? If the project require additional monitoring stations is it planned for and feasible to construct? If there any legislation that oppose the project or that needs to be developed for the project have it been addressed and is				
5.1 5.2 6 6.1	opportunities? If not, can training or education bridge the gap? Are the project team familiar with the company strategy with regards to preferred labour sources? If yes, can the project implementation adhere to the strategy? If not, why not and what can be done to ensure adherence? Have the necessary Health and Safety practices been developed to ensure safe operation of planned technology? Are a training schedule in development to ensure workers know the practices? Will the project develop new skills in the community & company? If the project require additional monitoring stations is it planned for and feasible to construct? If there any legislation that oppose the project or that needs to be developed for the project have it been addressed and is everything in order to pursue project?				
5.1 5.2 6 6.1 7	opportunities? If not, can training or education bridge the gap? Are the project team familiar with the company strategy with regards to preferred labour sources? If yes, can the project implementation adhere to the strategy? If not, why not and what can be done to ensure adherence? Have the necessary Health and Safety practices been developed to ensure safe operation of planned technology? Are a training schedule in development to ensure workers know the practices? Will the project develop new skills in the community & company? If the project require additional monitoring stations is it planned for and feasible to construct? If there any legislation that oppose the project or that needs to be developed for the project have it been addressed and is				

Sustainable project life cycle management: Development of social criteria for decision-making $\label{eq:project} Appendix\ Q$

	Quest	ionnaire	(Part B)		
		Yes	No	Uncertain	Deliverable
	Are the stakeholder views on the project				
	known and known to all personnel				
11	involved?				
	How many information sessions took				
	place with groups of people or all				
12	stakeholders?				
40	Are there any unhappy stakeholders that				
13	threatens the project?				
	If the project involve resettling or				
	relocation, has the plan been accepted by the community?				
	Has the SIA been completed?		-	-	
13	If yes, has the SIA identified any critical			+	
15.1	social concerns?				
13.1	Will the project have to invest in housing?				
16	will the project have to invest in housing:				
- 10	If yes, has an action plan been			+	Housing Action Plan
16 1	developed?				Tiodoling / tottoi/ Fidir
	Is the predicted impact on the following		1	1	
17	criteria according to the SIA known?				
	<u> </u>				Units of Equivalence to
	<u>Criterion</u>				express impact
					Risk of Health & Safety
					Incidents according to
	Health & Safety Incidents				Worldbank matrix
	Health				
	Education				Qualitative description of what
	Housing				predicted impact can be
					Influence on Availability of
					water services, energy
					services and waste services
					by taking additional loads into
	Service Infrastructure				consideration
					Influence on mobility structure
					due to additional loads being transported and additional
	Mobility Infrastructure				people
	Mobility Illifastructure			+	Impact on ambient noise and
					odour levels. Qualitative
	Sensory Stimuli				description of aesthetics
	Controlly Currian				i
	0				Qualitative description of what
	Security			_	predicted impact can be
					Qualitative description of what
	Cultural Properties				predicted impact can be
	·				Indirect employment
					opportunities and additional
					employment opportunities.
					Predicted increase in spending
	Economic Welfare	ļ			in community
					Qualitative description of what
	Social Pathologies				predicted impact can be
					Qualitativa dogazintian af ut-t
	Social Cohocian				Qualitative description of what
	Social Cohesion	-			predicted impact can be Contribution to GGP and
	MSP:Economic Welfare				purchases that will take place
	INOT LEGITOTHIC WEHATE		+		regionally or nationally
	MCD. Trading One of the				Qualitative description of what
	MSP: Trading Opportunities				predicted impact can be

Sustainable project life cycle management: Development of social criteria for decision-making Appendix Q

25.4.2 Social Checklist (for use at the end of the phase)

	Checklist			
	Has the folowing been done?	Yes	No	Uncertain
1	Social Impact Assessment			
2	Identify any social areas of concern			
	Health & Safety Practices Training			
3	Schedule			
4	Environmental Enforcement Plan			

25.5 Execution & Testing Phase

25.5.1 Social Questionnaire

	Questionnaire	(Part A	۸)		
		Yes	No	Uncertain	Deliverable
	Have the temporariness of certain				
	employment opportunities been				
,	communicated during the appointment				
1	process?				
	Are minimum wages as specified by the				
2	country or the company's strategy adhered to?				
	Have disciplinary and security practices				
2	been adopted?				
3	Does all employees have employee		-		
	contracts according to the law of the				
4	country?				
	Has the equity strategy been considered				
5	during the appointment of employees?				
	Does the permanent employee				
	appointments adhere to the equity strategy				
6	or policy?				
	Has the labour source strategy or policy of				
	the company been considered during the				
7	appointment process?				
	Does the permanent employee				
	appointments adhere to the labour source				
8	strategy or policy?				
	Have the necessary Health & Safety				
	training and communication took place to				
	ensure Health &Safety readiness and				
9	alertness?				
	Are measures in place to measure health &				
10	safety incidents?				
	Have skills of temporary personnel been				
11	developed or improved?				
	Has training etc been scheduled for new				
12	capabilities that needs to be developed?				

Sustainable project life cycle management: Development of social criteria for decision-making $\label{eq:project} Appendix\ Q$

	Questionnaire	(Part B)			
		Yes	No	Uncertain	Deliverable
	Are measures in place to measure actual				
	impacts on the health of the external				
13	population?				
	Are adequate housing facilities available for				
14	the influx of people?				
	Can the service infrastructure handle the				
15	additional load?				
	If not, what other options can be explored to				
15.1	mitigate the impact				
	Can the mobility infrastructure handle the				
16	additional load?				
	If not, what other options can be explored to				
16.1	mitigate the impact				
	What steps will be taken to ensure that				
	temporary infrastructure does not become				
	permanent or are sufficient to serve as				
17	permanent infrastructure?				
17	Are regulatory services kept informed of				
18	progress?				
	Are measures in place to monitor impacts				
	on sensory stimuli?				
10	Is the company taking any measures to				
20	assist with induced social pathologies?				
20	Are environmental standards enforced on				
21	suppliers and contractors?				
	sapplists and confidence.				
	How many information sessions took place				
22	with groups of people or all stakeholders?				
	Are all possible steps taken to keep				
23	stakeholders informed?				

25.5.2 Social Checklist (for use at the end of the phase)

	Checklist			
	Has the folowing been done?	Yes	No	Uncertain
1	Appointments have been made in accordance with equity and labour source strategy			
2	Disciplinary & Security Practices have been adopted			
3	Measures in place to measure impacts internally and externally			
4	Health & Safety Training and capacity development training have been scheduled and took place			

Sustainable project life cycle management: Development of social criteria for decision-making Appendix Q

25.6 Launch Phase

25.6.1 Social Questionnaire

	Questionnaire				
		Yes	No	Uncertain	Deliverable
	Will the asset rely on the functional departments of the company or				
1	will it create its own functional departments?				
1.1	If not,				
1.1.1	Have the new asset adopt disciplinary and security practices?				
1.1.2	Are a standard for Employee Contracts in place for future appointments?				
1.1.3	Are an equity strategy or policy adopted and measures in place to assess adherence there to?				
1.1.4	Are a labour source strategy or policy adopted and measures in place to assess adherence there to?				
1.1.5	Are HS practices well documented to ensure continues education/improvement?				
1.1.6	Are a set of measures developed to track Health & Safety Performacne & Incidents?				
1.1.7	Is there a R&D strategy?				
1.1.8	Are their exisiting or planned Career Development paths for employees?				
1.1.9	Are measures in place to measure impacts on external population?				
1.1.10	Has CSR projects been considered for the long term?				
1.1.11	Has a strategy to build long-term stakeholder relationships been developed?				
1.1.12	Is there a plan in place to ensure enforcement of environmental standards on suppliers and contractors?				

25.6.2 Social Checklist (for use at the end of the phase)

	Checklist							
	Has the folowing been done?	Yes	No	Uncertain				
1	Adopting strategies and business practices for future functioning as an independent unit.							
2	Initiation of actions to build a long-terms stakeholder relationships with stakeholder.							

Sustainable project life cycle management: Development of social criteria for decision-making Appendix R

26. Appendix R: Social Sustainability Tool for Projects (Internet Version)

26.1 Website Layout

The webpage consists of three main sections, namely:

- the project life cycle section: the section contains gate questions and links to questionnaires and checklists for each phase. It also graphically shows all social aspects relevant to the phase;
- the library section: it contains links to documents discussing social aspects as well as links to related websites, and
- the evaluation tool section: the section shows proposed gate questions which can guide decisionmakers as well as a link to an Excel spreadsheet that can be of assistance when calculating SII.

26.2 Screen Captures of Website



Figure 26-1: Homepage

The main page contains links to the three sections of the website as well as a link to contact the author.

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26.2.1 Project Life Cycle Phases: Examples



Figure 26-2: Homepage of Project Life Cycle Section



Figure 26-3: Example of webpage for each life cycle phase: Development

The main page contains links to individual pages for each life cycle phase. The webpage of each phase contains gate questions, a link to an example of a social questionnaire and checklist which can be used during the phase as well as a picture of the social sustainability framework indicating the relevant social aspects in the phase.

Sustainable project life cycle management: Development of social criteria for decision-making Appendix R

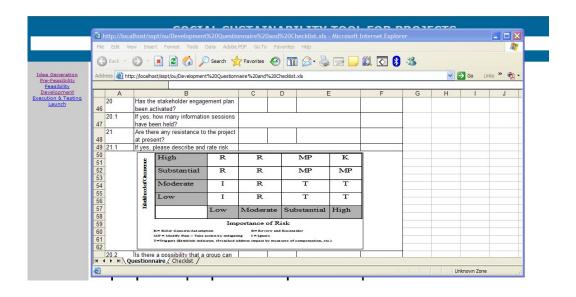


Figure 26-4: Link to Excel Checklist and Questionnaire

The questionnaire link opens an Excel workbook which contains a worksheet for the questionnaire and a worksheet for the checklist. If greenfield projects require additional steps in the specific phase an extra worksheet is added in the file which contains specific guidelines and/or hints with regards to these steps.

26.2.2 Library Section



Figure 26-5: Library Main Page

The library page contains links to documents (in pdf format) discussing various social sustainability aspects. The library section also contains a page with links to various other social sustainability related websites.

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Figure 26-6: Example of a .pdf document in the library

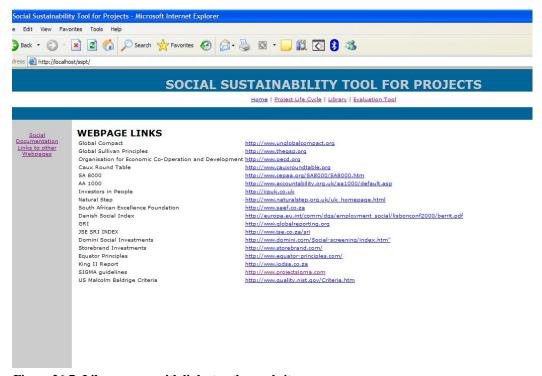


Figure 26-7: Library page with links to other websites

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26.2.3 Evaluation Tool Section

The section consist of one page which indicate proposed gate questions that can guide decision-makers and contains a link to an Excel spreadsheet which can assist with calculation of Social Impact Indicators.

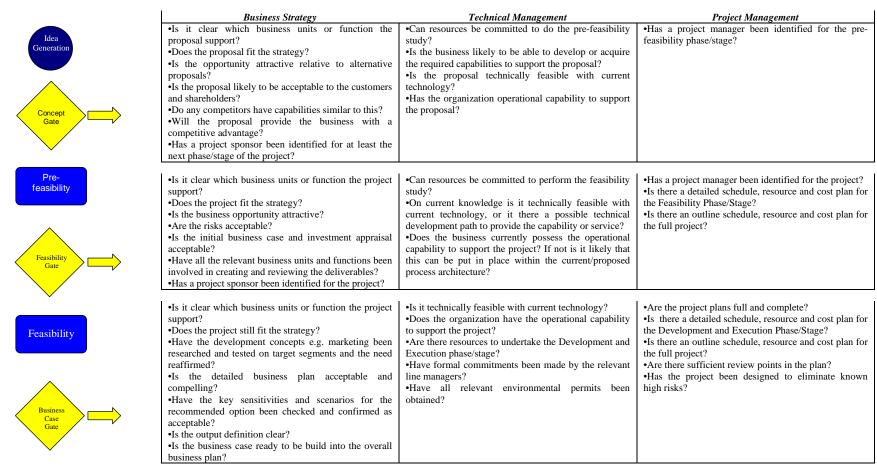


Figure 26-8: Evaluation Tool Section Home Page

Sustainable project life cycle management: Development of social criteria for decision-making

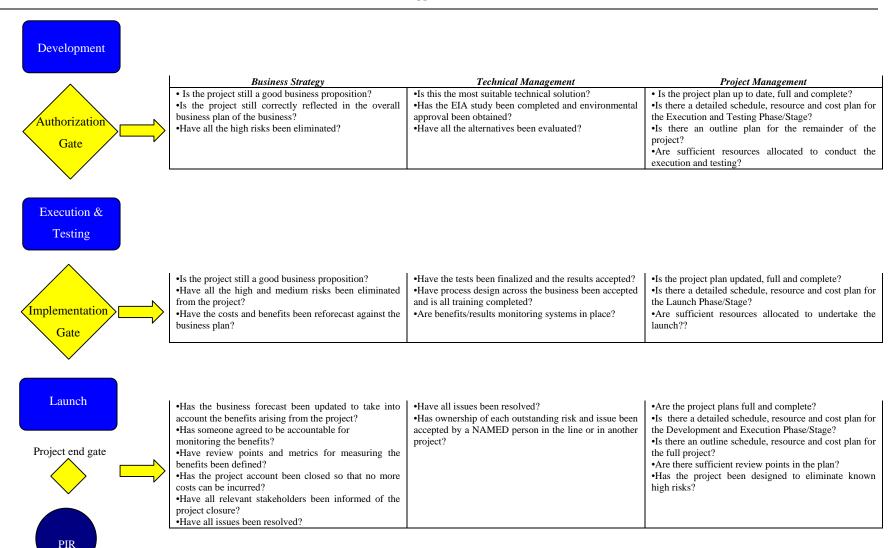
Appendix S

27. Appendix S: Examples of Existing Gate Questions



Sustainable project life cycle management: Development of social criteria for decision-making

Appendix S



Post Implementation

Review 448

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28. Appendix T: Questionnaire

1. SECTION A: GENERAL QUESTIONS:
Male Female
How many years of work experience do you have?
• 2–5 years
• $5-10 \text{ years}$
• 10 – 15 years
More than 15 years
What is the size of the company you work for?
• Less than 50 employees
• 51- 500 employees
• 501-1000 employees
• 1001-10000 employees
• more than 10000 employees
Do you regularly work with or are you regularly involved with any of the following activities or
business models:
Project Management Methodology Models
Environmental Impact Assessment Studies
Corporate Social Responsibility Projects
Project Management Functions
Have you been registered for a post graduate Project Management Module yet? Yes No
If yes, have you completed the module yet? Yes \(\square\) No \(\square\)
Please indicate your awareness on the following issues:
Does your company have a sustainable development strategy?
Yes No Don't know
If yes, how familiar are you with the strategy?
Heard about it
• Scanned through it
Read it thoroughly
• Know it in detail, are able to explain and defend it
Do you think Corporate Social Responsibility Projects contribute towards the overall sustainability of a
company?
Yes No Don't know
Do you think social and environmental aspects and impacts of a project should be taken into
consideration during project progress meetings?
Yes, environmental only Yes, social and environmental
Yes, social only No No

Sustainable project life cycle management: Development of social criteria for decision-making $Appendix \ T$

2. Section B: Criteria Evaluation								
Please rate the following criteria against each other. The scale is as follows:								
3: extremely more important								
2: strongly more important								
1: slightly more important								
0: equally important								
Criteria A	A mor	e impor	rtant B more important		ant	Criteria B		
	3	2	1	0	1	2	3	
Environment								Social
Environment								Economic
Economic								Social

Sustainable project life cycle management: Development of social criteria for decision-making Appendix T

3. Section C: Social Criteria: Assigning Values to Criteria

You have 100 points to attribute to each of the following sets of criteria, which describe the sustainability of a project, please indicate how you will distribute it. You do not have to allocate points to all criteria, only to those you feel are relevant.

SET A

Criteria	Number of
	Points Allocated
Social Sustainability	
Environmental Sustainability	
Economic Sustainability	

SET B

Criteria	Number of
	Points Allocated
Internal Human Resources – company impact on employees	
External Population – company impact on community (in close vicinity to the operations)	
Macro Social Performance – company impact on larger spatial scale thus on	
region or province or country	
Stakeholder Participation- company's efforts to engage with stakeholders and consider their opinions.	

SET C

Criteria & Example of Indicator	Number of
	Points Allocated
Employment Opportunities e.g. Number of permanent jobs created/destroyed;	
Percentage of unskilled jobs created/destroyed	
Employment Compensation e.g. Annual wages as a percentage of turnover,	
additional benefits in comparison to industry norms	

SET D

Criteria & Example of Indicator	Number of
	Points Allocated
Disciplinary & Security Practices e.g. Qualitative assessment of disciplinary	
practices, number of security personnel on premises	
Employee Contracts e.g. employee opinion of contract; employee contract in	
comparison to industry norm, average of overtime worked, Percentage of	

Sustainable project life cycle management: Development of social criteria for decision-making $Appendix \ T$

employees covered by collective bargaining agreements	
Equity & Diversity e.g. ratio between male and female wages on various levels,	
percentage of women in organisation	
Labour Sources e.g. number of child labourers	

SET E

Criteria & Example of Indicator	Number of
	Points Allocated
Health & Safety Practices e.g. Percentage of the hours of training regarding health	
and safety relative to the total number of hours worked,.	
Health & Safety Incidents e.g. fatal accidents, man-hours lost, absentee rate.	

SET F

Criteria & Example of Indicator	Number of
	Points Allocated
Research & Development e.g. annual amount spend on R&D	
Career Development e.g. number of training hours per employee per year	

SET G

Criteria & Example of Indicator	Number of
	Points Allocated
Health e.g. patients per doctor ratio, occurrence rate of certain diseases	
Education e.g. adult literacy level, students per teacher ratio	

SET H

Criteria & Example of Indicator	Number of
	Points Allocated
Housing e.g. quality of houses, number of occupants per house	
Service Infrastructure e.g. average water consumption per capita, waste generated per capita	
Mobility Infrastructure e.g. ton kilometres per capita, public transport seats available per capita	
Regulatory and Public Services e.g. people per library ratio, existence of political parties	

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SET I

Criteria & Example of Indicator	Number of
	Points Allocated
Sensory Stimuli e.g. percentage of community complaints about odour or noise or	
aesthetics	
Security e.g. crime rate, people per police officer ratio	
Cultural Properties e.g. number of cultural sites	
Economic Welfare e.g. unemployment rate of community, average income per	
household	
Social Pathologies e.g. percentage of alcoholics, percentage of people who are	
HIV positive	
Social Cohesion e.g. number of community clubs, number of community events	

SET J

Criteria & Example of Indicator	Number of
	Points Allocated
Economic Welfare e.g. company's contribution to regional GDP	
Trading Opportunities e.g. Company purchases in region, Indirect job creation	

SET K

Criteria & Example of Indicator	Number of
	Points Allocated
Monitoring e.g. annual amount spend on environmental monitoring, hours spend	
in regional environmental meetings	
Legislation e.g. man hours spend in legislative workshops	
Enforcement e.g. number of suppliers with ISO 14001, qualitative assessment of	
supplier selection codes	

SET L

Criteria & Example of Indicator	Number of
	Points Allocated
Information Provisioning e.g. number of press releases per year, number of times	
website has been updated	
Stakeholder Influence e.g. number of stakeholder meetings per year, existence of	
mechanisms to distribute stakeholders' opinions	

Sustainable project life cycle management: Development of social criteria for decision-making Appendix T

SET M

Criteria & Example of Indicator	Number of
	Points Allocated
Macro Socio-Economic Performance e.g. contribution to GDP	
Macro Socio-Environmental Performance e.g. annual amounts spend on	
interaction with environmental department of government	

SET N

Criteria & Example of Indicator	Number of
	Points Allocated
Human Capital e.g. change in life expectancy at birth	
Productive Capital e.g. average water consumption per capita, ton kilometres per	
capita, people per library ratio	
Community Capital e.g. community opinion on sense of place	

SET O

Criteria & Example of Indicator	Number of
	Points Allocated
Employment Stability e.g. change in number of jobs available or total annual	
amount spend on wages	
Employment Practices e.g. percentage of employees covered by collective	
bargaining, percentage of female workers	
Health & Safety e.g. annual amount spend on Health and Safety, number of fatal	
accidents	
Capacity Development e.g. does the company have a knowledge management	
policy, amounts spend on training	