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APPENDIX A SURVEY QUESTIONNAIRE

General Instruction

In this questionnaire there are a number of questions and scales designed to measure your perceptions, opinions, and expectations regarding Bureau of Agriculture's state of performance and what would have been or should be done. Please answer the questions as honestly as possible.

Some sets of questions ask you to choose one or to rank in order of importance among different alternatives that are numbered/ coded. Others ask you to rate the degree or extent of certain situation using 11 points scale (0 - 10). In all cases write the code number of your choice only in the box provided at the right side next to each question. If a question is not relevant to you, write NA (Not applicable) in the box.

I IDENTIFICATION Respondent Name Zone _____ Region _____ Respondent's Work Area Category Federal Department Heads (1) Federal Team Leaders (2) Federal level expert (3) Regional Bureau Head (4) Deputy Bureau Head (5) Heads of Departments (6) Regional Team Leaders (7) Zonal coordinators (8) Zonal level expert (9) District Coordinator (Rural & Agric, Dev.) (10) District Agricultural Office Head (11)District Team Leaders (12)Development Agents (13)District level expert (14)



Respondent's Job position Category

Top-level manage	e r (includes federal or regional head	's or deputy he	eads; service departments	_
	planning, administration, finance	etc – leaders e	etc)	(1)
Middle level man	ager (includes federal or regional le	vel departmen	nt heads, district office hea	ads
17 110010 10 7 01 11101		, et etep en interi	in received, enter the office received	
	or coordinators etc)			(2)
First level manag	er (team or section or project leader	s at all levels)		(3)
Non-managers (a	ll none managers at all levels)			(4)
II DEMOGRAF	PHIC CHARACTERSTICS			
1 4 (')				
1. Age (in years)				
3. Marital status:	emale [2] Male			
Married				
	(2) d/divorced (3)			
Widowe				
	nighest level of formal education/	malification?)	
Primary s	<u> </u>	(1)		
•	condary school (Grade 7& 8)	(2)		
	y school: (Grade 9-12.)	* *		
	e			
	(2 or 3yr)	* *		
_	's degree			
		` '		
		* *		
5. Please indicate	ate your field of specialisation	in the highes	st qualification mention	ned
above:	Plant Production	(1)	1	
	Crop Protection	(2)		
	Horticulture	(3)		
	Soil Science	(4)		
	Animal Science	(5)		
	Agricultural Economics	(6)		
	Agricultural Extension	(7)		
	Agricultural Engineering	(8)		
	General Agriculture	(9)		
	Other (Specify:	. (10)		



6.	Please indicate your highest formal qualification in extension. None(1)	
	Extension courses in in-service training(2)	
	· · ·	
	Extension courses in agricultural diploma programme (3)	
	Extension courses in BSc programme(4)	
	Diploma in extension(5)	
	BSc degree in extension(6)	
	Masters degree in extension. (7)	
	PhD degree in Extension. (8)	
7.	What formal training have you had in Management (indicate qualification)	your highest
	None(1)	
	Management courses in in-service training (2)	
	Management courses in Diploma Programme (3)	
	Diploma in Management (4)	
	Bachelor in Management (5)	
	Masters degree in Management(6)	
8.	Did you take part in any in-service training in extension?	
	Yes. (1) No. (2)	
9.	If yes, for how long? Total number of weeks:	
	Did you take part in any in-service training regarding management?	
	Yes. (1) No. (2)	
11	If yes, for how long? Total number of weeks:	
	Have you done any self-study in extension (read books etc.)?	
14.	No(1)	
	A little(2)	
10	Yes(3)	
13.	Have you done any self-study in management (studied books, etc.)?	
	No(1)	
	A little (2)	
	Yes (3)	
14.	For how long (in years) have you been employed in the Department	of Agriculture?
	Indicate number of years	
15.	How many years of experience have you had in extension on	the following
	operational levels	
	a. Frontline extension work (DA)	
	b. Subject matter specialist/expert	
	c. Supervision or management of extension	
	Total	
16.	What is your current job position/title at work?	
	Title (Position)	



	For how many years have you worked in your current position?	
18.	What is your current monthly salary in Birr?	

III EXTENT OF ORGANIZATIONAL EFFECTIVENESS IN EXTENSION DELIVERY AND MANAGEMENT

A good manager is generally regarded as one who is instrumental in effectively and efficiently achieving with and through his subordinates the organisations goal.

19. How would you rate yourself and your managers (your district or region) at the different levels regarding management using the following 10-point scale?

(Make assessments in terms of what you expect of them at their different levels and use the following scale:)

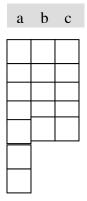


General managerial ability (a)

Task oriented (b)

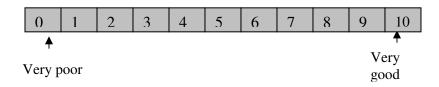
People oriented (c)

First level managers
Middle level managers
Top level managers
Your immediate manager
Your own
The managerial ability of your colleagues in the same rank
Where you think others rate you





20. How would you, using the same 10-point scale rate the different management levels (a = Top level managers; b = Middle level managers and c = First level managers) in your situation or district/region in terms of the following main aspects of management:	
(a) (b) (c) 1. Planning (Determining objectives of Organisation and selecting approach and	:)
course of action for their accomplishment.)	
2. Organising (<i>Process of relating employees and their jobs to each other to</i>	
accomplish organizational objectives.)	_
3. Staffing and Human Resource Management (Selecting competent employers,	
developing them and rewarding accomplished organizational objectives)	
4. Leading and Influencing (Inducing individuals or groups to assist willingly and	
harmoniously in accomplishing organizational objectives)	
5. Controlling (Assuring the efficient accomplishment of organizational Objectives)	
6. Budgeting (Effective budgeting and budgeting control)	_
21. How do you assess your own functional efficiency in your current position (post) using the same scale? 21(a) How effective would you be without your immediate manager? (Please indicate using the same scale) 21(b) How effective would you be without knowledge support from subject matter specialist(s). (Answered by development agents only)	_
21(c) How effective would you be without knowledge support from regional subject matter specialist(s). (only answered by district level subject matter specialists)	
22. Using the scale below, how do you rate the following aspects of knowledge in terms of: (a) Your own knowledge (b) Knowledge of first level managers (c) The knowledge of second level managers (d) The knowledge of top level managers	
Agricultural-technical knowledge Extension knowledge and skills Economic knowledge Managerial knowledge and skill Marketing knowledge	



23. Indicate what extension services are currently offered and the extent of their focuses or emphasis in your work area, using a (0-10) point scale: emphasis recommended emphasis achievable level of recommendation (in %) without additional resources:

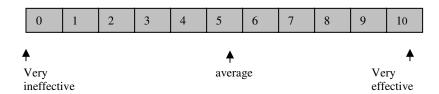
0 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
A	-							Ev	tremely
No attention								Ve	ery muci

Type of services	(a) Current focus	(b) Recommended	(c) Achievable (%) without additional resources
Crop development & protection			
Livestock development & protection			
Water (irrigation) use & management			
Soil and Land utilization			
Forest and wild life dev't & protection			
Cooperative management			
Home economics			
Non-agriculture activities (inputs distribution and loan repayment collection)			
Involvement in Local government administrative work			
Theoretical training			
Practical training			

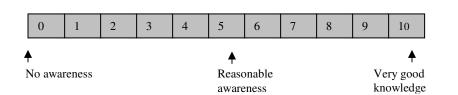
PART IV DETERMINANTS OF ORGANIZATIONAL EFFECTIVENESS

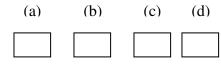
The following questions (24 -52) are related to some of key factors can affect organizational effectiveness. To what degree, in your opinion, improvement in these factors can contribute towards improvement of extension delivery or improvement of job satisfaction? Indicate:

- (a) the current level of situation
- (b) level to which it needs to be increased (changed)
- (c) percentage increase on extension delivery (as a result of change at (b))
- (d) percentage improvement of job satisfaction (as a result of change at (b))

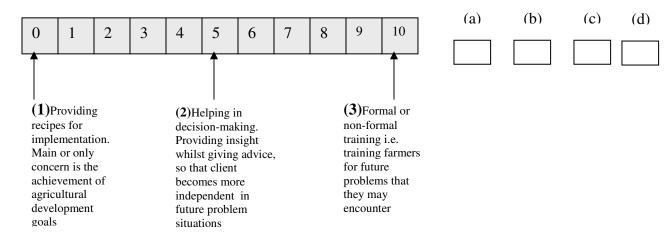


24. Better awareness of mission and objectives of organisation

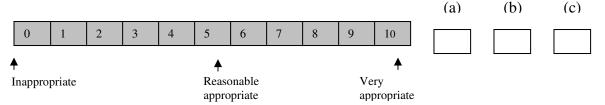




25 A more educational approach in extension



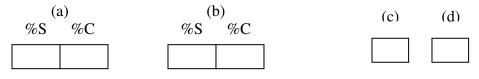
26. More appropriate land tenure policy



27. More focus on female farmers

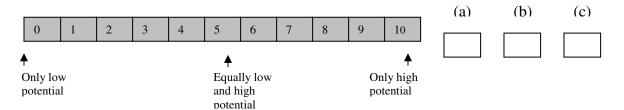


28. More focus on commercial farmers

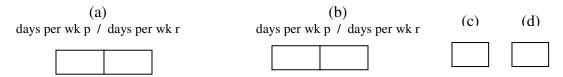


S = Smallholder; C = Commercial

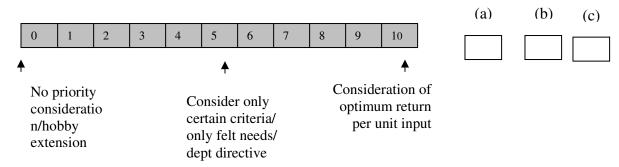
29. More emphasis on high potential areas



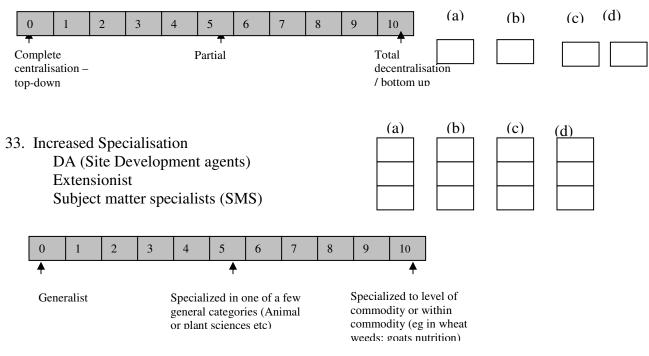
30. Increased programmed (pro-active = p) versus re-active (= r) approach (wk = week)



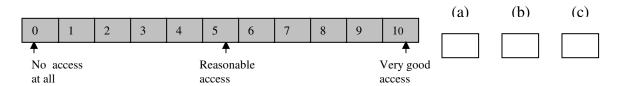
31. Increased priority approach



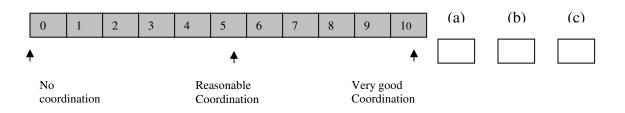
32. Increased decentralisation (in terms of program planning approach – such as bottom/top-down)



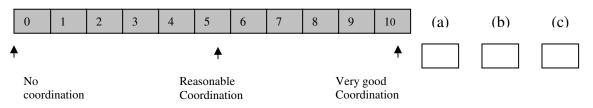
34. Improved access of small farmer to credit and other production inputs



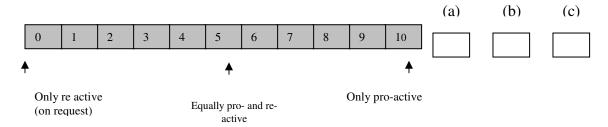
35. Improved internal coordination (among departments or support service sections)



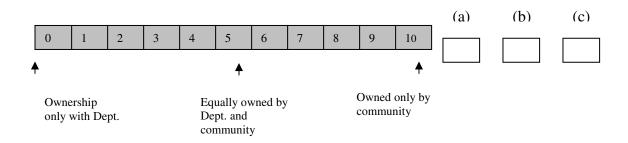
36. Improved external coordination (i.e. with other service providers)



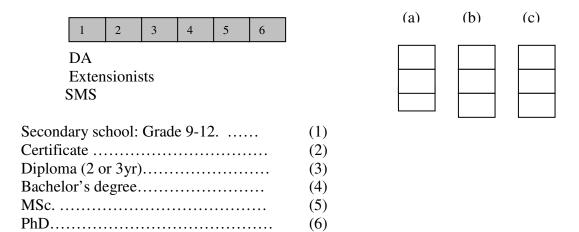
37. More pro-active support services (SMS)



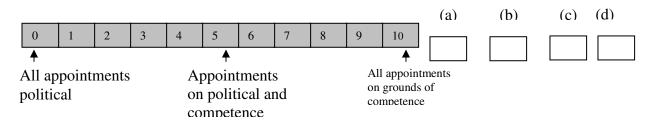
38. Increased community ownership of development (projects)



39. Higher entry requirements in terms of qualifications



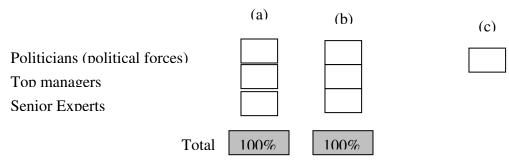
40. Appointments based more on competence (qualifications)



41. Increased in-service training in extension

(a)		(b)		
Current No of we		ommended No o	f weeks in-	(c) (d)
service training/vear	serv	ice training/vear		
42. Increased in-service	training in subje	ct matter		
(a) Current No of we		ommended No or	f weeks in-	(c) (d)
service training/year	serv	ice training/year		
43. Increased in-service	training in mana	gement		
			(a)	(b) (c) (d)
0 1 2 3	4 5 6	7 8 9 1	0	
T	T	Г.	†	
No training at all	Acceptable	Extrem	•	
at an	frequency	very hi freauer		
44 T C				
44. Less frequent restruc	cturing of organis	sation		
			(a)	(b) (c)
0 1 2 3	4 5 6	7 8 9 1	0	
	A		<u> </u>	
Far too	Acceptable	Fai	too	
infrequent	frequency	fre	auent	

45. More involvement in planning of structural changes or adaptations (Indicate percentage influence of different stakeholders)



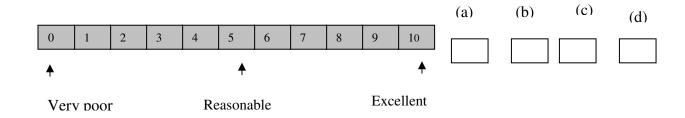
46. More justifiable basis for restructuring

Very poor

(b) (a) (c) When deemed necessary by politicians When deemed necessary by top manager (s) When supported by feasibility study Total 100% 100% 47. More task orientation by managers (d) (a) (b) (c) 3 6 7 8 10 Maximum task Minimum Reasonable Task orientation task orientation orientation 48. More people orientation by managers (a) (b) (c) (d) 3 7 8 6 10 Minimum Reasonable Maximum people people People orientation orientation orientation 49. Improved internal communication (a) (b) (c) (d) Very poor Excellent Reasonable 50. Improved monitoring and evaluation (c) (a) (b) (d) 3 0 5 6 10 Excellent

Reasonable

51. Improved appraisal system for recognising performance



52. More appropriate departmentalization

Commodity based departmentalization	(1)	(a)	(b)	(c)
Functional based departmentalization	(2)			
Matrix based departmentalization	(3)			
Customer based departmentalization	(4)			
Other (specify)	(5)			



How important do you rate each one of the following functions of the SMS (Subject Matter Specialist):



	Zantonior important	
1.	Assistance and advice to farmers and development agents with problem cases and when requested.	
2.	Training of farmers where knowledge base does not exist among development agents.	
3.	Training of development agents (courses where necessary) – reactive function	
4.	Continuous and purposeful knowledge upgrading and capacity building of development agents working in the respective fields (pro-active)	
5.	Assistance of development agents with message design i.e. designing messages that are technically, economically and human behaviour relevant(where requested)	
6.	Become specialist regarding relevant commodity/discipline in area of responsibility in relation to current production, prevailing problems, needs of farmers (including research needs if there is no solution), priorities and solutions to be promoted by extension	
7.	Seeking solutions through adapted research/demonstrations (adapting innovations to specific local conditions)	
8.	Remain abreast of new research, developments and knowledge in field of specialisation	

54. Regarding the span of management, please indicate the current (where applicable) and the recommended no of sub-ordinates per supervisor or manager for management to be effective.

	Current number of sub-ordinates	Recommended Number of sub-ordinates
Number of DAs subordinate to supervisor		
Number of District office Heads subordinate to Agricultural and Rural Development Office coordinator		
Number of District Heads of agricultural offices subordinate to Zone coordinator		
Number of District Heads subordinate to Bureau Head		

- 55. Which of the following statements come closest to your view regarding the recommended future role of the Zonal Department of Agriculture? Please place in rank order of acceptability.
 - 1. The Zone Agriculture should be disbanded completely.
 - 2. The Zone Agriculture should remain as it is.
 - 3. The Zone Agriculture should be expanded to coordinate and manage all issues relating to the districts.

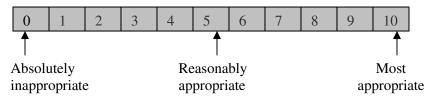
1 st	2^{nd}	3rd

56. What is your view regarding the accountability of the District head: Agricultural Development Office? Please indicate the acceptability of each of the following alternatives by means of the following 10 point scale:



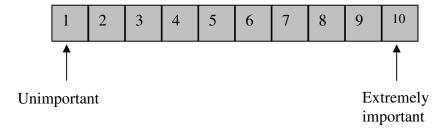
- 1. The district head should be accountable only to the District Administration
- 2. The district head should be accountable only to the Bureau of Agriculture
- 3. The district head should be accountable to both the District Administration and the Bureau of Agriculture

57. In setting regional goals the following are alternative approaches. Assess them in terms of their appropriateness, using the following 10-point scale:

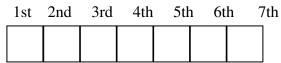


- 1. Set the production goals at regional level.
- 2. Set the goals at regional level and control with zones and/or districts.
- 3. Set goals at district level to be coordinated at regional level.
- 4. Set goals at PA (peasant association) level to be coordinated at the district and then at regional level.
- 58. Lack of coordination between different extension organisations often results in unnecessary duplication or working at cross-purposes, with the result that the frequently scarce extension resources are not effectively utilised, thereby seriously reducing or undermining the potential extension input.

How serious is this problem in your opinion? Please give an assessment on the following scale:



59. To get another perspective of your viewpoint regarding the seriousness of the lack of coordination as a problem, please consider it along with some other problems and list them in order of importance.

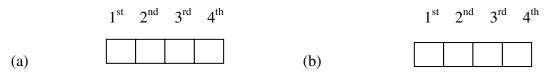


- 1. Lack of coordination
- 2. Poor competence of development agent
- 3. Lack of commitment of extension personnel
- 4. Poor management of extension
- 5. Inappropriate extension approach
- 6. Frequent restructuring
- 7. Political intervention

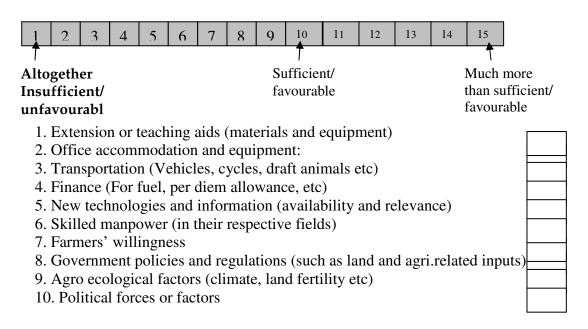
60.	Which of the following is closest to	your idea of good	coordination:

1. Extension organisations and/or agents assist each other and work together to be more effective and efficient (cooperation).

- 2. Extension organisations and/or agents work in such a way that they don't do the same work, but complement each other by either focusing on different areas, different communities, different commodities or different functions (coordination).
- 61. Considering the various report forms sent in by extension workers every month, what purpose do you think they currently mainly serve and should they mainly serve (In both cases list the following alternatives in order of preference)

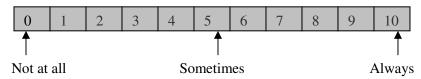


- 1. To provide information mainly for policy makers
- 2. To provide information for management (to improve management)
- 3. To provide information that allows frontline extension personnel to improve their extension
- 4. To provide information that serves as evidence of success or progress for purposes of accountability
- 62. Assess the adequacy or sufficiency or favourableness (using the scale provided) of the following in your working situation (or the extension situation of your development agents).

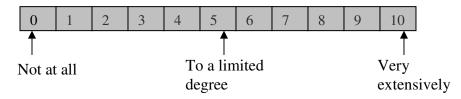




63 The following are different levels of criteria that can be used in monitoring and evaluation. Could you please indicate whether you use them or believe they are used by extension.



Indicate the degree to which they should be used



1. Input resources (e.g. used personnel, km., funds etc.)

2. Activities (e.g. farm visits, demonstrations, etc)

3. Farmers' participation (in terms of demonstration plots visits, attendance of farmers' days, etc.)

4. Farmers' opinions regarding extension performance

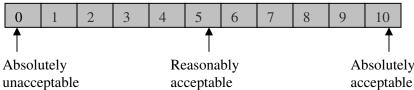
5. Change in behaviour determinants (change in needs, knowledge, perception, attitude)

6. Change in behaviour (improved practice adoption)

7. Change in efficiency (e.g. yield, quality, grazing condition, etc)

8. Change in outcome (e.g. higher standard of living, reduction in unemployment, etc.)

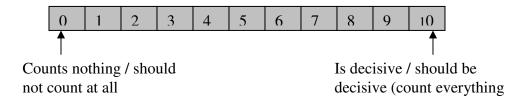
Regarding a need-based and priority approach in extension, the following are alternative approaches. Assess the acceptability or appropriateness of each of them using the following scale:



promotion of "common" rather than "individual" good.

olutely cceptable	Reasonably acceptable	Absolutely acceptable	
1 0		ne community expressed as not an agricultural nature or not	
2. The program show by the community	•	ultural need that is ranked high	hest
commodity that	has the biggest improven	st agricultural need, usually onent potential considered on its need to be persuaded about	an
1 0	ould be focused on the condings regarding (3).	ommunity's decision after be	eing
5. The program sho	uld be focused on the Dep	artments priorities, which are	the

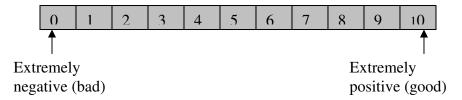
65 Indicate how important the following criteria (1 to 4) are (a) currently and (b) should be for promotions or appointments in the following ranks: (Assess the importance by using the following scale)



	C	R	I	T	Е	R	I	A
Types or levels of managerial	1. Qualification		2. Proven Performance		3. Personality		4. Political affiliation	
ranks	(a)	(b)	(a)	(b)	(a)	(b)	(a)	(b)
Development agents' supervisor								
Team leader at District level								
District Head at District level								
Team leader (Regional level)								
Department Head (Regional level)								
Deputy Bureau Head								
Bureau Head								



66. What, in your opinion, has been the influence of the changes in the organisational structure of 2002 on the following: (Indicate by giving an assessment – using the following scale – of the situation (a) prior to 2002 and (b) after 2002:)



	(a) Before 2002		(b) After 2002	
Categories	At district level	At regional level	At district level	At regional level
1. Management effectiveness (effective utilization of resources - manpower, time, finance and materials - to achieve organizational goals)				
2. Management participativeness (involvement of subordinates or workers in decisions that affect them)				
3. Work climate (trust and support among workers and between subordinates and managers)4. Coordination (among departments and				
between stakeholder organizations in confronting common problems and finding synergistic solutions)				
5. Level of communication and openness (between workers/ managers and between organization's managerial hierarchies)				
6. Extension delivery effectiveness7. Job satisfaction (your own situation)8. Job satisfaction at development agent level				
9. Motivation (Achievement recognition, workers' involvement in decision making that affect them and justice in workers' placement, transfer and promotion)				
10. Financial resources availability(amount)				



67.	Most development agents car that you/the development age what percentage of your/their achieve what you/they are cur	ents were hi	ghly competent, prod k time would you/they	uctive and effective		
68	The average efficiency of Extension is, according to some literature sources, approximately 130 percent, i.e. for every 100 Birr invested in extension, the return is 130 Birr. What would you guess is the average efficiency of the development agents (Department of Agriculture), expressed as a return per 100 Birr invested as above					
	 in your area (or your own e in your District (Region) in Ethiopia: in the small scale farmit in the commercial or late 	ng situation	ning situation			
69	Considering your assessment following in terms of their por					
	Improved management More accountability Better or more training Less restructuring Better staff selection Better extension approach More financial resources Less political interference More transportation facilities, More agricultural new techno Better government policies and	logies and in	formation (10)	oution —		
	2	Č	Lowest collul	Junon F		