GAS ON THE TRAINS IS MORE DEADLY THAN THE GERMAN POISON FUMES.

## DAILY SKETCH.

GUARANTEED DAILY NETT SALE MORE THAN 1,000,000 COPIES.



No muster of a British regiment after a fierce action at the front was more pathetic than this roll-call of the Royal Scots after the awful railway disaster near Gretna Green. They had lelt their depot 500 strong. Only 58 answered to their names when the roll was called in this daisy-spangled field on the Scottish border. Some were helping in the rescue work; many were lying dead on the railway banks or moaning in terrible agony.


## The Care of the Sick.

TLNESS demands much care in the feeding of the patient. Again in Convalescence, or when the Digestion becomes impaired through Worry, Overstrin, or as the result of any other canse, the question of suitable food is of the utmost importance, if health is to be regained. Aged persons also need to pay special attention to their dietary, particularly to the last meal at night; this should be wuch as to ensure quiet and refreshing sleep and digestive rest. The food selected for use in all these cases must be palatable, easy of digestion, wholly nourishing and speedily restorative.

For Invalids, Dyspeptics and the Aged.

## \%hillenburys <br> 0 Made Immediately by adding boiling water only.

Quite Distinct from the 'Allenburys' Foods for Infants.
The 'Allenburys' Diet embodies all the essential reguirements of a complete nourishment in the highest degree. It supersedes cow's milk and the usual invalid's foods and enjoys the recommendation of the medical profession




## REGENT PALACE

 HOTEL PICCADILLYCIRCUS

## RAILWAY REFORM

SATISTICS prove that railway traveling is the safest form of locomotion, and British railways have the cleanest record in immunity from accident, taking the number of passengers and train-miles into account. But statistics are cheerless things when a big disaster occurs; and the Gretna Green accident is all the more horrible as it happens in a year when ani appalling war is draining our life-blood. If there was eve a time to exercise caution and practise the preservation of human life it is now, whe I

I would not be proper at this stage to apportion blame for the Gretna Gree disaster, but it is fitting that we should seek to bring about reform in those directions where reform is necessary. When I say
that railway travelling is the safest form of locomotion I do not pay it any special credit Railways ought to be safer than they are considering the favourable conditions unde which they operate. A railway company has its own private road, free from interference, and controlled by signals the entire way The vehicles are self-steering, owing to the rails; and only the controllers of traffic have the power to shunt the trains from one set of time elapse between the trains, and on the surface lines there is nothing comparable with the two-minute "tube" service or the in London streets
FOUR great reforms are yet required to f safety which it is desirable that it should

## (1) Automatic signals

(2) Automatic brake control.
(3) Steel carriages.
(4) Abolition of oil and gas lighting. NONE of these reforms is impossible. save on a few of the American lines, no determined effort has been made to apply the four improvements simultaneously. There is another matter which is often styled a re
form, but which deserves to be made cardinal rule of traffic, viz., that up and down traffic must not be introduced on the same line. The whole secret of the "tube" railway safety is that up traffic is absolutely shut off from down traffic. It took a good deal of hard fighting to bring about the innovation, and on surface railways and in
road-locomotion and street traffic the system road-locomotion and stre
THE basis of trouble is the cost. This matter also delays the general adoption of autoa small volume of traffic to be safely handled without the necessity of absolute separation of up traffic from down traffic. Indeed, may be said that the cost of altering the lines would be prohibitive until the time comes when the traffic demands will call for hundred-mile-an-hour trains between London and the other great cities.
THERE is more pressing need for automatic signals, automatic brake control from signal boxes, steel carriages, and the introduction of electric lighting. But the
railway directors grumble and declare that they cannot afford the expense. In the simple matter of train lighting they are conservative. The modern motorist insists on having his ear electrically lighted, and so enterprising is the supply that the cheapest cars are now equipped with their lighting dynamos. But the railway companies stick to gas or oil lighting on their local trains; and we are very far off from the steel carriages which would save telescoping and fire horrors.
THE fact is, we want a Minister of Traffic, and behind him a business Government of practical men, who would keep the public services progressive and prospeious.
individ
handie
andieapped to carry out reforms quickly: THE MAN IN THE STREET.

## Echoes of the Town : And Round About.

Very Sabbath.
LondoN was full yesterday. For any fine exceptional, for a Whit Sunday they have been been somewhere near a record. I took an early very early, walk abroad, and found an aspect of know that placid feeling a hot Sunday morning gives you in the heart of the country, a feeling ion" to remark, "Homeone in "The Green Carna-

## The Policeman And Me.

Went, I had that feeling in the heart of the West End yesterday morning when most of you were in bed. The sun poured down on Piccadilly and Leicester-square-practically deserted except for policemen and a few early church-goers. Bell rere ringing-a faint distant tingle, a hymn-tune chime, or some deep boom as the hour struck-an. t was hard to "belleve that one was in London, i war-time.

## Men Of Sloth.

LATER on the pavements were as full as they are on weekdays, and to find a place on the top of a 'bus was almost an impossibility. The parkswith people. healthy young men sprawled on the grass takin sun baths in every conceivable attitude of sloth And men of forty are being asked to enlist!

## Shopgirls Stay In Town

No DOUBT the tram strike had something to do with the diminished exodus. . But a stronger
reason was, I think, the disinclination to indulge in definite holiday-making, or to be away from tow at all at such a crisis, when great things are happening and pending. The manager of a large West End establishment, where over 200 girls "live in," old me that whereas last year only eleven of then

## Real Chestnut Sunday.

Yesterday was the real Chestnut Sunday,
( am still waiting to meet the man who fixes the
people who deferred their visit to Bushey Park
were well repaid for their unorthodoxy. The
number of motor-cars that passed through the

## Up The River

The river seazon opened on Saturday in reat earnest, and from Richmond to Hampton Court the stream was crowded with craft of all varieties
 nished motor-boat Mr Sze, the Chinese Ambas sador-this is he, or
rather, Sze-and some of his family, who have great liking for the river,
the sunshine enjoying the sunshine and the
flowers which deck the banks. Queen Amelie, Don Manoel, with his Hoheazollern princess, and many members their large entourage who still form a considerable colony at Twicke

## 'Ain't He Nippy?

THE other day Mr. Lloyd George hailed a taxicab and sprang into it with all the elasticity of a youth. On reaching his destination he jumped out and handed the correct fare, plus threepence, to the chauffeur. After a careful inspection of the interior of his vehicle, the chauffeur rearranged the cushions on his own seat, and just before Iriving off remarked to a bystander: "This 'ere Chancellor of ours, ain't he nippy 1

## The "Debt Of Honour."

ONE woman closely associated with baccarat clubs, I hear, holds $£ 10,000$ worth of worthless cheques. This sort of thing is now a regular incident in the calculations of gaming house proand consider themselres singularly lucky, indeed, when any cheqis is honoured

## From Experience.

So we are advised to eat less meat! Well, some
of the restaurant proprietors are giving a patriotic lead in this matter. The size of the "portion"

## Esperantists Doing Their Bit.

## The King's Llie In Train.

THe TRIP to Scotiand and the North proents were concerned, for it was the first time that his Majesty has lived fo the best part of a week on wheels in this country The Royal train was in use every day, and all the entertaining the King did was on board, It is a miniature palace on wheels, and usually drawn by Mary,"

## Invitations Refused.

It CONSISTS of day and sleeping saloons, one each for King and Queen, and there is for his Majesty also a smoking saloon, which is used as he card-room during a long journey. This is o nahogany, with delicate inlays of rozewood and satinwood. The King's day-room is still more
elaborate. satinwood with ivory. I am told that he King refused a number of *ritations to stay with well-known people, but he was on a busines rip, and wished not to be hampered in any way.

## Get Along With It.'

Ons of the party who accompanied the King ound one of the works tells me that the frorough way in which his Majesty went into the detail im pressed everybody. He was not content with the
theoretical explanations given by the experts, but ften asked that the foreman of a job, and some times even the charge-hand, should be presented
so that he could question him. Informality was the so that he could question him. Informality was the
feature of the Royal inspection, and this probably impressed the employees more than anything else "Well, get along with it as hard as you can," wa farewell to the men. It is believed that thes Royal visits will stimulate the men to a 25 pe cent. increase in their output.

## K.C.'s Fighting Family. <br> Mr. Ehis Grifyith, K.C., I think, must hol a record for fighting relatives. Every relative of military age is in the Army, and not one them knew anything about the Army before


declared. Mr Ellis Arundel Griffith, his on on, left Cambridge to join the Army when onl seventeen, He is now in the 18th Battalion Royal Welsh Fusiliers. This is a happy snapsho of father and son.

## A Change Without A Rest.

LOBD AND Lady Reading are spending Whitsuntide in the neighbourhood of Bournemouth Although the Lord Chief Justice has gone for change, he will not have much rest, for I believe he has a good deal of work to get through during the next few days. Had such not been the ease it is probable that he would have gone on a golfing expedition with one or two frlends whose name are not unknown in the politieal world.

In "Little Italy.
There were signs on Saturday of Italian war fever in the picturesque streets of Soho, which, by the way, is just as much "lattle Italy" as Saffeon
Hill. Many shops displayed the Ualian colour and a placard saying, "The proprietor is an Italian," not as a protection against looting Hunbaiters, but as a legitimate declaration of the
national 6pirit, Other notices appeared on all sides drawing attention to a forthcoming " Dimonstra zione Patriottica,

K. of K." Firmly Fixed Now.

Tats Is still of the inky attack on "K. of K." he one direct effeet it has had, I am told by one ho should know, has been to make it now impossible for Kitchener to go, if that had ever been that it has vastly improved the prospects of Lord Haldane if he wants to be Lord Chancellor in the Coalition Government. Lord Haldane's friends feel very strongly that he is being sacrificed in feel very strongly that he is being sacrinced in
deference to the same sort of attack. An extradeference to the same sort of attack. An extra-

## Novel Club Motive

A Well-known political club has vetoed on amewhat singular grounds the proposal to exclude from is reading-room this particular journal. The and thes halfadozen copies of the paper daily, utburst will be. I will therefore, wunish it more its circulation to let them read a club copy instead of buying copies individually.

## Ministers Of Military Age.

One of the laws of political life-the rule that man shoutd resign atl his directorships on enterbserved in the Colis not likely to be very strictly is also being asked in the clubs-Will men of military aze and fitness be excluded from the Ministry ? his sould touch

Lady Jellicoe And The Children.
people who haven't heard
of "The Children's
Salon," that admirable plan for enabling "the help the children of the poor," which Mr. J. S. Wood, of philanthropie fame generally, has manazed successfully for Children's mears. Children's Salon " already endowed and
 poor little sick kiddies in London hospitals, Besides, with its annual competitions in art, music, literature, dancing, it is in addition a sort of mutual improvement society for its members. On of these members is Lady Jellicoe, whose picture this is She will present the prizes at the twenty fourth annual competition, to be hell at the Conhaugit Rooms on June 12.

## Patriotic Melodramas.

Two patriotic melodramas in one evening form rather an ordeal, an ordeal which 1 enjoyed toler ably cheerfully on Saturday. First of all I turned up at the Prince's Theatre, to take a taste of "For England, Home and Beauty," which is in four cts and twelve scenes. A concise explanation o the plot would be quite impossible, even with un imiter space. But there are "featured," as the film-mongers say, and as the programme tells you, raciag stable, an tharie hothex, an a feral home, a real race with real horses and a femals
jocker, a German spy, the firing line in Flanders, jocker, a German spy,
and a field hospital.

## Prince Slegfried.

AT THE Lyceum " In Time of War" is the name of the play) they go one better. Here also we have a hospital, a German spy, and the firing line, but an "added attraction" is the Kaiser himelf, otherwise Prince Siegfried, the War Lord, who barks out "Gott strafe England" like a good 'un can still bear the lisses for the villains and the 1 can still hear the lisses for the villains and the ments heroic, which went on at both places.

## Recruiting Fleld.

Pepsosamin, 1 hate the war on the slage Whether in this full-blooded form, or as a military mang seana in a revue, or even as a bad Barrie musishail sketcil. but these piays are stirring stage talks of the slackers who are stopping at home, perhaps some of the clappers and "bear hearers" in the nit and gallery realise that the

## A Quaint Manla

A MaN 1 KNOW is always in search of new
netliods to gratify a fantastic imagination. He tells me that. he lately conceived the idea of inging up well-known people, just for the fun of are thing, to see how long he could keep them
an the telephone. He managed to get ergaped on the telephone. He managed to get
ourswiole minutes out of one celebrity, evidently

## MANY SOLDIERS BURNT TO DEATH IN BLAZING TRAIN.

## HORRORS OF THE TERRIBLE RAILWAY DISASTER

## Troops Escaping From Blazing Wreckage Cut To Pieces By Express.

## OFFICERS AND MANY MEN AMONG THE VICTIMS.

## Four Trains Invoived In The Most Appalling Smash That Ever Took Place 0 n A British Line.

## SUGGESTION THAT TRAGEDY WAS WORK OF A SPY.

 magnitude or horroo of detail the teritibe happening at Qituinins Hill signaib-box, of Green, on Saturray morning

Four trains were involved in the diester
A tast troop train travelling soothth with a contingent of the tamous Royal Scots (about 500 ).
A local train which left Carlisle for the north at $6.10 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$.
A London to Glasgow express, which left Euston at midnight.
A stationary goods train on a siding.
The local train was standing en a toop line to aliow the fast Carisist train to pass the troop train, raveling at high speed, dasteded into it
Then into the wreckage and scenes of death already wrought by the collision of the two firsi trains dashed the express from Carliste.

Those who sanv the secene can never free themsedree from haunting memories
Fhames had broken out in the wreckage of the troop train and the "local"; the sthrieks and groans of the iniured and imprisoned harrowed the rescue workers who had rushed to the scene. Soldiers were pinned under the debris, but many were actually scrambling out when the express leaped upon the shattered and burning mass and mowed dounn the gallant fellows who would have given theif lives ghady for their country on the battlefied.

Death overtook its vicims in several forms. Some were killed in the first crash; some were slaughtered by the onrush of the express, and others-compared with whose shocking end the fate of the others seems merciful-were roasted to death. U $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{p}}$ to a late hour there were conficting reports as to the actual number of lives

Mr. Matheson, general manager of the Caledonian Railway, told the Daily Sketch yesterday afternoon that the death roll was 158 . The number of injured h
variously estimated at from 150 to 300 . Most of the victims were soldiers.

It is probable that the inquest will be opened at Carlisle to-night.
The Board of Trade inquiry will be opened at Gretna to-morrow.
The suggestion has been made that the disaster owes its origin a Gierman spy, who may have suceesffully tampered with the signats.

## HARROWING SCENES OF THE GREAT DISASTER.

Thoughts Of Injured Soldiers Fly To The Battle Front.


## 

 ase for the oncoming exprees.There ise
Thiere is sis silight eurve ent this seetion of the line Whidh would mate it inpossible for the

HOW IT HAPPENED.
The disaster took place at what is known as the "Blockhat" at Q
of Giretna Green.

## of Gretna Greep

the main point there are sidings on each side of set of rails in situance of the Euston express, and it was necessary to shunt it to allow the London train to pass. It has been the custom to divert the local trait
to the siding on the left or wett to the siding on the left or western side, but,
gome reason not at present explained those some resson not at present explained, those rail
were occupied by a stunding goods train, so that were occupied by a standing goods tran, so that
Was necessary for the signiman to send
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

However that may be, the express came along at
a ferrific speed, and before the brakes could be
effectively applied dashed into the wreckage of the two other trains.
The two powerful engines of the express leaped The two powerful engines of the express leaped
poon the burning debris, and there was a mass of
whece Wreckage such as has never been seen on a Britis
railway. But even the three trains in ruins and on fire
had not completed the awful scene of chaos, for the goods train which was on the western side became quickly involved, and within a few minutes from
the first collision five locomotives were lying in all manner of positions within a space of 30 or 40 yards.
All that
All that remained was a jumbled mass of iron and stee, the mightly engines battered almost out of recognition, and in the midst of a raging furnace. and men of the 7th Battalion of the Royal Scots,
and it is feared that not more than about 50 of thes


45
meadows on one side of
field after the fight.
Many of the fravellers wete alicaily
Ment. and Many of the irg on stretchers or on the grase faintly calling for help and moaning piteonsly,
Motor ambulances were liurried along, and the

## $\qquad$

$k^{\text {ta }}$
taken
Cartis
Che
The
Carlise, but many died on the way.
The to mintons at
and The town was soon converted into a va-t hosp.tal,
and considering the great number of wounded troops who were already heing treated thiere this
extra demand upon the authoritie't resources was extra demand upon the authorities'
met wift commendable promptitude.

DINNA GREET, LASSIE."
Within a few hours of the disaster two young
officers, with heads swathed in bandages, were
moving calmily about preparing a list of the dead moving calmiy about preparing a list of the dead
and injured.
". Dinna greet (ery) lassie." said one 'Scots soldier
"Dinna greet (ery), lassie," said one Scots soldier to a uurse as he was carried away to hospital terribly
burned and injured, and he trical to smifle at the burned and inju
weeping woman
"If only we could have had a fight for it," said
another, whose thoughts, mangled though he was, were of the fighting line in Flanders.
The troop trair lef lathert, near Falkirk,
at 3.45 a.m. on Saturday morning for an unknown
destination. the everturred carriages of the troop train soldiers
wert emergin fromo the wreckage.
The scene winh followe was on The scene which followed was one of sheer
TROOP TRAIN IN FLAMES. Engines and carriages were heaped up in utter
confuion, and the shieks and groans of the injured confusion, and the shrieks and groans of the injured
were pitiful.
Gradually the Gradually the
great rapidity
In a short time the entire troop train,
In nime carriages, was a roaring furnace.
Some of the soldiers were able to extricat.
selves, and at once gallantly set to work to rescme their unfortunate comrades. There were lond cries for help, but in many cases it was impossible to
do anything on account of the raging fire. do anything on account of the raging fire.
Scores of soldiers Were pinned under the
age, and their bodies were burned age and their bodies were burned to cinders.
The first crash is stated to have taken place 6.45 yesterday morning.
It
is thought that had it not been for the domble collision the loss of life would not have been great SOLDIERS CUT TO PIFCES.
The express mowed the Scots soldiers to pieces.
The helpers from Carlisie numbered hundreds,
and the local medical men did snlendid worl The helpers from Carlisie numbered hundreds,
and the locsl medical men did splendid work, in
which they were well seconded by the Which they were well seconded by the members of
the Red Cross Society and other relief stafis, the Red Cross society and other relief stafis,
By eleven o'clock the rescuers had sweceeded in attending to everyone of
promptly sent to Carlisle.
THREE SCOTS OFFICERS KILLED.
A full oficieal list of the Rogal Scots victims had not been receved at a late hour, bat the following
are stated to have either been killed in the ololw are stated thave enther beenl :-
or to have died in hosital

Cajor J. D. Hamilton.

Paymastert, and nephew of Lord Salvesen.
Trank Scott, of Cariste, the driver of the troop tran; James Hama, also of Carlisle freman of the
troop train, and Sann Dyyer. of Loondon, the silled.
kiter
kit
Tiled. had been no retirn given of the ordinary
paseengels who were killed or iniured in the

## passenget collision.

## A PAGE OF HEROISM.

 second battle for Ypres-the soldier's battle-and the story
page 12.

## FIRST PICTURES OF THE TRAIN SMASH.

The Illustrated Sunday Herald Sold Out Everywhere.
JOURNALISTIC "SC00P."
Only London Sunday Paper $\mathrm{T}_{0}$ Get The Photographs.
When a disaster occurs in an isolated district an ansious and naturally impatient pubicic has often to wait many hours for the full story of the catastrophe.
This was the case with Satarday's terrible happening. The inaceessibility of Gretna Green and the limited telegraphic facilities rendered impossible anything like a detailed narrative in
Saturday's evening papers.
Yesterday, howerer, the readers of the Ilustrated Sunday Herald had the story presented to them in a manner in which only an illustraved paper with a wonderful scheme of organisation, the ramifications of which corer cormer of the British Isles, could present it
five pages of pictures.
Not only did the Sunday Herald publish a graphic story, but five pages were filled with
exclusive pictures of the disaster which exclusire pictures of the disaster which gave the readers a more rivid idea of the appalling magnitude of the catastrophe than mere words could tell.
Athongh the dissster cocurred between tiriee and four humided miveser from londod ben theen thiree and
terrible scenes were reproduced terrible scenes were reproduced to the pubbic in
London and in most parts of Great Britsin in a thtie more than thelle haurs after are Britain in a
the first tiding of the dicaster

IMMENSE PUBLIC INTEREST.
The Illustrated Sunday Heraid was the only Sunday picture paper that pabished photo.
Erapht, and the immense public interest entected
 dous strainand for the paper involved a tremenThe Iltain upon the publising staff. town and sillaged in Gunday Herald goes to every
Iisher Britain, and isher anticipeting the demands and the pubexturar anniep paing the demands of agents, sent
anticipation everwhere But, generous as that anticipation liar beere it But, generous as that
the general demmond. (considerably below

ASKING FOR MORE.
suburban arente teceipt of parcels by county and poured in. Ureent telephione mescages opes literally character were received as fast as sot hey could be be mimile
taken, while a rents laken, while agents living close at hayd coume to
the office perzonall The repponse to that demand was a daliant one. Machines working overlime yesterday morning copies, which werand dispapened thousands of extrat motor of train
to agents all over the country.
Even the tremendous extra pubisher did his best to satisty the demaich the ot meet the situation. After mid-day yesterriay
ceople weul from pitchi in order to grom a paper, only in the sud sho to to shoion arder to get a paper, only in the end reluctantly
to abandon the ciasee., Everywhere tle answer Was

## FELL THROUGH THF BOTTOM.

Soldier Whe Would Rather Have Been In Flanders.
A private who lives at Armadale said that he had never seen or heard anything more terrible than
that which had happened. "There wion that which had happened. "There were about 500 of us all together," he said, " eight in each compart-
ment. Most of ment. Most of us were sleeping. The other boys The awful smach, By God, what a smash it wasl
The major, a captain, and some lieutenants have
been killed. There was carriage with me was a lanee-corporal in the den't know. As for myself, I fell through the
bottom of the carriage and was badly crushed.
scrambled pit as scrambled out as hest I could.
" Most of the men belong to Edinbureh. It was Sost of the men belong to Edinburgh. It was
quite light" he added, "when the accident hap-
pened. We left Larbert wt pened. We left Larbert at about 3 accident oclock, and
when the collision occurred the train burst into
flames at once. Men were tions, and were crushed to pieces against all dire goods
train. out in Was horrible, I would far rather have been here. I was very badly ket a run for your money
my best-in abtending to the obout, but I did
thged one atoal flames wers hother up as liest we could. whe ban-

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# AUSTRIA CUTS RAILWAYS \& THROWS TR0OPS ON FRONTIER 

## ALL BUT SIX VICTIMS WERE SOLDIERS. <br> 260 Royal Scots Killed And Injured In Train Disaster.

MESSAGE FROM THE KING.
Railway Says Most Of Those In Hospital Are Doing Well. Mr. Donald A. Matheson, general manager of the Caledonian Railway Company, to the King's Equerry at Buckingham Palace :-
In reply to your telegram transmitted to me
here I beg to state with great regret, for the information of his Majesty the King, that as a result of the collision near Gretna of a southgoing military troop train with a local train, he wreckage of which was immediately run into morning, about 115 passengers were killed and morning ,about wild passeniers there keception of alout six being soldiers, that is, about 109
sodidiers were killed, of whom about six are officers.
The injured soldiers, about 150 in number, were quickly taken to hospitals and hotels in by Sir Charles Renshaw, chairman of the Caledonian Railway, and me, and were found to be carefully looked after by numerous doctors and AI
All the imjured, with a few exceptions, are doing well. We gratefully beg to acknow ledge
his Majatys mesage of sympathy, which will be made knom

Previous Disaster Proved Its Danger In Accidents.
Would the heavy death-roll hare been less
had all the trains been electrically lighted? This is one of the questions which will, doubt, be investigated at the Board of Trade inquiry which Colonel E. Druitt, R.E., is to
conduct, but the Daily Sketch is of opinion that conduct, but the Daily Sketch is of opinion that
an affirmative answer may at once be given.
On inquiry at Euston yesterday the Daily Sketch was informed that the troop train was lighted by gas and the Euston express by electricity. It was
not known then what the lighting arrangements of the local tran were, but they were believed to be According to the story of a special correspondent of the Daily Sketch, soon after the collision between
the troop train and the loeal "a little flame was the troop
LITTLE GAS FLAMIF THE ORIGIN.
fire by wh
their lives.
oprisoned passengers los
raise once mope the be the case, it is certain to gas-illuminated trains are exposed. This question has been brought prominently betore the public notice on previons occasions

## Major Pringle, who conducted the Board Trade inquiry into the Aisgill disaster, which of

curred in septeraber, 1913, when 14 lives xere from the
collision.

## DENUNCIATION OF GAS.

It will be of interest to recall his recommendaAs regards illumination, Major Pringle again sirability of employiug electricity as their stanIt eannot be expected that all the gas-lighted
rehicles can be replaced at once. The expense would be too considerable.
But the policy of constructing all new stocks
with electric lighting, and of replacing as early nain line and express services is in consonance word, and one which is not impracticable from the poil

## AMBASSADORS' RECALLFR0M ROME.

Failure Of Fleet-Street Intrigue Frontier Crossed By Austrians Against Great War Minister.
honoured by Men who know.
The discracefol personal campaign against Iord Kitchener
authors
The only result has been enormously to enhance
Lord Kitchenet's popularity and to damage the newspapers which started it.
The King of the Belgians-who knows at firsthand the value of Lord Kitchener's services-has conferred the highest honour upon him by the Leopold. the Grand Cordon of the Order A resolution condemning the attacks on Lord
Kitchener was passed on the Cardiff Coai Exchange. The resolution, which will be sent to Mr. Asquith and Lord Kitchener, was carried with cheers. The members subsequently sang the
National Anthem.
Lord-Kitchener wired this reply: "My cordial
thanks to your committee for the expression of
thanks to your committee
onfidence in your telegram
Similar opinions were expressed publicly and
privately in many parts of the kingdom during the week end.
The Weclity Dispatch nevertheless continues the campaign begun by the Daily Mail and Times.
Yesterday's paper said:-
 Encounter With Italians. ENTHUSIASM IN LONDON.

## neanny deliberation.

No actual act of war has, yet been cominitted beyond the repelling of an Austrian patrol which rossed the frontier
Germany and Austria apparently intend to place on Italy the responsibility of declaring war ; and Italy is making use of the opportunity complete her mobilisation
The mobilisation of the army and navy began yesterday, and is to be completed to-morrow. taly will then strike, according to General Cherfils, the French military critic-
at a point where she will be most dangerous to
our common enemy, and where she can most effectually ensure their demoralisation.

## 4-POWER COMPACT

It is stated unofficially that. Italy has joined the compact entered into by Russia, France and Great Britain not to sign a separate peace and to
pursue the operations until terms can be agreed


German and Austrian Ambassadors, according to a
Paris message, presented their letters of recall to the King of Italy on Saturday afternon

## AUSTRIA CUTTING RAILWAYS

 A message from Verona to Paris states that theAustrians are cutting all railiway communication
the Friuli region, destroying the lines between
$\qquad$
$\qquad$




FRONTIER FIGHT.


RUMANIA MOBLLISING.
The Petit Parisien says that, following the

## KING OF HELLENES WORSE.

Berlin Surgeon Summoned To Perform Critical Operation.
$A$ message from Athens state Paxts, sunday. Of the King of Greece is very grave and that Dr
Krauss, of Berlin, has been urreatly summoned



## a posthumous honour.


still lef in Great Britain, and the troops at the
front are daiily expecting to hear that conscription
has been introduced.
Your Camera is a Money-Maker. The "way how " is told on page 10 .

## FUTURE OF WINSTON CHURCHILL.

Cabinet Reconstructions Which May Leave Him Out Of Office.
LORD FISHER'S MOVEMENTS.
Unexpected Visit To Scotland For

## An Unknown Destination.

Lord Kitchener as War Minister, Mr. Churchill and Lord Fisher at the Admiralty and most of the other offices held by welltried statesmen, appeared to be firmly established and likely to last as long as the war.

This morning everything is unsettled xcept the facts that-
Mr. Asquith and Sir Edward Grey retain their offices
Lord Kitchener, after an unscrupulous Press campaign, holds a stronger position than ever;
r. Churchill leaves the Admiralty, and possibly retires temporarily from public
II the members of the late Cabinet placed their resignations

opposition statesmen are about to join a great National Ministry, incliding| Ckrtann. |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Mr. Balfour. | Probable. |
| Mr . Bonar Law. | Mr. Werby. Walter Long. |
| Mr . Chamberlain. | Lord Curzon. |
|  | Lord Lansdowne. | a ChUrchill canard.

## There is not a word of truth in it The whole

## In the above words the story of Mr. Churchill's

 intention to go to the front was demied by Mr.Masterson Smith, Mr. Clurcchill's prixate secra ary, when questioned by the Daily slletch secre the

## Mr. Churchill s <br> ear Godalming spent the week-end at his home

Whethering
Army, he indonbtedly poitics or retarns to the cent strain has told on his health
Should he decide to bar polities, there are one or wo high posts, such as the Viceroyalty of India, Which would be at his disposal, or, if he prefers participation in the war, a post, though not of a subbor
him.

## LORD FISHER'S VISIT.

## day by the unexpected visit of Lord and Lady

 Fisher to ScotlandThey arrived at Central Station, Glasgow, early The publioning
The public was excluded from the platform. A motor-car was in waiting at the edge of the platform, and the reason given was that an ambulance train with injured was at the opposite platform.
The fer people on the platform, lowever, were amazed to see Lord and Lady Fisher step from the train, and atat once cross to the car.
Beiore the car left the station Lord Fisher sent or Sir Charles Bine Renshaw, who had just returned from Gretna. He conversed with Lord and Lady Fisher for some time before they

WHO'S FOR KITCHENER?" -"ALL OF US."


Trafalgar-square gives itself over at Whitsuntide to Labour demonstrations. Yesterday someone shouted "Who's for Kitchener?" and at once grievances and complaints

## MORE GERMAN DEFEATS.

Fight For The "Labyrinth" And For Positions Captured By The Allies.

## French Official News.

 The enemy mado repuled, and suffered very heary looses. The ifrith


## debouching.

eastern and south-western parts of the plateau of
Lorette. They were not able to reach our lines.
Two further attacks were made against our posi tions at Neuville-Saint Vaast, in the village, in the the "Labyrinth.
Al one point alone was the enemy able for a trenches, but he was driven out of it, and leit many
In the Argonne (Bastern Trance) the Germans ex
ploded several mines near our positions, and they ploded several mines near our positions, and they
attempted to occupy the craters thus formed witl their original line under a storm of bombs and greaades, infeat was complete.-Reuter

FACED DEATH IN MID-AIR.


Flight-Lieut. Openshaw, who lost control of his machone, which turned upside down while pursuing a German aeroplane. He was falling to earth hanging head down when he reached the control lever with his feet and righted the machine.

SPORTSMEN.


Lieut. L. S. Lloyd, 12 th Hussars (wounded)-a Cambridge oar


Lieut. T. E. Brooks, Lieut. T. E. Brooks,
Leicester Yeomanry Leicester Yeomanry
-(killed)-a member - (killed)-a member
of the Quorn Hunt.

PUSHFUL TIM.


Timothy Keegan, a 15 -year-old bandsman, found his way to the front as a stowaway.

THE COUSINS AT CRICCIETH.


1
Miss Lloyd George spends some of her Whitsun leisure at Criccieth in taking ber little cousin, Master William George, for a donkey ride.

THE HEALTH OF THE PEOPLE MUST BE LOOKED AFTER EVEN IN THE STRESS AND WORRY OF WAR.


Five hundred delegates from all parts of the country attended the Whitsun conference of the National Union for Insurance at Bishopsgate institute. It was stated that 10,000 members have been contributed to the ranks of the fighting men. -(Daily Sketch Photograph.)

A BEREAVED SISTER.


Miss Elaine Orde-Powlett has lost her eldest brother, Lieut. W. P. Orde-Powlett, Yorkshire Regiment, in action.-(Sarony.)

TWO HEROES OF THE BRITISH TRENCHES.


Lance-Corporal J. I. Chiney, of St. Helens, has been awarded the D.O.M, for efforts to carry a mine to the German position.


Private W. H. Hordinott, 1st Devons, killed at Zillebeke, was the first to meet the Germans in the Christmas truce in the trenches.

QUEEN AND BLIND GIRL.


Miss Dorothy White has received a gift froxy Queen Alexandra, who admired the himil girl's work

# LORD KITCHENER CALLS FOR MORE MEN 

WAR OFFICE WHITEHALL
sw.
I have vain thas-I ernes lat the county burns when no re nee were wanted for the to an The twee has cove and $\Omega$ now cache for 300000 recruits to form rev armies Those who are engages on the. production of war heaterve of any keen chowed ur leave their wonk- $\operatorname{R1}$ is to now who are net perforieving tie owes theat-J app peal.

NEW CONDITIONS OF ENLISTMENT. Age Limit now 40.


## WAS THE RAILWAY DISASTER, THE GREATEST THAT HAS E



All were anxious to relieve his sufferings.


Sailors nursed the injured as tenderly as a woman and carried them from the scene.


The scene of confusion and wreckage that followed the smash. Carriages with their living freight were hurled over


Great flashes of flame and coliumes of smoke rose from comrades were meeting an agonising death, but we coul

the embankment. Doors, windows, and floors had been smashed to splinters, and under the debris lay maimed and broken bodies


Fetching water for the parched throats of the injured.
 paly look on., An east wind fanned the fury of the blaze, and paling sight."-(An eye-witness's story.

The little farmhouse at Quintin Hill which was turned into a hastily-improvised mortury. Here were conveyed the first victims, beyond all help, to be taken from the wreckage after the flames had spent themselves.


## THE KHAKI SPORTSMAN CAN'T UNDERSTAND THE CRANK CRITIC.



Captain Beatty, Admiral Beatty's brother, was among the spectators. England always takes a chance.


Lord Rosslyn can combine sportsmansiip with khaki.

THE RED, WHITE, AND GREEN.


Many soldiers in London yesterday wore the national colours of Italy.-(Daily Sketch


Everyone a soldier and evcryone a sportsman-a crowd of cheery faces at Windser races on Saturday Each knows that the spor ting spirit has made England what it is. "Why all this talk about stopping racing?" they ask.

LONDON'S CALY THE LES:ON TO THE EMPIRE.


The Whitsun demonstrations in Trafalgar- : quar: were a holiday pienic, for Sir Edward Henry, Chief Commissioner of Police. In his bowler hat he moved unnoticed among the crowd.
"WAR, WAR, WAR." THE CRY OF ITALY IN LONDON.


The crowd that gathered yesterday ontside the residence of the Italian Ambassador in Londen,-"England our friend, Germany our enemy," was their shout. - (Daily Sketch Photographs.)


Lady Huntington, whose husband has been wounded, wears his mimature portrait on her armlet. England, like lier tadyshyp, loves a good soldier and a good horse.

LITTLE PATRIOTS.


Little Italians, dressed in the umifura of the Bersaglieri, Italy's crack regiment, were in the london demonstration yesterday

## SAXONS BUTCHERED BY PRUSSIAN GUNS. <br> Shot Down For Trying To Surrender To The British. <br> Fighting advance CONTINUED.

Germans In Khaki Shout: "Don't Shoot; We Are Grenadier Guards.

## By the British Eye-Witness

Our action during the first half of the week
has consisted almost entirely in consolidating and expanding the gain in ground made on Sunday, expanding
the 16 th .

The gronnd our troops were holding projected as two salients into the enemy's territory-one south of Richebourg
north of Festubert:
The purpose of the operations undertaken on Monday was to connect up the space which lay Detween them. In this we were successful.

At about $9.30 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. on Monday our Sorces nttacked the enemy, The Germans here, pressed
on three sides, subjected to a cross fire from on three sides, subjected to a cross fire from
several directions and to continuous bombing, reached the limits of their endurance during the moraing, and over 300 surrendered.
After this area had been made good by $u$ s tghting continued throughout the day, hand our foust after another:
As the afternoon
 ©olves up.
The cent fuarter were the clusters of buildings, which were
very strongly held and surrounded by net works of trenches, dotted with numerous machine-gun posts; and in front of one of the nests of worm
near the farm of Cour de I'Ayoué, between I. Quinque llue and Richebourg-TA
scene was witnessed by our froop During the day desperate fighting was going on talion of Saxons, which, it appears, had be hastily brought down from farther
thrown into the fight, having decided to
as a body, advanced towards our line
Not knowing what the movement
bullets into them, whereupon the survivors, some
hundreds strong, halted, threw down their rifles, and hield up their hands, and one of their number KILLED BY THEIR COMRADES. Our guns continued to fire from the rear-
Whether orr infantry-who by this time have had wouid have paid any attention to these signais is uncertain.
But the matter was taken out of their hands; for
as soou as the Prussian infantry on the north of this point realised what their som comades wer trying to do they ope
enfilading the mass.
It appears that the news of what was happening must have been telephoned baek to the German
artillery further east-which was also probably
Prussian-since its guns suddeuly opened on the Sruson infantry,
Under this combined fire most of the latter were Amomg the many scenes of the war there has pro-
bably been no more strange spectacle than that of
the rasses of grey-coated soldiers standing out in

## HE SAID HIS PRAYERS. <br>  <br> he finished his prayers

During the night of the 31 st the Lancashire Fusi-
liers and Essex held a line which was suddenly
enveloped in clouds of poison gas. The Tancashire Enveloped in clouds of poison gas. The Lancashir
Vusiliers suffered most, although some of the Essex
battalion were also incapacitated. A man of th battalion were also incapacitated. A man of the
former regiment, named Lynn, was in charge of a
machine gun. When he saw the thick mass of vapour drifting towards his trench he jumped oin the parapet without a respirator, and played his
machine gan on the gas and the German treaches
The gas swept over the Fusiliers, enveloping
Lynn, who still worked his gun, although coughin and hardly able to see. The Germans were ed vancing eautiously beyond the vapour, and he
poured a steady fire into them, still crouching on the top of the parapet in an exposed position. The was made later, Lypn sain turned his gun agam was made later, Lynn again

ABOVE THE WALL OF GAS

## appears to have been at least seven feet abov

## the gro had a nol af

rious exgeant W. Cooke, of the Dublins, He Was hidden on the
farmhouse snip.
farmhouse sniping Germans with great
when the gas swept over the ground
$\qquad$

## he was constantly under fire, During his vigil at this post Cooke killed patrol of

 be written in detail it will yield one of the fineststories of heroism and endurance in the history of the British Army.
Above all, it is the story of a "soldiers' battle"-
battle fought under new a battle fought under new conditions, which de-
manded all the initiative and self-reliance of the men who held the salient
At no time did the Germans attempt a grea infantry attack. Whenever their infantry came for ward in the usual close formation our troops hurled lem back again demoralised.
Whenever the news was passed along the trenches rope was raised that the Germans meant to fight The battalions which were holding a position on salient actually got out of their trenches on one paring for a bayonet rush
Come on, you blighters," they shouted, " give u a chance to get at you!" Every German who go
within fifty yards of these trenches was killed within fifty ya
the others fled.

## DRIVEN FORWARD TO DEATH

e ffice German infantry attack got home
peatedly forming up on the Grafenstafel ridge

## them forward in the attempt to profit by this in

credible bombardmenh The solid mass lumbered
across the riddled fields until our men could disinguish every frightened face, sur men could dis
gaps were blown in the line, it wavered and was


## THE EPIC OF YPRES-WITH SOME NAMES

## A Story Lifting The Veil Of Anonymity That Cloaks

Our Heroes : Imperishable Deeds of Gallantry.
Told by Percival Phillips.
British Gexeral. Hradquartkrs, May 19. the enerny had abandoned. These they
When the story of the second battle of Ypres can dusk, when they retired to the first line
written in detail it will vield one of the finest Brigadier-General Riddell, who was in comman
of these operations, was killed about in order to get He was on his way to in farmhouse in order to gher touch with his men, and while walking along an exposed road was hit by a rifle bullet. When one battalion of the King's Own was blown rom its trenches, and Lieutenand Coionel Martio The commanding offieer, had been killed, Captain Weatherhead, the adjutant, collected a few sur vivors-"not more than ten," said oue of them,
and started back through the blinding smoke to the support trenches in the hope of driving the German out of the firing line. They got within thirty yards, when the adjutant and eight men were killed by gas shell, the fumes of which nearly suffocated the others.
A non-commissioned officer of the King's Own
worked a machine-gun, after the other men with
STORY OF SHELL-TRAP FARM
Shell-trap Farm," a group of ruined building where 117 shells fell in 40 minutes, was the pivot of
some of the most desperate hand-to-hand figtting some of the most desperate hand-to-hand fighting
which showed that whenever our men had a chance of meeting their foes they were always in th ascendancy.
The Germans made frequent dashes to establis machine-gun parties in the shelter of the ruins. During one frenzied burst of shelling it the farm, "A compan
to dislodge them.
disregarding

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
 although wounded three times, staggered up and
down the trench encouraging the men, and reiusing

## RAILSTON AND THE THREE

Two wounded men of a Rifle Brigade battalion
appeared at a brigade headquarters and said tha very few were left in their trenches. Captain kailston, the onlon his position.
abandon damned if
 half-wrecked trench, burying him in the debris, His men dug him out. A nfoment later he wa duried again by another explosion. Again his men
himt, this time wounded. Then the German ug him out, this time wounded. Then the Germa guns began destroying the traverses one by one.
Finally only three men and Captain Railston wer left alive. The men refused to leave him, and ran up and down the trench, stumbling over sandbag
and corpses, firing first at one point and then another, and "bluffing" the German infantry so panies of the Yorks and Lancasters came up an
reinforced the position.
The Iondon Rifle Brigade last 117 men from she The in one day while their left rested on Fortuin That night a German working party was seen from
their trenches. The Londoners rushed the

## SHOWING THE BOSCHES HOW

## The regimental sergeant-major of the Bufis, wi wenty men, bot into a trench where thirty sur tive

FIVE NEW V.C.'S
Lieut. ${ }^{\text { Morbouse's Widow Will }}$
Get His Medal.
CORPORAL WHO HELD GERMANS AT BAY.
es have been awarded. In one instance, unfortunately, the recipient died of his wounds
The official record of the gallant deeds is as No. 8191 Corporal. William Anderson, 2nd Battalion, Alexandra, Princess of Wales's Owa (Yorkslire Regiment).

## on March 12, 1915. when he led three men wit bombs against a large party of the enemy who bad entered our trenches, and by his prompt and determined action saved, what otherwise might determined action saved, what otherwise might have become, a serious situation. his own bombs Corporal Anderson first thre. Corporal Anderson first thre, his own bombs, then those in possession of his three men (who had been wounded) smongst the Germans, after which he opened rapid rife fire npon them with great effect, notwith standing that be was at the which he opeaed great effect noty time quite alone <br> No. 10523 Private Edward Dwyer, 1st Battalion,

For most conspicuous bravery and devotion to
duty at " Hill 60" on April 20, 1956, When his
trench was heavily attacked by German grenade

although subjected to a hail of bombs at close quarters, succeeded in dispersing the enemy by th
effective use of his hand grenades.
Private Dwyer displayed great gallantry earlie Private Dwyer displayed great gallantry earlier
on this day in leaving his trench, under heary
shell fire, to bandage his wounded comrades. No. 10531 Private Robert Morrow, 1st Battalion, Frer most conspicuons bravery near Messines on
Anril 12, 1915, when he rescued and carried succesAnril 12, 1915, when he rescued and carried succes-
sively to places of comparative safety several men
who had been buried in the debris of trenches who had been buried
wrecked by shell fre.
Private Morrow car Private Morrow carried out this gallant work on
his own imitiative, and under very heavy fire from
the enemy his own in
the enemy
2nd Lieutenant William Barnard Rhodes-Moor
For most conspicuous bravery on April 26, 1915, in
fying to Courtrai and dropping bombs on the railway line near that station. On starting the returi journey he was mortally wounded, but succeeded in
flying ior 35 miles to his destination, at a very low altitude, and reported the successfnl accomplish
ment of his object. He has since died of his wounds. 2nd Lieutenant Geoffrey Harold Woolley, 9th
(County of London) Battalion, The London Regi For most conspicuous bravery on "Hill 60 Tor most conspienous bravery on "Hill 60 "
during the night of April 20-21, 1915.
Although the only ofncer on the hill at the time
and with very fer men, he successfully resisted al
stacks on his trench, and continued throwing
hombs and encent sttacks on his trench, and continued trowing
bombs and encouraging his men till relieved His
trench during all this time was being heavily shelled and bombed and was subjected to heavy machine
gan fire by the enemy.

GREENGROCER'S ASSISTANT TO V.C. Ted Dwyer started his careor a preengrocer assistant at Knightsbridge. That calling was not
eventfal enough for him, so three years ago--he is only nineteen now-he enlisted in the East Surrey Now he is a lance-corporal and a V.C., and his ance-vorporal shorily afterves the affair at Hill 60 . Ted's parents, who live at Lintaine-grove, Fulham King. The eldest, Charlie, who belongs to the 2nd
Worcesters, was wounded in the Battle of this Manelles, Dwyer told the Daily Sketch that Ted hai
Mr. as to get some distincter that he understood he D.C.M.

## FATHER AND SON AS RECREITS

## PATRIOTIC SCENES AT WINDSOR.

National Anthem At Fall of Racing Curtain.

## IMPORTANT BELGIAN SUCCESS.

Racing closed on Saturday until the next meeting at Newmarket amid extraordinary scenes on Rays Meadows at Windsor
The crowd was very much larger than it would
have been in ordinary circumstances. There bave been in ordinary circumstances. There was something historical in the annals of racing. The boys in khaki-and they were everywhere in evidence emphasised the note of war, and wounded officers and men, who moved about among the crowd, w6re obvious
pleasure of the day.
There was a notable absence of young men who might be described as "slackers"; the attendance was representative of a nation in arms. It bore no relation whatever to the highly-coloured descriptions which ignorant and prejudiced opponents of
racing have been applying to similar war-time meetings.

## INDIGNANT RACECOERS.

-Several incidents demonstrated the anger racegoers, who, not unnaturally, are indignant
the silly Press campaign against the policy "carry-on," seemed to be a general feeling that the prospect is
make it
Among other fighting men in evidence were Lord Rosslyn, Sir William Cooke, and Captain Beattie (brother of the Admiral). tives, and others present included Lord Carnarvon,
Lord Cholmondeley, Lord Essex and Lord Marcus Beresford.
Berestord.
The whole company present foined in the singing
of the National Anthem and gave rousing cheers of the National
for his Majesty.

## The sport was quite good and the fields were big.

 Handicap, saw Fatal change his luck. He was mostunfortunate when fourth to Sandmole at Epsom and the 3ib. difference in his favour enabled the
and
Belglan olvned and ridden colt to prevali in an
exciting finish with China Blue, the farourite, who exciting finish with China Blue, the favourite, who
was half a leugth in front of the top-weight, SandA plunge on Light Division (Old Castle) in the
Romney Handicap did not materialise, Mazbont winning for Captain Cheape at 20 to 1. On the
other liand, Motor Wrap was atways winning the
Two- Year-Old Selling Plate. Robinson took two chances in the Speedy Two-
Year-Old Plate with Mr. F. Curzon's Iady Tsabel Year-old Plate with Mr. F. Curzon's Lady Isabel
and Lady Binns, but the former, a dual winner,
was worsted by the other, who had previously earned two siconds and as many thirds. In turn
the daughter of Preton-Rambling Rose Was beaten
by Sir William Cooke's son of Bayard-Dame d'Or, who should have won when beaten by Roi d'Ecosse
at Newmarket. Dame d'Or colt cost his owner ,000 guineas.
Previously Iron Orb had won the Holyport Selling
Handicap without a quotation, and finall Prawle Point gained a narrow victory over Sardinia in the Slough Four-Year-Old Plate

## WINDSOR WINNERS AND PRICES, <br>  

## FOOTBALL ASSOCIATION FINANCE.

## 

SPORT BY THE WA ${ }^{\text {nt }}$.

## Tonbridge Sehool beat Hailesbury br 188 and 174 to 185



Private F. Jacobs

Three brave soldiers who received Distinguished Conduct Medals from the King during lis visit Ist Royal Welsh Liverpools. Jones went out under heavy fire and made and sacobs to the German trenches, Davis from a house only 80 yards from the German lines picked off a number of the enemy, and Jacobs rescued a wounded comrade when shells were falling thick and fast

NOTABLE MILITARY ATHLETES.
Former London Scholar's Brilliant Form At Cambridge.
Trumpet Major Brown was a very successful com petitor at the 2nd Reserve Cavalry Regiment Sports which were witnessed by a large number of people
on the Cavalry Brigade recreation ground, Alder shot, on Saturday.
He won the 100
3 fifth of a second better in his heat, won the

${ }^{19}$ SSsea, and the loing jump it int: 9ing in


SA mile rave, open to the farrison, was won by
FULL-KIT MARATHON:
The 13 th Cavalry Reserve Regiment held another
eight miles race in full service dress, including
rifle, bandolier, bayonet and puttees, at Colchester.
Pte, Dye, A Squadron, although failing to equal




bridge. The London scholar, F. H. Potter, who
had won the 100 yards, quarter-mile, and half-
mile, from seratch, on the preceding days, was
again in fine form. winuing the 150 yards handi-
SUBMARINE FLIES BRITISH FLAG,
Captain's Surprise Whilst Having Tea In His Saloon:
Captain Campbell, of Liverpool, master of the hip Glenholm, whieh was torpedoed 14 miles south west of Fastnet at 5 p.m. On Friday, interviewed
yesterday, stated that the third mate sighted in the yesterday, stated that the third mate sighted in the
distance what appeared to be a British destroyer with the white ensign flying.
"He at once called me. At the time I was having ea with my daughter in the saloon, and imme diately came on deck, to find a monster submarine, about 300 feet long, with signal flying ' Abandon "I wip are going to sink you.
I at once ordered two lifeboats to be launched, shots were fired at her without sinking her. In order to complete her destruction a torpedo was launched.

From the time the first shot
Ent down 35 minutes elapsed.
down mutes elapsed.
me a parting salute in my vessel the pirates gave me a parting saiute in the form of a shot at
the boat 1 and my daughter were in. I am glad to
say their marksmanship was not of the best "We were in the boats all night, and were picked up on Saturday and landed

QUEEN AND WRECK GIRL,
Many Offers. To Adopt Tiny Lusitania Survivor.
When the Lusitania was going down a Canadian ournalist, Ernest Cowper, placed in the lifeboat He was thrown in the water, but when picked
He to was the little girl. Queen Alexandra has made a request for full
particulars of little Helen Smith, who, through the particulars of little Helen smith, who, through the
disaster, is orphaned. Many offers to adopt her disaster, is orphan $\qquad$

## SOLDIERS THREE.

Portrait Picked Up In Manchester And Identified At The Front.
The Doily Stucha a Itew days ago publithed ${ }^{2}$
series of romantic little stories compiled from
letters received in connection with the publication letters received in connection with the publication
of photographs which had been picked up at the front. Many of these pictures had beell identified
by friends at home. Here is a story of a photograph picked up at
home and identified at the front. The Daily Sketch published photograph of three soldiers which young lady had found in Oldham-street, Man-
It was subsequently identified as a portrait of three brothers home on leave, and one of the rade in his own section at the front who had recognised him in the portrait.
CARRIED DISPATCHES UNDER FIRE


The motor cyching
seetion of the Royal
Engineers have done
splendid work carrying
dispatches under all
sorts of eonditions.
Serg. Lazzell is one of
them, whose services
lave been recognised by
the confering on him of
the Distinguished Con
duct Medal. "On many
occasions," the offial
report states, "he con-
veyed operation orders
over heavily shilled
ground and delivered
them in good time."

## HOW I DARKENED MY GREY HAIR.

Lady gives Simple Home Recipe That She Used to Darken Her Grey Hair.

For years I tried to restore my grey hair to its natural colour with the prepared dyes and stains, but none of them gave satisfaction and they were all expensive. 1 finally came across a simple recipo which I mixed at home that gives wonderful results. I gave the recipe, which is as follows, to a number of my friends, and they are all delighted with it. To 7 ozs, of water add a small box of Oriex Compound, 1 oz of bay rum and $\& \mathrm{oz}$ of glycerine. These ingredients can be bought at any chemista at very little lost. Use every other day until the hair becomes the required shade, then every two weeks. It will not only darken the grey hair, but removes dandruff and scalp humours, and actd as a tonic to the hair. It is not sticky or greasy, does

## Brothers and Sons Are Being

 Poisoned.By Deadly German Gas
A "Lifeguard" Respirator Would Save Them!

these jases as,"
Order a "Liketuard" To-day. We'll despatch it at onct
The HALL MANUFACTURING CO., 238, Malmsbury Rd.,
Sma'l Heath, Birmiogham.


Meat Lozenges. WBRLD - REMBWMED SUSTAINING PROPERTIES.

In Boxes $1 / *, 1 / 6$ and $2 / 9$.
Sold Everywhere.

## MACKITIOSTIS

IT'S ALL "GOODNESS.

## Wedding Conventions Ignored By The War-Bride.

## Bridal Gowns Of Cotton.

## LESS COSTLY, BUT MORE PICTURESQUE, BECOMES WAR-WEDDING GEAR.

Truietly cading, hastily arranged and traditions of bridal finery, and girls who before the war wonld have thouglt a wedding scarcely legal without white satin, orange blossom, and heirloom lace, have gone calmly to the altar in an everyday walking suit, without so much as a new pocket-handkerchief, in place of a trousseau All war-weddings are not so hurriedly accomplished, but often when there is ample time for full preparation the war-bride hesitates to spend much on a laxarious gown, or to elaborate the details of a ceremony that is a preliminary, not only to a feast, but to a farewell.
That is why the cotton wedding has come into being. The bride doesn't always wish to surrender her symbolic white gown, and since it hasn't to be costly-why, then it may be cotton and cheap, and quite surprisingly charming.
Of course, the cotton wedding-gown is not necessarily cheap, for its cost may be worked up by lace and hand embroidery far beyond that of a plain satin one, but wonderful things can be done with umadorned white totton voile and cotton net.

## A Chance

For Sentiment.
A point in favour of the cotton gown is that it may be cut on lines as picturesque as the bride may wish for. Its inexpensiveness allows that it may be laid away in lavender after the ceremony and never worn again, so that it does not have to be designed with a view to future usefulness. Few brides can afford to keep a heavy satin gown eating its head off, so to speak, and so must think of its further career as a ball or presentation gown when having it cut.
is a lride's privilege that she need not be fashionable, so the short stick-out skirt is ignored when a bridal gown is under discussion, and the long clinging styles still hold their own. Brides maids, however, are wearing very pretty gowns which are short and full, and flounced from waist to hem.

## An American <br> Importation.

There is seldom time to collect bridesmaids for a war-wedding, but often a single grown-up sister or friend will officiate as maid-of-honour If the bride wears cotton, of course the maid must not appear in silk or chiffon, but must wear that humble fabric too

The maid-of-honour is an American institution, and attends on the American bride even when thare is a bevy of bridesmaids as well, but here


A cotton gozen for a swar-bride's maid-of-ho nour.
it is only the single
attendant who gets the more imposing title.

## New Notions

 For The Bridal Veil. The close hairdresshats of the past few months have made possible many new bridal reil which would have seemed eccentric in the days of the wide coiffure. Sometimes a silver fllet passes across the foreheadfitting the head closely like one of the long narrow hats. Th tulle of the veil shows the least little bit pos-
sible below the fillet, and is softly puffed over the top of the back and shoulders. A pretty bride-to-b is having her plain so that it stands like a Spanish comb
the back of the head and does not eaver her face at all

## Striped Frocks

For Bridesmaids.
Her bridesmaids striped silk, an inch wide stripe alternating with a cream one scat-
tered with flowers. Petticoats, tuckers sleeve-frills and mobcaps for these frocks are all of cream net. The trousseant which dozens" of everything is an absurdity of the past, for fashions nowadays change in lingerie frocks and hats: A bride of two years ag Who laid in a large
supply of under gar ments would find her self requiring things of an entirely new design at the present dar. Not change in shave and change in shape and ments are evolved. A notion of to-day is the themise kmickers and camisole which are all
in one-a garment that in one-a garment that
saves much sorting out, especially when coloured lingerie is worn

Single - Minded Furnishing. LEFT TO HERSELF, THE WARBRIDE EXERCISES HER INDIVIDUALITY.

## No, I'm not doing much in these days," sail

 a well-known furnishing expert, but Im not worrying a great deal, con business in the war conditAsked to explain, he declared his belief that iterest in household decoration was steadily rowing, especially among war-brides, who, lef to themselves to furnish a little house or flat become enthusiastic about their task. Just now he war-bride is spending as little as possible on her solitary nest, but later on the furnishing ex pert will reap the benefit of her keen interest.
In normal times furnishing is often carelessly In norwurg people before their weddding. The ane is your perousseau and wedding ride is abso hundred other excite rrangementa, aldom takes the ments. The bridegroums. Possibly the two are furnishing very seriously. Possibly the two are not yet on sufficiently intimate terms to discuss their new home seriously, or each is afraid of wounding the other by objecting to some particucollection of compromises.

## No Wedding Presents An Advantage.

Wedding presents have also been rather in the way of the artistic ideals of young people. Th premeditated wedding always brought with it a collection of articles which were in themselve enough to swamp any attempts at individuality in the new home, but nowadars the wedding is sn suddenly planned and carried out that there is no time for pictures and salad-bowls, the dinnergongs and fire-screens to be sent, and relatives will send the ever-welcome cheque instead.
One war-bride who has fitted up a tiny flat since her husband went back to France proudly declares that there is "nothing big" in it, and that consequently it-has an air of space. There are no "suites," but separate pieces of furniture especially chosen for each space. Even th dinner service is a smaller size than usual
This bride is one of many who have refused to lay in large stocks of cutlery and china for the occasional crowd of guests. "Extra things can always be lired," she declares, "and it is not economy to store and clean things that are only used a few times a year

## Schemes For Blonde And Brunette

Women who furnish leisurely and entirely "on their own are in some cases arranging thetdecorations to suit their own colouring, Thus blonde builds up for herself a grey background thile a brunette works out a scheme in oak and amber.
Willow-patterned ware is chosen by the blonde nile the brunette may select the rich-hued golden pheasant" patterns. White and gold re effective surroundings for the red-haired Pict
Pictures are not always fortheoming from the seinty furnishing allowance of the war-bride, but she doesn't worry about that. She has panels of chintz or tapestry put up on her plain-coloured walls, and findsuthe result quite cheery

## HOW THE THOUSAND POUNDS WILL BE DIVIDED IN THE PATRIOTIC NEEDLEWORK COMPETITION.

C1.000 is offered in prizes for the best pieces of needlework done by Daily Sketch readers.
There is no entrance fee, but each entry must be accompanied by $2 t$ coupons cut from the Daily Sketch. These coupons will appear daily until November next, when the competition
After the judging, which will be done by experts under the auspices of the Royal School of Art Needlework, all the work will be exhibited in a suitable hall in London, and, except in cases where the competitors
their entries, will be sold for the benefit of the Red Cross Society and the St John Ambulance Association The
entirely optional.
In arder to take part in the competition readers must send a large stamped selfaddressed envelope to Mrs, Gossip, Needlework Connpetition, Daily sicect, form
The competition is divided into the following

[^1]
## (1) Church embroidery.

(2) Embroidered bedsprear
(3) Chair seat cover in pettt point or gros point. £735 has been allotted to the classes from 4 to 24 inclusive, and will be divided into prizes as under in each class

## First Prize of $£ 10$. Second Prize of $£ 5$. Third Prize of $\& 3$. Twenty Prizes of 10 . each. Twenty Prizes of 5 s . each. Sixteen Prizes of 2 s . 8 d . each.

The classes are :
(4) Drawn thread work tes-cloth
tea-cloth
(6) Filet or crochet border for tea-eloth, a yard (7) Crochet corners fo
(8) Crochet chair bsck
(9) Embroidered and initialled handkerchief. (10) Lingerie Llouse (no lace to be used). used), consisting of chemise, knickers, camisole and nightgown (12) Hand-made lace collar.
(13) Sofa back in lmen appliques. (14) Carenuen Tilnd in datred ne

## (17) Portiere in Old English embroidery

(13) Footstool cover in tapestry work.
(19) Embroidered house gown.
(20) Embroidered and painted piciure.
(21) Painted dessert d'oyleys (set of 6
(22) Doll dressed $\ddagger$ a child.
(23) Doll dressed in character
(24) Theatre bag in bead work
£15 has been allotted to classes 25, 26, 27, 28 and
29, and will be divided into the following prizes 29, and will be divided into the following prize
in each class

## Second prize ot f . <br> Six Prizes of 10 s . 8 each, and Twelve Prizes of 5 s . each,

These classes are
(25) Lady's dressuy gown, material not to cost Set of first garmenta for an infant. Ease in
washing and putting on to be taken into account
(27) Kuilted spores coast, wool.
(28) Smock to fit a boy of three
(29) Spray of silk of satin flowers, suitable for

E30 has been allopted to classea 30,31 , and 32
In each of these clat each of these clatwa there will be
(30) Set of 6 artistically threaded bead chain
(31) Worl: basket in bass work.
(32) Set of buttons.
£40 is to be won by boys and girla in class 33 .
In each of the five sections of this class the fol

## First Prize of 51 . <br> First prize of 81 . Second Prize of 15 . Third Prize of 10 . Twenty Prizes of $5 s$. Six Prizes of $2 s .6 d$.

as follows :-
For Girts under Fifteen-
Class 33a. Pincushion.
Class 33b. Piece of
Class 33 c . Counterpane for doll's cradle
Class 33d. Child doll.
Class 33 e. Best piece of knitting.
COUPON for
DAILY SKETCHI
£1,000 PATRIOTIC

## "A Bride Of The Plains"

## Klara Pale And Trembling

 "It's just a whim of mine, Klara," urged Leopolpow still speaking quietly-almost under -but there was an ominous tremor in his voice and sudden sharp gleams in his eyes which the
girl had already noted, and whieh caused the blood or rush back to her heart, leaving her cheeks pale and her lips trembling. different shrug of the shoulders key, by your leave."
He turned to the door of the inner room and
pushed it open, fust pushed it-open, just as he had done a while ago,
and now-as then-he cast a rapid glance round the Klara, through half-elosed lids, watched his every movement, he exclaimed, turning back to her, and
"Why
with a look of well-feigned sirprise, . the ker is not in its place."
n know it isn"

Then where is it
"I have pat it away"
"When I It was hanging on its usual nail when
Ifirst came here this aiternoon. I remember the
door being open, and my glancing into the room
${ }^{-1 t}$ It may have bueen it was there then.
It may have been; but I put it away after that."
Why should you have done that?"1 Why should you have done that?"
I don't know, and, anyhow, it's no business

## Leopold's Savage Demand.

"Give me that back-door key, Klara", insisted
thie young man, in a tone of savage commana. No! she replied, slowly and decisively.
There was silence in the little, low, raftere room after that, a silence only broken by by th
bunzing of flies against the white globe of the
ainp, and by the snores of the sleepers whe ainn, and by the snores of the sleepers who
sprawled across the tables.
Leopold Hirsch Leopold Hirsch had drawn in his breath with of the lamp, looked ghastly, in colour, and his
hands were twitching convulsively as the tremb ling fingers clenched and opened with a mono-
tonous, jerky movement of attempted self-control. Klara had not failed to nottice these symptoms
then so vainly trying to hide from herg man was
morment the almost felt sorry for him-sorry and slightly remorsein.
After all, Leo's frame of mind, the agony which he endured, came from the strength of his love
or her. Neither Frōs Béla, nor the young Count,
nor the many admirers who had hung round her nor the many admirers who had hung round her
in the past until such time as their fancy found


Klara Faces Her Jealous Lover.
She woke as from a nightmare, Eave her fine
shoulders a little shake, and looked boldy into her jealous lover's face,
"By the Lord, Leo! said, with a littl
(orced laagh, "you have given me the creeps
ooking as you do. How dare you trighten me looking as you do. How dare you frighten me
like that With your clenched hands, too, as i
you wanted to murder me. There now, dont









#### Abstract

to go to confused. "I have promised Kapns Elsa gotten all about it. I must go now." Go and change your dress, then," he retorted with a sneer, "then you can go out by the back way. You have put the key away somewhere, haven't you! Iou know where it is, "You are mad about doors to-nigh $\qquad$ "And I tell you," he said, slowly and deliberately, "that if you cross the front door step I wil celi that if you cross the front door step I will, call your father and tell him that you go to meet your lover-a Christian lover-the young Connt-who would as soon think of marrying you as he would a nigger or a kitchen slut. Before you will have reached the high road your father and I will be on your heels, and either he or I will strangle you your heels, and either he or I will strangle you "You come within sight of my lord's castie." "Or else an idiot." Better look for that back-door key," he retorted, What has the back-door key to do with it "" he asked sullenly.


## Where Is The Key?

Only this," he replied, "that while that you just now, I know that the key was hanging on its usual peg, but I heard something about his neek, I say, and save me the job. Then he ordered me out of the room. Oh I I guessed I I am no fool, you know! When I came back I looked
into your father's room-the key was gone, and I into your father's room-the key was gone, and I
knew. And what I say is, why can't he come in by the front door like a man, if he has nothing to
hide? Why must you let him come in like a thief by a back door, if you have nothing to be ashamed of? The tap-room is open to anybody, Anybody
can walk in and get a drink if they want to. Then why this whispering and this sneaking?
He was working limself up to a greater and erer
greater passion of fory. He kept his voice low because he didn't want Ignaecz Goldstein to hear-
not just yet, at any rate-for Ignácz was a hard man not just yet, at any rate-for lgnacz was a hard man might not do if he was ronsed. Leopotrl did not Want Klara hur
was quite sure Itogether sure that she meant to play him altogether false. She was vain and
fond of dress and of queening it
$\qquad$
She was immensely flattered real harm inpresents
presents in exahange for kisses and whisperings
her-so at least Leopold Hirsch kept repeating
to himself time and again, whenever jealonsy gnawed at his beart more roughly than he could endure.

[^2]
## simem INDIGESTION cazises THAT BURNING SPOT BEHIND THE SHOULDER BLADE WITH ACIDITY \& DEPRESSION

 Completely Cured by C C CA K.E., of Lewisham, writes:-II have intendedwriting you, but have been waiting to make sure I am cured. It is weeks now since it finished my second tube of Cicfa. I have taken none since, and I have had no return of the indlgestion in either Stomach or Bowel, so I can esafely say I am cured. I shall always bless the day I wrote for your free sample. The second day of taking ciofa I felt a
trifie better, and now 1 feel ten years younger. trifie better, and now I feel ten years younger. Previous to taking cicfa I was in such a bad state
of depression and misery I used to wish I had
courage enough to poison myself. I could not eat courage enough to poison myself. I could not eat
or drink anything and keep it down for long. I used or drink anything and keep it down for ong. I used
to hate going out anywhere, as I had such an
INTENSE BURHIMG PAIM BEMIM MY LEFT SMOU.EER BLADE, and the acid would suddenty rise into my
mouth and I would vomit. I often lurned so giddy, mouth and I would vomit. I often lurned so giddy ed I have fallen many timen ut got into such a low state that nothing did me any good until I took ciofa. I averyone I hear of having indigestion how Cicfa oured me, and my advice to all
indigestion sufferers is: 'Don't wait and put it off, but get Cicfa at once and try it for yourself.' Believe me, gratefully yours, K . E."

have wriffen us of the splendid results they have obtained by either taking Cicfa
themselves or presoribing it, is proof that Gicla does not belong to the elass of patent medicines, and is indeed a
wonderful combination of Digestive Ferwonderf
ments.
IN WAR TIME your mind affects your otgestion more than you realise. You know how worry often affects the
Stomaoh, indeed the whole alimentary stomaoh, indeed the whole alimentary tract. Hausea and even vomiting often
result from anxiety. If you are worried restit from anxiety. if you are worried pigestion is weakened, while on the other hand your ability to resist worry is your Digestion perfeet, not by taking
Purgatives, which upset it, not by Dieting, with consequent starvation, which ioreastly and regularly, and thking flof ind 0 assist Digestion, because Cicta atone ments which, when present in suffioient ndigestion impossible and make Diges


## MANY MARTYRS LIKE MYSELF,

 SUFFERING FROM GASTRIC CATARRH or sтомасн INDIGESTION on seeing how CicFa cured me WOULD BE GLAD TO ACCEPT YOUR FREE OFFER.Mr. T. C., of Tooting, has just written:- "I recently suffered very much from to eat moat, potatoes, or vegetabies, but to live entirely on milh puddings and such-like, "I did this for

On reading your advertisement I felt I must try Giofa. After taking your free sample and a fube (large size) 1 am completely oured of my ailment, for which I am most thankful, and I would recommend Cicfa to ail sufferers of "You are at liberty to use this for publication, beoause there are MANY
MARTYRS LIKE MYSELF, who, on learning how Gicfa cured me, would be glad to accept your splendid Cicfa offer."

Indigestion by Mr. T. C. Indigeotiong. He has aufl kinds of medicines with dieting and
advice. He was not cured. He was merely advice. He was not cured. He was merely
eased.
He read a Cicfs advertikement and realised it was not an ordinary advertisement. It contained information which he considered
valuable, instead of bald statements. He valuable, instead of bald statements. He
saw that seientific MEASONS were given as to
why Giefa cured Indignction ond thot why Giefa cured Indigestion, and that or both.
No other advertisement had ever contained thls information. He concluded was so superior to all others, it was probable As he had tried nearly everything elserior. knew that unless it was unlike all the other
remedies, it could not cure him
He sent for a sample; the sample so con-
vinced him that he purchased a tube flarge
$\qquad$
is the only remedy which containg what
Nature Requires to cause the Stomach to do
is own dimesting: also to canse the Bowel to

# DAILY SKETCH. 

THINK OF THE LONELY ONES! Send them the Weekly Edition of the DAILY SKETCH-Six current issues attractively bound in SKETCH-soloured covers for mailing-3d.

# AFTER THE DISASTER THE SADDEST SIGHT OF ALL. 


wrecked coach of the troop train.


Removing the injured.


The flames left nothing but a skeleton of the carriage.


Police, soldiers, sailors, and farm hands helped to tend the wounded.


The dead were reverently laid in an adjoining field.


[^0]:    WORSE TIIAN THE TRENCHES

[^1]:    S120 fane breen allotted ta clases one; two and
    2wa und will he divided ius each class into-
    First Prize, $£ 20$.
    Seoond Prize, 810 .
    First Prize, eze,
    Seoond Prize, cto,
    Third Prize, 85 , and
    Seond Prize, f5, and
    Third
    five Prlzo iof ei each

[^2]:    Tro be continued.)

