## **RESEARCH COMMUNICATION**

# NON-SPECIFIC ESTERASE ISOENZYMES OF ADULT SCHISTOSOMES FROM THE HIPPOPOTAMUS (HIPPOPOTAMUS AMPHIBIUS)

P. J. FRIPP, Department of Tropical Pathology, School of Pathology, The South African Institute for Medical Research and University of the Witwatersrand, P.O. Box 1038, Johannesburg 2000

### ABSTRACT

FRIPP, P. J., 1981. Non-specific esterase isoenzymes of adult schistosomes from the hippopotamus (*Hippopotamus amphibius*). Onderstepoort Journal of Veterinary Research, 48, 257 (1981). Extracts of adult schistosomes collected from *Hippopotamus amphibius* in the Kruger National Park gave alpha naphthyl acetate isoenzyme patterns after polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis that did not correspond with those of either Schistosoma mansoni or S. rodhaini.

## Résumé

ISOENZYMES ESTERASES NON-SPECIFIQUES DE SCHISTOSOMES ADULTES DE L'HIPPOPOTAME (HIPPOPOTAMUS AMPHIBIUS)

Des extraits de schistosomes adultes récoltés sur l'Hippopotamus amphibius au Parc National Kruger ont donné des modèles d'isoenzymes alpha naphthyl acetate après électrophorèse de polyacrylamide gélosée, qui ne correspondaient pas à ceux du Schistosoma mansoni ni de S. rodhaini.

Twelve adult schistosomes, collected by Mr P. Visser [Bilharzia Field Research Unit (MRC), Nelspruit] from the mesenteric vessels of *Hippopotamus amphibius* during a culling programme in the Kruger National Park, Eastern Transvaal, were washed in saline, rinsed in ice-cold water, drained and stored at -18 °C.

The flukes were separated into male and female groups and each group was ground separately in an all-glass microhomogenizer in 2% Triton X-100. The homogenates were frozen and thawed twice and left for 4 h at 4 °C. They were then centrifuged for 30 min at 6 000 g, the supernatant applied to a 7,5% polyacrylamide flat bed gel and the electrophoretic procedure, with minor modifications, carried out as previously described (Fripp & McSheehy, 1969). Extracts of adults of both sexes of *Schistosoma mansoni* and *S. rodhaini* were similarly prepared and their isoenzyme patterns compared with those of the hippopotamus flukes.

The extract of the female flukes, which was derived from only 3 individuals, was too weak to produce bands other than the 2 major bands which corresponded to acetylcholinesterases and which were common to all the extracts. However, there was a faster band detectable in the extract from the hippopotamus male flukes which did not correspond with those of either *S. mansoni* or *S. rodhaini*. Moreover, 2 of the 3 characteristic minor bands obtained from *S. mansoni* males were absent.

It would therefore seem that these flukes, which were obtained from *H. amphibius* and which utilize *Biomphalaria pfeifferi* as intermediate host (Pitchford & Visser, 1981), belong to a species that is neither *S. mansoni* nor *S. rodhaini*.

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